

- Test the water periodically to verify that the system is operating satisfactorily. A regular preventative maintenance inspection by a water professional is recommended.
- Andle all components with care. Do not drop, drag or turn components upside down.
- Check all local plumbing and electrical codes. The installation must conform to them.
- It is recommended to wait until the entire system is fully pressurized , confirmed to be operating properly, and recheck for leaks before leaving the site.

105 Valve



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- 1.3 Standard components
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105 STS Softener

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105 STS Softener

RECEIVING AND INSPECTION

Be sure to check the entire shipment for any shipping damage or lost parts. Note any damage to shipping cartons. All skids are fully shrink wrapped at the factory. Note if any skids are missing shrink wrap. If damage is present, notify the transport company immediately. The manufacturer is not responsible for damage or loss in transit.

Note: Do not discard any small parts. To avoid loss of small parts, keep them in the parts bag until you are ready to use them. Thoroughly check all boxes & cartons to ensure there are no small parts tucked inside.

Major Components

Note: all external piping, drain lines, isolation valves, sample points, etc., are supplied by others.

-All softener systems will include the following:
-One electronic 105 control valve with color display.
(Note any loose parts in the valve shipping box such as adapters, couplers clips, external flow controls, etc.).

-One fiberglass media tank c/w internal hub & lateral distribution. Please note the distribution may already be installed inside the tank. If the distribution has already been installed, it must be closely inspected to ensure it was not damaged in shipping. If the distribution is cracked or broken, it must be repaired before proceeding. (For more details see section 10.1 & 10.2).

-One media bed (For more details and quantities see section 5)



Section 1.2

-One brine tank assembly. (For more details see section 10.7)

-There may also be other **optional** items included such as flexible pipe connectors, vacuum release valves , etc., which are required for proper installation.

1

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105 STS Softener

Standard Components

Section 1.3

Below are some of the main standard components that are included with the standard unit (media bed not shown).



105 Control valve with internal injectors, drain

line, brine line flow controls and meter.





Media tank showing internal hub and lateral distribution. Note: due to the slight expansion and contraction of the media tank, the piping must be designed to allow some movement. The optional flex connectors may be required.

Brine tank c/w internal safety float and brine grid. For units up to and including 450,000 (15 ft³) brine line is also included. For all larger units, brine line is not supplied and is normally piped in

3/4" or 1" pvc.

Optional Components

Below are some of the optional components that are available.

Section 1.4

Flex Connectors

Vacuum breaker (installed on inlet line). MediaFlex connectors attach to the inlet and outlet oftanks must be protected by from vacuum.the control valve to allow some tank movement.

Specifications

SECTION 2

Section 2.0

- Recommended system operating pressure 30 to 100 psi (2 to 6.9 bar).
- Operating temperature 39° to 100° F (4° to 38° C).
- Electronic 105 control valve material. Plastic PPO (Noryl).
 - Maximum operating pressure of 125 psi (8.6 bar).
 - 1.5" or 2" mnpt valve pipe connections.
 - Down flow.
 - Electrical rating 120 V / 60Hz input- 24V / 60Hz output.
 - Class 2 transformer.

- Mineral tanks. Corrosion resistant fiberglass reinforced polyethylene.

- 24" diameter and below are NSF /ANSI 44.
- 30" diameter and above are NSF/ ANSI 61.
- Maximum vacuum : 127 Hg.
- Maximum operating pressure 150 psi (10.3 bar).
- -Ion exchange resin. High capacity IAPMO certified 8% Canature resin.
- -Internal hub and lateral distribution.

-Brine tank. High density polyethylene c/w salt grid, brine well, safety float & overflow.

Model Legend

Section 2.1

105 STS 150-2" Single Softener Model: 105STS 150-2"S4000

Valve Series	Softener Size	Valve Size	Number Of Tanks	System Type	Options Last 3 Digits
105STS -Single c/w 105 series control valve	90 120 150	1.5" Standard On 90 &	S - Single	C-Calender Clock 4-Single Meter Initiated	O-Standard L-Lockout contact R-Non-standard resin
	180	2"			S-Side mount
1.5" or 2"	210 240				T-Treated water regeneration
	270 300				X-Non standard option
	360 390 450		Drain	UP	
				07	105 MTS Series Control Valve 105 modified.xlsx
					Page 2 -

SECTION 2

Regeneration Cycles, DLFC and BLFC Settings

Section 2.2

			10	5 Down Flo	w Softeners				
Softener Model	DLFC	BLFC	Salting Level (lbs/ft ³)	Salt Usage (Ibs)	Injector Downflow	BW (min)	Brine Draw	Fast Rinse	Refil
	5+	0.95	6	18	Black N & T 4S	9	40	9	7
90	5+	0.95	10	30	Black N & T 4S	9	56	9	11
90	5+	0.95	15	45	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	70	9	16
	7+	0.95	6	24	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	40	9	9
120	7+	0.95	10	40	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	62	9	14
	7+	0.95	15	60	Gray #1	9	68	9	21
	9.5+	0.95	6	30	BlackNozzle Orange Throat	9	47	9	11
150	9.5+	0.95	10	50	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	78	9	17
	9.5+	0.95	15	75	Gray	9	84	9	27
180	12 (#5)	0.95	6	36	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	56	9	13
	12 (#5)	0.95	10	60	Gray	9	68	9	22
	12 (#5)	0.95	15	90	Gray	9	101	9	32
210	12 (#5)	0.95	6	42	Black Nozzle Orange Throat	9	65	9	15
210	12 (#5)	2	10	70	Purple	9	70	9	12
	12 (#5)	2	15	105	Red	9	84	9	18
	15 (#6)	0.95	6	48	Gray	9	55	9	17
240	15 (#6)	2	. 10	80	Purple	9	65	9	14
	15 (#6)	2	15	120	White	9	92	9	20
	15 (#6)	0.95	6	54	Gray	9	61	9	19
270	15 (#6)	2	10	90	White	9	69	9	15
	15 (#6)	2	15	135	White	9	103	9	23
	15 (#6)	2	6	60	Purple	9	60	9	10
300	15 (#6)	2	10	100	White	9	77	9	17
	15 (#6)	2	15	150	White	9	115	9	25

Cone Buttons #4=8gpm #5=12 gpm #6=15 gpm #7=20 gpm + Flat Buttons

105 modified .xlsx.

Note: Fill performance is sensitive to the combination BLFC and injector size. See Section 10.3.4

Page 2 -2

	1		10	5 Down Fl	ow Softeners			T	
Softener Model	DLFC	BLFC	Salting Lev- el (lbs/ft ³)	Salt Us- age (lbs)	Injector Downflow	BW (min)	Brine Draw	Fast Rinse	Refill
	24 (#5x2)	2	6	72	White	9	55	9	12
360	24 (#5x2)	2	10	120	White	9	92	9	20
	24 (#5x2)	2	15	180	White	9	138	9	30
/	24 (#5x2)	2	6	78	White	9	60	9	13
390	24 (#5x2)	2	10	130	White	9	100	9	22
	24 (#5x2)	2	15	195	White	9	149	9	33
	24 (#5x2)	2	6	90	White	9	69	9	15
450	24 (#5x2)	2	10	150	White	9	115	9	25
	24 (#5x2)	2	15	225	White	9	172	9	38
	Cone Butto	ons #4=8gp	m #5=12 gpm	#6=15 gpm	n #7=20 gpm + Flat Butt	ons		105 mod	lified .xlsx.

Note: Fill performance is sensitive to the combination BLFC and injector



Section 2.3

Installation

in

mm

86

88

88

88

88

96

96

96

107

107

107

107

107

Depth

in

mm

37

940

37

940

37

940

40

1,016

40

1,016

42

1,067

42

1,067

42

1,067

42

1,067

46

1,168

46

1,168

44

1,118

50

1,270

Width

in

mm

47

1,194

49

1,245

51

1,295

59

1,499

59

1,499

66

1,676

66

1,676

66

1,676

72

1,829

77

1,956

77

1,956

81

2,057

87

2,210

Installation Space Required

General Specifications



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SPECIFICATIONS

General Specifications Dimensions

Section 2.4

	Capacity	Resin	Critical	105 - 1.5	"/2"	Max Flow	Dim	ensions
Model	@15 lbs/Ft3	Ft ³	Flow	@ 15 PSI	@ 25 PSI	To Drain	Mineral Tank	Brine Tank
Woder	@10 lbs/Ft3	M ³	USGPM	USGPM	USGP M	USGPM	in	in
			l/s	l/s	l/s	l/s	mm	mm
STS 90	90,000	3	15	32	45	5	14 x 65	24 x 37
	81,000 🔗	0.08	0.95	2.02	2.84	0.32	356 x 1651	610 x 940
STS 120	120,000	4	20	36	51	7	16 x 65	24 x 37
	108,000	0.11	1.26	2.27	3.21	0.44	403 x 1651	610 x 940
STS 150	150,000	5	25	46	62	9	18 x 65	24 x 37
	135,000	0.14	1.58	2.90	3.91	0.57	475 x 1651	610 x 940
STS 180	180,000	6	30	45	60	12	21 x 62	29 x 50
	162,000	0.17	1.89	2.84	3.78	0.76	533 x 1575	740 x 1275
STS 210	210,000	7	35	43	59	12	21 x 62	29 x 50
	189,000	0.20	2.21	2.00	3.72	0.76	533 x 1575	740 x 1275
STS 240	240,000	8	40	43	59	15	24 x 72	33 x 53
	189,000	0.27	2.52	2.71	3.72	0.95	610 x 1829	840 x 1335
STS 270	270,000	9	45	46	62	15	24 x 72	33 x 53
	243,000	0.25	2.84	2.90	3.91	0.95	610 x 1829	840 x 1335
STS 300	300,000	10	50	45	61	15	24 x 72	33 x 53
	270,000	0.28	3.15	2.84	3.84	0.95	610 x 1829	840 x 1335
STS 360	360,000	12	60	50	66	25	30 x 72	30 x 50
	324,000	0.34	3.79	3.15	4.16	1.58	762 x 1829	762 x 1270
STS 390	390,000	13	65	50	66	25	30 x 72	30 x 50
	351,000	0.37	4.10	3.15	4.16	1.58	762 x 1829	762 x 1270
STS 450	450,000	15	75	49	64	25	30 x 72	36 x 48
	405,000	0.42	4.73	3.09	4.03	1.58	762 x 1829	914 x 1220
STS 570	570,000	19	95	85	112	35	36 x 72	36 x 48
	513,000	0.54	5.99	5.36	7.05	2.21	915 x 1829	914 x 1220
STS 600	600,000	20	100	84	111	35	36 x 72	42 x 48
	540,000	0.57	6.31	5.30	6.98	2.21	915 x 1829	1067 x 1219



SPECIFICATIONS

105 Valve Dimensions

Section 2.5



PLANS FOR LOCATION AND INSTALLATION DIAGRAMS OF SYSTEM

Section 3.1

- WATER SUPPLY: The system requires a potable water supply that will provide a continuous flow to meet regeneration flow specifications. A minimum pressure of 30 psi is required at the conditioner inlet. It is suggested that a Y type strainer be installed on the outlet of the system to prevent media getting out into the system should a distribution be compromised.

