

MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LTD

REHABILITATION KARATINA URBAN WATER SUPPLY NETWORK:

Contract No. C - 4: Laying of Water Pipes MAWASCO/RFB/WBP/2018-2019/C-4

SEPTEMBER 2018

Standard Procurement Document

Specific Procurement Notice - Request for Bids (RFB)

Bidding Document: Request for Bids – Works (Without Prequalification)

PART 1 – BIDDING PROCEDURES

Section I - Instructions to Bidders (ITB)

This Section provides relevant information to help Bidders prepare their Bids. It is based on a one-envelope Bidding process when prequalification has not taken place. Information is also provided on the submission, opening, and evaluation of Bids and on the award of Contracts. **Section I contains provisions that are to be used without modification.**

Section II - Bid Data Sheet (BDS)

This Section includes provisions that are specific to each procurement and that supplement Section I, Instructions to Bidders.

Section III - Evaluation and Qualification Criteria

This Section specifies the criteria to determine the Most Advantageous Bid. The Most Advantageous Bid is the Bid of the Bidder that meets the qualification criteria and whose Bid has been determined to be:

- (a) substantially responsive to the Bidding document, and
- (b) the lowest evaluated cost.

Section IV - Bidding Forms

This Section includes the forms for the Bid submission, Bill of Quantities, Schedules of Technical Proposal, including technical and financial qualifications,

personnel, financial resources, and equipment, Bid Security and others to be completed and submitted by the Bidder as part of its Bid.

Section V - Eligible Countries

This Section contains information regarding eligible countries.

Section VI - Fraud and Corruption

This section includes the Fraud and Corruption provisions which apply to this Bidding process.

PART 2 – WORKS' REQUIREMENTS

Section VII -Works' Requirements

This Section contains the Specification, the Drawings, and supplementary information that describe the Works to be procured.

PART 3 – CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT FORMS

Section VIII - General Conditions (GC)

This Section contains the general clauses to be applied in all contracts. The text of the clauses in this Section shall not be modified.

Section IX - Particular Conditions (PC)

This Section consists of Part A, Contract Data, which contains data, and Part B, Specific Provisions, which contains clauses specific to each contract. The contents of this Section supplement the General Conditions and shall be prepared by the Employer.

Section X - Contract Forms

This Section contains forms which, once completed, will form part of the Contract. The forms for **Performance Security** and **Advance Payment Security**, when required, shall only be completed by the successful Bidder after Contract award.

Request for Bids Works

Employer: MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED

Project: REHABILITATION OF KARATINA URBAN WATER SUPPLY NETWORK

Contract title: *LAYING OF WATER PIPES*

Country: *KENYA*

RFB No: *MAWASCO/RFB/WBP/2018-2019/C-4*

Issued on: 12th SEPTEMBER 2018

- 1. The MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED has applied for financing from the World Bank toward the cost of the **REHABILITATION OF KARATINA URBAN WATER SUPPLY NETWORK**, and intends to apply part of the proceeds toward payments under the contract for *Laying of water pipes*.
- 2. The MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED now invites sealed Bids from eligible Bidders for Laying of water pipes within Karatina Town for a period of 5(five) months.
- 3. Bidding will be conducted through National Competitive Bidding (NCB) procurement using Request for Bids (RFB) as specified in the World Bank's "Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers- Procurement in Investment Projects Financing July,2016"Procurement Regulations"), and is open to all eligible Bidders as defined in the Procurement Regulations.
- 4. Interested eligible Bidders may obtain further information from Procurement office, Mathira Water and Sanitation Company Limited, *info@mawasco.co.ke* and inspect the Bidding document during office hours, *0900 to 1600 hours* at the address given below.
- 5. The Bidding document in *English language may* be purchased by interested eligible Bidders upon payment of a non refundable fee of *Ksh.1*, 000.00. The method of payment will be direct deposit to Mathira Water & Sanitation Company; Co-operative Bank, Karatina Branch, Account No. 01100059779200. Upon payment the document shall be obtained from the address below. Bidders who wish to download the bid document shall do so free of charge from the Mathira Water and Sanitation Company Limited website, *www.mawasco.co.ke*. The Bills of Quantities and relevant drawings are uploaded as separate documents in the website. The Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) is also uploaded in the website as a separate document.

Bidders who download the tender documents from the website **MUST** forward their particulars immediately via email to info@mawasco.co.ke. This is for records and

any further tender clarifications and addendum where necessary. The particulars should include: Name of Firm, Postal Address, Telephone Number, Email Address, Tender Number and Tender Name.

- 6. Bids must be delivered to the address below on or before 12th October 2018 at 12.00 noon. Electronic Bidding will not be permitted. Late Bids will be rejected. Bids will be publicly opened in the presence of the Bidders' designated representatives and anyone who chooses to attend at the address below on 12th October 2018 at 12.05 p.m.
- 7. All Bids must be accompanied by a *Bid Security* of *Kenya shillings One Million Only, Ksh* 1,000,000.00 valid for 150 days.
- 8. Pre-bid conference shall be held on 4th October 2018, at 11.00 am at the address mentioned below and is *MANDATORY* for all participating bidders
- 9. The address (es) referred to above is (are):

MANAGING DIRECTOR
MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED
P.O BOX 1981 KARATINA
ALONG HOSPITAL ROAD, RAGATI AREA ,KARATINA,NYERI COUNTY
KENYA

Telephone:0202659069 info@mawasco.co.ke www.mawasco.co.ke

10. Mathira Water and Sanitation Company Ltd reserves the right to accept or reject any tender and/or to cancel the whole tender procedure and reject all tenders.

Request for Bids Works

MAWASCO/ RFB/WBP/2018-2019/C-4 LAYING OF WATER PIPES

Employer: MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED

Project REHABILITATION OF KARATINA URBAN WATER SUPPLY NETWORK

Contract title: *LAYING OF WATER PIPES*

Country: *KENYA*

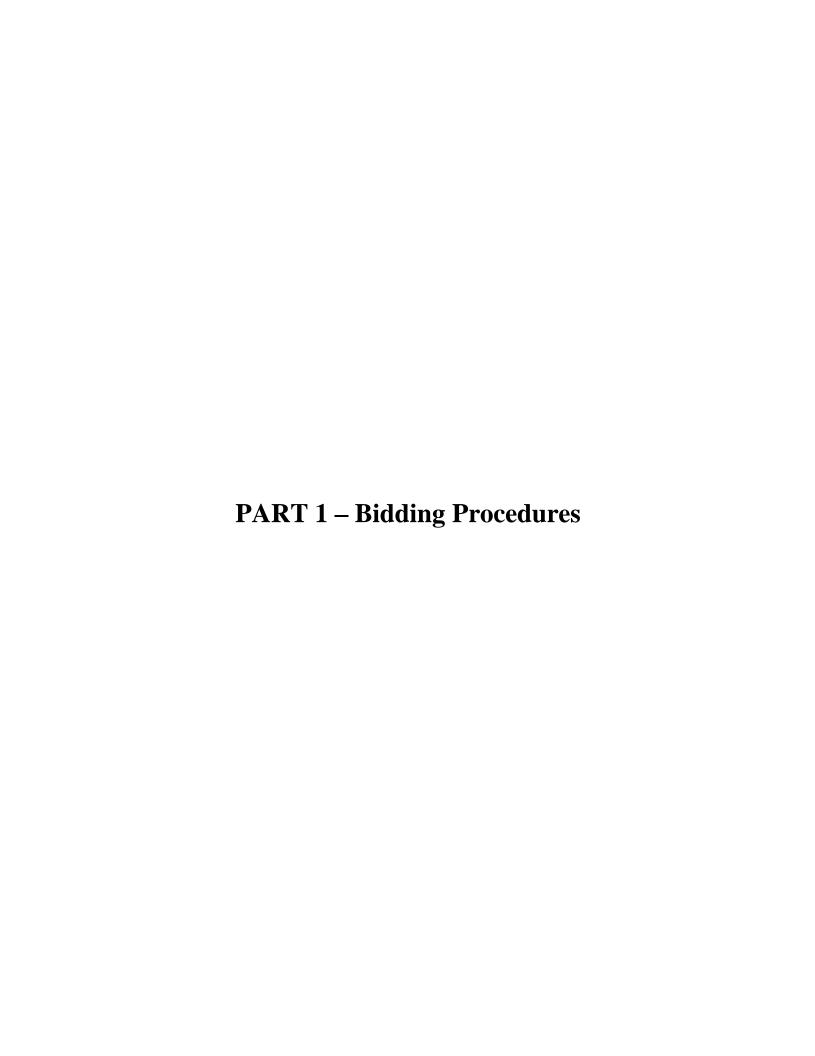
RFB No: *MAWASCO/RFB/WBP/2018-2019/C-4*

Issued on: 12th September 2018

Standard Procurement Document

Table of Contents

PART 1 – Bidding Procedures	3
Section I - Instructions to Bidders	6
Section II - Bid Data Sheet (BDS)	31
Section III - Evaluation and Qualification Criteria	39
Section IV - Bidding Forms	61
Section V - Eligible Countries	108
Section VI - Fraud and Corruption	109
PART 2 –Works' Requirements	111
Section VII - Works' Requirements	113
PART 3 – Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms	203
Section VIII - General Conditions (GC)	211
Section IX - Particular Conditions of Contract	331
Section X - Contract Forms	337



Section I - Instructions to Bidders

Contents

A.	Gene	ral	6
	1.	Scope of Bid	6
	2.	Source of Funds	6
	3.	Fraud and Corruption	7
	4.	Eligible Bidders	7
	5.	Eligible Materials, Equipment, and Services	10
В.	Contents	of Bidding Document	10
	6.	Sections of Bidding Document	10
	7.	Clarification of Bidding Document, Site Visit, Pre-Bid Meeting	11
	8.	Amendment of Bidding Document	12
C.	Preparat	tion of Bids	12
	9.	Cost of Bidding	12
	10.	Language of Bid	12
	11.	Documents Comprising the Bid	12
	12.	Letter of Bid and Schedules	13
	13.	Alternative Bids	13
	14.	Bid Prices and Discounts	14
	15.	Currencies of Bid and Payment	15
	16.	Documents Comprising the Technical Proposal	15
	17.	Documents Establishing the Eligibility and Qualifications of the Bidder	15
	18.	Period of Validity of Bids	16
	19.	Bid Security	16
	20.	Format and Signing of Bid	18
D.	Submissi	ion and Opening of Bids	19
	21.	Sealing and Marking of Bids	19
	22.	Deadline for Submission of Bids	19
	23.	Late Bids	20
	24.	Withdrawal, Substitution, and Modification of Bids	20

	25.	Bid Opening	20
Ε.	Evaluatio	n and Comparison of Bids	21
	26.	Confidentiality	21
	27.	Clarification of Bids	22
	28.	Deviations, Reservations, and Omissions	22
	29.	Determination of Responsiveness	22
	30.	Nonmaterial Nonconformities Error! Bookmark not	defined.
	31.	Correction of Arithmetical Errors	23
	32.	Conversion to Single Currency	24
	33.	Margin of Preference	24
	34.	Subcontractors	24
	35.	Evaluation of Bids	25
	36.	Comparison of Bids	25
	37.	Abnormally Low Bids	25
	38.	Unbalanced or Front Loaded Bids	26
	39.	Qualifications of the Bidder	26
	40.	Most Advantageous Bid	27
	41.	Employer's Right to Accept Any Bid, and to Reject Any or All Bids	27
	42.	Standstill Period	27
	43.	Notice of Intention to Award	27
F.	Award of	Contract	27
	44.	Award Criteria	28
	45.	Notification of Award	28
	46.	Debriefing by the Employer	28
	47.	Signing of Contract	29
	48.	Performance Security	29

Section I - Instructions to Bidders

A. General

- 1. Scope of Bid
- 1.1 In connection with the Specific Procurement Notice Request for Bids (RFB), specified in the **Bid Data Sheet (BDS)**, the Employer, as specified **in the BDS**, issues this Bidding document for the provision of Works as specified in Section VII, Works 'Requirements. The name, identification, and number of lots (contracts) of this RFB are specified **in the BDS**.
- 1.2 Throughout this bidding document:
 - (a) the term "in writing" means communicated in written form (e.g. by mail, e-mail, fax, including, if specified **in the BDS**, distributed or received through electronic-procurement system used by the Employer) with proof of receipt;
 - (b) if the context so requires, "singular" means "plural' and vice versa; and
 - (c) "Day" means calendar day, unless otherwise specified as a "Business Day." A Business Day is any day that is a working day of the Borrower. It excludes the Borrower's official public holidays.
- 2. Source of Funds
- 2.1 The Borrower or Recipient (hereinafter called "Borrower") specified **in the BDS** has received or has applied for financing (hereinafter called "funds") from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International Development Association (hereinafter called "the Bank") in an amount specified **in the BDS**, toward the project named **in the BDS**. The Borrower intends to apply a portion of the funds to eligible payments under the contract(s) for which this Bidding document is issued.
- 2.2 Payment by the Bank will be made only at the request of the Borrower and upon approval by the Bank, and will be subject, in all respects, to the terms and conditions of the Loan (or other financing) Agreement. The Loan (or other financing) Agreement prohibits a withdrawal from the loan account for the purpose of any payment to persons or entities, or for any import of goods, equipment, plant, or materials, if such payment or import is prohibited by a decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations. No party other than the Borrower shall derive any rights from the Loan

(or other financing) Agreement or have any claim to the proceeds of the Loan (or other financing).

3. Fraud and Corruption

- 3.1 The Bank requires compliance with the Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines and its prevailingsanctionspolicies and procedures as set forth in the WBG's Sanctions Framework, as set forth in Section VI.
- 3.2 In further pursuance of thispolicy, biddersshallpermit and shall cause theiragents (where declaredornot), subcontractors, subconsultants, service providers, suppliers, and their personnel, to permit the Bank to inspect all accounts, records and other documents relating to any prequalification process, bid submission, and contract performance (in the case of award), and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the Bank.

4. Eligible Bidders

- 4.1 A Bidder may be a firm that is a private entity, a state-owned enterprise or institution subject to ITB 4.6 or any combination of such entities in the form of a joint venture (JV) under an existing agreement or with the intent to enter into such an agreement supported by a letter of intent. In the case of a joint venture, all members shall be jointly and severally liable for the execution of the entire Contract in accordance with the Contract terms. The JV shall nominate a Representative who shall have the authority to conduct all business for and on behalf of any and all the members of the JV during the Bidding process and, in the event the JV is awarded the Contract, during contract execution. Unless specified in the BDS, there is no limit on the number of members in a JV.
- 4.2 A Bidder shall not have a conflict of interest. Any Bidder found to have a conflict of interest shall be disqualified. A Bidder may be considered to have a conflict of interest for the purpose of this Bidding process, if the Bidder:
 - (a) directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by or is under common control with another Bidder; or
 - (b) receives or has received any direct or indirect subsidy from another Bidder; or
 - (c) has the same legal representative as another Bidder; or
 - (d) has a relationship with another Bidder, directly or through common third parties, that puts it in a position to influence the Bid of another Bidder, or influence the decisions of the Employer regarding this Bidding process; or
 - (e) or any of its affiliates participated as a consultant in the preparation of the design or technical specifications of the

- works that are the subject of the Bid; or
- (f) or any of its affiliates has been hired (or is proposed to be hired) by the Employer or Borrower as Engineer for the Contract implementation; or
- (g) would be providing goods, works, or non-consulting services resulting from or directly related to consulting services for the preparation or implementation of the project specified in the BDS ITB 2.1 that it provided or were provided by any affiliate that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with that firm; or
- (h) has a close business or family relationship with a professional staff of the Borrower (or of the project implementing agency, or of a recipient of a part of the loan) who: (i) are directly or indirectly involved in the preparation of the Bidding document or specifications of the Contract, and/or the Bid evaluation process of such Contract; or (ii) would be involved in the implementation or supervision of such Contract unless the conflict stemming from such relationship has been resolved in a manner acceptable to the Bank throughout the Bidding process and execution of the Contract.
- 4.3 A firm that is a Bidder (either individually or as a JV member) shall not participate in more than one Bid, except for permitted alternative Bids. This includes participation as a subcontractor in other Bids. Such participation shall result in the disqualification of all Bids in which the firm is involved. A firm that is not a Bidder or a JV member may participate as a subcontractor in more than one Bid.
- 4.4 A Bidder may have the nationality of any country, subject to the restrictions pursuant to ITB 4.8. A Bidder shall be deemed to have the nationality of a country if the Bidder is constituted, incorporated or registered in and operates in conformity with the provisions of the laws of that country, as evidenced by its articles of incorporation (or equivalent documents of constitution or association) and its registration documents, as the case may be. This criterion also shall apply to the determination of the nationality of proposed subcontractors or sub-consultants for any part of the Contract including related Services.
- 4.5 A Bidder that has been sanctioned by the Bank, pursuant to the Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines, and in accordance with its prevailing sanctions policies and procedures as set forth in the

World Bank Group's Sanctions Framework, as described in Section VI paragraph 2.2 d. shall be ineligible to be prequalified for, bid for, or be awarded a Bank-financed contract or benefit from a Bank-financed contract, financially or otherwise, during such period of time as the Bank shall have determined. The list of debarred firms and individuals is available at the electronic address specified in the BDS.

- 4.6 Bidders that are state-owned enterprises or institutions in the Employer's Country may be eligible to compete and be awarded a Contract(s)only if they can establish, in a manner acceptable to the Bank, that they (i) are legally and financially autonomous (ii) operate under commercial law, and (iii) are not under supervision of the Employer.
- 4.7 A Bidder shall not be under suspension from Bidding by the Employer as the result of the operation of a Bid–Securing Declaration.
- 4.8 Firms and individuals may be ineligible if so indicated in Section V and (a) as a matter of law or official regulations, the Borrower's country prohibits commercial relations with that country, provided that the Bank is satisfied that such exclusion does not preclude effective competition for the supply of goods or the contracting of works or services required; or (b) by an act of compliance with a decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, the Borrower's country prohibits any import of goods or contracting of works or services from that country, or any payments to any country, person, or entity in that country. When the Works are implemented across jurisdictional boundaries (and more than one country is a Borrower, and is involved in the procurement), then exclusion of a firm or individual on the basis of ITB 4.8 (a) above by any country may be applied to that procurement across other countries involved, if the Bank and the Borrowers involved in the procurement agree.
- 4.9 A Bidder shall provide such documentary evidence of eligibility satisfactory to the Employer, as the Employer shall reasonably request.
- 4.10 A firm that is under a sanction of debarment by the Borrower from being awarded a contract is eligible to participate in this procurement, unless the Bank, at the Borrower's request, is satisfied that the debarment; (a) relates to fraud or corruption, and (b) followed a judicial or administrative proceeding that afforded the firm adequate due process.