- **BOTH HOT AND COLD WATER CONDITIONING:** Connect the system to the water supply pipe, immediately *after* (downstream) the municipal supply water meter or well supply pressure tank. To provide *unconditioned* water to isolated faucets, if desired, run separate pipes from the water supply before the conditioner.

- **CONDITIONING HOT WATER ONLY:** Connect the system to the water supply pipe *before* (upstream) the water heater.

CAUTIONS:

- Do not install the conditioner after, or downstream from the water heater. *Hot water will damage* inner parts of the system, and may cause the loss of the water conditioner mineral bed. This will void the system warranty.

- To reduce the risk of hot water backing-up, into the conditioner, piping between the conditioner and water heater should be as long as possible. A backflow preventer or check valve is also recommended between the conditioner and the hot water heater.

- **DRAIN:** An open drain is needed nearby the conditioner, capable of carrying away backwash water at the rate of flow listed in the specifications. An open floor drain is preferred. Other approved open drain points are acceptable, if they do not cause a back-pressure on the conditioner drain pipe or hose. An open floor drain is also required for the overflow on the salt tank. All drain connections MUST have a proper air gap.

- **ELECTRICAL:** The system works on **24 AC volts only.** A direct plug-in transformer is included to reduce 120 V-60 Hz electrical power to 24 volts. An approved, grounded outlet is needed within 5' of the conditioner controller. The conditioner includes a 5' power cable to connect between the transformer and the controller. Surge protectors are recommended.

- **SPACE REQUIREMENTS:** Be sure to allow sufficient area around the media tanks, brine tanks for refilling with salt and other service that may be required. Minimum floor space and other dimensions are shown in section 2.

Planning Location For Installation.

MATERIALS YOU MAY NEED

- Use the drawings in section 3.3 as a guide for the materials required for the installation. The drawings show typical piping diagrams. All interconnecting piping, isolation & bypass valves, sample points / pressure gauges, etc. are not supplied with the unit.

- If the interconnecting piping is rigid, flex connectors will be required on all connections to the media tank as some movement is required. A flex connection may also be required on the drain line as well if the piping is rigid. The standard systems do not include flex connectors but can be supplied as optional items with the system.

- A vacuum breaker is recommended on the inlet of each media tank. The standard systems do not include vacuum breakers but can be supplied as optional items with the system.

-Note: Due to slight expansion and contraction of the media tanks, the piping must be designed to all some movement as well as protection from vacuum, flex connectors and a vacuum breakers may be required. Failure to install or improperly install them will void the warranty. See drawing below.

- To assist in servicing the control valve, place unions or flanges on the piping connections to the control valve.

- Install unit isolation and system bypass valves. These valves allow you to turn off water to individual units in the system, for servicing. The full-line bypass will allow water to service if the system is taken offline for service.

- Inlet and outlet sample points and pressure gauges are required to confirm proper operation of the system.

- **Minimum inside diameter** hose or pipe is required for the conditioner valve drain (see section 4). The drain connection at the valve is 1.5" or 2" male pipe thread. Also, on softeners, a length of 5/8" hose is needed for the drain overflow on brine tanks.



105 Softener

Typical Softener Piping Layout Detail.

Section 3.3

-All softener systems are no raw water bypass during regeneration with the exception of the single softener.

-The standard single softener is raw water bypass during regeneration with no raw water bypass available as an option.

-All standard softener systems use raw water for regeneration.

-The diagram shown shows the typical piping for a softener unit. Please note that the location for flex connectors (if required) is marked with a "#" and the vacuum breaker marked with





regeneration.

PLANNING SYSTEM LOCATION

Typical Softener Piping . Optional Separate Source Treated Water Regeneration Section 3.4



General installation Guide

- Section 2 outlines the space required. Section 3.1 outlines the location parameters that must be considered before starting the installation. General installation diagrams are also located in section 3.

Tank Positioning

- Select the site for the installation (See section 3). The tanks should be located on a level support pad with adequate space on all sides. The system must be close to an drain that is capable of handling the maximum regeneration flow rate. Units should be within 3 feet of one another for the communication cables.

- Position the tanks as shown on the system drawings (see section 3). Check the tank orientation to ensure the piping will properly line up. If the tanks have tripod bases or separate legs, they must be securely fastened to the floor when tank locations have been finalized. Six 3/8" lag bolts with washers (2 per leg) are recommended.

- Check the internal hub and laterals distribution system for any damage that may of occurred in shipping. This inspection is critical because if the distribution is broken, the media will be flushed into the service lines. Also note that the riser tube on the 105 valve is cut 1/2" below the top of the tank (see section 5).

- Load the media into the tanks. See section 5 for the media loading procedure.

Piping

Section 4.2

- Due to slight expansion and contraction of the tank, piping must allow some movement. If rigid piping is used, flex connectors must be used between the hard piping and to unit connections as well as any other connections to the tank. An adequate vacuum breaker must also be used to protect the tank any vacuum condition that could occur. Failure to install or improperly install flex connectors and vacuum breakers where required may void the warranty.

- Install the piping conforming to state, federal, provincial and local codes. All government codes and regulations governing the installation of these devises must be observed.

- Flanges or unions must be installed close to the control valves. This will allow piping to be removed for any servicing of any of the system components. Each unit requires a inlet and outlet isolation valves are required as well as a full system bypass valve.

-Sample points and pressure gauges are required on the inlet & outlet of each unit. An air release (if required) should be installed at the highest point on each unit (by others).

Section 4.0

Section 4.1

- All piping must be properly supported and braced to keep the weight off of the valve.

- On multiple tank systems, **(normally these are MTS systems with a central controller)** to promote equal water flow through each unit, the overall pipe length to each unit should be as identical as possible. Use the same pipe lengths and fittings on connections to each unit. See below. All installation diagrams for single, duplex, etc. are in section 3.



- The drain lines should be as short as possible and must piped to an open drain. Access to the drain and air gap are necessary for visual inspection and testing of the drain water. The air gap also prevents sewage backing up into the unit.

- If the drain travels a long distance or through a substantial elevation change down, an additional vacuum breaker is required on the drain line to prevent a vacuum on the mineral tank.

- The drain line size must be sized to easily handle the maximum regeneration flow rate with minimal pressure drop (2-4 psi). The floor drain must also be sized to handle the maximum regeneration flowrate. The 105 valve has a 1.5" or 2" MNPT connection. See section 2 for specifications.



Section 4

Special Piping Applications

- If the treated water is flowing into a open reservoir then it is recommended that a loop with a vacuum breaker to be installed on the outlet line. This would eliminate the chance of causing a vacuum condition on the tanks when water is flowing into the reservoir as well as preventing the water in the units from siphoning down when not in operation. If the units did drain down, it could lead to operational issues for the system.



- If the system requires treated water regeneration, additional room will have to be left open for additional valves. Usually if it is a softener system, a three ball electric ball valves are required. If it is a filter system, normally only two electric ball valves are required.



Section 4

Section 4.3

105

105 Control Valve

- When ordered as a system, the control valve is already set up for the system with the proper backwash flow controls, etc.

- The valve piping connections are shown below. See section 2 for standard connection sizes for individual units. TO BRINE



DLFC flow control assembly

105

- Inlet connection 1.5" or 2" MNPT

- Outlet connection is 1.5" or 2 " MNPT and has the meter mounted internally. For more information see section 10. Confirm Meter cable is properly inserted Meter assembly

into the meter pipe adapter.

- Drain connection is 1.5" or 2" MNPT and for most units, has the backwash flow controller mounted internally.

- Brine line connection (also used on a few specialized filters) is 3/4" thread. When required, the valve is supplied with a adapter to connect

to 3/8" or 1/2" tubing. NOTE: for units larger than 450,000 grains, the brine line piping is 3/4" or 1" pvc and is not supplied.

CD-00233

Installation 105 Section 4 Installing The Control Valve Section 4.4 - Before mounting the control valve on top of the tank, it is recommended to fill the tanks with water. This will give the media time to soak . - Ensure the riser tube is 1/2'' below the top of the tank. ¹/₂" Below top of tank **Riser** Tube Tank Riser tube edge CD-00106 smoothly beveled -The riser tube top end must also be properly CD-00106 chamfered to prevent damage to the riser tube o-ring while sliding the control valve on. Valve to tank - Confirm both the riser tube o-ring 105 valve o-ring #60010228 and tank to valve o-ring are in place base Riser tube o-ring and well lubricated using silicone #05042005 grease. -The top portion of the 105 valve swivels on the bottom tank adapter base. Use a strap or chain wrench on the bottom tank base only when tightening the valve on to the tank.

 Image: Constrained state
 Image: Constrained state

 Vise strap
 Image: Constrained state

 ONLY
 Image: Constrained state

 Page 4-5

Installing The Control Valve

105

Section 4.4



-Note: Due to slight expansion and contraction of the media tanks, the piping must be designed to all some movement as well as protection from vacuum, flex connectors and a vacuum breakers may be required. Failure to install or improperly install them will void the warranty. See drawing.

- If the interconnecting piping is rigid, such as when the piping is in copper, flex connectors must be installed on all connections to control valve. A flex connection may also be required on the drain line as well if the piping is rigid. The standard systems do not include flex connectors but can be supplied as optional items with the system.



105 Softener

Installation

Brine Tank Connections

Brine Tank Connections

- Place the brine tank within five feet of the mineral tank. The brine tank must be on a smooth surface as uneven surfaces or protrusions could cause the brine tank to puncture or break. Keep the brine line to the softener as short as possible.

- Keep the brine line as short as possible. The brine line should not be more that 6 feet long.

- If multiple softeners (not normally recommended except for alternating units) are using the same brine tank, the brine line is teed off to the two different units.

- The brine tank overflow is piped to an open drain (piping by others). The overflow is gravity feed so the overflow hose must not rise above the height of the overflow fitting.



- Once the brine tank has been placed in the proper location and the brine line connected, fill the brine tank until the water level is 3 or 4 inches above the grid. A few bags of salt can now be added. In operation, to ensure the system has fully saturated brine, it is important to keep the salt above the level of the brine.

Brine Line Connection Size

Up to 120,000	Up to 4 ft ³ resin	$\frac{3}{8}$ " tubing (supplied)
150,000 to 450,000	Up to 15 ft ³ resin	$\frac{1}{2}$ " tubing (supplied)
Above 450,000	Over 15 ft ³ resin	Brine line to be piped in ³ / ₄ " or 1" pvc (by others)



Section 4

Section 4.5

Media Loading

Section 5.0

- Before you start to load the media, check all of the following:

**NOTE: FOR ANY UNITS WITH TOP MOUNTED CONTROL VALVES, IT IS CRITICAL TO BE SURE THE DISTRIBUTION REMAINS CENTERED IN THE TANK AND STAYS ON THE BOT-TOM OF THE TANK WHILE FILLING THE TANK WITH MEDIA. *If the distribution is not properly held down & centered, the media may have to be removed and redone.* **

- Check the media list and confirm you have all the media required (see following tables). A large neck funnel will make the media loading easier. **Optional #99004**

- Before the media is loaded, the bottom distribution must be closely inspected to ensure it was not damaged in shipping. If the distribution is cracked or broken, it must be repaired before proceeding.



- If there are any riser pipes or any open distribution connections inside of the tank, ensure these connections are properly plugged so no media can enter them.

- Ensure the riser tube has been cut to the proper length and the riser end has been smoothly beveled. **NOTE: Depending upon the control valve used, the riser tube will have to be cut to different lengths.** On 95 series & 105 series control valves, the riser tube is cut 1/2" below the top of the tank. With most other control valves, the riser tube is cut flush with the top of the tank.

105 valves



Softener SECTION 5

Media Loading

MEDIA

Section 5.0

- Check the location and orientation of the tank. Ensure the tank is in the proper location so the unit connections will line up correctly with the piping. If required, test fit the valves & manifolds to be sure. If the unit has a side mounted manifold, occasionally tank shims are required between the tank and the floor to ensure piping / manifold will have a minimum of 1/2'' clearance. If required, install shims before starting to load the tank. Make sure the tank is properly installed (tripod base tanks should be secured to the floor). It is very difficult to move a tank once the media has been loaded and may damage the tank.

- Fill the tank approximately 1/3 full of water. This will help protect the laterals from the media being poured in. Distributions tend to float up once water has been put into the tank so confirm that the distribution is being held on the bottom of the tank and is centered. Confirm the riser tube is plugged so no media will enter the distribution.

- Check the media list and start from the bottom up. Ensure the proper amount of each type of media before moving on to the next media. It is common to have additional partial bags to add up to the required quantity of each media.

- The support bed media is first (coarse gravel first, then medium gravel followed by fine gravel etc.). Pour the gravel so it is evenly spread out in the tank (use a circular pouring pattern). Note that the gravel will not level out on its own when backwashed. It must be manually levelled. To check the level, the water can be drained down until the media just starts to poke through the water surface. This will help determine if the media is level. The most important layer to get as level as possible is the top of the support bed , the fine gravel. The gravel will not move during backwash. If, for example, all the gravel has been poured to one side, the unit will not have even flow distribution and the unit will not perform as intended.

- Once all the media has been loaded, unless there are special instructions not to, the media tanks should be filled with water to allow the media time to soak. If possible allow the media to soak for several hours, preferably over night.

MEDIA

Media Description

Section 5.1

		Physical & Chemical Char	racteristics
		Polymer Matrix Structure	Polystyrene 8% cross-linked with Divinylbenzene
		Physical Appearance	Amber spherical beads
Aquafin	e AQ100-Na Cation Resin.	Whole Bead Count	90% minimum
		US Standard Mesh Size	16 - 50
		Ionic Form as shipped	Sodium (Na+)
	This are duct has been tooted and	Approximate Shipping Weight	53 lb / cubic foot (850 grams / litre)
	This product has been tested and certified to meet the material requirements of NSF/ANSI Standard 44.	Total Capacity in the Sodium Form	1.9 meq / ml
C US		pH Range, Stability in the Sodium Form	0-14

Media	Description	Density (lb/ft3)
Cation Resin	AQUAFINE AQ100-Na is a premium high capacity gel polystyrene strong acid cation exchange resin sup- plied regenerated in the sodium form. This resin has been certified to the meet the requirements of NSF/ ANSI Standard 44.	53
Fine Gravel	1/8" x 1/16" graded and washed quartz (50 lb bags)	100
Medium Gravel	1/4" x 1/8" graded and washed quartz (50 lb bags)	100
Coarse Gravel	1/2" x 1/4" graded and washed quartz (50 lb bags)	100

Media Beds Quantities

Special Media Loading, (Optional)

Section 5.2

Section 5.2.1



Layer	Media	Qı	antity
1 Bottom Layer	XX		
2		/	
3			
4	4	X	
5			
6			
7			
Top Layer			
i	$\langle \rangle$	11	

105 Filte

4

321

Media Beds

MEDIA

Filter

SECTION 5

	Softener (FT ³)							
Softener Size	Part #	Coarse Gravel	Medium Gravel	Fine Gravel	Resin	We LBS	eight KG	
		#1	#2	#3	#4			
90	410003	0.15	0	0.15	3	226	103	
120	410004	0.2	0	0.15	4	278	126	
150	410005	0.2	0.15	0.1	5	345	157	
180	410006	0.2	0.15	. 0.15	.6	402	183	
210	410007	0.2	0.15	0.15	7	454	206	
240	410008	0.3	0.2	0.2	.8	526	239	
270	410009	0.3	0.2	0.2	9	578	263	
300	410010	0.3	0.2	0.2	10	630	286	
360	410012	0.4	0.35	0.35	12	774	352	
390	410013	0.4	0.35	0.35	13	826	375	
450	410015	0.4	0.35	0.35	15	930	423	



Controller Programming Required For Start-up

Section 6.0

Section 6

NOTE: It is important to follow the startup instructions. Improper start up may result in unsatisfactory softener operation or possibly damage the softener.

Required information required to start up the softener.

- The raw water analysis is required to start up the softener. The total hardness and iron and manganese levels.

- If the softener was ordered as a complete system, the control is already programmed with a couple of exceptions (parameters). These are shown in section 6.1.

- The rest of the parameters are pre-programmed, but should be reviewed to confirm they are set as intended (see section 2 for regeneration cycle times). These settings may also be modified on site if required to better suit a particular application.

- The complete programming guide is in section 8. However, for start-up in section 6.2, there is also a condensed version of the programming guide for the standard responsive flow softener system. This section is a short list that covers the programming of the exceptions that were not pre-programmed as well as most of the other settings that should be reviewed.

Start-up Programming Parameters

Section 6.1

Page 6 −1

- The first parameter set on site is the time of day. See section 8 for programming.

- The second parameter is the calculation of the total individual softener **capacity in gallons**. This is site specific and totally dependent upon the raw water conditions. There are a couple of steps required to arrive at the capacity in gallons.

—Step 1

- Calculate the total compensated water hardness. Te raw water analysis is required. The values required are the **total hardness** (in grains per gallon (gpg)), **iron**(in ppm or mg/l), and **manganese** (in ppm or mg/l). With these, the total compensated hardness is calculated.

- Note: If the any of the levels fluctuate , use the highest level of each component in the calculations.

Section 6

Start-up

- The total compensated hardness is calculated as follows:

Total water hardness (in grains per gallon (gpg))

+ Iron (in ppm or mg/l) x4

+ (Manganese (in ppm or mg/l) x 8

Equals the total compensated hardness (in gpg)

An example of this calculation is below: and is based on the following raw water conditions.

- Total harness—10 gpg, iron—0.1 ppm, manganese—0.2 ppm.

- 10 gpg of total hardness 10
- 0.1 ppm of iron (0.1 x 4) = 0.4

- 0.2 ppm of manganese (0.2 x 8) = <u>1.6</u>

Equals a total compensated hardness of <u>12 gpg</u>.

Note: The total water hardness may be in ppm. To convert to grains, divide by 17.1.

Example of this is : 171 ppm total water hardness / 17.1 = 10 gpg.

- Step 2

- Determine the individual softener **capacity in gallons**. This value is calculated by dividing the individual softener **grain capacity** by the **total compensated hardness**.

- The individual softener grain capacities for each size of softener are listed in the next table. There are three different grain capacities shown for each softener size. Grain capacity of the resin changes depending upon the quantity of salt used per cubic foot of resin when regenerating. Salting capacities listed are at 6 lbs/ft³, 10 lbs/ft³, and 15 lbs/ft³. Each of the three salting levels shown have their own advantages.

- Salting at the lower level (6 lbs) provides greatest salt usage efficiency. At this level the capacity is lower and will require more frequent regeneration resulting in somewhat less efficient water usage. The hardness leakage in service is also higher than at the higher salting levels.

- Salting at the middle level (10 lbs) is less efficient in salt usage than the 6 lbs setting. However with a higher capacity, the water usage will be a little better than at the 6 lb setting as the unit is regenerating less frequently.