- 5. Eligible
 Materials,
 Equipment, and
 Services
- 5.1 The materials, equipment and services to be supplied under the Contract and financed by the Bank may have their origin in any country subject to the restrictions specified in Section V, Eligible Countries, and all expenditures under the Contract will not contravene such restrictions. At the Employer's request, Bidders may be required to provide evidence of the origin of materials, equipment and services.

B. Contents of Bidding Document

6. Sections of Bidding Document

6.1 The Bidding document consists of Parts 1, 2, and 3, which includes all the sections specified below, and which should be read in conjunction with any Addenda issued in accordance with ITB 8.

PART 1 Bidding Procedures

- Section I Instructions to Bidders (ITB)
- Section II Bid Data Sheet (BDS)
- Section III Evaluation and Qualification Criteria
- Section IV -Bidding Forms
- Section V Eligible Countries
- Section VI -Fraud and Corruption

PART 2 Works Requirements

• Section VII - Works' Requirements

PART 3 Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms

- Section VIII General Conditions(GC)
- Section IX Particular Conditions(PC)
- Section X Contract Forms
- 6.2 The Specific Procurement Notice Request for Bids (RFB) issued by the Employer is not part of the Bidding document.
- 6.3 Unless obtained directly from the Employer, the Employer is not responsible for the completeness of the Bidding document, responses to requests for clarification, the minutes of the pre-Bid meeting (if any), or Addenda to the Bidding document in accordance with ITB 8. In case of any contradiction, documents obtained directly from the Employer shall prevail.

- 6.4 The Bidder is expected to examine all instructions, forms, terms, and specifications in the Bidding document and to furnish with its Bid all information and documentation as is required by the Bidding document.
- 7. Clarification of Bidding Document, Site Visit, Pre-Bid Meeting
- A Bidder requiring any clarification of the Bidding document shall 7.1 contact the Employer in writing at the Employer's address specified in the BDS or raise its enquiries during the pre-Bid meeting if provided for in accordance with ITB 7.4. The Employer will respond in writing to any request for clarification, provided that such request is received no later than fourteen (14) days prior to the deadline for submission of Bids. The Employer shall forward copies of its response to all Bidders who have acquired the Bidding document in accordance with ITB 6.3, including a description of the inquiry but without identifying its source. If so specified in the **BDS**, the Employer shall also promptly publish its response at the web page identified in the BDS. Should the clarification result in changes to the essential elements of the Bidding document, the Employer shall amend the Bidding document following the procedure under ITB 8 and ITB 22.2.
- 7.2 The Bidder is advised to visit and examine the Site of Works and its surroundings and obtain for itself on its own responsibility all information that may be necessary for preparing the Bid and entering into a contract for construction of the Works. The costs of visiting the Site shall be at the Bidder's own expense.
- 7.3 The Bidder and any of its personnel or agents will be granted permission by the Employer to enter upon its premises and lands for the purpose of such visit, but only upon the express condition that the Bidder, its personnel, and agents will release and indemnify the Employer and its personnel and agents from and against all liability in respect thereof, and will be responsible for death or personal injury, loss of or damage to property, and any other loss, damage, costs, and expenses incurred as a result of the inspection.
- 7.4 If so specified **in the BDS**, the Bidder's designated representative is invited to attend a pre-Bid meeting and/or a Site of Works visit. The purpose of the meeting will be to clarify issues and to answer questions on any matter that may be raised at that stage.
- 7.5 The Bidder is requested to submit any questions in writing, to reach the Employer not later than one week before the meeting.

7.6 Minutes of the pre-Bid meeting, if applicable, including the text of the questions asked by Bidders, without identifying the source, and the responses given, together with any responses prepared after the meeting, will be transmitted promptly to all Bidders who have acquired the Bidding document in accordance with ITB 6.3. If so specified in the BDS, the Employer shall also promptly publish the Minutes of the pre-Bid meeting at the web page identified in the BDS. Any modification to the Bidding document that may become necessary as a result of the pre-Bid meeting shall be made by the Employer exclusively through the issue of an Addendum pursuant to ITB 8 and not through the minutes of the pre-Bid meeting. Nonattendance at the pre-Bid meeting will not be a cause for disqualification of a Bidder.

8. Amendment of Bidding Document

- 8.1 At any time prior to the deadline for submission of Bids, the Employer may amend the Bidding document by issuing addenda.
- 8.2 Any addendum issued shall be part of the Bidding document and shall be communicated in writing to all who have obtained the Bidding document from the Employer in accordance with ITB 6.3. The Employer shall also promptly publish the addendum on the Employer's web page in accordance with ITB 7.1.
- 8.3 To give Bidders reasonable time in which to take an addendum into account in preparing their Bids, the Employer should extend the deadline for the submission of Bids, pursuant to ITB 22.2.

C. Preparation of Bids

9. Cost of Bidding

9.1 The Bidder shall bear all costs associated with the preparation and submission of its Bid, and the Employer shall not be responsible or liable for those costs, regardless of the conduct or outcome of the Bidding process.

10. Language of Bid

10.1 The Bid, as well as all correspondence and documents relating to the Bid exchanged by the Bidder and the Employer, shall be written in the language specified **in the BDS**. Supporting documents and printed literature that are part of the Bid may be in another language provided they are accompanied by an accurate translation of the relevant passages in the language specified **in the BDS**, in which case, for purposes of interpretation of the Bid, such translation shall govern.

11. Documents Comprising the Bid

11.1 The Bid shall comprise the following:

- (a) Letter of Bid prepared in accordance with ITB 12;
- (b) **Schedules** including priced Bill of Quantities, completed in

accordance with ITB 12 and ITB 14;

- (c) **Bid Security** or **Bid-Securing Declaration**, in accordance with ITB 19.1;
- (d) **Alternative Bid**, if permissible, in accordance with ITB 13;
- (e) **Authorization:** written confirmation authorizing the signatory of the Bid to commit the Bidder, in accordance with ITB 20.3;
- (f) **Qualifications**: documentary evidence in accordance with ITB 17 establishing the Bidder's qualifications to perform the Contract if its Bid is accepted;
- (g) **Conformity:** a technical proposal in accordance with ITB 16; and
- (h) any other document required in the BDS.
- 11.2 In addition to the requirements under ITB 11.1, Bids submitted by a JV shall include a copy of the Joint Venture Agreement entered into by all members. Alternatively, a letter of intent to execute a Joint Venture Agreement in the event of a successful Bid shall be signed by all members and submitted with the Bid, together with a copy of the proposed Agreement.
- 11.3 The Bidder shall furnish in the Letter of Bid information on commissions and gratuities, if any, paid or to be paid to agents or any other party relating to this Bid.

12. Letter of Bid and Schedules

- 12.1 The Letter of Bid and Schedules, including the Bill of Quantities, shall be prepared using the relevant forms furnished in Section IV, Bidding Forms. The forms must be completed without any alterations to the text, and no substitutes shall be accepted except as provided under ITB 20.3. All blank spaces shall be filled in with the information requested.
- 13. Alternative Bids
- 13.1 Unless otherwise specified in the BDS, alternative Bids **shall not** be considered.
- 13.2 When alternative times for completion are explicitly invited, a statement to that effect will be included in the BDS, and the method of evaluating different alternative times for completion will be described in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
- 13.3 Except as provided under ITB 13.4 below, Bidders wishing to offer technical alternatives to the requirements of the Bidding document must first price the Employer's design as described in the Bidding document and shall further provide all information necessary for a

complete evaluation of the alternative by the Employer, including drawings, design calculations, technical specifications, breakdown of prices, and proposed construction methodology and other relevant details. Only the technical alternatives, if any, of the Bidder with the Most Advantageous Bid conforming to the basic technical requirements shall be considered by the Employer.

13.4 When specified in the BDS, Bidders are permitted to submit alternative technical solutions for specified parts of the Works, and such parts will be identified in the BDS, as will the method for their evaluating, and described in Section VII, Works' Requirements.

14. Bid Prices and Discounts

- 14.1 The prices and discounts (including any price reduction) quoted by the Bidder in the Letter of Bid and in the Bill of Quantities shall conform to the requirements specified below.
- 14.2 The Bidder shall fill in rates and prices for all items of the Works described in the Bill of Quantities. Items against which no rate or price is entered by the Bidder shall be deemed covered by the rates for other items in the Bill of Quantities and will not be paid for separately by the Employer. An item not listed in the priced Bill of Quantities shall be assumed to be not included in the Bid, and provided that the Bid is determined substantially responsive notwithstanding this omission, the average price of the item quoted by substantially responsive Bidders will be added to the Bid price and the equivalent total cost of the Bid so determined will be used for price comparison.
- 14.3 The price to be quoted in the Letter of Bid, in accordance with ITB 12.1, shall be the total price of the Bid, excluding any discounts offered.
- 14.4 The Bidder shall quote any discounts and the methodology for their application in the Letter of Bid, in accordance with ITB 12.1.
- 14.5 Unless otherwise specified **in the BDS** and the Conditions of Contract, the rates and prices quoted by the Bidder are subject to adjustment during the performance of the Contract in accordance with the provisions of the Conditions of Contract. In such a case, the Bidder shall furnish the indices and weightings for the price adjustment formulae in the Schedule of Adjustment Data and the Employer may require the Bidder to justify its proposed indices and weightings.
- 14.6 If so specified in ITB 1.1, Bids are being invited for individual lots (contracts) or for any combination of lots (packages). Bidders wishing to offer discounts for the award of more than one Contract

shall specify in their Bid the price reductions applicable to each package, or alternatively, to individual Contracts within the package. Discounts shall be submitted in accordance with ITB 14.4, provided the Bids for all lots (contracts) are opened at the same time.

- 14.7 All duties, taxes, and other levies payable by the Contractor under the Contract, or for any other cause, as of the date 28 days prior to the deadline for submission of Bids, shall be included in the rates and prices and the total Bid Price submitted by the Bidder.
- 15. Currencies of Bid and Payment
- 15.1 The currency (ies) of the Bid and the currency (ies) of payments shall be the same and shall be as specified in the BDS.
- 15.2 Bidders may be required by the Employer to justify, to the Employer's satisfaction, their local and foreign currency requirements, and to substantiate that the amounts included in the unit rates and prices and shown in the Schedule of Adjustment Data in the Appendix to Bid are reasonable, in which case a detailed breakdown of the foreign currency requirements shall be provided by Bidders.
- 16. Documents Comprising the Technical Proposal
- 16.1 The Bidder shall furnish a technical proposal including a statement of work methods, equipment, personnel, schedule and any other information as stipulated in Section IV, Bidding Forms, in sufficient detail to demonstrate the adequacy of the Bidder's proposal to meet the work's requirements and the completion time.
- 17. Documents
 Establishing the
 Eligibility and
 Qualifications of
 the Bidder
- 17.1 To establish Bidder's eligibility in accordance with ITB 4, Bidders shall complete the Letter of Bid, included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.
- 17.2 In accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, to establish its qualifications to perform the Contract the Bidder shall provide the information requested in the corresponding information sheets included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.
- 17.3 If a margin of preference applies as specified in accordance with ITB 33.1, domestic Bidders, individually or in joint ventures, applying for eligibility for domestic preference shall supply all information required to satisfy the criteria for eligibility specified in accordance with ITB 33.1.

18. Period of Validity of Bids

- 18.1. Bids shall remain valid for the Bid Validity period specified **in the BDS**. The Bid Validity period starts from the date fixed for the Bid submission deadline (as prescribed by the Employer in accordance with ITB 22). A Bid valid for a shorter period shall be rejected by the Employer as nonresponsive.
- 18.2 In exceptional circumstances, prior to the expiration of the Bid validity period, the Employer may request Bidders to extend the period of validity of their Bids. The request and the responses shall be made in writing. If a Bid Security is requested in accordance with ITB 19, it shall also be extended for twenty-eight (28) days beyond the deadline of the extended validity period. A Bidder may refuse the request without forfeiting its Bid security. A Bidder granting the request shall not be required or permitted to modify its Bid, except as provided in ITB 18.3.
- 18.3 If the award is delayed by a period exceeding fifty-six (56) days beyond the expiry of the initial Bid validity period, the Contract price shall be determined as follows:
 - (a) in the case of **fixed price** contracts, the Contract price shall be the Bid price adjusted by the factor specified **in theBDS**;
 - (b) in the case of **adjustable price** contracts, no adjustment shall be made; or
 - (c) in any case, Bid evaluation shall be based on the Bid price without taking into consideration the applicable correction from those indicated above.

19. Bid Security

- 19.1 The Bidder shall furnish as part of its Bid, either a Bid-Securing Declaration or a Bid Security as specified **in the BDS**, in original form and, in the case of a Bid Security, in the amount and currency specified **in the BDS**.
- 19.2 A Bid-Securing Declaration shall use the form included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.
- 19.3 If a Bid Security is specified pursuant to ITB 19.1, the Bid Security shall be a demand guarantee in any of the following forms at the Bidder's option:
 - (a) an unconditional guarantee issued by a bank or non-bank financial institution (such as an insurance, bonding or surety company);
 - (b) an irrevocable letter of credit;
 - (c) a cashier's or certified check; or

(d) another security specified in the BDS,

from a reputable source from an eligible country. If an unconditional guarantee is issued by a non-bank financial institution located outside the Employer's Country, the issuing non-bank financial institution shall have a correspondent financial institution located in the Employer's Country to make it enforceable unless the Employer has agreed in writing, prior to Bid submission, that a correspondent financial institution is not required. In the case of a bank guarantee, the Bid Security shall be submitted either using the Bid Security Form included in Section IV, Bidding Forms, or in another substantially similar format approved by the Employer prior to Bid submission. The Bid Security shall be valid for twenty-eight (28) days beyond the original validity period of the Bid, or beyond any period of extension if requested under ITB 18.2.

- 19.4 If a Bid Security or Bid-Securing Declaration is specified pursuant to ITB 19.1, any Bid not accompanied by a substantially responsive Bid Security or Bid-Securing Declaration shall be rejected by the Employer as non-responsive.
- 19.5 If a Bid Security is specified pursuant to ITB 19.1, the Bid Security of unsuccessful Bidders shall be returned as promptly as possible upon the successful Bidder's signing the Contract and furnishing the Performance Security pursuant to ITB 48.
- 19.6 The Bid Security of the successful Bidder shall be returned as promptly as possible once the successful Bidder has signed the Contract and furnished the required Performance Security.
- 19.7 The Bid Security may be forfeited or the Bid-Securing Declaration executed:
 - (a) if a Bidder withdraws its Bid during the period of Bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid, or any extension thereto provided by the Bidder; or
 - (b) if the successful Bidder fails to:
 - (i) sign the Contract in accordance with ITB 47; or
 - (ii) furnish a Performance Security in accordance with ITB 48.
- 19.8 The Bid Security or the Bid-Securing Declaration of a JV shall be in the name of the JV that submits the Bid. If the JV has not been legally constituted into a legally enforceable JV at the time of Bidding, the Bid Security or the Bid-Securing Declaration shall be in the names of

all future members as named in the letter of intent referred to in ITB 4.1 and ITB 11.2.

- 19.9 If a Bid Security is not required in the BDS, pursuant to ITB 19.1, and:
 - (a) if a Bidder withdraws its Bid during the period of Bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid; or
 - (b) if the successful Bidder fails to:
 - (i) sign the Contract in accordance with ITB 47; or
 - (ii) furnish a Performance Security in accordance with ITB 48,

the Borrower may, if provided for **in the BDS**, declare the Bidder ineligible to be awarded a contract by the Employer for a period of time stated in the BDS.

20. Format and Signing of Bid

- 20.1 The Bidder shall prepare one original of the documents comprising the Bid as described in ITB 11 and clearly mark it "ORIGINAL." Alternative Bids, if permitted in accordance with ITB 13, shall be clearly marked "ALTERNATIVE." In addition, the Bidder shall submit copies of the Bid, in the number specified **in the BDS** and clearly mark them "COPY." In the event of any discrepancy between the original and the copies, the original shall prevail.
- 20.2 Bidders shall mark as "CONFIDENTIAL" all information in their Bids which is confidential to their business. This may include proprietary information, trade secrets, or commercial or financially sensitive information.
- 20.3 The original and all copies of the Bid shall be typed or written in indelible ink and shall be signed by a person duly authorized to sign on behalf of the Bidder. This authorization shall consist of a written confirmation as specified **in the BDS** and shall be attached to the Bid. The name and position held by each person signing the authorization must be typed or printed below the signature. All pages of the Bid where entries or amendments have been made shall be signed or initialed by the person signing the Bid.
- 20.4 In case the Bidder is a JV, the Bid shall be signed by an authorized representative of the JV on behalf of the JV, and so as to be legally binding on all the members as evidenced by a power of attorney signed by their legally authorized representatives.
- 20.5 Any inter-lineation, erasures, or overwriting shall be valid only if they are signed or initialed by the person signing the Bid.

D. Submission and Opening of Bids

21. Sealing and Marking of Bids

- 21.1 The Bidder shall deliver the Bid in a single, sealed envelope (one-envelope Bidding process). Within the single envelope the Bidder shall place the following separate, sealed envelopes:
 - (a) in an envelope marked "ORIGINAL", all documents comprising the Bid, as described in ITB 11; and
 - (b) in an envelope marked "COPIES", all required copies of the Bid: and
 - (c) if alternative Bids are permitted in accordance with ITB 13, and if relevant:
 - (i) in an envelope marked "ORIGINAL –ALTERNATIVE BID", the alternative Bid; and
 - (ii) in the envelope marked "COPIES- ALTERNATIVE BID", all required copies of the alternative Bid.
- 21.2 The inner and outer envelopes shall:
 - (a) bear the name and address of the Bidder;
 - (b) be addressed to the Employer in accordance with ITB 22.1;
 - (c) bear the specific identification of this Bidding process specified in accordance with BDS 1.1; and
 - (d) bear a warning not to open before the time and date for Bid opening.
- 21.3 If all envelopes are not sealed and marked as required, the Employer will assume no responsibility for the misplacement or premature opening of the Bid.

22. Deadline for Submission of Bids

- 22.1 Bids must be received by the Employer at the address and no later than the date and time specified in the BDS. When so specified in the BDS, Bidders shall have the option of submitting their Bids electronically. Bidders submitting Bids electronically shall follow the electronic Bid submission procedures specified in the BDS.
- 22.2 The Employer may, at its discretion, extend the deadline for the submission of Bids by amending the Bidding document in accordance with ITB 8, in which case all rights and obligations of the Employer and Bidders previously subject to the deadline shall thereafter be subject to the deadline as extended.

23. Late Bids

- 23.1 The Employer shall not consider any Bid that arrives after the deadline for submission of Bids, in accordance with ITB 22. Any Bid received by the Employer after the deadline for submission of Bids shall be declared late, rejected, and returned unopened to the Bidder.
- 24. Withdrawal, Substitution, and Modification of Bids
- 24.1 A Bidder may withdraw, substitute, or modify its Bid after it has been submitted by sending a written notice, duly signed by an authorized representative, and shall include a copy of the authorization in accordance with ITB 20.3, (except that withdrawal notices do not require copies). The corresponding substitution or modification of the Bid must accompany the respective written notice. All notices must be:
 - (a) prepared and submitted in accordance with ITB 20 and ITB 21 (except that withdrawals notices do not require copies), and in addition, the respective envelopes shall be clearly marked "WITHDRAWAL," "SUBSTITUTION," "MODIFICATION;" and
 - (b) received by the Employer prior to the deadline prescribed for submission of Bids, in accordance with ITB 22.
- 24.2 Bids requested to be withdrawn in accordance with ITB 24.1 shall be returned unopened to the Bidders.
- 24.3 No Bid may be withdrawn, substituted, or modified in the interval between the deadline for submission of Bids and the expiration of the period of Bid validity specified by the Bidder on the Letter of Bid or any extension thereof.

25. Bid Opening

- 25.1 Except in the cases specified in ITB 23 and ITB 24.2, the Employer shall publicly open and read out in accordance with this ITB all Bids received by the deadline, at the date, time and place specified **in the BDS**, in the presence of Bidders` designated representatives and anyone who chooses to attend. Any specific electronic Bid opening procedures required if electronic Bidding is permitted in accordance with ITB 22.1, shall be as specified in the BDS.
- 25.2 First, envelopes marked "WITHDRAWAL" shall be opened and read out and the envelope with the corresponding Bid shall not be opened, but returned to the Bidder. No Bid withdrawal shall be permitted unless the corresponding withdrawal notice contains a valid authorization to request the withdrawal and is read out at Bid opening.
- 25.3 Next, envelopes marked "Substitution" shall be opened and read out and exchanged with the corresponding Bid being substituted, and the substituted Bid shall not be opened, but returned to the

- Bidder. No Bid substitution shall be permitted unless the corresponding substitution notice contains a valid authorization to request the substitution and is read out at Bid opening.
- 25.4 Next, envelopes marked "MODIFICATION" shall be opened and read out with the corresponding Bid. No Bid modification shall be permitted unless the corresponding modification notice contains a valid authorization to request the modification and is read out at Bid opening.
- 25.5 Next, all remaining envelopes shall be opened one at a time, reading out: the name of the Bidder and whether there is a modification; the total Bid Price, per lot (contract) if applicable, including any discounts and alternative Bids; the presence or absence of a Bid Security or Bid-Securing Declaration, if required; and any other details as the Employer may consider appropriate.
- 25.6 Only Bids, alternative Bids and discounts that are opened and read out at Bid opening shall be considered further for evaluation. The Letter of Bid andthe Bill of Quantities are to be initialed by representatives of the Employer attending Bid opening in the manner specified in the BDS.
- 25.7 The Employer shall neither discuss the merits of any Bid nor reject any Bid (except for late Bids, in accordance with ITB 23.1).
- 25.8 The Employer shall prepare a record of the Bid opening that shall include, as a minimum:
 - (a) the name of the Bidder and whether there is a withdrawal, substitution, or modification;
 - (b) the Bid Price, per lot (contract) if applicable, including any discounts;
 - (c) any alternative Bids;
 - (d) the presence or absence of a Bid Security, if one was required.
- 25.9 The Bidders' representatives who are present shall be requested to sign the record. The omission of a Bidder's signature on the record shall not invalidate the contents and effect of the record. A copy of the record shall be distributed to all Bidders.

E. Evaluation and Comparison of Bids

26. Confidentiality26.1 Information relating to the evaluation of Bids and recommendation of contract award shall not be disclosed to Bidders or any other persons not officially concerned with the Bidding process until

- information on Intention to Award the Contract is transmitted to all Bidders in accordance with ITB 43.
- 26.2 Any effort by a Bidder to influence the Employer in the evaluation of the Bids or Contract award decisions may result in the rejection of its Bid.
- 26.3 Notwithstanding ITB 26.2, from the time of Bid opening to the time of Contract award, if a Bidder wishes to contact the Employer on any matter related to the Bidding process, it shall do so in writing.

27. Clarification of Bids

- 27.1 To assist in the examination, evaluation, and comparison of the Bids, and qualification of the Bidders, the Employer may, at its discretion, ask any Bidder for a clarification of its Bid, given a reasonable time for a response. Any clarification submitted by a Bidder that is not in response to a request by the Employer shall not be considered. The Employer's request for clarification and the response shall be in writing. No change, including any voluntary increase or decrease, in the prices or substance of the Bid shall be sought, offered, or permitted, except to confirm the correction of arithmetic errors discovered by the Employer in the evaluation of the Bids, in accordance with ITB 31.
- 27.2 If a Bidder does not provide clarifications of its Bid by the date and time set in the Employer's request for clarification, its Bid may be rejected.

28. Deviations, Reservations, and Omissions

- 28.1 During the evaluation of Bids, the following definitions apply:
 - (a) "Deviation" is a departure from the requirements specified in the Bidding document;
 - (b) "Reservation" is the setting of limiting conditions or withholding from complete acceptance of the requirements specified in the Bidding document; and
 - (c) "Omission" is the failure to submit part or all of the information or documentation required in the Bidding document.

29. Determination of Responsiveness

- 29.1 The Employer's determination of a Bid's responsiveness is to be based on the contents of the Bid itself, as defined in ITB 11.
- 29.2 A substantially responsive Bid is one that meets the requirements of the Bidding document without material deviation, reservation, or omission. A material deviation, reservation, or omission is one that.

- (a) if accepted, would:
 - (i) affect in any substantial way the scope, quality, or performance of the Works specified in the Contract; or
 - (ii) limit in any substantial way, inconsistent with the Bidding document, the Employer's rights or the Bidder's obligations under the proposed Contract; or
- (b) if rectified, would unfairly affect the competitive position of other Bidders presenting substantially responsive Bids.
- 29.3 The Employer shall examine the technical aspects of the Bid submitted in accordance with ITB 16,in particular, to confirm that all requirements of Section VII, Works' Requirements have been met without any material deviation, reservation or omission.
- 29.4 If a Bid is not substantially responsive to the requirements of the Bidding document, it shall be rejected by the Employer and may not subsequently be made responsive by correction of the material deviation, reservation, or omission.

30. Nonmaterial Nonconformities

- 30.1 Provided that a Bid is substantially responsive, the Employer may waive any nonconformities in the Bid.
- 30.2 Provided that a Bid is substantially responsive, the Employer may request that the Bidder submit the necessary information or documentation, within a reasonable period of time, to rectify nonmaterial nonconformities in the Bid related to documentation requirements. Requesting information or documentation on such nonconformities shall not be related to any aspect of the price of the Bid. Failure of the Bidder to comply with the request may result in the rejection of its Bid.
- 30.3 Provided that a Bid is substantially responsive, the Employer shall rectify quantifiable nonmaterial nonconformities related to the Bid Price. To this effect, the Bid Price shall be adjusted, for comparison purposes only, to reflect the price of a missing or nonconforming item or component in the manner specified in the BDS.

31. Correction of Arithmetical Errors

- 31.1 Provided that the Bid is substantially responsive, the Employer shall correct arithmetical errors on the following basis:
 - (a) if there is a discrepancy between the unit price and the total price that is obtained by multiplying the unit price and quantity, the unit price shall prevail and the total price shall be corrected, unless in the opinion of the Employer there is an obvious misplacement of the decimal point in the unit price, in

- which case the total price as quoted shall govern and the unit price shall be corrected;
- (b) if there is an error in a total corresponding to the addition or subtraction of subtotals, the subtotals shall prevail and the total shall be corrected; and
- (c) if there is a discrepancy between words and figures, the amount in words shall prevail, unless the amount expressed in words is related to an arithmetic error, in which case the amount in figures shall prevail subject to (a) and (b) above.
- 31.2 Bidders shall be requested to accept correction of arithmetical errors. Failure to accept the correction in accordance with ITB 31.1, shall result in the rejection of the Bid.
- **32. Conversion to Single Currency**
- 32.1 For evaluation and comparison purposes, the currency(ies) of the Bid shall be converted into a single currencyas specified in the BDS.
- 33. Margin of Preference
- 33.1 Unless otherwise specified **in theBDS**, a margin of preference for domestic Bidders¹ shall not apply.
- 34. Subcontractors
- 34.1 Unless otherwise stated **in the BDS**, the Employer does not intend to execute any specific elements of the Works by subcontractors selected in advance by the Employer.
- 34.2 Bidders may propose subcontracting up to the percentage of total value of contractsorthe volume of works as specified **in the BDS**. Subcontractors proposed by the Bidder shall be fullyqualifiedfortheirparts of the Works.
- 34.3 Thesubcontractor's qualifications shall not used by the Biddert oqualify for the Works unless their specialised parts of the Works were previously designated by the Employer in the BDS as can be met by subcontractors refered to hereafter as 'Specialized Subcontractors', in which case, the qualifications of the Specialized Subcontractors proposed by the Bidder may be added to the qualifications of the Bidder.

¹An individual firm is considered a domestic Bidder for purposes of the margin of preference if it is registered in the country of the Employer, has more than 50 percent ownership by nationals of the country of the Employer, and if it does not subcontract more than 10 percent of the contract price, excluding provisional sums, to foreign contractors. JVs are considered as domestic Bidders and eligible for domestic preference only if the individual member firms are registered in the country of the Employer or have more than 50 percent ownership by nationals of the country of the Employer, and the JV shall be registered in the country of the Borrower. The JV shall not subcontract more than 10 percent of the contract price, excluding provisional sums, to foreign firms. JVs between foreign and national firms will not be eligible for domestic preference.

35. Evaluation of Bids

- 35.1 The Employer shall use the criteria and methodologies listed in this ITB and Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria. No other evaluation criteria or methodologies shall be permitted. By applying the criteria and methodologies the Employer shall determine the Most Advantageous Bid in accordance with ITB 40.
- 35.2 To evaluate a Bid, the Employer shall consider the following:
 - (a) the Bid price, excluding Provisional Sums and the provision, if any, for contingencies in the Summary Bill of Quantities, but including Daywork items, where priced competitively;
 - (b) price adjustment for correction of arithmetic errors in accordance with ITB 31.1;
 - (c) price adjustment due to discounts offered in accordance with ITB 14.4;
 - (d) converting the amount resulting from applying (a) to (c) above, if relevant, to a single currency in accordance with ITB 32;
 - (e) price adjustment due to quantifiable nonmaterial nonconformities in accordance with ITB 30.3; and
 - (f) the additional evaluation factors specified **in the BDS** and Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
- 35.3 The estimated effect of the price adjustment provisions of the Conditions of Contract, applied over the period of execution of the Contract, shall not be taken into account in Bid evaluation.
- 35.4 If this Bidding document allows Bidders to quote separate prices for different lots (contracts), the methodology to determine the lowest evaluated cost of the lot (contract) combinations, including any discounts offered in the Letter of Bid, is specified in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.

36. Comparison of Bids

36.1 The Employer shall compare the evaluated costs of all substantially responsive Bids established in accordance with ITB 35.2 to determine the Bid that has the lowest evaluated cost.

37. Abnormally Low Bids

- 37.1 An Abnormally Low Bid is one where the Bid price, in combination with other elements of the Bid, appears so low that it raises material concerns as to the capability of the Bidder in regards to the Bidder's ability to perform the Contract for the offered Bid Price.
- 37.2 In the event of identification of a potentially Abnormally Low Bid,

the Employer shall seek written clarifications from the Bidder, including detailed price analyses of its Bid price in relation to the subject matter of the contract, scope, proposed methodology, schedule, allocation of risks and responsibilities and any other requirements of the Bidding document.

37.3 After evaluation of the price analyses, in the event that the Employer determines that the Bidder has failed to demonstrate its capability to perform the Contract for the offered Bid Price, the Employer shall reject the Bid.

38. Unbalanced or Front Loaded Bids

- 38.1 If the Bid that is evaluated as the lowest evaluated cost is, in the Employer's opinion, seriously unbalanced or front loaded, the Employer may require the Bidder to provide written clarifications. Clarifications may include detailed price analyses to demonstrate the consistency of the Bid prices with the scope of works, proposed methodology, schedule and any other requirements of the Bidding document.
- 38.2 After the evaluation of the information and detailed price analyses presented by the Bidder, the Employer may as appropriate:
 - a) accept the Bid; or
 - b) require that the total amount of the Performance Security be increased at the expense of the Bidder to a level not exceeding 20% of the Contract Price; or
 - c) reject the Bid.

39. Qualifications of the Bidder

- 39.1 The Employer shall determine to its satisfaction whether the eligible Bidder that is selected as having submitted the lowest evaluated cost and substantially responsive Bid, meets the qualifying criteria specified in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
- 39.2 The determination shall be based upon an examination of the documentary evidence of the Bidder's qualifications submitted by the Bidder, pursuant to ITB 17. The determination shall not take into consideration the qualifications of other firms such as the Bidder's subsidiaries, parent entities, affiliates, subcontractors (other than Specialized Subcontractors if permitted in the Bidding document), or any other firm(s) different from the Bidder.
- 39.3 An affirmative determination shall be a prerequisite for award of the Contract to the Bidder. A negative determination shall result in disqualification of the Bid, in which event the Employer shall proceed to the Bidder who offers a substantially responsive Bid with the next lowest evaluated cost to make a similar determination of that Bidder's

qualifications to perform satisfactorily.

40. Most Advantageous Bid

- 40.1 Having compared the evaluated costs of Bids, the Employer shall determine the Most Advantageous Bid. The Most Advantageous Bid is the Bid of the Bidder that meets the Qualification Criteria and whose Bid has been determined to be:
 - (a) substantially responsive to the Bidding document; and
 - (b) the lowest evaluated cost.
- 41. Employer's
 Right to Accept
 Any Bid, and to
 Reject Any or
 All Bids
- 41.1 The Employer reserves the right to accept or reject any Bidand to annul the Bidding process and reject all Bids at any time prior to Contract Award, without thereby incurring any liability to Bidders. In case of annulment, all Bids submitted and specifically, Bid securities, shall be promptly returned to the Bidders.

42. Standstill Period

- 42.1 The Contract shall be awarded not earlier than the expiry of the Standstill Period. The duration of the Standstill Period is specified **in the BDS**. Where only one Bid is submitted, the Standstill Period shall not apply.
- 43. Notice of Intention to Award
- 43.1 When a Standstill Period applies, it shall commence when the Employer has transmitted to each Bidder(that has not already been notified that it has been unsuccessful) the Notification of Intention to Award the Contract to the successful Bidder. The Notification of Intention to Award shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (a) the name and address of the Bidder submitting the successful Bid;
 - (b) the Contract price of the successful Bid;
 - (c) the names of all Bidders who submitted Bids, and their Bid prices as readout, and as evaluated;
 - (d) a statement of the reason(s) the Bid (of the unsuccessful Bidder to whom the letter is addressed) was unsuccessful, unless the price information in c) above already reveals the reason;
 - (e) the expiry date of the Standstill Period; and
 - (f) instructions on how to request a debriefing and/or submit a complaint during the standstill period;

F. Award of Contract

44. Award Criteria

44.1 Subject to ITB41, the Employer shall award the Contract to the successful Bidder. This is the Bidder whose Bid has been determined to be the Most Advantageous Bid.

45. Notification of Award

- 45.1 Prior to the expiry of the Bid Validity Period and upon expiry of the Standstill Period specified in BDS ITB42.1 or any extension thereof, or, upon satisfactorily addressing a complaint that has been filed within the Standstill Period, the Employer shall transmit the Letter of Acceptance to the successful Bidder. The notification letter (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms called the "Letter of Acceptance") shall specify the sum that the Employer will pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution of the Contract (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms called "the Contract Price").
- 45.2 At the same time, the Employer shall publish the Contract Award Notice which shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (a) name and address of the Employer;
 - (b) name and reference number of the contract being awarded, and the selection method used;
 - (c) names of all Bidders that submitted Bids, and their Bid prices as read out at Bid opening, and as evaluated;
 - (d) names of all Bidders whose Bids were rejected either as nonresponsive or as not meeting qualification criteria, or were not evaluated, with the reasons therefor; and
 - (e) the name of the successful Bidder, the final total contract price, the contract duration and a summary of its scope.
- 45.3 The Contract Award Notice shall be published on the Employer's website with free access if available, or in at least one newspaper of national circulation in the Employer's Country, or in the official gazette. The Employer shall also publish the contract award notice in UNDB online.
- 45.4 Until a formal Contract is prepared and executed, the Letter of Acceptance shall constitute a binding Contract.

46. Debriefing by the Employer

46.1 On receipt of the Employer's Notification of Intention to Award referred to in ITB 43.1, an unsuccessful Bidder has three (3) Business Days to make a written request to the Employer for a debriefing. The Employer shall provide a debriefing to all unsuccessful Bidders whose request is received within this

deadline.