- Salting at the highest level (15 lbs) is the least efficient in salt usage. At this setting the unit will use more than double the salt compared to the 6lbs setting. However the hardness leakage in service is the lowest, and is most efficient with water.

start-up									Section
Softener Model	Capacity	Resin		Capacity	Resin		Softener Model	Capacity	Resin
	@6 lbs/ft ³ @10 lbs/ft ³	Volume ft ³	Softener Model	@6 lbs/ft ³	Volume			@6 lbs/ft ³	Volume
				@10 lbs/ft ³	ft ³			@10 lbs/ft ³	ft ³
	@15 lbs/ft ³	m³		@15 lbs/ft ³	m³			@15 lbs/ft ³	m³
	60,000	3		160,000	8			300,000	15
90	81,000		240	216,000			450	405,000	
	90000	0.08		240000	0.23			450000	0.42
180	120,000	6		240,000	12		All capaci	ties shown are	e in grains
	162,000		360	324,000					
	180000	0.17		360000	0.34				
210	140,000	7		260,000	13				
	189,000		390	351,000					
	210000	0.2		390000	0.37		105 m	odified-capacity tab	le .xlsx
				0					

105 STS Softener

Section 6

- The model number of the system will indicate the size of unit. The model legend is in section 2.1. Once the softener size is determined in the above table, check the programming sheet to determine what salting level the unit was factory programmed for.

-With the softener unit size and the salting level, the softener individual capacity can be found in the table above.

- To calculate the softener capacity in gallons, divide the softener capacity in grains by the total compensated hardness calculated in section 6.1

- A small buffer of 5 % will help compensate for any slight changes in the feed water .

For example, if the softener is a model MTS 300,000 and is salted at a 10 lb/ft3 level, the capacity to use is 270,000. If the compensated hardness is 12 grains, the calculation is

270,000 divided by 12 gpg equals 22,500 gallons.

To leave a small buffer to compensate for any variations, multiply by 0.95

22,500 x 0.95 = 21, 375 gallons.

The **21,375** has to be programmed into the system capacity screen. See section 8 for programming . == Capacity ==

NOTE: A METER DELAYED UNIT REQUIRES A RESERVE.



23750 Gal

Piping Inspection / Soaking Media Beds

Section 6.3

Before starting up the system check and confirm the following:

-Ensure system piping is correct (inlet to the valve inlet, outlet to the valve outlet, etc.) and all connections are complete, (see installation drawing). Sampling points are required before and after each unit to confirm the units are operating as intended.

- When piping is rigid, confirm flex connections are between the control valve and the piping and that there are vacuum breakers to protect the mineral tanks.

- Ensure that all of the manual isolation and by-pass valves are closed prior to start up
- Confirm valve has the correct drain line flow control and the drain line has a proper air gap.

- Brine line is connected to the softener with water in the brine tank (al least 2 " above the salt grid plate). Confirm the brine tank over flow is piped properly to drain.

- Confirm the meter cable is correctly in the meter slot on the outlet pipe adapter.

- Check all electrical connections and ensure that they are correct and complete.

- Once inspection is complete, manually advance the valve into backwash position. To do this on the 105 valve, push and release the "Set " button.

- Once the control valve moves into the backwash position, unplug the control valve. This ensures the valve will stay in the backwash position, allowing slow filling of the tank from the bottom up. Dial on the side of the 105 has an arrow to indicate valve position.

- Partially open the inlet isolation valve. This will allow the unit to SLOWLY fill with water.

 When the unit is full, water will begin to trickle out through the drain. If the unit is filled too quickly, the media could be blown out, and may damage the internal distribution of the unit. Once full, close the inlet valve.

- Allow the unit to stand for 1-2 hours once the tank is full to fully saturate the media bed with water. The tanks may of already been filled with water when the media was first loaded (see section 5) and if so the media should already be fully saturated.



105 Softener Section 6

Regenerating The System

Section 6.4

Page 6 — 5

- Once the media is fully saturated, the actual unit regeneration can occur. With the unit still in the backwash position, slowly start opening the inlet isolation valve. If the unit still has any air inside, it will sputter out. Constantly check the drain water and ensure only fines from the media bed is being backwashed out. If the drain water contains more than fines, reduce the backwash flowrate by throttling the inlet isolation valve. Any traces of air in the media bed can result in backwash the media out. If this is occurring, close the inlet isolation valve and allow the media to soak a little longer. Later, gradually fully open the inlet isolation valve. The backwash flow controller will limit the flow to drain. Allow the unit to backwash until the waste water clears up and there is no colour or fines still being removed. This process may take 20 minutes or more. Once completed, close the inlet isolation valve.

- With the inlet still closed, plug the unit back in. The valve may cycle back to the home position. If so initiate a regeneration again by pressing the SET button on the valve.

- Check all steps in the regeneration cycles and confirm the system is operating as intended.

- Ensure that in the brine draw cycle, brine is being drawn from the brine tank. If you continually see air bubbles in the brine line, recheck the brine tank connections and ensure they are properly sealed. Confirm the brine tank safety float is not restricted from moving.

- In the brine tank refill position, confirm the brine tank is being refilled properly. Confirm the brine tank safety float is not restricted from moving and operating properly.

Upon completion of the steps above, the unit outlet isolation valves are slowly opened.
 The system bypass valve should then be closed. The system and piping should now be properly flushed. After this the system is now ready for normal service operation.

- Test the service water and confirm the system is operating properly.

105 Softener Section 7

Operating Conditions

Section 7.0

For correct operation of the softener system, the minimum water pressure recommended is 30 psig, (206 kPa), in order for valve to operate effectively. ***Caution:** Water pressure is not to exceed 100 psig, (690 kPa), water temperature is not to exceed 100 °F, (38 °C), and the unit can not be subjected to freezing conditions.

The manual bypass valve must always be closed and the manual inlet and outlet isolation valves open except during maintenance of the equipment.

Cycle Operation

Section 7.1

The current position of the control valve can be confirmed by the dial on the drive motor. Each cycle is indicated on the dial.



105 Softener

Section 7

Service Position

Section 7.2

- During service, water is directed into the top of the tank by the control valve and flows downward through the resin media bed, through the support bed, into the distribution, and out to service. As the water flows through the softener media, the dissolved calcium and magnesium ions, (hardness minerals), is exchanged with sodium, (or potassium), on the exchange sites on the resin beads. As the duration of the service run increases, the softening resin slowly depletes, losing its ion exchange capacity, until the softening resin can no longer remove the hardness minerals. It is at this time that the regeneration of the softener is required in order to replenish the beds softening capacity. During regeneration, the hardness, (calcium and magnesium), that accumulated during the previous service run, are replaced on the resin by sodium, (or potassium). A brine solution rinsed down through the bed is the source of the replenishing sodium, (or potassium).

This is position #1 on the dial.



Section 7





Regeneration

Section 7.3

105 Softener

The regeneration procedure is performed automatically by the softener after the cycle controller is started. Each regeneration cycle consists of four steps. For down flow regeneration the cycles are #1 backwash, #2 brine draw / slow rinse, #3 fast rinse, and #4 brine tank refill.

Backwash Position

Section 7.4

During backwash, water is directed down the riser tube, out the bottom hub and laterals, then upwards through the softener resin and out to drain. This expands the media bed, releasing any trapped particles, and cleans it thoroughly. The standard backwash cycle is usually been factory pre-set to take place for 9 or 10 minutes. This is position #7 on the dial.


105 Softener

Section 7





105 Softener

Section 7

Brine Draw / Slow Rinse Position

Section 7.5

The brine draw / slow rinse is actually two cycles that occur even though the control valve piston does not move during this time. The brine valve is open during these cycles.

The first part of the cycle is the brine draw. Water from the valve flows through the through the injector, (or aspirator), assembly. This water flow creates a vacuum which results in drawing in a brine solution from the brine tank. This mixed water / brine solution then flows through the media bed and out to drain.

For a "**down flow**" unit, the brine enters from the top of the unit, DOWN through the media bed, into the hub and laterals, up the riser tube & out to drain. This is position #9 on the dial.



105 Softener

Section 7



The softeners continue to draw brine until the brine supply is stopped. On most systems, the brine supply is stopped by the air check.



When the flow of brine is stopped by the air check, the brine draw cycle ends and the slow rinse cycle begins. The actual control valve piston does not move. There is now a low flow rate that will slowly push the brine through the media, which will continue replenish the resin bed.



Rinse Position

Section 7.6

During rinse, water is directed downwards through the softener and out to drain. This reconsolidates the media bed and rinses any remaining brine in the media bed to drain. The flow rate to drain is controlled by the drain line flow control.



105 Softener

Section 7





105 Softener Section 7

Brine Tank Refill

Section 7.7

The brine tank refill cycle will direct a predetermined amount of water back into the brine tank for the next regeneration cycle. The refill water flows through the injector, (aspirator), through the brine valve and out to the brine tank. The flow rate to the brine tank is regulated by a flow control orifice. By adjusting the refill time, the volume of water to the brine tank is fixed. This is position # 12 on the dial.



Programming

105 STS Control

Section 8

Key Pad Configuration

Section 8.0



Note: MENU, SET and ARROWS will be referred to indicate which button is required to be pushed.

- MENU " I ": This function is to enter the basic setup information required at the time of installation, or back to previous page.
- SET "
 ": this function is to accept the values if changed and advance the next item in the menu.
- +/ | "▲ ▼ ": These buttons are used to scroll the icon bar in the menu, and increase or decrease the value of the settings while in the programming mode.

Service Display Screen

Section 8.1

There are four push buttons on the keypad that controls all functions of the control valve.

- Service display page. On the service display screens, the main system information is displayed. Different information is displayed depending upon how the valve is programmed.





Programming

Initiating A Regeneration

105 STS Control

Section 8

Section 8.2

There are two ways to initiate a regeneration.

- Push and hold the Set/Regen button for 3 seconds and the regeneration will start immediately.

-The other is by pushing the MENU button and this screen will be displayed.



- Use the arrow button to move to the Manual Regeneration line and push SET.