- 46.2 Where a request for debriefing is received within the deadline, the Employer shall provide a debriefing within five (5) Business Days, unless the Employer decides, for justifiable reasons, to provide the debriefing outside this timeframe. In that case, the standstill period shall automatically be extended until five (5) Business Days after such debriefing is provided. If more than one debriefing is so delayed, the standstill period shall not end earlier than five (5) Business Days after the last debriefing takes place. The Employer shall promptly inform, by the quickest means available, all Bidders of the extended standstill period.
- 46.3 Where a request for debriefing is received by the Employer later than the three (3)-Business Day deadline, the Employer should provide the debriefing as soon as practicable, and normally no later than fifteen (15) Business Days from the date of publication of Public Notice of Award of contract. Requests for debriefing received outside the three (3)-day deadline shall not lead to extension of the standstill period.
- 46.4 Debriefings of unsuccessful Bidders may be done in writing or verbally. The Bidder shall bear their own costs of attending such a debriefing meeting.

47. Signing of Contract

- 47.1 Promptly upon Notification of Award, the Employer shall send the successful Bidder the Contract Agreement.
- 47.2 Within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt of the Contract Agreement, the successful Bidder shall sign, date, and return it to the Employer.

48. Performance Security

- 48.1 Within twenty-eight (28) days of the receipt of the Letter of Acceptance from the Employer, the successful Bidder shall furnish the Performance Security in accordance with the General Conditions of Contract, subject to ITB 38.2 (b), using for that purpose the Performance Security Form included in Section X, Contract Forms, or another form acceptable to the Employer. If the Performance Security furnished by the successful Bidder is in the form of a bond, it shall be issued by a bonding or insurance company that has been determined by the successful Bidder to be acceptable to the Employer. A foreign institution providing a bond shall have a correspondent financial institution located in the Employer's Country, unless the Employer has agreed in writing that a correspondent financial institution is not required.
- 48.2 Failure of the successful Bidder to submit the above-mentioned Performance Security or sign the Contract shall constitute sufficient grounds for the annulment of the award and forfeiture of the Bid

Security. In that event the Employer may award the Contract to the Bidder offering the next Most Advantageous Bid.

Section II - Bid Data Sheet (BDS)

The following specific data for the Works to be procured shall complement, supplement, or amend the provisions in the Instructions to Bidders (ITB). Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions herein shall prevail over those in ITB.

	A. General										
ITB 1.1	The reference number of the Request for Bids (RFB) is: MAWASCO/RFB/WBP/ 2018-2019/C-4										
	The Employer is: MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LTD										
	The name of the RFB is: Laying of Water Pipes										
	The number and identification of lots (contracts)comprising this RFB is: <i>ONE CONTRACT</i>										
ITB 1.2(a)	Electronic –Procurement System										
	The Employer shall use the following electronic-procurement system to manage this Bidding process: N/A										
	The electronic-procurement system shall be used to manage the following aspects of the Bidding process:										
	N/A										
ITB 2.1	The Borrower is: MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LTD										
	Loan or Financing Agreement amount: Ksh 87 million										
	The name of the Project is: REHABILITATION OF KARATINA URBAN WATER SUPPLY NETWORK										
ITB 4.1	Maximum number of members in the JV shall be: 2 No.										
ITB 4.5	A list of debarred firms and individuals is available on the Bank's external website: http://www.worldbank.org/debarr.										
	B. Contents of Bidding Document										

ITB 7.1	For <u>Clarification of Bid purposes</u> only, the Employer's address is:							
	MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY (MAWASCO) LTD							
	ALONG HOSPITAL ROAD, RAGATI AREA OFKARATINA TOWN.							
	Attention: MANAGING DIRECTOR							
	Address: P.O BOX 1981-10101							
	Floor/ Room number: MAWASCO HEAD OFFICE							
	City: KARATINA							
	ZIP Code: 10101							
	Country: : KENYA							
	Telephone: 020-2659069							
	Facsimile number: <i>N/A</i>							
	Electronic mail address: info@mawasco.co.ke							
	Web page: www.mawasco.co.ke							
ITB 7.4	A Pre-Bid meeting <i>shall</i> take place at the following date, time and place:							
	Date: 4 th October 2018							
	Time: 11.00 am							
	Place: Mathira Water And Sanitation Company (MAWASCO) Ltd , Head Office, Board Room							
	A site visit conducted by the Employer <i>shall be</i> organized immediately after the pre-Bid meeting and bidders to organize their own transport to the site.							
ITB 7.6	Web page:www.mawasco.co.ke							
	C. Preparation of Bids							
ITB 10.1	The language of the Bid is: "English"							
	Language for translation of supporting documents and printed literature is <i>English</i> .							
ITB 11.1 (h)	The Bidder shall submit the following additional documents in its Bid:							
	1 Copy of Certificate of Incorporation of Company 2. Copy of Valid Tax compliance Certificate							
	3. Copy of Valid PIN/VAT Registration Certificate							
	4. Copy of Authority /License (Valid NCA Registration) for relevant							

-							
	Works Category / class 7 for Roads and Civil Works or NCA 6 and above for building contractors						
	5. Copy of Valid Relevant Business permit issued by relevant government authority						
	6. Copy of Official tender purchase receipt (if document had been obtained from the website, attach the letter of acknowledgment of the firm's details as sent by the Employer)						
	7. Copy of the Pre-tender site visit certificate						
	8. Duly filled and signed form of tender						
	9.Copy of the Organization structure						
	10. Copy of delivery of work schedule/work plan						
ITB 13.1	Alternative Bids <i>shall not be</i> considered.						
ITB 13.2	Alternative times for completion <i>shall not be</i> permitted.						
ITB 13.4	Alternative technical solutions shall be permitted for the following parts of the Works: <i>N/A</i>						
ITB 14.5	The prices quoted by the Bidder shall be <i>fixed</i> .						
ITB 15.1	The currency(ies) of the Bid and the payment currency(ies) shall be in accordance with Alternative (A) as described below:						
	Alternative A (Bidders to quote entirely in local currency):						
	(a) The unit rates and the prices shall be quoted by the Bidder in the Bill of Quantities, entirely in <i>Kenya Shillings</i> , and further referred to as "the local currency". A Bidder expecting to incur expenditures in other currencies for inputs to the Works supplied from outside the Employer's Country (referred to as "the foreign currency requirements") shall indicate in the Appendix to Bid - Table C, the percentage(s) of the Bid Price (excluding Provisional Sums), needed						

	by the Bidder for the payment of such foreign currency requirements, limited to no more than three foreign currencies.									
	(b) The rates of exchange to be used by the Bidder in arriving at the local currency equivalent and the percentage(s) mentioned in (a) above shall be specified by the Bidder in the Appendix to Bid - Table C, and shall apply for all payments under the Contract so that no exchange risk will be borne by the successful Bidder.									
	Alternative B (Bidders allowed to quote in local and foreign currencies):									
	a) The unit rates and prices shall be quoted by the Bidder in the Bill of Quantities separately in the following currencies:									
	(i) for those inputs to the Works that the Bidder expects to supply from within the Employer's Country, in <u>N/A</u> , and further referred to as "the local currency"; and									
	(ii) for those inputs to the Works that the Bidder expects to supply from outside the Employer's Country (referred to as "the foreign currency requirements"), in up to any three foreign currencies.									
ITB 18.1	The Bid validity period shall be <i>150</i> days.									
ITB 18.3 (a)	The Bid price shall be adjusted by the following factor(s): <i>N/A</i>									
ITB 19.1	A Bid Security shall be required.									
	A Bid-Securing Declaration shall not be required.									
	If a Bid Security shall be required, the amount and currency of the Bid									
	Security shall be Ksh 1,000,000.00 (One Million Kenya Shillings in bankers cheque raised in favour Mathira Water and Sanitation Company									
	bankers cheque raised in favour Mathira Water and Sanitation Company Limited <i>or an unconditional on demand guarantee issued by a reputable</i>									
	bank is acceptable and to be valid for 150 days.									
ITB 19.3 (d)	Other types of acceptable securities: Only an unconditional on demand guarantee issued by a reputable bank is acceptable.									
ITB 19.9	If the Bidder performs any of the actions prescribed in ITB 19.9 (a) or (b), the Borrower will declare the Bidder ineligible to be awarded contracts by the Employer for a period of years. <i>N/A</i>									
ITB 20.1	In addition to the original of the Bid, the number of copies is: one									
-										

ITB 20.3	The written confirmation of authorization to sign on behalf of the Bidder shall consist of: <i>Power of Attorney</i>
	D. Submission and Opening of Bids
ITB 22.1	For <u>Bid submission purposes</u> only, the Employer's address is:
	Attention: MANAGING DIRECTOR
	Street Address:
	MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY (MAWASCO) LTD
	ALONG HOSPITAL ROAD, RAGATI AREA OF KARATINA TOWN.
	P.O BOX 1981-10101
	KARATINA,NYERI COUNTY
	KENYA
	Room number: MAWASCOs RECEPTION
	Bid Documents should be placed at the TENDER BOX located at the MAWASCO reception. Bulky Documents (Which cannot fit in the tender box) should be submitted to the Procurement Office and recorded in a register.
	City: KARATINA
	Postal Code: 10101
	Country: KENYA
	The deadline for Bid submission is:
	Date: 12th October, 2018
	Time:12.00 noon
	Bidders "shall not" have the option of submitting their Bids electronically.
	The electronic Bidding submission procedures shall be: N/A .
ITB 25.1	The Bid opening shall take place at:
	Street Address: MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY (MAWASCO) LTD
	ALONG HOSPITAL ROAD, RAGATI AREA OF KARATINA TOWN.
	P.O BOX 1981-10101
	KARATINA,NYERI COUNTY

	KENYA
	Floor/ Room number: MAWASCOs BOARDROOM
	City: KARATINA TOWN
	Country: KENYA
	Date: 12th Octobber, 2018
	Time: 12.05 p.m.
ITB 25.1	The electronic Bid opening procedures shall be: <i>N/A</i>
ITB 25.6	The Letter of Bid and priced Bill of Quantities shall be initialed by <i>THREE</i> (3 No.)Representatives of the Employer conducting Bid opening.
	Each Bid shall be initialed by all representatives and shall be numbered, any modification to the unit or total price shall be initialed by the Representative of the Employer, the bid price shall be read aloud, amount and form of bid security and institution issuing the bid security, and number of pages per bid.
	E. Evaluation, and Comparison of Bids
ITB 30.3	The adjustment shall be based on the "average" price of the item or component as quoted in other substantially responsive Bids. If the price of the item or component cannot be derived from the price of other substantially responsive Bids, the Employer shall use its best estimate.

ITB 32.1 The currency that shall be used for Bid evaluation and comparison purposes to convert at the selling exchange rate all Bid prices expressed in various currencies into a single currency is: Kenya Shillings. The source of exchange rate shall be: the Central Bank of Kenya The date for the exchange rate shall be: 12th October 2018. The currency(ies) of the Bid shall be converted into a single currency in accordance with the procedure under Alternative (\underline{A}) that follows: Alternative A: Bidders quote entirely in local currency For comparison of Bids, the Bid Price, corrected pursuant to ITB 31, shall first be broken down into the respective amounts payable in various currencies by using the selling exchange rates specified by the Bidder in accordance with ITB 15.1. In the second step, the Employer will convert the amounts in various currencies in which the Bid Price is payable (excluding Provisional Sums but including Daywork where priced competitively) to the single currency identified above at the selling rates established for similar transactions by the authority specified and on the date stipulated above. OR Alternative B: Bidders quote in local and foreign currencies The Employer will convert the amounts in various currencies in which the Bid Price, corrected pursuant to ITB 31, is payable (excluding Provisional Sums but including Daywork where priced competitively) to the single currency identified above at the selling rates established for similar transactions by the authority specified and on the date stipulated above. **ITB 33.1** A margin of domestic preference *shall not* apply. **ITB 34.1** At this time the Employer *does not intend* to execute certain specific parts of the Works by subcontractors selected in advance.

ITB 34.2	Contractor's proposed subcontracting: Maximum percentage of subcontracting permitted is: 10% of the total contract amount or 10% of the volume of work. Bidders planning to subcontract more than 10% of total volume of work shall specify, in the Letter of Bid, the activity (ies) or parts of the Works to be subcontracted along with complete details of the subcontractors and their qualification and experience.
ITB 34.3	The parts of the Works for which the Employer permits Bidders to propose Specialized Subcontractors are designated as follows: N/A For the above-designated parts of the Works that may require Specialized Subcontractors, the relevant qualifications of the proposed Specialized Subcontractors will be added to the qualifications of the Bidder for the purpose of evaluation.
ITB 35.2 (f)	Additional requirements apply. These are detailed in the evaluation criteria in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria.
ITB 42 Standstill Period	The Standstill Period is <i>14 days</i> from the date the Employer has transmitted, to all Bidders that submitted Bids, the Notification of its Intention to Award the Contract to the successful Bidder.

Section III - Evaluation and Qualification Criteria

This section contains all the criteria that the Employer shall use to evaluate Bids and qualify Bidders. No other factors, methods or criteria shall be used other than specified in this Bidding document. The Bidder shall provide all the information requested in the forms included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.

Wherever a Bidder is required to state a monetary amount, Bidders should indicate the *Kenya Shillings* equivalent using the rate of exchange determined as follows:

- For construction turnover or financial data required for each year Exchange rate prevailing on the last day of the respective calendar year (in which the amounts for that year is to be converted) was originally established.
- Value of single contract Exchange rate prevailing on the date of the contract.

Exchange rates shall be taken from the publicly available source identified in the ITB 32.1. Any error in determining the exchange rates in the Bid may be corrected by the Employer.

Table of Criteria

1. 2.		gin of Preferenceuation (ITB 35)	
4 •	2.1	Assessment of adequacy of Technical Proposal with Requirements	
	2.2	Multiple Contracts	
	2.3	Alternative Completion Times	
	2.4	Sustainable Procurement	45
	2.5	Alternative Technical Solutions for specified parts of the Works	45
	2.6	Specialized Subcontractors	45
	2.7	Other Criteria	45
	5.	PersonnelError! Bookmark not d	efined.
	6.	Equipment Error! Bookmark not d	lefined.

1. Margin of Preference - N/A

If the BDS so specifies, the Employer will grant a margin of preference of 7.5% (seven and one-half percent) to domestic contractors, in accordance with, and subject to, the following provisions:

- (a) Contractors applying for such preference shall be asked to provide, as part of the data for qualification, such information, including details of ownership, as shall be required to determine whether, according to the classification established by the Borrower and accepted by the Bank, a particular contractor or group of contractors qualifies for a domestic preference. The Bidding document shall clearly indicate the preference and the method that will be followed in the evaluation and comparison of Bids to give effect to such preference.
- (b) After Bids have been received and reviewed by the Employer, responsive Bids shall be classified into the following groups:
 - (i) Group A: Bids offered by domestic contractors eligible for the preference.
 - (ii) Group B: Bids offered by other contractors.

All evaluated Bids in each group shall, as a first evaluation step, be compared to determine the Bid with lowest evaluated cost, and the Bid with the lowest evaluated costin each group shall be further compared with each other. If a result of this comparison, a Bid from Group A is the lowest, it shall be selected for the award as the Most Advantageous Bid, if the Bidder is qualified. If a Bid from Group B is the lowest, as a second evaluation step, all Bids from Group B shall then be further compared with the lowest evaluated cost from Group A. For the purpose of this further comparison only, an amount equal to 7.5% (seven and one-half percent) of the respective Bid price corrected for arithmetical errors, including unconditional discounts but excluding provisional sums and the cost of day works, if any, shall be added to the evaluated cost offered in each Bid from Group B. If the Bid from Group A is the lowest, it shall be selected for award. If not, the lowest evaluated cost from Group B based on the first evaluation step shall be selected.

The Employer shall use the criteria and methodologies listed in this Section to evaluate Bids. By applying these criteria and methodologies the Employer shall determine the Most Advantageous Bid. This is the Bid of the Bidder that meets the qualification criteria and whose Bidthat has been determined to be:

- (a) substantially responsive to the Bidding document, and
- (b) the lowest evaluated cost.

2. Evaluation (ITB 35)

In addition to the criteria listed in ITB 35.2 (a) – (e) the following criteria shall apply:

2.1 Assessment of adequacy of Technical Proposal with Requirements

YES

2.2 Multiple Contracts N/A

If permitted under ITB 35.4, will be evaluated as follows:

Award Criteria for Multiple Contracts [ITB 35.4]:

Lots

Bidders have the option to Bid for any one or more lots. Bids will be evaluated lot-wise, taking into account discounts offered, if any, after considering all possible combinations of lots, the contract(s) will be awarded to the Bidder or Bidders offering the lowest evaluated cost to the Employer for combined lots, subject to the selected Bidder(s) meeting the required qualification criteria for lot or combination of lots as the case may be.

Packages

Bidders have the option to Bid for any one or more packages and for any one or more lots within a package. Bids will be evaluated package-wise, taking into account discounts offered, if any, for combined packages and/or lots within a package. The contract(s) will be awarded to the Bidder or Bidders offering the lowest evaluated cost to the Employer for combined packages, subject to the selected Bidder(s) meeting the required qualification criteria for combination of packages and or lots as the case may be.

Qualification Criteria for Multiple Contracts

The criteria for qualification is aggregate minimum requirement for respective lots as specified under items 3.1, 3.2, 4.2(a) and 4.2(b). However, with respect to the specific experience under item 4.2 (a) of Section III, the Employer will select any one or more of the options as identified below:

N is the minimum number of contracts

V is the minimum value of a single contract

(a) For one Contract:

Option 1:

(i) N contracts, each of minimum value V;

Or

Option 2:

- (i) N contracts, each of minimum value V; or
- (ii) Less than or equal to N contracts, each of minimum value V, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N x V.

(b) For multiple Contracts

Option 1:

(i) Minimum requirements for combined contract(s) shall be the aggregate requirements for each contract for which the Bidder has submitted Bids as follows, and N1,N2,N3, etc. shall be different contracts:

```
Lot 1: N1 contracts, each of minimum value V1;
```

Lot 2: N2 contracts, each of minimum value V2;

Lot 3: N3 contracts, each of minimum value V3;

----etc.

Or

Option 2:

(i) Minimum requirements for combined contract(s) shall be the aggregate requirements for each contract for which the Bidder has submitted Bids as follows, and N1,N2,N3, etc. shall be different contracts:

```
Lot 1: N1 contracts, each of minimum value V1;
```

Lot 2: N2 contracts, each of minimum value V2;

Lot 3: N3 contracts, each of minimum value V3;

----etc., **or**

(ii) Lot 1: N1 contracts, each of minimum value V1; or number of contracts less than or equal to N1, each of minimum value V1, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N1 x V1.

- (iii) Lot 2: N2 contracts, each of minimum value V2; or number of contracts less than or equal to N2, each of minimum value V2, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N2 x V2.
- (iv) Lot 3: N3 contracts, each of minimum value V3; or number of contracts less than or equal to N3, each of minimum value V3, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N3 x V3.

----etc.

Or

Option 3:

- (i) Minimum requirements for combined contract(s) shall be the aggregate requirements for each contract for which the applicant has applied for as follows, and N1,N2,N3, etc. shall be different contracts:
 - Lot 1: N1 contracts, each of minimum value V1;
 - Lot 2: N2 contracts, each of minimum value V2;
 - Lot 3: N3 contracts, each of minimum value V3;
 - ----etc., **or**
 - (ii) Lot 1: N1 contracts, each of minimum value V1; or number of contracts less than or equal to N1, each of minimum value V1, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N1 x V1.
 - Lot 2: N2 contracts, each of minimum value V2; or number of contracts less than or equal to N2, each of minimum value V2, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N2 x V2.
 - Lot 3: N3 contracts, each of minimum value V3; or number of contracts less than or equal to N3, each of minimum value V3, but with total value of all contracts equal or more than N3 x V3.

```
----etc., or
```

(iii) Subject to compliance as per (ii) above with respect to minimum value of single contract for each lot, total number of contracts is equal or less than N1 + N2 + N3 +--but the total value of all such contracts is equal or more than N1 x V1 + N2 x V2 + N3 x V3 +---.

2.3 Alternative Completion Times

If permitted under ITB 13.2, will be evaluated as follows: N/A

2.4 Sustainable Procurement

N/A

2.5 Alternative Technical Solutions for specified parts of the Works

If permitted under ITB 13.4, will be evaluated as follows:

N/A

2.6Specialized Subcontractors

If permitted under ITB 34, only the specific experience of Subcontractors for specialized works permitted by the Employer will be considered. The general experience and financial resources of the Specialized Subcontractors shall not be added to those of the Bidder for purposes of qualification of the Bidder.

2.7 Other Criteria

If permitted under ITB 35.2(f):

YES

Qualification

	Eligibility and Qualification Criteria Compliance Requirements No Subject Requirement Single Joint Venture (existing or intended)						
			Entity	All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Submission Requireme nts
1. E	ligibility						
1.1	Nationality	Nationality in accordance with ITB 4.3	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Forms ELI - 1.1 and 1.2, with attachment s
1.2	Conflict of Interest	No conflicts of interest in accordance with ITB 4.2	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Letter of Bid
1.3	Bank Eligibility	Not having been declared ineligible by the Bank, as described in ITB 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 and 4.7	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Letter of Bid
1.4	Government Owned Entity of the Borrower	Meets conditions of ITB	Must meet requireme	Must meet	Must meet	N/A	Forms ELI - 1.1 and

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Requirements		Documenta tion		
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture (existing or intended) All Parties Each One			Submission Requireme nts
				Combined	Member	Member	
	country	4.5	nt	requirement	requirement		1.2, with attachment s
1.5	United Nations resolution or	Not having been excluded as a result of	Must meet requireme	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Forms ELI - 1.1 and
	Borrower's country law	prohibition in the Borrower's country laws or official regulations against commercial relations with the Bidder's country, or by an act of compliance with UN Security Council resolution, both in accordance with ITB 4.7 and Section V.	nt				1.2, with attachment s

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Compliance	Requirements			Documenta tion	
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture All Parties Combined	e (existing or into	One Member	Submission Requireme nts	
2.1	History of Non- Performing Contracts	Non-performance of a contract ¹ did not occur as a result of contractor default since 1 st January 2012.	Must meet requireme nt ¹²	Must meet requirement s	Must meet requirement ²	N/A	Form CON-2	
2.2	Suspension Based on Execution of Bid Securing Declaration by the Employer or withdrawal of the Bid within Bid validity	Not under suspension based on execution of a Bid Securing Declaration pursuant to ITB 4.6 or withdrawal of the Bid pursuant ITB 19.9.	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Bid Submission Form	

¹Non performance, as decided by the Employer, shall include all contracts where (a) nonperformance was not challenged by the contractor, including through referral to the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract, and (b) contracts that were so challenged but fully settled against the contractor. Non performance shall not include contracts where Employers decision was overruled by the dispute resolution mechanism. Non performance must be based on all information on fully settled disputes or litigation, i.e. dispute or litigation that has been resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract and where all appeal instances available to the Bidder have been exhausted.

² This requirement also applies to contracts executed by the Bidder as JV member.

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Compliance	Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture All Parties Combined	e (existing or int Each Member	One Member	Submission Requireme nts
2.3	Pending Litigation	Bidder's financial position and prospective long term profitability sound according to criteria established in 3.1 below and assuming that all pending litigation will be resolved against the Bidder	Must meet requireme nt	N/A	Must meet requirement	N/A	Form CON - 2
2.4	Litigation History	No consistent history of court/arbitral award decisions against the Bidder ³ since 1 st January 2012	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet requirement	N/A	Form CON - 2

³The Bidder shall provide accurate information on the letter of Bid about any litigation or arbitration resulting from contracts completed or ongoing under its execution over the last five years. A consistent history of court/arbitral awards against the Bidder or any member of a joint venture may result in disqualifying the Bidder.

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Compliance	Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single	Joint Venture	e (existing or i	ntended)	Submission
		Entity	All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Requireme nts	
. Fii	nancial Situation and Per	formance			1	1	
3.1	Financial Capabilities	(i) The Bidder shall demonstrate that it has access to, or has available, liquid assets, unencumbered real assets, lines of credit, and other financial means (independent of any contractual advance payment) sufficient to meet the construction cash flow requirements estimated asKshs.15 Million for the subject contract(s) net of the Bidders other commitments (Submit a certified bank statement or letter of credit from a	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet Requiremen t	N/A	N/A	Form FIN - 3.1, with attachment s

Elig	ibility and Qualific	cation Criteria	Compliance	e Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture	e (existing or i	ntended)	Submission Requireme
		Entity	All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	nts	
		reputable bank)					
		(ii) The Bidders shall					
		also demonstrate, to the					
		satisfaction of the					
		Employer, that it has					
		adequate sources of					
		finance to meet the cash					
		flow requirements on					
		works currently in					
		progress and for future					
		contract commitments.					
		(iii) The audited balance					
		sheets or, if not required					
		by the laws of the			N/A		
		Bidder's country, other			N/A		
		financial statements	Must meet			N/A	
		acceptable to the	requireme	3.5			
		Employer, for the last	nt	Must meet			
		Three (3) years shall be		requirement			

Elig	gibility and Qualification	n Criteria	Compliance	e Requirement	S		Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single	Joint Ventur	e (existing or int	ended)	Submission
			Entity	All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Requireme nts
		submitted and must demonstrate the current soundness of the Bidder's financial position and indicate its prospective long-term profitability.					
			Must meet requireme	N/A	Must meet requirement	N/A	

Elig No	ibility and Qualification Subject	Criteria Requirement	Compliance	Requirements Joint Venture	e (existing or int	ended)	Documenta tion Submission
			Entity	All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Requireme nts
			nt				
3.2	Average Annual Construction Turnover	Minimum average annual construction turnover of Kshs.30,000,000/-calculated as total certified payments received for contracts in progress and/or completed within the last Five (5) years	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement	Must meet 100 %, of the requirement	Must meet 100 %, of the requireme nt	Form FIN – 3.2
4. E	xperience		1			1	1
4.1 (a)	General Construction Experience	Experience under construction contracts in the role of prime contractor, JV member, sub-contractor, or management contractor	Must meet requireme nt	N/A	Must meet requirement	N/A	Form EXP - 4.1

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Compliance	Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture All Parties Combined	E (existing or in Each Member	One Member	Submission Requireme nts
		for at least the last Five (5) years, starting 1 st January 2012.					
4.2 (a)	Specific Construction & Contract Management Experience	(i) A minimum number of similar ⁴ contracts specified below that have been satisfactorily and substantially ⁵ completed as a prime contractor, joint venture member ⁶ , management	Must meet requireme nt	Must meet requirement 7	N/A	N/A	Form EXP 4.2(a)

4

⁴The similarity shall be based on the physical size, complexity, methods/technology and/or other characteristics described in Section VII, Work's Requirements. Summation of number of small value contracts (less than the value specified under requirement) to meet the overall requirement will not be accepted.

⁵ Substantial completion shall be based on 80% or more works completed under the contract.

⁶ For contracts under which the Bidder participated as a joint venture member or sub-contractor, only the Bidder's share, by value, shall be considered to meet this requirement.

⁷ In the case of JV, the value of contracts completed by its members shall not be aggregated to determine whether the requirement of the minimum value of a single contract has been met. Instead, each contract performed by each member shall satisfy the minimum value of a single contract as required for single entity. In determining whether the JV meets the requirement of total number of contracts, only the number of contracts completed by all members each of value equal or more than the minimum value required shall be aggregated.

Elig	ibility and Qualification	Criteria	Complianc	Compliance Requirements			
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Ventur	e (existing or i	ntended)	Submission Requireme
			All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	nts	
		contractor or sub- contractor ⁶ between 1 st January 2012 and application submission deadline: (i) One (1) contracts, each of minimum value Kshs.30 Million					

J	ibility and Qualification			Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Submission Requireme nts
4.2 (b)		For the above and any other contracts completed and under implementation as prime contractor, joint venture member, management contractor or sub-contractor ⁸ on or after the first day of the calendar year during the period stipulated in 4.2 (a) above, a minimum construction experience in the following key activities successfully completed: 1. Civil works.	Must meet requireme nts	Must meet requirement s	N/A	N/A	Form EXP - 4.2 (b)

⁸For contracts under which the Bidder participated as a joint venture member or sub-contractor, only the Bidder's share shall be counted to meet this requirement.

Elig	ibility and Qualification (Criteria	Compliance	Requirements			Documenta tion
No	Subject	Requirement	Single Entity	Joint Venture All Parties Combined	Each Member	One Member	Submission Requireme nts

5. Personnel

The Bidder must demonstrate that it has the personnel for the key positions that meet the following requirements: :(For each CV attach the relevant certificates)

No.	Position	Total Work Experience (years)	In Similar Works Experience (years)
1	Project Director (Key Partner)	10	5
2	One Site Agent/contract manager (Civil Engineer)	5	3
3	At least 1 No. Construction Supervisor/Clerk of Works (must be holders of Diploma in Water Engineering or equivalent)	8	4
4	A Sociologist/Community Development Officer (Must have at least Diploma in Social science or Community development)	5	3
5	A Surveyor (must be holders of at least Ordinary National Diploma (OND) in water engineering or equivalent).	5	3

The Bidder shall provide details of the proposed personnel and their experience records in the relevant Information Forms included in Section IV, Bidding Forms.

6. Equipment

The Bidder must demonstrate that it has the key equipment listed hereafter: (Show evidence of ownership or access through a legally binding arrangement with a lessor)

[Specify requirements for each lot as applicable]

No.	Equipment Type and Characteristics	Minimum Number required
1	0.6 -1 m ³ Mini Excavator (20Hp) with hammer or equivalent	1
2	3ton tippers/lorry	1
3	1m ³ Concrete mixers	1
4	0.75m ³ Concrete dumpers	1
5	40mm Concrete vibrators	2
6	Air compressor with jack hammers (30m³/min at 10bars	1
7	Portable Dewatering Pumps	2
8	Survey Equipment	Set

Section IV - Bidding Forms

Table of Forms

Letter of BidAppendix to Bid	
Table A. Local Currency	65
Table B. Foreign Currency (FC)	66
Table C. Summary of Payment Currencies	67
Bill of Quantities Technical Proposal	
Site Organization	80
Method Statement	81
Mobilization Schedule	82
Construction ScheduleForm EQU: Equipment	83
Personnel	85
Form PER-1: Proposed Personnel	85
Form PER-2: Resume of Proposed Personnel	86
Bidders Qualification without prequalification	87
Form ELI -1.1	88
Form ELI -1.2	89
Form CON – 2	90
Form FIN – 3.1:	93
Form FIN – 3.2:	95
Form FIN – 3.3:	96
Form FIN – 3.4:	97
Form EXP - 4.1	98
Form EXP - 4.2(a)	99
Form EXP - 4.2(b)	101
Form of Bid Security- Demand Guarantee	

Letter of Bid

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS: DELETE THIS BOX ONCE YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE DOCUMENT

The Bidder must prepare this Letter of Bid on stationery with its letterhead clearly showing the Bidder's complete name and business address.

Note: All italicized text is to help Bidders in preparing this form.

Date of this Bidsubmission: 12th October 2018

Request for BidNo.: MAWASCO/RFB/WBP/2018-2019/C-4

Alternative No.:N/A

To: Mathira Water and Sanitation Company Ltd

We, the undersigned, declare that:

- (a) **No reservations:** We have examined and have no reservations to the Bidding document, including Addenda issued in accordance with ITB <u>8</u>;
- (b) **Eligibility:**Wemeet the eligibility requirements and have no conflict of interest in accordance with ITB 4:
- (c) **Bid-Securing Declaration:** We have not been suspended nor declared ineligible by the Employer based on execution of a Bid-Securing Declaration in the Employer's Country in accordance with ITB 4.7;
- (d) **Conformity:** We offer to execute in conformity with the Bidding documentand in accordance with the implementation and completion specified in the construction schedule, the following Works: [insert a brief description of the Works];

(e) **Bid Price:** The total price of our Bid, excluding any discounts offered in item (f) below is: [Insert one of the options below as appropriate]

Option 1, in case of one lot: Total price is: [insert the total price of the Bid in words and figures, indicating the various amounts and the respective currencies];

Or

Option 2, in case of multiple lots: (a) Total price of each lot [insert the total price of each lot in words and figures, indicating the various amounts and the respective currencies]; and (b) Total price of all lots (sum of all lots) [insert the total price of all lots in words and figures, indicating the various amounts and the respective currencies];

- (f) **Discounts:** The discounts offered and the methodology for their application are:
 - (i) The discounts offered are: [Specify in detail each discount offered.]
 - (ii) The exact method of calculations to determine the net price after application of discounts is shown below: [Specify in detail the method that shall be used to apply the discounts];
- (g) **Bid Validity Period**: Our Bid shall be valid for the period specified in BDS 18.1 (as amended, if applicable) from the date fixed for the bid submission deadline specified in BDS 22.1 (as amended, if applicable), and it shall remain binding upon us and may be accepted at any time before the expiration of that period;
- (h) **Performance Security**If our Bid is accepted, we commit to obtain a Performance Security in accordance with the Bidding document;
- (i) **One Bid Per Bidder:** We are not submitting any other Bid(s) as an individual Bidder, and weare not participating in any other Bid(s) as a Joint Venture member or as a subcontractor, and meet the requirements of ITB 4.3, other than alternative Bids submitted in accordance with ITB 13;
- (j) Suspension and Debarment: We, along with any of our subcontractors, suppliers, consultants, manufacturers, or service providers for any part of the contract, are not subject to, and not controlled by any entity or individual that is subject to, a temporary suspension or a debarment imposed by the World Bank Group or a debarment imposed by the World Bank Group in accordance with the Agreement for Mutual Enforcement of Debarment Decisions between the World Bank and other development banks. Further, we are not ineligible under the Employer's Country laws or official regulations or pursuant to a decision of the United Nations Security Council;
- (k) **State-owned enterprise or institution:**[select the appropriate option and delete the other] [We are not a state-owned enterprise or institution] / [We are a state-owned enterprise or institution but meet the requirements of ITB 4.6];

(1)	Commissions, gratuities, fees: We have paid, or will pay the following commissions,
	gratuities, or fees with respect to the Bidding process or execution of the Contract: [insert
	complete name of each Recipient, its full address, the reason for which each commission or
	gratuity was paid and the amount and currency of each such commission or gratuity]

Name of Recipient	Address	Reason	Amount

	(If none has been paid or is to be paid, indicate "none.")				
(m)	Binding Contract: We understand that this Bid, together with your written acceptance thereof included in your Letter of Acceptance, shall constitute a binding contract between us, until a formal contract is prepared and executed;				
(n)	Not Bound to Accept: We understand that you are not bound to accept the lowest evaluated cost Bid, the Most Advantageous Bid or any other Bid that you may receive;				
(o)	Fraud and Corruption: We hereby certify that we have taken steps to ensure that no person acting for us or on our behalf engages in any type of Fraud and Corruption;				
Nai	me of the Bidder:*[insert complete name of person signing the Bid]				
	me of the person duly authorized to sign the Bid on behalf of the Bidder: **[insert aplete name of person duly authorized to sign the Bid]				
Tit	le of the person signing the Bid: [insert complete title of the person signing the Bid]				
_	nature of the person named above: [insert signature of person whose name and capacity shown above]				
Dat	te signed [insert date of signing] day of [insert month], [insert year]				
Dat	e signed,,,				
*• I ₁	n the case of the Rid submitted by joint venture specify the name of the Joint Venture as Ridder				

^{**:} Person signing the Bid shall have the power of attorney given by the Bidder to be attached with the Bid

Appendix to Bid

Schedule of Adjustment Data

[In Tables A, B, and C, below, the Bidder shall (a) indicate its amount of local currency payment, (b) indicate its proposed source and base values of indices for the different foreign currency elements of cost, (c) derive its proposed weightings for local and foreign currency payment, and (d) list the exchange rates used in the currency conversion. In the case of very large and/or complex works contracts, it may be necessary to specify several families of price adjustment formulae corresponding to the different works involved.]