Regen. Now ?	
Regen. Tonight ?	
Press To Cancel	
Press To Confirm	

- If you move the curser to the Regen. Now line and push the SET button, the unit will regenerate immediately.

- If the Regen. Tonight line is highlighted and push SET button, the unit will regenerate the preset time which is adjustable in the program. Also a new symbol will appear on the main service screen to indicate the unit will regenerate tonight.



- Once the unit is in regeneration, the valve can be advanced to the next cycle by holding any button for three seconds. If a button is pressed several times in succession, (say twice for example) the valve will advance through two cycles before stopping.

Programming

Screen Display During Regeneration

Section 8.3

Section 8

- Once a regeneration has been initiated, the following screens will be displayed. Different screens will be displayed depending upon the programming of the unit.

- The display will indicate the regeneration cycle the unit is in. Also displayed is the actual time remaining before the end of the cycle. A third item displayed is the percentage of time left for the complete regeneration. For an example of this is if the total regeneration time is two hours, after one hour the display would show 50%.





- The regeneration can be manually advanced by holding any button for three seconds

Main Menu Setup And Programming

Section 8.4

- To access the programming screens, do the following:

- Push MENU to advance to the user menu screen and use the ARROWS to highlight Main

Menu. Number of Tarls 2 Varie Server of Forder DMode Parall F Mode: Parall

- Push and HOLD the SET button for 5 seconds unit the controller beeps.

Programming

Main Menu Setup And Programming

- The Main Menu screen that appears will change with how the valve is programmed

105 STS Control

Section 8

Section 8.4



- Default factory settings.
- Regeneration time : default 2:00 AM.
- Regeneration day of the week: default ON Saturday.
- Regeneration day interval: default 7 days.
- Capacity: default 20000 gallons.
- Proportional brining: default off, If ON range is 50% 90%.
 - E Made 2011
 - DMode: Alternativ
 - 9
 - F Mode: Parallel Series R



- All Default value below is from factory writing on PCB. 1)

- Regen. Time Setting: default 2:00 (2:00AM)



- Regen. Week : " \Box " means turn OFF , " $\sqrt{}$ " means turn ON for said weekday. Below

"M、 T ~ Sun", assign to Monday/ Tuesday... Sunday, default: "ON" on Saturday.







Page 8-9







- Flow switch relay: default flow rate 10 gpm (1~99)



- Back light settings: default "Energy Save", back light is on for 1 minute.

= Backlight Settings =		
Energy Save		
Always On		

Number of Tends 2 Vavie Setur OF S

- E Mode: Parallel Unit
- DMode: Alternatio
- F Mode: Parallel Series Reg



-12



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105 STS Control

Section 8

Alarm and Errors

Programming

Section 8.6

- Issue: Controller plugged on power, the buzzer beeps and the screen displayed "System Error E1"

Cause: The wire of micro switch is not plugged or loose

Solution: Check the micro switch and connect the wire well

- Issue: The buzzer beeps and the screen displayed "System Error E2" Cause: The motor can't find its right position in 10 mins, micro switch or motor malfunction, automatic circuit protection action.

Solution: Check the connection of micro switch and motor, piston and drive mechanism.

Remain, 20000 G

Capacity: 20000 Gal

System Type Number of Tanks Vavie Setur OF a

E Mode: Parallel Unit

DMode: Alternation

F Mode: Parallel Series Reg

Section 9

General Maintenance

Section 9.0

<u>Caution:</u> To prevent personal injury, or damage to the system, properly relieve the system pressure before doing any servicing on the control valve, piping or on the media tank.

- 1. Turn off the water supply on both the inlet and the outlet piping to the control valve / unit.
- 2. Step the control valve through a complete regeneration cycle once to relieve the pressure inside. To do this push and hold the "SET/REGEN" button on the valve key-pad. Once the valve moves into regeneration, the valve can be advanced through the regeneration cycles one at a time by pushing, (& briefly holding), the up or down arrow button. Make sure the valve is back in the service position when done.
- **3.** Once the control valve is back to the service position, unplug the electrical power to the unit.

#99004

4. For any individual part identification, see section 10.

General Tools Recommended

Tools recommended to perform basic service on the 105 control valve are:

- Seal stuffer & puller, (70020033).
- Silicone grease, (1014081-8 oz tube).
- Anti seize compound (for Stainless to stainless bolt connections).
- 8 mm nut driver or socket with ratchet.
- 6 mm, 4 mm & 2.5 mm Allen wrenches.
- #2 Phillips screw driver.
- 2.4 mm (0.1") wide flat screw driver.
- Large flat screw driver.
- Needle nose, channel lock & snap ring plyers.
- Wire hook or dental pick hook, (at least 12" long).
- Chain or strap wrench.
- If changing media, a wide mouth funnel #99004

and a media extractor kit #50040050 are recommended.

#50040050

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Page 9 — 2

PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

\$

105 Series

WaterGroup

www.canaturewg-cied.com

re

Control Valve

Section 9.1

<u>Caution:</u> To prevent personal injury, or damage to the system, properly relieve the system pressure before doing any servicing on the control valve, piping or on the media tank.

-Turn off the water supply to valve and relieve the pressure inside as explained in section 9.0.1 & 9.0.2

- Unplug the electrical power, remove the wire cover screws and remove cover attached with 4 Philips screws.

- Please note that to remove or replace the PCB (circuit board), drive motor, or powerhead, the wires connecting to the micro switches are not required to be removed.

Screws

MENU SET/REGEN

Screws

PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

Disconnect all internal wire plugs from the PCB circuit board back. Note the location of each (they are color coded). Be careful not to pull the wires out of their terminals. Use needle nose pliers or flat screw driver if necessary. Use the 2.4 mm flat screw driver to release any wires that are to the screw terminals. Remove the cover with the PCB.
If replacing the PCB (circuit board), remove the four screws holding the board to the cover and replace the board. Reconnect the wires and replace the cover. Plug the system back in.



- Reprogram the system. Once the programming has been completed, step the valve through a complete regeneration cycle to ensure everything is operating as intended.



Section 9

Section 9.1

105 Control Valve

6mm Motor Bracket Bolt

PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

Section 9.1

- Remove the four motor 6 mm Allen bracket bolts (05060065), using the 6 mm Allen wrench. There are two bolts on the top & two on the bottom of the plastic power head bracket (05060037). Carefully remove the motor assembly from the plastic power head bracket. *NOTE: Do not hold the motor assembly by the wire motor frame (05060074), as the wire frame is only pushed into the motor and can slip out.* Also note that the micro-switch wiring and motor wiring will come out with the motor assembly.



shaft it rides on as well as the slot it travels in.



Motor Bracket

Assembly



Wire Motor Guard

DO NOT HOLD ASSEMBLY BY THE WIRE

105 Control Valve

Section 9

PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

Section 9.1

- To remove the large gear (05060109), loosen the bottom micro-switch screw and remove the top micro-switch screw. This will allow the micro-switches to be rotated slightly to allow the large gear to be separated from the motor assembly. The micro-switch wires do not have to be removed. When reassembling the large gear into the motor assembly be sure to depress the anti reverse pawl (05060035).



 Once the drive motor assembly has been separated from the power head bracket, the drive motor can then be removed from the assembly by unscrewing the four head screws. The motor drive gear can be removed from the motor "D" shaped shaft by loosening the 2.5 mm Allen head set screw. To reinstall motor assembly, see section 9.2.



Section 9

PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

Section 9.1

There are six Allen head bolts holding the plastic power head bracket, (05060037). Remove the two smaller 4 mm Allen bolts (05056086B), using the 4 mm Allen wrench. Then remove the four 6 mm bolts (05060066). Please note that these 6 mm bolts are longer than the bolts previously removed. The plastic powerhead bracket can now be removed by moving the bracket to the left as illustrated below.



Attached to the back of the cross bar assembly is the rectangular slot follower, (05060024).
 Ensure the rectangular slot follower is also removed. When reinstalling the slot follower, be sure to silicone grease the slot in the plastic powerhead bracket that it travels in.

For assembly procedures, see section 9.2.



Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

- To replace the piston and / or the seals and spacers, first remove the powerhead. See section 9.1.

- Remove the four, 8 mm bolts holding the stainless steel end plate in place. (8 mm socket / nut driver or Philips screw driver).



- **NOTE:** Some times pushing the piston assembly slightly in, and then pulling makes it a easier to slide the assembly out.

Grasp the crossbar assembly and slowly pull the end plug and piston assembly out of the valve body and set aside. Be careful to pull the piston assembly straight out. If that is not properly done, the piston rod and / or piston could be damaged.



Section 9

Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

- Pull out the tool together with the seals and spacer. Remove the spacer from the tool end by pushing button back with the pins retracted. A wire hook can be used to take the outer O-ring out from the valve body if it drop off during disassembly. On the diagram below, the proper sequence is shown for the seal /spacer / o-ring assembly with the colors listed. The diagram starting at the left side is the back of the valve, going to the right is the front of the valve. Note: If the no raw water piston PLUG option is used, the first seal is left out. If the no raw water bypass trailer piston is used, all seals are used. See section 10 for more details.



ltem	Part Number	Description	Quantity
	05060134M	Complete Kit (Individual parts shown below)	
1	05060005	Lantern Ring I Black 50 mm	3
2	05060006	Lantern Ring II Black 50 mm	2
3	05060007	Lantern Ring III Gray 50 mm	2
4	05060098	Lantern Ring V Gray 54mm	1
5	05060008	Lantern Ring IV Gray 50 mm	1
6	05060056	O-Ring 59.92x3.53 Brown	3
7	05060057	O-Ring 63.09x3.53 Black	- 5
8	05060049	Quad Ring 50.17x5.33 Black	8
9	05060050	Quad Ring 12.37x2.62 Black	2
10	05060155	Quad Ring Gasket	ITS Series

Section 9

Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

- A special tool (PN. 70020033) should be used to remove and install seals & spacers. The tool has four retractable pins. The pins are retracted or extended out by pulling or pushing the center button on the opposite end. This tool works on all the spacers except the first spacer which is usually pulled out by hand. The reason for this is the first spacer, (05060098), has a slightly larger center hole, (54 mm in diameter compared to 50 mm for all other spacers). It is **critical**, that this spacer is placed in the proper position when reassembling. It is important to note the order the seals , spacer and o-rings are removed as they must be installed in the correct order. They are not all the same.