Table A. Local Currency

Index code*	Index description*	Source of index*	Base value and date*	Bidder's related currency amount	Bidder's proposed weighting
	Nonadjustable	_	_	_	A:* B:* C:* D:* E:*
			Total		1.00

[* To be entered by the Employer. Whereas "A" should a fixed percentage, B, C, D and E should specify a range of values and the Bidder will be required to specify a value within the range such that the total weighting = 1.00]

Table B. Foreign Currency (FC)

Index code	Index description	Source of index	Base value and date	Bidder's related source currency in type/amount	Equivalent in FC1	Bidder's proposed weighting
	Nonadjustable	_				A: * B: *- C: *- D: *- E: *-
				Total		1.00

^{[*} To be entered by the Employer. Whereas "A" should a fixed percentage, B, C, D and E should specify a range of values and the Bidder will be required to specify a value within the range such that the total weighting = 1.00]

Table C. Summary of Payment Currencies

Table: Alternative A

For[insert name of Section of the Works]

	A	В	C	D
Name of	Amount of	Rate of	Local currency	Percentage of
payment	currency	exchange	equivalent	Total Bid Price
currency	Ů	(local currency	$C = A \times B$	(TBP)
		per unit of		100xC
		foreign)		TBP
Local currency		1.00		
Foreign				
currency #1				
Foreign				
currency #2				
Foreign				
currency #				
Total Bid Price				100.00
Provisional				
sums expressed	[To be		[To be entered	
in local	entered by		by the	
currency	the Employer]		Employer]	
TOTAL DID	Employer			
TOTAL BID PRICE				
(including				
provisional				
sum)				

Table: Alternative B

To be us	ed only wit	th Alternative	B Prices	directly	quoted in	the	currencies	of payment.	(ITB
<i>15.1)</i>									

Summary of currencies of the Bid for	[insert name of Section of the Work.		
Name of currency	Amounts payable		
Local currency:			
Foreign currency #1:			
Foreign currency #2:			
Foreign currency #3:			
Provisional sums expressed in local currency	[To be entered by the Employer]		

Bill of Quantities

PREAMBLE TO BILL OF QUANTITIES

1. GENERAL

- 1.1. These Bills of Quantities form part of the Bid Documents and is to be read in conjunction with the Conditions of Contract, Specifications and Drawings
- 1.2. The method of measurement is in general according to "Civil Engineering Standard Method of Measurement" (CESMM4, Fourth Edition) published by the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, 1991
- 1.3. Any condition contained in this Preamble shall be deemed to prevail in the event of contradiction with a condition contained in the above "CESMM4".
- 1.4. The brief descriptions of Works under items for the Bills of Quantities, are purely for the purpose of identification only, and shall in no way limit, modify or supersede the detailed description given in the Conditions of Contract, Specification and Drawings.
- 1.5. The Bills of Quantities have been separated into portions of the works for convenience in tabulating quantities and in pricing. They are not intended to subdivide the actual works and the whole of the works must be considered when pricing the various items on the Bills of Quantities.
- 1.6. A rate and price or lump sum shall be inserted in Ink against each item in the Bills of Quantities and Schedule of Daywork whether quantities are stated or not. Items against which no rate, price or sum is entered by the Bidder will not be paid for when executed, but will be deemed to be covered by other rates or prices inserted in the Bills of Quantities.
- 1.7. During construction the Units rate established for an Item in one Bill of Quantities may be used as a basis for establishing a Units rate for similar work in another Bill of Quantities which contains no Units rate for the said item.
- 1.8. The cost of complying with all conditions, special risks, obligations and liabilities described in the Conditions of Contract and/or the Specifications are to be covered by the rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities.

- 1.9. Notwithstanding any limits which may be implied by the brief description of items in the Bills of Quantities and/or the explanation in the Preamble, the rates must include all incidental and contingent expenses of any kind together with any temporary work and installations necessary to complete and maintain the Works in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 1.10. The rates and prices inserted by the Contractor in the Bills of Quantities are to be fully inclusive of value or the work described under the items and shall cover all overhead charges and profit.
- 1.11. The quantities set out in the Bills of Quantities are believed to give a fair indication of the extent of the works, and when priced it is given for the purpose of facilitating the comparison of the various Bids received. There is no guarantee for any one particular item or group of items in the Bills of Quantities are to be executed.
- 1.12. Upon completion, the work shall be measured for payment in accordance with the method adopted in the Bills of Quantities and under the items as therein set forth, notwithstanding any custom to the contrary. The net measurement or weight of the finished work without allowances for waste will be taken as the quantities eligible for payment.
- 1.13. No claim will be approved in respect of any work or method of execution which may be described in the Contract Documents, but for which there are no corresponding items in the Bills of Quantities.
- 1.14. The rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities for parts of composite work shall cover for the completion of all component parts, although they may not be specifically described in the items, preamble or Specifications.
- 1.15. The cost of keeping excavations and works free from water shall be covered by the rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities.
- 1.16. When in the description of an item in the Bills of Quantities, a reference is made to a clause in the Conditions of Contract and/or the Specifications it is the clause principally but not exclusively related to the item.
- 1.17. All fittings to be supplied by the contractor described in the Bill of Quantities as GI fittings to be replaced by Polypropylene (PP) fittings of same diameter for diameters less

- than 50mm (2") and be replaced by epoxy coated steel fittings of the same diameter for diameters larger than 50mm (2").
- 1.18. The contractor's rates shall take into account the use materials collected from EWASCO stores as indicated the relevant items in the Bill of Quantities.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1. "Daywork" means the method of valuing the work on the basis of the time spent by the workmen, the materials used and the plant employed. The rates inserted in the Schedules of Daywork are deemed to cover overhead charges and profit, Site supervision and staff, insurance, travel and lodging allowances and any other emoluments and allowances payable to the workmen in connection with the carrying out of the Daywork.
- 2.2. "**Provisional Sums**" mean any Quantity or sum of money fixed by the Project Manager and included in the Bills of Quantities to provide for work not otherwise included therein.
- 2.3. The work executed under a Provisional Item shall be measured and valued as described in "Conditions of Contract".
- 2.4. "Lump Sum" expressed as "Item" in the Quantity column in the Bills of Quantities shall be priced by the Contractor to cover an offer to carry out the work shown upon the drawing or drawings or described in the Conditions of Contract and/or Specifications referred to under the item. The sum entered shall cover all costs and charges whatsoever in respect of the works referred to and shall be at the Contractor's sole risk.
- 2.5. "Provide", "Allow" or word of similar meaning are used in any item in the Bills of Quantities it shall be taken to mean that the sum entered by the Contractor shall cover all costs and charges in respect of the work referred to and shall be at the Contractor's sole risk.
- 2.6. "Handle" or "Handling" are used in any item in the Bills of Quantities they shall be taken to mean taking delivery, unloading, stacking, storing, taking from store, transporting, unloading and getting into position for fixing all materials concerned and all other contingent expenses.
- 2.7. "Selected" "As directed", "As required", or words of similar meaning are used in the Bills of Quantities, it is to be understood that the selection, direction or requirements of

the Project Manager are intended. Similarly, the words "Approved by", Satisfactory" or other synonyms shall mean "Approved by" or "Satisfactory to" the Project Manager and the Project Manager's approval must first be obtained before the materials are ordered or the works to which the words refer are put in hand.

- 2.8. "Necessary", "Proper" or words of similar meaning are used in the Bills of Quantities with respect to the extent, conduct or character of work described, it is to be understood that they shall mean that the said work shall be executed to the extent, must be conducted in a manner, or be of a character which is "necessary" or "Proper" in the opinion of the Project Manager.
- 2.9. A hyphen between two dimensions means a range of dimensions which includes all dimensions exceeding that preceding the hyphen but not exceeding that following the hyphen.

3. ABBREVIATIONS

3.1. General

P.S.	Shall l	Mean	Provisional Sum
Ditto	"	"	The whole of the preceding description
			Except the dimensions or measurements stated.
E.O.	"	"	Extra over
Spec.	"	"	Specifications
Con.	"	"	Conditions of Contract
CI.	"	"	Clause
Drg. No.	"	"	Drawing Number
B.S.	"	"	British Standard or B.S. Specification
D.I.	"	"	Ductile Iron
G.S.	"	"	Galvanized Steel
C.I.	"	"	Cast Iron
P.N	"	"	Nominal Pressure in bars
M.S.	"	"	Mild Steel
MAWASCO	"	"	Mawasco Water and Santationewerage Company Ltd
R.C.	"	"	Reinforced Concrete

uPVC " Unplasticised Polyvinyl Chloride

3.2. Measurements and Weights

m³	Shall	mean	Cubic meter
m^2	"	"	Square meter
m	"	"	Linear meter
mm	"	"	Millimeter
dia	"	"	diameter
nr	"	"	Number
tonne (t)	"	"	1,000 kg
kg	"	"	Kilograms

75mm to 150mm shall mean Exceeding 75mm but not exceeding 150mm (All items described in this way shall be similarly understood.)

3.3. Dimensions

When dimensions are entered the length (l) appears first, the width (w) second, and the depth (d) or height (h) third.

4. METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS

All measurement shall comply with CESMM4/Hybrid unless otherwise specified

4.1. Site Clearance

Site Clearance is measured in square meters or hectares except for a clearance for pipeline which is measured in linear meters with a width of 2.50m.

Payment for Site Clearance will be based upon this width except that the Project Manager reserves the right to restrict this width because of the presence of obstructions, roads, houses and the like. No claims for additional space will be entertained by the Project Manager.

No claims for inconvenience and the like caused by obstructions will be entertained.

The girth of a tree shall be measured approximately 1.00m above the ground level. Trees with a girth less than 300mm shall be covered by the rate for clearance, bigger trees are measured separately.

The rate for clearance shall cover the cost of disposal of all waste material in a manner approved by the Project Manager.

4.2. Excavation and Filling

The excavated materials will be classified as described in the Specifications, Section No. 3

The rates for excavation, whether measured separately or included under other items shall amongst others cover the following:

- (a) Excavating, trimming, cleaning, disposal, storage, filling and compacting
- (b) Supplying of bedding material around pipes, fittings, valves etc.
- (c) All necessary supports and pumping
- (d) All extra costs arising from phasing earthwork, including re-excavation and replacement of fill.

The volume of excavations in open cut will be measured in cubic meters and will be measured as the minimum required excavation for carrying out the Works

Pipe trenches are measured in linear meters as one item for each pipe size with minimum width and width as indicated on the drawings. The rate shall cover extra excavation for joints where necessary, but extra depth will be paid for where ordered by the Project Manager.

Rates for trenches with reduced depth or with different soil classifications varying with the depth shall have to be worked out proportionally.

Earth filling is measured in cubic meters after compaction/ramming is completed.

Payment will be authorizes as follows:

- (a) Excavation, trimming and storage: 70% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities.
- (b) Bedding material, backfilling, compaction and disposal of surplus materials: 30% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities.

The above payments are subject to retention.

4.3. Pipe work

Pipes are measured in linear meters. The rates for pipes, fittings, valves etc. shall include for collection, handling, unloading at Site, necessary joints and materials used in jointing, cutting and drilling etc., and for bedding, laying, connecting, testing, and backfilling.

Payment for pipe laying will be authorized as follows:

- (a) Lay and joint pipes: 40% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities
- (b) Pressure testing of pipes: 40% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities
- (c) Disinfection of pipes and backfilling: 20% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities.

For fittings, valves, etc. payment will be authorized as follows:

- (a) collection, laying and jointing: 80% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities
- (b) Pressure testing: 15% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities.
- (c) Disinfection of pipes: 5% of the rate entered in the Bills of Quantities.

4.4. Concrete Work

The rates for concrete shall include for all materials, storage, handling, mixing, transporting, placing and compaction (whether by hand or internal or external vibration) forming slopes, falling and the like, preparing adjacent surfaces, forming all temporary joints, keys, stunt ends, temporary stops, and shuttering of other than permanent faces (except where special items are provided) for placing around reinforcement and other items to be built in, for rubbing down and making good surfaces (except that required to produce fine face), for protecting and curing the concrete; for any additional costs arising from the use, on the Contractor's initiative, of Rapid Hardening Cement in place of ordinary Portland Cement or for a daily return to the Project Manager showing the quantities of cement and the number of mixing of each class of concrete used in each section of the Works and in Temporary Works.

4.5. Formwork

See "CESMM 4" class G.

4.6. Reinforcement

Rod reinforcement of all diameters will be paid for by weight. The measurement will include all steel detailed on the Drawings including steel stirrups but excluding stools and space bars. Steel will be taken as weighing 7.85 t/m³ no allowance being made for waste or rolling margin. The rates for reinforcements will be deemed to include for all handling, cleaning, cutting, bending, hooking, tying, supporting in position and all other work necessary in providing and fixing the reinforcement as specified or shown on the Drawings.

Fabric reinforcement will be measured in square meter net covered area.

4.7. Steel work

All steel work shall be priced as lump sum items unless indicated otherwise in the Bills. The approximate steel weights given in the Bills of Quantities are to be considered as indicative only and the Tenderer must satisfy himself that the lump sums entered cover the complete work as shown on the drawings. Including fabrication, handling and erection, or whatever is required for completing the item.

4.8. Block work

Concrete block work and dressed stonework will be measured in square meters of covered area for each thickness of blocks. (See also "CESMM4" class u). Reinforcement in block work is measured separately.

The prices for walling shall include for all straight cutting, bonding plumbing angles, forming reveals, pinning up to underside of concrete soffits and cutting up to sides of columns and cutting and pinning ends of lintels and chills.

4.9. Cladding Work

Cladding is measured in net square meters covered area with no additions for laps, etc. the rate shall include for supply, storage, handling, cutting and erection of cladding including all flashing, fixings, washers, tropicalized stud caps, etc. in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and including all other services or items required for completing the works.

4.10. Joinery Work

The rates for doors and windows, etc., shall include all necessary gluing, spiking, nailing and screwing whether specifically mentioned or not. The rates also include for iron mongery and glazing and for fixing and decorating.

4.11. Finishes

Screed, rendering and plaster work are measured in square meters. The rates shall include for all preparation of backgrounds, making good to window and door frames and around pipes, etc.

Painting is measured in square meters of the area covered. Where the number of coats required is not mentioned in the description under an item, then the number of coats are deemed to be

The rates shall cover all required preparation of backgrounds, cleansing, rubbing down, applying, cutting in at edges and removal of stains, etc.

4.12. Fencing

Fencing is measured in linear meters in respect of chain-link and all kinds of wires. Concrete fence posts and gate posts are measured in numbers.

4.13. Ablution Blocks and Water Kiosks

The sites for Water Kiosks and Ablution Blocks shown in the Layout in the Book of Drawings (Volume II of Bid Document) are only possible locations of the Ablution Blocks while the Water Kiosks will be omitted completely.

BoQ For Construction of Inspection Chambers (download from our website)

Technical Proposal

- Site Organization
- Method Statement
- Mobilization Schedule
- Construction Schedule
- Equipment
- Others

Site Organization

Method Statement

Mobilization Schedule

Construction Schedule

Form EQU: Equipment

The Bidder shall provide adequate information to demonstrate clearly that it has the capability to meet the requirements for the key equipment listed in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria. A separate Form shall be prepared for each item of equipment listed, or for alternative equipment proposed by the Bidder.

Item of equip	ment				
Equipment information	Name of manufacturer	Model and power rating			
	Capacity	Year of manufacture			
Current status	Current location				
Details of current commitments					
Source	Indicate source of the equipment ☐ Owned ☐ Rented ☐ Leased ☐ Specially manufactured				
Omit the follo	wing information for equipment owned by	the Bidder.			
Owner	Name of owner				
Address of owner					
	Telephone	Contact name and title			
	Fax	Telex			
Agreements	greements Details of rental / lease / manufacture agreements specific to the project				

Personnel

Form PER-1: Proposed Personnel

Bidders should provide the names of suitably qualified personnel to meet the specified requirements stated in Section III. The data on their experience should be supplied using the Form below for each candidate.

1.	Title of position*
	Name
2.	Title of position*
	Name
3.	Title of position*
	Name
4.	Title of position*
	Name

^{*}As listed in Section III.

Form PER-2: Resume of Proposed Personnel

Name of Bide	ler		
Position			
Personnel information	Name Date of birth		
	Professional qualifications		
Present employment	Name of employer		
	Address of employer		
	Telephone	Contact (manager / personnel officer)	
	Fax	E-mail	
	Job title	Years with present employer	

Summarize professional experience over the last 20 years, in reverse chronological order. Indicate particular technical and managerial experience relevant to the project.

From	То	Company / Project / Position / Relevant technical and management experience

Bidders Qualification without prequalification

To establish its qualifications to perform the contract in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteriathe Bidder shall provide the information requested in the corresponding Information Sheets included hereunder.

Form ELI -1.1

Bidder Information Form

	RFB No. and title: _	
	Pageof	page
Bidder's name		
In case of Joint Venture (JV), name of each member:		
Bidder's actual or intended country of registration:		
[indicate country of Constitution]		
Bidder's actual or intended year of incorporation:		
Bidder's legal address [in country of registration]:		
Bidder's authorized representative information Name:		
Address:	_	
Telephone/Fax numbers:		
E-mail address:	_	
1. Attached are copies of original documents of		
☐ Articles of Incorporation (or equivalent docum documents of registration of the legal entity name		
☐ In case of JV, letter of intent to form JV or JV as	greement, in accordance	with ITB 4.1
☐ In case of state-owned enterprise or institutio establishing:	n, in accordance with	ITB 4.6, documents
 Legal and financial autonomy 		
 Operation under commercial law 		
• Establishing that the Bidder is not under the su	pervision of the Employ	yer
2. Included are the organizational chart, a list ownership.	of Board of Directors,	and the beneficial

Form ELI -1.2

Bidder's JV Information Form

(to be completed for each member of Bidder's JV)

		Date:	
	RFB	No. and title:	
	Page	of	pages
Bidder's JV name:			
JV member's name:		_	
JV member's country of registration:			
JV member's year of constitution:			
JV member's legal address in country of constitution:			
JV member's authorized representative information			
Name:			
Address:			
Telephone/Fax numbers:			
E-mail address:			
1. Attached are copies of original documents of			
Articles of Incorporation (or equivalent documents of the legal entity named above, in according to the legal entity named above.		* *	registration
☐ In case of a state-owned enterprise or ins autonomy, operation in accordance with comm of the Employer, in accordance with ITB 4.6.			
2. Included are the organizational chart, a list of Boa	rd of Directors, ar	nd the beneficial ownership	p.

Form CON – 2

Historical Contract Non-Performance, Pending Litigation and Litigation History

			Bidder's Name):			
			Date:				
			JV Member's Name				
			RFB No. and title:				
			RFB No. and title:of _	pages			
Non-	Perfo	rmed Contracts i	n accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualif	ication Criteria			
			nance did not occur since 1 st January [insert year]sp fication Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.1.	ecified in Section III,			
			rmed since 1 st January [insert year] specified in Section, requirement 2.1	on III, Evaluation and			
Yea	r	Non- performed portion of contract	Contract Identification	Total Contract Amount (current value, currency, exchange rate and US\$ equivalent)			
[inse year]		F	Contract Identification: [indicate complete contract name/number, and any other identification]	[insert amount]			
			Name of Employer: [insert full name]				
			Address of Employer: [insert street/city/country]				
			Reason(s) for nonperformance: [indicate main reason(s)]				
	Per	ding Litigation, i	n accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualific	cation Criteria			
		pending litigation Factor 2.3.	n in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Q	ualification Criteria,			
		ling litigation in or 2.3 as indicate	accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualific d below.	cation Criteria, Sub-			

award percentage of Net Amount	Year of dispute	Amount in dispute (currency)	Contract Identification	Total Contract Amount (currency), USD Equivalent (exchange rate)
Address of Employer:			Contract Identification:	
Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Contract Identification: Name of Employer: Address of Employer: Address of Employer: Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualificat Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as percentage of Net Contract Identification Total Contract award Power Processing Party who initiated the dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Total Contract Identification Amount			Name of Employer:	
Party who initiated the dispute:			Address of Employer:	
Status of dispute: Contract Identification: Name of Employer: Address of Employer: Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as percentage of Net Contract Identification Total Contract Identification Amount			Matter in dispute:	
Contract Identification: Name of Employer: Address of Employer: Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as percentage of Net Contract Identification Total Contract Identification Amount			Party who initiated the dispute:	
Name of Employer: Address of Employer: Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount			Status of dispute:	
Address of Employer: Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount			Contract Identification:	
Matter in dispute: Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount			Name of Employer:	
Party who initiated the dispute: Status of dispute: Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Contract Identification Total Contract Identification Amount			Address of Employer:	
Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria ☐ No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. ☐ Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Contract Identification Total Contract Identification Amount Identification Criteria Contract Identification Criteria C			Matter in dispute:	
Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as Contract Identification Total Contract Identification Amount			Party who initiated the dispute:	
□ No Litigation History in accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. □ Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of award percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount			Status of dispute:	
Criteria, Sub-Factor 2.4. □ Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criterians Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of award percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount		•		
□ Litigation Historyin accordance with Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Crite Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of award Outcome as percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount Total Contract Identification Amount			accordance with Section III, Evaluation as	nd Qualification
Sub-Factor 2.4 as indicated below. Year of Outcome as percentage of Net Contract Identification Amount	′			
Year of Outcome as Contract Identification Total Contract Amount			ance with Section III, Evaluation and Quali	fication Criteria,
award percentage of Net Amount			Contract Identification	Total Contract
			Contract Identification	Amount
		Worth		(currency),
USD				
				Equivalent (exchange rate)

[insert	[insert	Contract Identification: [indicate [insert
year]	percentage]	complete contract name, number, and amount] any other identification] Name of Employer: [insert full name]
		Address of Employer: [insert street/city/country]
		Matter in dispute: [indicate main issues in dispute]
		Party who initiated the dispute: [indicate "Employer" or "Contractor"]
		Reason(s) for Litigation and award decision [indicate main reason(s)]

Form FIN – 3.1:

Financial Situation and Performance

Bio	lder's Name:	
	Date:	
JV Member's Nan	ne	
RFB No. and title:		
Page	of	pages

1. Financial data

Type of Financial information in	Historic information for previousyears,				_years,
(currency)	(amount in currency, currency, exchange rate*, USD equivalent)				e*, USD
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year4	Year 5
Statement of Financial Position	(Information	from Balance	ce Sheet)		
Total Assets (TA)					
Total Liabilities (TL)					
Total Equity/Net Worth (NW)					
Current Assets (CA)					
Current Liabilities (CL)					
Working Capital (WC)					
	Information	from Income	Statement		
Total Revenue (TR)					
Profits Before Taxes (PBT)					
Cash Flow Information					

Cash	Flow	from	Operating			
Activi	ities					

2. Sources of Finance

Specify sources of finance to meet the cash flow requirements on works currently in progress and for future contract commitments.

No.	Source of finance	Amount (US\$ equivalent)
1		
2		
3		

2. Financial documents

The Bidder and its parties shall provide copies of financial statements for ______years pursuant Section III, Evaluation and Qualifications Criteria, Sub-factor 3.1. The financial statements shall:

- (a) reflect the financial situation of the Bidder or in case of JV member, and not an affiliated entity (such as parent company or group member).
- (b) be independently audited or certified in accordance with local legislation.
- (c) be complete, including all notes to the financial statements.
- (d) correspond to accounting periods already completed and audited.
- ☐ Attached are copies of financial statements¹ for the _______years required above; and complying with the requirements

^{*}Refer to ITB 15 for the exchange rate

¹ If the most recent set of financial statements is for a period earlier than 12 months from the date of Bid, the reason for this should be justified.

Form FIN – 3.2:

Average Annual Construction Turnover

Bidd	ler's Name: _	
Γ	Oate:	
JV Member's Name	2	
RFB No. and title: _		
Page	of	pages

		Annual	turnover data (const	truction only)
Year	Amount Currency		Exchange rate	USD equivalent
[indicate year]	[insert arcurrency]	nount and indicate		
Average Annual Construction Turnover *				

^{*} See Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria, Sub-Factor 3.2.

Form FIN – 3.3:

Financial Resources

Specify proposed sources of financing, such as liquid assets, unencumbered real assets, lines of credit, and other financial means, net of current commitments, available to meet the total construction cash flow demands of the subject contract or contracts as specified in Section III, Evaluation and Qualification Criteria

	Financial Resources	
No.	Source of financing	Amount (US\$ equivalent)
1		
2		
3		

Form FIN – 3.4:

Current Contract Commitments / Works in Progress

Bidders and each member to a JV should provide information on their current commitments on all contracts that have been awarded, or for which a letter of intent or acceptance has been received, or for contracts approaching completion, but for which an unqualified, full completion certificate has yet to be issued.

		Current Contra	ct Commitments		
No.	Name of Contract	Employer's Contact Address, Tel, Fax	Value of Outstanding Work [Current US\$ Equivalent]	Estimated Completion Date	Average Monthly Invoicing Over Last Six Months [US\$/month)]
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

Form EXP - 4.1

General Construction Experience

Bido	der's Name:	
Γ	Date:	
JV Member's Name	e	
RFB No. and title: _		
Page	of	pages

Starting Year	Ending Year	Contract Identification	Role of Bidder
		Contract name:	
		Brief Description of the Works performed by the	
		Bidder:	
		Amount of contract:	
		Name of Employer:	
		Address:	
		Contract name:	
		Brief Description of the Works performed by the	
		Bidder:	
		Amount of contract:	
		Name of Employer:	
		Address:	
		Contract name:	
		Brief Description of the Works performed by the	
		Bidder:	
		Amount of contract:	
		Name of Employer:	
		Address:	

Bidder's Name:

Form EXP - 4.2(a)

Specific Construction and Contract Management Experience

		Ι	Oate:	
	JV	Member's Name	e	
	KF.	B No. and title: $_$		
	I	Page	of	pages
Similar Contract No.	Information			
Contract Identification				
Award date				
Completion date				
Role in Contract	Prime Contractor	Member in JV	Management Contractor	Sub- contractor
Total Contract Amount			US\$	
If member in a JV or sub- contractor, specify participation in total Contract amount				
Employer's Name:				
Address: Telephone/fax number E-mail:				

Form EXP - 4.2(a) (cont.)

Specific Construction and Contract Management Experience (cont.)

Similar Contract No.	Information
Description of the similarity in accordance with Sub-Factor 4.2(a) of Section III:	
1. Amount	
2. Physical size of required works items	
3. Complexity	
4. Methods/Technology	
5. Construction rate for key activities	
6. Other Characteristics	

Form EXP - 4.2(b)

Construction Experience in Key Activities

			Bidder's	s Name:	
	Date:				
	Bidder'	s JV		lame:	
St	ub-contractor's	Nam	e ² (as per I	TB 34):	
				e:	
Paş	ge		of		pages
All Sub-contractors for key activities mu Section III, Evaluation and Qualification				this form as p	er ITB34and
1. Key Activity No One:					
	Information				
Contract Identification					
Award date					
Completion date					
Role in Contract	Prime Contractor		nber in JV □	Management Contractor	Sub- contractor
Total Contract Amount				US\$	
Quantity (Volume, number or rate of production, as applicable) performed under the contract per year or part of the year	Total quantity in the contract (i)			centage icipation (ii)	Actual Quantity Performed (i) x (ii)
Year 1					
Year 2					
Year 3				_	
Year 4					

² If applicable

	Information
Employer's Name:	
Address:	
Telephone/fax number	
E-mail:	

	Information
Description of the key activities in accordance with Sub-Factor 4.2(b) of Section III:	

2. Activity No. Two

Form of Bid Security- Demand Guarantee

Ben	eficiary:
Req	uest for Bids No:
Date	e:
BID	GUARANTEE No.:
Gua	rantor:
has exec Furt	have been informed that (hereinafter called "the Applicant") submitted or will submit to the Beneficiary its Bid (hereinafter called "the Bid") for the cution of under Request for Bids No ("the RFB"). thermore, we understand that, according to the Beneficiary's conditions, Bids must be borted by a Bid guarantee.
Bene upor state	the request of the Applicant, we, as Guarantor, hereby irrevocably undertake to pay the efficiary any sum or sums not exceeding in total an amount of () neceipt by us of the Beneficiary's complying demand, supported by the Beneficiary's ement, whether in the demand itself or a separate signed document accompanying or tifying the demand, stating that either the Applicant:
(a)	has withdrawn its Bid during the period of Bid validity set forth in the Applicant's Letter of Bid ("the Bid Validity Period"), or any extension thereto provided by the Applicant; or
(b)	having been notified of the acceptance of its Bid by the Beneficiary during theBid Validity Period or any extension thereto provided by the Applicant, (i) has failed to execute the

This guarantee will expire: (a) if the Applicant is the successful Bidder, upon our receipt of copies of the contract agreement signed by the Applicant and the performance security issued to the Beneficiary in relation to such contract agreement; or (b) if the Applicant is not the successful Bidder, upon the earlier of (i) our receipt of a copy of the Beneficiary's notification to the Applicant of the results of the Bidding process; or (ii)twenty-eight days after the end of the Bid Validity Period.

with the Instructions to Bidders ("ITB") of the Beneficiary's Bidding document.

contract agreement, or (ii) has failed to furnish the performance security, in accordance

Consequently, any demand for payment under this guarantee must be received by us at the office indicated above on or before that date.

This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees (URDG) 2010 Revision, ICC Publication No. 758.
signature(s)]

Form of Bid-Securing Declaration

Date:	
RFB No.:	
Alternative No.:	
To:	
We, the undersigned, declare that:	
We understand that, according to your conditions, Bids must be supported by a Bi Declaration.	id-Securing
We accept that we will automatically be suspended from being eligible for Bidd contract with the entity that invited Bids for the period of time of, if we are in breach of our obligation(s) under the Bid conditions, because	starting or
(a) have withdrawn our Bid during the period of Bid validity specified in the Letter	of Bid; or
(b) having been notified of the acceptance of our Bid by the Employer during the pervalidity, (i) fail or refuse to execute the Contract, if required, or (ii) fail or refuse the Performance Security, in accordance with the ITB48.	
We understand this Bid-Securing Declaration shall expire if we are not the success upon the earlier of (i) our receipt of your notification to us of the name of the success or (ii) twenty-eight days after the expiration of our Bid.	
Name of the Bidder*	
Name of the person duly authorized to sign the Bid on behalf of the Bidder**	
Title of the person signing the Bid	
Signature of the person named above	
Date signed,,	
*: In the case of the Bid submitted by joint venture specify the name of the Joint Venture as Bidder	

**: Person signing the Bid shall have the power of attorney given by the Bidder attached to the Bid

[Note: In case of a Joint Venture, the Bid-Securing Declaration must be in the name of all members to the Joint Venture that submits the Bid.]

Section V - Eligible Countries

Eligibility for the Provision of Goods, Works and Non Consulting Services in Bank-Financed Procurement

- 1. In reference to ITB4.8 and 5.1, for the information of the Bidders, at the present time firms, goods and services from the following countries are excluded from this Bidding process:
- Under ITB4.8(a) and 5.1: [insert a list of the countries following approval by the Bank to apply the restriction or state "none"]
- Under ITB4.8(b) and 5.1: [insert a list of the countries following approval by the Bank to apply the restriction or state "none"]

Section VI-Fraud and Corruption

1. Purpose

1.1 The Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines and this annex apply with respect to procurement under Bank Investment Project Financing operations.

2. Requirements

2.1 The Bank requires that Borrowers (including beneficiaries of Bank financing); bidders, consultants, contractors and suppliers; any sub-contractors, sub-consultants, service providers or suppliers; any agents (whether declared or not); and any of their personnel, observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement process, selection and contract execution of Bank-financed contracts, and refrain from Fraud and Corruption.

2.2 To this end, the Bank:

- a. Defines, for the purposes of this provision, the terms set forth below as follows:
 - i. "corrupt practice" is the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party;
 - ii. "fraudulent practice" is any act or omission, including misrepresentation, that knowingly or recklessly misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party to obtain financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation;
 - "collusive practice" is an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including to influence improperly the actions of another party;
 - iv. "coercive practice" is impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party;
 - v. "obstructive practice" is:
 - (a) deliberately destroying, falsifying, altering, or concealing of evidence material to the investigation or making false statements to investigators in order to materially impede a Bank investigation into allegations of a corrupt, fraudulent, coercive, or collusive practice; and/or threatening, harassing, or intimidating any party to prevent it from disclosing its knowledge of matters relevant to the investigation or from pursuing the investigation; or
 - (b) acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank's inspection and audit rights provided for under paragraph 2.2 e. below.
- b. Rejects a proposal for award if the Bank determines that the firm or individual recommended for award, any of its personnel, or its agents, or its sub-consultants, sub-contractors, service providers, suppliers and/ or their employees, has, directly or

indirectly, engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or obstructive practices in competing for the contract in question;

- c. In addition to the legal remedies set out in the relevant Legal Agreement, may take other appropriate actions, including declaring misprocurement, if the Bank determines at any time that representatives of the Borrower or of a recipient of any part of the proceeds of the loan engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or obstructive practices during the procurement process, selection and/or execution of the contract in question, without the Borrower having taken timely and appropriate action satisfactory to the Bank to address such practices when they occur, including by failing to inform the Bank in a timely manner at the time they knew of the practices;
- d. Pursuant to the Banks Anti-Corruption Guidelines and in accordance with the Bank's prevailing sanctions policies and procedures, may sanction a firm or individual, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time, including by publicly declaring such firm or individual ineligible (i) to be awarded or otherwise benefit from a Bank-financed contract, financially or in any other manner;1 (ii) to be a nominated2 sub-contractor, consultant, manufacturer or supplier, or service provider of an otherwise eligible firm being awarded a Bank-financed contract; and (iii) to receive the proceeds of any loan made by the Bank or otherwise to participate further in the preparation or implementation of any Bank-financed project;
- e. Requires that a clause be included in bidding/request for proposals documents and in contracts financed by a Bank loan, requiring (i) bidders, consultants, contractors, and suppliers, and their sub-contractors, sub-consultants, service providers, suppliers, agents personnel, permit the Bank to inspect³ all accounts, records and other documents relating to the submission of bids and contract performance, and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the Bank.

For the avoidance of doubt, a sanctioned party's ineligibility to be awarded a contract shall include, without limitation, (i) applying for pre-qualification, expressing interest in a consultancy, and bidding, either directly or as a nominated sub-contractor, nominated consultant, nominated manufacturer or supplier, or nominated service provider, in respect of such contract, and (ii) entering into an addendum or amendment introducing a material modification to any existing contract.

A nominated sub-contractor, nominated consultant, nominated manufacturer or supplier, or nominated service provider (different names are used depending on the particular bidding document) is one which has been: (i) included by the bidder in its pre-qualification application or bid because it brings specific and critical experience and know-how that allow the bidder to meet the qualification requirements for the particular bid; or (ii) appointed by the Borrower.

Inspections in this context usually are investigative (i.e., forensic) in nature. They involve fact-finding activities undertaken by the Bank or persons appointed by the Bank to address specific matters related to investigations/audits, such as evaluating the veracity of an allegation of possible Fraud and Corruption, through the appropriate mechanisms. Such activity includes but is not limited to: accessing and examining a firm's or individual's financial records and information, and making copies thereof as relevant; accessing and examining any other documents, data and information (whether in hard copy or electronic format) deemed relevant for the investigation/audit, and making copies thereof as relevant; interviewing staff and other relevant individuals; performing physical inspections and site visits; and obtaining third party verification of information.