#1 Spacer—54 mm center hole

All Other Spacers— 50 mm center hole

- Insert the tool (PN. 70020033) into the valve body with the pins retracted, (center button pulled back). Push the tool tight against the spacer and push the button in. When the button is pushed in, pins are pushed out to engage the holes in the spacer. The tool may have to be rotated slightly to allow the pins to extend into the slots of the spacers.

		Retractable pin	
Seal	s and Spacer		
	Special tool PN.70020033	Center butte	2n nc
			5-00

105 Control Valve

Ø50mm

05060007

CD-0023

Section 9

SEAL

SPACER

Ø54mm

as-

Section 9.2





-To replace the seal & spacer assembly, install the new parts from left to right as shown in the diagram above.

-Use the silicone grease, (1014081-8 oz tube), liberally to coat the seals and O-rings. Assemble the seal inside the spacer and O-ring on to the outside of the spacer before installing it into the valve.

- Use the stuffer tool, (70020033), to lock on to the spacer assembly and carefully push in the spacer assembly into the valve.

- Repeat the above process until all the O-rings, seals (quad rings), and spacers (lantern rings) have been installed.

IMPORTANT NOTES WHEN RE-ASSEMBLING THE SEALS AND SPACERS:

NO RAW WATER

PISTON

BYPASS TRAILER

- The last gray spacer, (05060098) to go into the valve has a larger hole that all the other spacers. It is **CRITICAL** that this spacer goes in last. If this is not followed, the trailer piston will not slide through, and will jam. The valve can be damaged and possibly burn out the motor.

Both the raw water bypass and no raw water bypass piston

STANDARD

PISTON

semblies use the identical seal / o-ring and spacer configuration.

NOTE: There is no O-ring or seal between the second and third spacer from the back. Page 9 - 10

Section 9

Section 9.2

Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring)

-Do a visual check through the center of the valve and ensure all the seals, spacer and O-rings are in place and fully inserted into the valve body.

- Reassemble the piston assembly keeping the piston rod slot pointing up to prevent the piston from sliding off the piston rod. Ensure the proper piston assembly is being used. The basic piston stays the same but a trailer piston or piston end plug can be used for no raw water bypass (see section 10.3.0).

- Apply silicone grease on to the piston, (and trailer piston if required) as well as the piston rod. Hold the cross bar assembly and the piston / end plug and carefully guide the assembly straight into the valve body.



- The end plug will protrude approximately 1/8" to 1/4" out of the valve body until the end plate is attached. Use the four 8 mm bolts to attach the end plate .



Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

-Confirm the piston assembly moves freely with one hand while holding the plate fixed on the valve body.

-The outer plastic bracket can now be reinstalled. **NOTE: INSTALL POWER HEAD BRACKET AS SHOW BELOW.** *The bolts do line up if reversed but the valve will not function as intended.* Lightly apply silicone grease into the cross bar track. Ensure the rectangular slot follower (05060024) has been installed onto the crossbar (see section 10.3.0). Install the power head bracket using the two 4 mm Allen bolts. **Note: APPLY ANTI SEIZE COM-POUND** on the four longer 6 mm Allen bolts.



Align mark on power head bracket with cross bar assembly. Lightly silicone grease cross bar track.

Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

- The motor drive assembly can now be installed. The motor cam gear must be installed at the **SERVICE** position as indicated by the arrow shown below.



- The slot follower (05060023), must be at the **"3 O'clock"** position on the gear and vertical in orientation.



Remove top screw and rotate micro-switches so motor drive gear can be repositioned.





- If the motor cam gear is not in the correct orientation, remove the top micro-switch screw and rotate them out of the way. The motor gear can now be removed and positioned as required.



Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement

Section 9.2

Section 9

- Apply silicone grease to the slot follower (05060023), the slot follower shaft, and the cross bar shaft guide. The silicone grease will also help hold the slot follower on it's shaft.



- Position the slot follower vertically on it's shaft as shown. Guide the motor drive and micro-switch wires through the power head housing as the motor assembly is slid in. The slot follower must slide into the cross bar vertical slot. Normally if the cross bar and the slot follower have been positioned as above, the motor assembly will slide right in. If you do have an issue, the slot follower can be viewed through the inspection window.

- NOTE: Use anti seize compound on

the four 6 mm Allen bolts and use them to hold the motor assembly in place.


105 Control Valve

Section 9

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PCB / Drive Motor / Power Head Removal

Section 9.2

- Connect the wires to the circuit board (PCB). The wire clips are color coded to make it simpler to wire. Refer to the circuit board diagrams in section 9.1 if you are unsure of any connections.

- Install the circuit board cover on to the power head bracket. Plug the system back in.



-If a new circuit board (PCB) has been installed, the system will have to be reprogrammed. Once the programming has been completed (if required), the system should be moved through a complete regeneration cycle to ensure everything is operating as intended.

PLEASE NOTE: By stepping the control value through a regeneration, the system assumed it has regenerated properly and will reset the capacity (or gallons) back to it's maximum. If the system was not fully regenerated when the system was cycled, a proper regeneration must be done.

Section 9

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Section 9.3

Clean / Replace Injectors, DLFC, BLFC, And Meter

<u>Caution:</u> To prevent personal injury, or damage to the system, properly relieve the system pressure before doing any servicing on the control valve, piping or on the media tank.

-Turn off the water supply to valve and relieve the pressure inside as explained in section 9.0.1 & 9.0.2 before removing the meter and brine valve. It is also recommended to have the pressure off before removing the BLFC or DLFC .



Section 9

Clean / Replace Injectors, DLFC, BLFC, And Meter

Section 9.3

<u>Caution:</u> To prevent personal injury, or damage to the system, properly relieve the system pressure before doing any servicing on the control valve, piping or on the media tank.

-Turn off the water supply to valve and relieve the pressure inside as explained in section 9.0.1 & 9.0.2 before removing the meter and / or the brine valve.

-The meter is an integral part of the outlet piping connection adapter. It can be easily taken apart to be cleaned. The meter and meter turbine will only fit one way so it can not be accidently reversed.



Section 9

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Clean / Replace Injectors, DLFC, BLFC, And Meter

Section 9.3

<u>Caution:</u> To prevent personal injury, or damage to the system, properly relieve the system pressure before doing any servicing on the control valve, piping or on the media tank.

- Sediment, salt and silt will restrict or clog the injector. A clean water supply and pure salt will prevent this from happening.

- Disconnect the brine line by removing the clip on the BLFC housing and pulling the housing out. Also disconnect the brine solenoid wiring by using a Philips screw driver and unthreaded the connector from the solenoid.

- Remove the four bolts holding the injector body on (use Phillips or 8 mm socket), and remove the injector assembly.



-The screen, throat and nozzle can be removed & cleaned. The throat & ball is removed from the back and the nozzle & screen is removed from the front. After cleaning, reassemble the injector assembly. Ensure all O-rings are lightly greased and installed correctly. See section 9.4 for recommended procedures for installing O-rings.

Installing O-rings

If any O-ring is not installed properly, there is a good chance the connection will leak. The way to install an O-ring depends upon the actual connection itself.

There are two main types of O-ring connections:

#1- Connections that do NOT have a O-ring groove on the part connections.

#2- Connections that have an actual groove for the O-ring on part connections.

When installing the O-rings on connections that do NOT have an O-ring groove (#1), the procedure is as follows:

-Inspect the O-ring for any nicks or cuts. If any are found, replace the O-ring.

-Use food grade silicone grease to lightly coat the O-ring and all surfaces the O-ring will contact (both the male & female surfaces).

-Install the O-ring on the MALE connection & ensure that the O-ring is not twisted.

-Install all other required parts and slide the connection together.

Pictured below is a diagram reflecting example #1.

O-rings installed on male connections

Pictured below and to the right is a diagram reflecting example #2.

In this situation, there is a groove designed into the connection for the O-ring to be seated into place.

Installation procedure is as follows:

-Inspect the O-ring for any nicks or cuts. If any are found, replace the O-ring.

-Use food grade silicone grease to lightly coat the O-ring and all surfaces O-ring will contact (both the male & female surfaces).

-Install the O-ring into the appropriate groove on the connection.

-Ensuring the O-ring is not twisted, slide the connection together.



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Section 9.4

105 Control Valve

Parts

Repair Parts – Tanks

105 Control Valve

Section 10

Section 10.1

	Section 10.1 MINERAL TANKS		Part Number
)	14" Diameter x 65" Natural 4" Threaded Top Hole Std Base		25030001
	16" Diameter x 65" Natural 4" Threaded Top Hole Std Base		25030002
	18" Diameter x 65" Natural 4" Threaded Top Hole Std Base		25030014
	21" Diameter x 62" Natural 4" Threaded Top Hole Std Base		25030003
	24" Diameter x72" Natural 4" Threaded Top Hole Std Base	1	25030004
	30" Diameter x 72" Natural 4" Top & Bottom Hole Tripod I		25030030
	30" Diameter x 72" Natural 6" Top & Bottom Flanged Tripo		25030033
-	36" Diameter x 72" Natural 4" Top & Bottom Hole Tripod B		25030040
×	36" Diameter x 72 "Natural 6" top & bottom flanged tripod	base	25030043
	Tank Closures, Adapters and Accessories		
	Adaptor,Tank,4"Thread X 2-1/2" Thread CANATURE		50040039
	O-ring #342 Replacement For Above		15210
	4" Thread Tank Closure		50040075
	6" FLANGE CLOSURE JD 506 c/w Bolt Kit		50040148
27	6" FLANGE CLOSURE WITH 4" THREAD JD507 c/w Bolt Kit		50040149
-	Bolt Kit For 6" Flanges 12-5/16" x3" Long SS Nuts & Washer	s	97000738
_	Flexible Piping Connectors. (Required with rigid piping)		
	Connector,Flex,1.25"x18"L *(Stock)		80127822
-	Connector,Flex,1.25"x24"L		80127823
_	Connector,Flex,1.5"x18"L *(Stock)		80127824
Y	Connector,Flex,1.5"x24"L		80127825
7	Connector,Flex,2"x18"L *(Stock)		80127826
	Connector,Flex,2"x24"L		80127827
$\langle \Box \rangle$	Vacuum Breaker, 1.5" MNPT		310527
L	VALVE VACUUM BREAKER 1/2" NPT 12N36		60020204
	Vent, Air release Braukman 1/8"MNPT		50701
	* Non Standard Tank		

Repair Parts – Distributions

Section 10.2

Section 10.2	DISTRIBUTION		Part Number
For Top Mounted Co	ontrol Valves (No Riser F	Pipe Is Included)	
High Flow Hub & Lat	erals 13"-16" JD 324 (1.5	" Riser Not Included)	50040160
HIGH FLOW HUB & L	ATERALS 18"-21" JD 306	(1.5" Riser Not Included)	50040161
HIGH FLOW HUB & L	ATERALS 24" JD 307 (1.5	5" Riser Not Included)	50040117
HIGH FLOW HUB & L	ATERALS 30" JD 308 (1.5	5" Riser Not included)	50040118
HIGH FLOW HUB & L	ATERALS 36" (1.5" Riser	Not Included)	50040119
Adapters & Pipe For	Top Mounted Valve Dis	tributions	X
1.5" Sch 40 Pipe (NC	DTE Sold By The Foot)	$\langle \rangle$	1120066

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105 Valve Repair Parts

Section 10.3.0



Item	PART NUMBER	Description		Qty
1	05060003	Body,valve 105	105 Valve	1
2	05060087	Clamp,Victaulic ,105	105 Valve	2
	05060063	Bolt M8x25	105 Valve	2
3	05060094	Φ8 spring washer	105 Valve	2
	13038001	Nut M8	105 Valve	2
4	05060002	Tank adaptor 105	105 Valve	1
5	05060004	Support, Rise pipe 105	105 Valve	1
	05060004B	Support, RisePipe 1.9"OD	105 Valve	
	05060082	O ring retainer	105 Valve	1
6	05060060	O ring 110.49x5.33	105 Valve	2
7	05060059	O ring 75.57x5.33	105 Valve	1
8	60010228	O ring 108×5.3	105 Valve 05040094	1
9	05042005	O ring 46.99x5.33 1.9"OD	105 Valve 105 MTS Series	1
	26010030	O ring 48.7×3.55 2.0" OD	105 Valve	1

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Parts 105 Valve Repair Parts

Sec

ltem	PART NUMBER	Description	Section 10.3.0	Qty
10	05060015	Aspirator plug	105 Valve	1
11	60010596	Bolt M5×12	105 Valve 05056508	4
12	60095610	O ring Φ14×3	105 Valve 05040084	2
13	05060026	C Clip	105 Valve	- 3
	05060125	C Clip tightener	105 Valve	3
14	05060032	Adapter, 2.0" NPT 105	105 Valve	
	05060034	Adapter, 1.5" NPT 105	105 Valve	
15	0	AdapterDrain ASM W/ DLFC	105 Valve	1
16	05060058	O ring 56.52x5.33	105 Valve	3
17	05060009	Piston,105 Valve	105 Valve	1
18	05060091	Piston plug/multi tank	105 Valve	1
-	05030013B	O ring 30x2.65	105 Valve	1
19	05060090	Piston plug snap clip	105 Valve	1
			105 Valve Rebuild Kit - Internal,	
20	05060134M	Kit,Seal,Spacer105 valve	Lantern Rings and Rubber Parts	1
21	05060081	Piston Rod	105 Valve	1
22	05060017	Crossbar, Top	105 Valve	1
23	05060018	Crossbar, Bottom	105 Valve	1
24	05060024	Slot follower, Rectangle	105 Valve	1
25	05060067	Screw ST4.8x13	105 Valve	6
26	05060021	End plug	105 Valve	1
27	05060021	Flanged Bushing	105 Valve	1
28	05060109	Cam & Gear with Pin	105 Valve	1
29	05060023	Slot follower	105 Valve	1
30	05060023	End plug plate	105 Valve	1
31	60010596	Bolt M5×12	105 Valve 05056508	4
32	05060105	Valve,Brine Assy105Valve	105 Valve OSOSOSOS	4
52	05060105C	Valve, Brine Assy105 Valve	105 Valve Aspirator	1 1
33	05060124	Inner Motor Bracket Assembly	105 Valve Aspirator	1
34	05060074	Motor Frame	105 Valve	1
35				
	05060051	O ring 41x1.78	105 Valve	1
36	05060010	Trailer piston	105 Valve	1
37	05060117	Meter/Conn,105V-2" NPT Outlet W/	105 Valve Outlet W/ Meter As-	
37	05060119	Meter Assembly 1.5" NPT Outlet W/ Meter Assembly	sembly	
			105 Valve	1
38	05060140	Throat Check ball	105 Valve	1
39	A LA	5Single tank STS PCB/ MTSB Slave PCB	105 Valve	1
40	60095005	Screw ST2.9×9.5	105 Valve 05056085	4
40	05060036	Wire cover	105 Valve	1
41	60010615	Rubber button	105 Valve 05056529	4
42	60095618	Clear panel	105 Valve 05010010	1
43	13000448	Screw ST3.5×22	105 Valve	4
44	05060037	Plastic Outer Bracket	105 Valve	1
45	05060065	Bolt M8x14 Drain	105 Valve	4
46	05056086B	Bolt M5x30	105 Valve	2
	05060146	Washer 5*15	105 Valve	2
47	05060066	Bolt M8x30	105 Valve	4
48	05060123	Micro Switch Harness Not shown	105 Valve	

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Section 10

Section 10.3.1

Brine Valve & Injector Assembles 05060105 & 05060105C

105 Brine Valve & Injector Assembly

	tem	PART NUMBER	Description
	1 💿	05060011	Aspirator Housing
	2	05060104	Brine Plunger Assembly
	3	05060019	Retainer Housing
	4	05060020	Plunger
	5	05060047	Plunger Diaphragm
00	6	05060061	O ring 8x4.8
000	7	05060053	O ring 29.74x3.53
0	8	05060045	Solenoid Coil 24VDC Assembly
	9	05060014	Mounting Plate
	10	05056084	Screw ST3.5×13
	11	05060048	Solenoid Diaphragm
	12	05056088	Bolt M5x16
	13	05060013	Aspirator Cap
	14	05060055	O ring 40.87x3.53
	15	60095610	O ring Φ14×3
	16	05060068	Screen, Nozzle
- Alle	17	05060054	O ring 34.52x3.53
2	18	05060012	Aspirator Housing Plug
	19	05060064	Bolt M5x68
	20	92380	95 Clip
	23	60010232	95 Brine Elbow
	24	60010211	O ring (EPDM)25×3
	25	12054	95 BLFC Retainer
	26	60010161	BLFC 6# 0.95gpm
1		60010162	BLFC 7# 1.5gpm
	ьЦ	05040077	BLFC 2# 2.8gpm
	H a	05040078	BLFC 3# 3.5gpm
21	& 22	60010154	Nozzle Black 4s
		60010156	Throat Black 4S
		60010160	Nozzle Orange 5s
		60010156	Throat Orange 5s
_		60095043	Nozzle Gray 1#
		60095047	Throat Gray 1#
		05040057	Nozzle Purple 2#
		05040058	Throat Purple 2#
		60010151	Nozzle Red 3#
		60010157	Throat Red 3#
		60010152	Nozzle White 4#
		60010158	Throat White 4#
5	22A	05060140	Throat Check Ball

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Parts

Section 10

Section 10.3.2

- Piston / Seal / Spacer (Lantern Ring) Replacement
- Rebuild Kit Internal, Lantern Rings and Rubber Parts Kit 05060134M
- See section 9.0 to 9.3 for seal replacement procedures.



BLACK	BROWN BLACK 2	GRAY GRAY GRAY GRAY GRAY GRAY GRAY GRAY	EVALVE BLACK 4 3
Item	Part Number	Description	Quantity
1	05060005	Lantern Ring I Black 50 mm	3
2	05060006	Lantern Ring II Black 50 mm	2

2	05060006	Lantern Ring II Black 50 mm	2
3	05060007	Lantern Ring III Gray 50 mm	2
4	05060098	Lantern Ring V Gray 54mm	1
5	05060008	Lantern Ring IV Gray 50 mm	1
6	05060056	O-Ring 59.92x3.53 Brown	3
7	05060057	O-Ring 63.09x3.53 Black	5
8	05060049	Quad Ring 50.17x5.33 Black	8
9	05060050	Quad Ring 12.37x2.62 Black	2
10	05060155	Quad Ring Gasket	105 MTS Series 1

All of above in Kit 05060134M

Section 10

105 Internal Motor Bracket Assembly

Internal Motor Bracket Assembly 05060124



nternal Motor Bracket Assembly 05060124	
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ 4	
	5
	5
	0
	6
2 0	
	7_/
9	CD-00233

Item	PART NUMBER	Description	105 Valve	Qty
1	05060102	Motor Assembly	105 Valve	1
2	05060103	Inner Bracket	105 Valve	1
3	05060100	Decal	105 Valve	1
4	05060093	10# washer	105 Valve	4
5	05060092	Screw #10-32UNF0.5"	105 Valve	4
6	62000607	Micro-switch EWS	105 Valve	2
7	60010579	Bolt M3x30	105 Valve 13000332	2
8	05060075	Spring, Anti Reverse	105 Valve	1
9	05060035	Anti Reverse pawl	105 Valve	1
10	05060142	Snap clip Φ3.5	105 Valve 105 MTS Series	1
	05060123	Harness Not Shown 05060123		

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105 Outlet Adapter C/W Meter Assembly

Section 10.3.5



ltem	PART NUMBER	Description		Qty
1	05060112	2.0" NPT Outlet	105 Valve	1
1	05060114	1.5" NPT Outlet	105 Valve	1
2	05040045	Turbine shaft	105 Valve	1
3	05060058	O ring 56.52x5.33	105 Valve	3
4	05060110	Turbine Assembly	105 Valve	1
5	05060101	Turbine Nozzle	105 Valve	1
6	05060077	Snap clip Φ52	105 Valve	1
7	05060122	Turbine meter cable	105 Valve	1

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Circuit Boards, Controllers & Cables

Section 10.3.6

- All circuit board connections are color coded.



Parts

Circuit Boards, Controllers & Cables

Section 10.3.6

10010130	MTSB 105 Controller c/w Transformer &	& One Communication Cable
05060099	MTSB 105 Controller Circuit Board (PCB	
05060115	105 Slave Valve Circuit Board (PCB)	
05060042	105 STS Single Valve Circuit Board (PCB)	
05060122	Cable, Meter to 105 Circuit	Board
05060121	Cable, Motor, 105 Valve 2W	Red Black w White Clip
05060123	Cable, Micro switch 105	Harness 4 wire
05060120	Cable,Solenoid,105 2Wire	Harness RedBlack-YellowC
70011496 *	Connector, Only 4Pin Female	No Wire
12100064 *	Cable,PowerConnection105	Valve Black & Red 2 Wire
12100064B *	Cable, Communication 105	White Green B Clip 2Wire
60010197-1	Cable, Communication 105	4Pin Male-118" Long
11040071	Transformer MTS/ STS	24 VDC 3 Amp
05060154	Connector, MTS, 2 Pin Male To Transforr	ner
02170281	Harness, Wiring, MTS Controller	2pin & 4 pin
97000988	Cable,3 Pin Female with wire #1Brown (red),#2Black,#3Blue(white)	

4 pin to circuit board connector use 02170281 & remove the 2 pin connector. Or use

105 Part Numbers.xlsx

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Section 10.4

Parts

Media

- Replacement media bed part numbers c/w shipping weight. Beds are complete with support bed gravel.

- For media break down and media loading, see section 5.

Softener	Part	Ft ³ Resin	Weight	
Size	Number	Ft Resin	LBS	KG
90	410003	3	226	103
120	410004	4	278	126
150	410005	5	345	157
180	410006	6	402	183
210	410007	7	454	206
240	410008	8	526	239
270	410009	9	578	263
300	410010	10	630	286
360	410012	12	774	352
390	410013	13	826	375
450	410015	15	930	423

Brine Tank Assemblies

55010033	Safety float for BTR 200 brine tanks 3/8"		
55010025	BRT 200 legs 5 legs		
55010042	BRT 200 Extension (5 extensions per level- 4 levels max)		
55010040	BTR 200 Grid Plate		
30100007	Safety float all JSY tanks 1/2" or pipe on site		
60050610	Brine well for all jsy brine tanks 5.5"dia. X 54"L		
60010005	Over flow adapter		
PE-12-EI-0500F-N	3/8" brine line tubing 500 ft roll (specify length when ordering)		
PE-16-GI-0250F-N	1/2" brine line tubing 250 ft roll (specify length when ordering)		
30020032-4	BTR Brine tank assembly 90, 120 & 150 Softeners (Remove leg extensions as required)		
55020015	Brine tank assembly JSY 350 - 7" Grid Min Salting 28 lbs Max 72 lbs		
55020016	Brine tank assembly JSY 500 - 7 " Grid Min Salting 41 lbs Max 110 lbs		
55020017	Brine tank assembly JSY 750 - 9" Grid Min Salting 58 lbs Max 140		
	DND Master Project-FHFMVS MANUALCOMPONENTS.xlsx		

Section 10.5



Troubleshooting

Section 11

Issue	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
1. Unit fails to initiate a	A. No power supply.	A. Check electrical service, fuse, etc.
	B. Meter get stuck or breakdown.	B. Check and replace the impeller or the meter cable.
regeneration cycle.	C. Defective circuit board.	C. Replace the circuit board.
2. Outlet Water is hard.	A. By-pass valve open.	A. Close by-pass valve
	B. Out of salt in brine tank.	B. Add salt to tank, keep the salt above the water
	C. Plugged injector / screen.	C. Clean injector and screen.
	D. Shortage of Refill water into brine tank.	D. Check the refill time; If brine line got stuck, clean it.
	E. Leak between valve and central tube.	E. Check if central tube is cracked or O-ring is damaged.
		Replace faulty parts.
	F. Internal valve leak.	F. Replace valve seals, spacer, and piston assembly.
3. Salt usage is high.	A. Incorrect salt consumption settings.	A. Check the duration time setting of brine draw and refill.
	B. Too much water in the brine tank.	B. Take the issue 7 as a reference.
	A. Iron or scale build up in line feeding unit.	A. Clean pipes , add iron pre-filter.
	B. Iron build up inside valve or tank.	B. Clean control valve and add resin cleaner to clean bed.
4. Higher pressure drop		Increase regeneration frequency.
	C. Inlet of control plugged due to foreign material as	C. Take the piston out and clean the control valve.
	a result of plumbing.	
5. Resin leakage in drain	A. Air in water system.	A. Check well system for proper air eliminator control.
line.	B. Incorrect drain line flow control (DLFC) button.	B . Check for proper flow rate.
6. Iron material in the	A. Resin contaminated by the iron.	A. Clean the resin, check the backwash, brine draw, refill.
		Increase the frequency of regeneration and backwash
treated water		duration time.
	A. Plugged DLFC.	A. Clean the DLFC.
	B. Plugged injector or screen.	B. Clean the injector or screen.
7. Too much water in	C. Defective circuit board.	C. Replace the circuit board.
brine tank.	D. Foreign material in brine valve.	D. Clean the brine valve.
ornie carne		

Troubleshooting

Section 11

	A. Drain line flow control is plugged.	A. Clean parts.
	B. Injector is plugged.	B. Clean parts.
8. Unit fails to draw	C. Screen is plugged.	C. Clean parts.
brine.	D. Inlet pressure too low.	D. Increase pressure. (the minimum working pressure is
		30PSI)
	E. Internal valve leak.	E. Replace seals, spacers, and piston assembly.
9. Valve motor	A. Microswitch or the drive gear of piston is faulty.	A. See 2.4 Electrical trouble shooting.
continuously run	B. Defective circuit board.	
continuousiy run		B. Replace the circuit board.
	A. Particle material block in control valve.	A. Take the piston assembly out, clean the foreign material,
10. Drain continuously		check each steps of regeneration work well.
	B. Internal leak.	B. Replace seals, spacers, and piston assembly.
	C. The drive gear of power head got stuck.	C. Check, clean or replace the drive gear assembly.
	D. Defective circuit board.	D. Replace the circuit board.
	A. Solenoid Diaphragm blocked in signal hole	A. take out and clean diaphragm.
	B. lower pressure supply	
11. Refill		B. Increase pressure. (the minimum working pressure is
continuously	C. Too Small BLFC restrict.	30PSI)
	D. Defective circuit board.	C. Replace for a bigger size BLFC
		D. Replace the circuit board.



Warranty

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Commercial Softener & Filter Unit Warranty

Products manufactured by Canature WaterGroup[™] are warranted to be free from defects in materials and workmanship where properly installed, operated and maintained. The length of the product warranties vary as per below

WARRANTY TABLE FOR ASSEMBLED UNITS

Fiberglass tanks 14"-63" in diameter or larger	5Years**
Control Valves & Electronics	5 Years*
iaphragm Valves, Meters & Electric Ball alves	1 Year
rine Tanks And Internal Assemblies	1 Year*
Aedia	Limited to warranty provided by original manufacturer
nylester / Hot Water Application* Max mp 150F	1 Year
eel Tanks (epoxy lined)	1Year
l other components +	1 Year ***
*** Components not manufactured by Canal the warranty given by the manufactu	

* Warranty on Control Valve and Parts

Canature WaterGroup[™] will replace any part (except for wear and tear Items – media, piston, seals and brine valve) which fails within the time period specified in the chart above from date of manufacture, as indicated by the serial number, provided the failure is due to a defect in material or workmanship. The only exception shall be when proof of purchase or installation is provided and then the warranty period shall be from the date there of.

**Warranty on Mineral Tanks and Brine Tanks:

Canature WaterGroup[™] will provide a replacement mineral tank or brine tank to any original equipment purchaser in possession of a tank that fails within the time outline in the chart above, provided that the system is at all times operated in accordance with specifications and not subject to freezing or vacuum.

**On fiberglass tanks 24" diameter or larger, due to slight expansion and contraction of the tanks, flexible connectors must have been properly installed between the tank openings and rigid piping. Also a vacuum breaker(s) must have been properly installed to protect the tank from vacuum under all conditions. Failure to install flex connectors and/ or vacuum breaker(s), or improper installation the tank warranty will be void.

In addition, if the fiberglass tank has a tripod base, it must have been properly and securely attached to the floor. If not done or improperly installed, the tank warranty will be void.

General Provisions:

Damage to any part of this commercial system as a result of misuse, misapplication, neglect, alteration, accident, installation or operation contrary to our printed instructions, damage to ion exchange resin and seals caused by chlorine / chloramines in the water supply, damage to internal pistons and seals caused by wear and tear from iron, manganese, sediment and or silt, or damage caused by any force of nature is not covered in this warranty. We will repair or replace defective parts if our warranty department determines it to be defective under the terms of this warranty. Canature WaterGroup[™] assumes no responsibility for consequential damage, labor or expense incurred as a result of a defect or failure. Media and Resin coverage is limited to the warranty provided by the original manufacturer.

Return of Goods:

An authorization number must be obtained before returning any merchandise. NOTE: All material returned to Canature WaterGroup[™] must be returned freight prepaid. Upon inspection, if our warranty department determines the goods to be defective under the terms of this warranty, the warranty shall be limited to the defective parts to be repaired, replaced, or credited at Canature WaterGroup's[™] discretion. You pay only freight to return defective parts to our factory and local dealer charges, including but not limited to labor charges, travel and transportation expenses, and handling fees.

Some State & Provincial jurisdictions do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you. Similarly, some State & Provincial jurisdictions do not allow exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Consult your authorized Dealer for warranty and service information.

Warranty

Section 12