PART 2 – Works' Requirements

Section VII - Works' Requirements

Contents

Scope of Works	114
Specifications	
Supplementary Information	

Scope of Works

The scope of works under this contract is summarized below:

1. Laying of the water pipes below including construction of inspection chambers.

Block A:

- a) 160mm diameter HDPE PN 12.5 water pipe
- b) 110mm diameter HDPE PN 12.5 water pipe
- c) 63mm diameter HDPE PN 12.5 water pipe
- d) 50mm diameter HDPE PN 12.5 water pipe
- e) 32mm diameter HDPE PN 12.5 water pipe

For more details, refer to the bill of quantities in our wesite

- 2. Construction of Inspection Chambers as per the detailed designs provided in our website
- 3.Installation of control valves and master meters(refer to the Bill of Quantities in our website)

For more details refer to Bill of Quantities and specicifications uploaded as separate documents in our website www.mawasco.co.ke

Specifications

As provided in detailed Bill of Quantities uploaded in our website

Supplementary Information

Contents

1 G	ENERAL (PRELIMINARIES)	122
1.1	Introduction	122
1.1.1	Location	122
1.1.2	Scope of Works	122
1.2	Extent of Contract	122
1.3	Precedence of Contract Documents	122
1.4	Standards	123
1.5	Quality of Materials and Workmanship	124
1.6	Trade Names	124
1.7	Samples	124
1.8	Testing	125
1.9	Programme of the Execution of Works	125
1.10	Substantial (Practical) Completion	126
1.11	Nominated Sub-Contractors and Nominated Suppliers	126
1.12	Entry upon Land, Working Site and Adjoining Lands	127
1.13	Preservation of Survey Beacons	128
1.14	Land for Camp Sites etc.	128
1.15	Existing Services	128
1.16	Damage to Services	
1.17	Temporary Roads and Traffic Control	
1.18	Road Closure	
1.19	Road and Railway Crossing and Traffic Control	129
1.20	Protection from Water	129
1.21	Weather Conditions	129
1.22	Protection from Weather	129
1.23	Explosives and Blasting	130
1.24	Liaison with Police, etc	130
1.25	Provision of Water	130
1.26	Temporary Lighting and Power	130
1.27	Sanitation	131
1.28	Medical Facilities	131
1.29	Signboards	131
1.30	Setting Out	131
1.31	Backfilling of Holes and Trenching	
1.32	Inspection of Works	132
1.33	Method of Measurement	133
1.34	Cleaning up of Site	
1.35	Testing of Water-Retaining Structures	133

1.36	Testing of Roofs	133
1.37	Cleaning and Sterilising Water-Retaining Structures	134
1.38	Contractor's Superintendence	134
1.39	Transport of Workmen	134
1.40	Normal Working Hours	134
1.41	Transport, Travelling and Leave	135
1.42	Compliance with Statutes and Regulations	
1.43	Accommodation for Workmen	
1.44	Storage Space: Sheds	135
1.45	Office for the Contractor	135
1.46	Removal of Camps	135
1.47	Site Meetings	136
1.48	Summary of Latest British Standards Applied in the Final Design and	
Specifi	cations	136
2 SI	TE CLEARANCE AND TOP SOIL STRIPPING	141
2.1	Site Clearance	141
2.2 I	Removal of Topsoil	141
3 EA	RTHWORKS	142
3.1	General	142
3.2	Definitions of Materials	142
3.3	Classification of Excavation	142
3.3.1	Rock Excavation	142
3.3.2	Common Excavation	142
3.3.3	Measurement	142
3.4	Stripping of Topsoil	143
3.4.1	Stripping	143
3.4.2	Disposal	143
3.5 I	Excavation in Open Cut	143
3.5.1	General	143
3.5.2	Rock Excavation	144
3.5.3	Foundation for Structures	144
3.5.4	Trench Excavations	145
3.5.5	Timbering of Excavations	146
3.5.6	Excavation to be Kept Free from Water	
3.5.7	Refilling Excavations	147
3.5.8	Reinstatement of Surfaces	148
3.5.9	Removal of Surplus Excavated Material	148
3.5.10	Measurement of Excavation Work	149
3.6	Borrow Pits	149
3.7	Hardcore Filling	149
	Earth Filling	
3.8.1	General	150
3.8.2	Compaction of Fill	150
3.8.3	Grass Planting and Top Soil	
3.8.4	Ant-Proofing	
4 CC	ONCRETE WORKS	

4.1 General	152
4.2 Materials and Tests	152
4.2.1 Cement	152
4.2.2 Aggregates for Concrete	152
4.2.3 Water	152
4.2.4 Admixture	153
4.2.5 Concrete Mixes	153
4.2.6 Trial Mixes	153
4.2.7 Testing of Concrete	154
4.2.8 Standards for Acceptance of Cube Tests	
4.2.9 Slump Tests	
4.2.10 Steel Reinforcement	
4.3 Precast Concrete Units	155
4.4 Workmanship	156
4.4.1 Inspection of Reinforcement and Formwork	
4.4.2 Mixing of Concrete	
4.4.3 Transport and Placing of Concrete	
4.4.4 Compaction	
4.4.5 Placing of Concrete Under Water	
4.4.6 Placing of Concrete on Earth Surfaces	
4.4.7 Construction and Expansion Joints	
4.4.8 Curing and Protection of Concrete	
4.4.9 Finishes of Horizontal Surfaces	
4.4.10 Finishes of Vertical Surfaces	
4.4.11 Accuracy of Finish	
4.4.12 Construction of Formwork	
4.4.13 Mould Oil	
4.4.14 Holes for Pipes, Cast-in Items etc., General	
4.4.15 Pipes through Water Retaining Walls	
4.4.16 Removal of Formwork	
4.4.17 Reinforcement	
5 BUILDERS WORKS	
5.1 Concrete Block Walling	
5.1.1 Precast Concrete Blocks	
5.1.2 Wall Reinforcement	
5.1.3 Cement	
5.1.4 Sand	
5.1.5 Mortar	
5.1.6 Damp-proof course	
5.1.7 Workmanship	
5.1.8 Blockwork Tanks	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5.2.1 Cement	
5.2.2 Sand	
5.2.3 Lime	16/

5.2.4	Composition of Plasters etc.	168
5.2.5	Hacking etc.	168
5.2.6	Surfaces	168
5.2.7	Partially or Wholly Set Materials	168
5.2.8	Samples	
5.2.9	Finish Generally	
5.2.10	·	
5.2.11	Making Good	
5.2.12	C	
5.2.13		
5.2.14	Cement Rendering	
5.2.15		
	Carpentry and Joinery	
5.3.1	Timber Materials	
5.3.2	Boards and Sheets	
5.3.3	Workmanship	
5.3.4	Inspection and Testing	
5.3.5	Clearing Up	
5.3.6	Prices to Include	
	Roofing	
5.4.1	Roof Sheeting	
5.4.2	Protection	
	Steelwork	
5.5.1	Materials	
5.5.2	Workmanship	
5.5.3	Ladders	
5.5.4	Measurements	
	SURFACE FINISH:	
5.6.1	Tank:	
5.6.2	Tower:	
5.6.3	Despatch:	
5.6.4	Erection:	
5.6.5	Ironmongery and other Fittings	
5.6.6	Locks	
5.6.7	Sanitary Fittings	
	GlazingGlazing	
5.7.1	Glass	
5.7.1		
	Cleaning etc.	
5.8 I 5.8.1	Painting, Decorating and other Surface Treatments	
	Approved Specialist	
5.8.2	General Pointing congralls	
5.8.3	Painting generally	
5.8.4	Samples	
5.8.5	Preparation and Priming of Plaster etc. Surface	
5.8.6	Preparation and Priming of Metalwork	
5.8.7	Preparation and Priming Woodwork	177

5.8.8	Wood Preservative	177
5.8.9	Cement Paint	177
5.8.10	Emulsion Paint	177
5.8.11	Enamel Paint	178
5.8.12	Ironmongery	178
5.8.13	Painting Items	
5.8.14	Lining of Chemical Tanks	178
5.8.15	Cover Up	
5.8.16	Clean and Touch Up	
6 PIPI	EWORKS	
6.1 M	laterials, General	179
6.2 H	andling and Storing Materials, General	179
	aying and Jointing, General	
6.3.1	Pipes and Fittings	
6.3.2	Valves and Specials	
6.4 Pi	ipes and fittings	183
6.4.1	Flanges	
6.4.2	Ductile Iron	
6.4.3	Grey-Iron or Cast Iron	184
6.4.4	Steel pipes	
6.4.5	Unplasticized Polyvinyl Chloride Pipes	
6.4.6	Polythene.	
6.4.7	Precast Concrete	
6.4.8	Glass Reinforced Polyester Pipes (GRP)	
6.4.9	High Density Polyethylene Pipes (HDPE)	
6.5 Pi	rotection of Pipes	
6.5.1	Road-Crossing.	
6.5.2	Painting	
7 PLU	JMBING AND DRAINAGE	
7.1 G	eneral	189
7.2 P	lumbing	189
7.2.1	Tubing	
7.2.2	Cold-Water Storage-Tank	190
7.2.3	Sanitary-Fittings	
7.2.4	Cast-iron Soil and Ventilation pipes	
7.2.5	Measurement	
7.3 D	rainage	191
7.3.1	Cast Iron Drain Pipes	
7.3.2	Open drains or Channels	
7.3.3	Measurement	
8 DR	AINS, SEWERS AND MANHOLESError! Bookmark not defin	
	xcavation For Drains, Sewers And Manholes	
	upports For Pits, Trenches And Other Excavations	
	ock Cutting In Trenches For Pipes And Other Excavations	
	Vater In Trenches For Pipelines And Other Excavations	
	aying And Jointing Rigid Jointed Concrete Pipes	

8.6	Pipes Laid With Open Joints	194
8.7	Cast Iron Pipes	195
8.8	Drains To Be Left Clean On Completion	195
8.9	Refilling Trenches	195
8.10	Connections Of Existing Sewers And Drains	195
8.11	Manholes And Inspection Chambers	196
8.12	Precast Concrete Manholes	196
8.13	Gully Connections	196
8.14	Surface Boxes, Covers Etc	196
8.15	Gullies	197
8.16	Completion Of Drainage Works	197
8.17	Temporary Stoppers	197
8.18	Provision For Future Connection To Manholes	197
8.19	Surrounding Or Haunching Of Pipes With Concrete	197
8.20	Invert Block And Stone-Pitched Drains	197
8.21	Testing Of Jointed Pipes And Manholes	198
8.22	Pipes With Rubber Ring Joints	198
8.23	Laying, Jointing And Backfilling For Flexible Jointed Pipes	199
8.24	Flexible Rubber Ring Joints	199
8.25	Expansion Gap	199
8.26	Solvent Cement Joints	199
8.27	Weepholes	200
8.28	Debris Screens	200

1 GENERAL (PRELIMINARIES)

1.1 Introduction

These specifications cover the **Laying of water Pipes for the Karatina urban water supply-Block A** as listed in the Bills of Quantities and shall be read in conjunction with the Contract Documents as listed in Volume 1, Instruction to Tenderers and Volume III, the project Drawings.

All references given are intended solely for the convenience of those using the above documents and shall in no way exclude the application of the other clauses in the documents which may, in the opinion of the Engineer have any bearing on the point in question.

1.1.1 Location

The works are situated in Karatina Town within the Nyeri County.

1.1.2 Scope of Works

The scope of the works is described in Specifications.

1.2 Extent of Contract

The works specified under this contract shall include all general works preparatory to the construction of the works and materials and work of any kind necessary for the due and satisfactory construction, completion and maintenance of the works to the extent as shown on the drawings and these specifications and any other instructions that may be issued by the Engineer from time to time whether specifically mentioned or not in the clauses of this specification.

1.3 Precedence of Contract Documents

Should the provisions of any clauses of any or all of the Contract Documents to be shown to be mutually at variance or exclusive, the following order of precedence shall be applied in order to establish which of the said provisions, mutually at variance or exclusive, shall be deemed to be true and correct intent of the contract entered into by Employer, and the Contractor. The Contractor shall forthwith be absolved from any liability under the provisions not so proved to be the true and correct intent of the Contract, provided that in the execution of the Contract the Contractor has, or shall have complied with such true and correct intent.

- (i) Provision of the Standard or Special Specification shall take precedence over those of the General Conditions of Contract.
- (ii) Provision of the Special Specifications shall take precedence over the Standard Specifications unless indicated otherwise

- (iii) Details shown or noted on the Contract Drawings shall take precedence over the requirements of both the Standard and the Special Specifications.
- (iv) Detailed Drawings shall take precedence over General Drawings.
- (v) Within the Standard Specifications the provisions of any section particular to the provisions at variance shall take precedence over the General Section, and within any section, clauses particular to the provisions at variance shall take precedence over those not so particular. The foregoing order of precedence shall apply also to sections and clauses of the Special Specifications.
- (vi) Where there is a conflict in units of measurement quoted in Standard Specifications and units quoted in Bills of Quantities the units in latter will apply.

Notwithstanding any fore-written provisions, should the application of the foregoing order of precedence fail to resolve any variance or mutual exclusions as to the true and correct intent of the Contract to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer may exercise the right to arbitrarily make corrections if any and subsequently give a ruling as to the true and correct intention of the Contract, and the Contractor shall have the right to claim additional payment for any additional expense incurred by him as a consequence of such variance if any or exclusion and arbitrary ruling.

1.4 Standards

In the Specifications, Bills of Quantities, and Drawings reference has been made to relevant British Standard Specifications and Codes of Practice – to which the materials and workmanship should comply with. However, the materials and workmanship complying with equivalent Kenya Bureau of Standards (K.E.B.S.) or International Standards Organisation, (I.S.O.) Standard for that particular material or workmanship will also be acceptable.

Mixture of different Standards in one trade will not be allowed. For instance if pipes are to be provided to I.S.O. Standard, then all the pipes for the works are to be to I.S.O. Standard.

Where the dimension in one standard does not completely correspond to the dimension of the other standard, which is being used for construction of works, ruling of the Engineer will be sought and any decision given by the Engineer will be final and binding upon the Contractor.

1.5 Quality of Materials and Workmanship

The materials and workmanship shall be of the best of their respective kinds and shall be to the approval of the Engineer. In reading of these Specifications, the words "to the approval of the Engineer" shall be deemed to be included in the description of all materials incorporated in the Works, whether manufactured or natural, and in the description of all operations for the due execution of the Works.

All works or parts thereof shall be in accordance with the latest edition of either Kenya Bureau of Standards (K.E.B.S.) Specifications, or International Standards Organization (I.S.O.) Specification or British Standard (B.S.) Specifications and British Codes of Practice (C.P.) as published by British Standards Institution.

All materials shall be of approved manufacture and origin and the best quality of their respective kind, equal to sample and delivered on to the Site at a sufficient period before they are required to be used in the Works to enable the Engineer to take such samples as he may require for testing or approval, and the Contractor shall furnish any information required by the Engineer as to the quality, weight, strength, description, etc. of the materials. No materials of any description shall be used without prior approval by the Engineer and any condemned as unfit for use in the Works shall be removed immediately from the Site by, and without recompense to, the Contractor.

1.6 Trade Names

Trade Names and Catalogue References are given solely as the guide to the quality and alternative manufacturers of the materials or goods of equivalent quality will be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer.

1.7 Samples

Samples of all materials shall be deposited with the Engineer and approved prior to ordering or delivery to site. The Engineer reserves his right to test any sample to destruction and retain samples until the end of the maintenance period. No payment will be made for samples and the Contractor must in the rates of prices allow for costs of samples. All materials delivered to site shall be equal or better in all respects than the samples delivered to the Engineer.

All sampling of materials on the site must be done by or in the presence of the Engineer. All other samples will be deemed not to be valid under the Contract.

Any material delivered to the site or intended for the works not equal or better than the samples approved by the Engineer shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

1.8 Testing

As provided in clause 36 of the Conditions of Contract and in accordance with the Specification quoted for any material used on works of this Contract, tests may be called upon by the Engineer to be carried out at the place of manufacture or on the site. The contractor may assume that the tests will be required on soils, workmanship, and materials whether natural or manufactured to verify their compliance with the specifications. Samples of all such materials and manufactured articles together with all necessary labour, materials, plant and apparatus for sampling and for carrying out of the tests shall be supplied by the Contractor at his own expense.

A prime cost item has been included in Bills of Quantities for testing of materials and workmanship as directed by the Engineer at the Independent Laboratory. The Contractor will be reimbursed receipted cost of testing carried out by the laboratory if the workmanship or materials pass the tests. However, if the result of tests shows that material is defective then the Contractor will bear the cost of testing.

1.9 Programme of the Execution of Works

- (i) In accordance with clause 14 of the conditions of contract, the Contractor upon receiving Engineer's order to commence shall within 30 days draw up a working programme setting out order in which the works are to be carried out with appropriate dates thereof, together with delivery dates for materials. The Contractor shall together with his work programme supply an expenditure chart showing monthly anticipated expenditure.
- (ii) The programme shall be deemed to have taken into account normal variations in climatic conditions to provide for completion of the works in the order and within the times specified therein.
- (iii) The order in which it is proposed to execute the permanent works shall be subject to adjustment and approval by the Engineer, and Contractor's price shall be held to include for any reasonable and necessary adjustment required by the Engineer during the course of the works.
- (iv) The Contractor shall carry out the Contract in accordance with the programme agreed with the Engineer, but he shall in no manner be relieved by the Engineer's approval of the programme of his obligations to complete the Works in the prescribed order and by the prescribed completion date and he shall from time to time review his progress and make such amendment to his rate of executions of the works as may be necessary to fulfill these obligations.
- (v) Once the proposed programme is approved by the Engineer the Contractor shall not depart form the programme without the written consent of the

Engineer. In the event of unforeseen difficulties or disturbances arising, which force the Contractor to depart from the approved Programme of Works, he shall advise the Engineer in writing of such occurrences without delay and submit proposals for any necessary remedial measures, for which he shall obtain the Engineer's approval before putting such measures into effect.

1.10 Substantial (Practical) Completion

Substantial or Practical Completion of Works is to be understood as a state of completion, which leaves out only minor outstanding items that can be readily completed within a period of less than 1 month without interfering with the normal operation of the Works.

The works will not be considered as substantially or practically completed without the works being capable of being used by the Employer in accordance with the purpose of the works.

1.11 Nominated Sub-Contractors and Nominated Suppliers

The Contractor shall be responsible for Nominated Sub-Contractors in every respect. In particular it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that each Sub-Contractor commences and completes the work in a manner so as to conform with the working programme, as specified above.

Sub-Contractors and Suppliers in the project area shall be given preference in sub-contracts as far as they meet the requirements for such sub-contracts.

It is also the responsibility of the contractor to ensure a satisfactory progress of the works and to ensure that the works are completed to a standard satisfactory to the Engineer.

The Contractor shall accept liability for and bear the cost of General and Specified Attendance on Nominated Sub-contractors which shall be deemed to include for:-

- (i) Allowing the use of standing scaffolding, providing special scaffolding, maintenance and alteration of all scaffolding, retention of all scaffolding until such time as all relevant Sub-Contractor's works are complete and removal of all scaffolding on completion.
- (ii) Providing equipment and labour for unloading and hoisting Sub-Contractor's materials.
- (iii) Providing space for office accommodation, and for storage of plant and materials: allowing use of sanitary accommodation; the supply of all necessary water, power, lighting and watching and clearing away all rubbish.

Cutting away for and making good after the work of Sub-Contractors as may be required will be measured and valued separately in the Bills of Quantities.

Before placing any orders with nominated Sub-Contractors or nominated Suppliers, the Contractor should enter into an agreement with the nominated Sub-Contractor/nominated Suppliers to ensure that the conditions and delivery of materials to site comply with the Conditions of Contract and the working programme.

Particular clause should be inserted in the agreement with the nominated Suppliers ensuring the validity of the rates for the supply of materials as per the delivery schedule.

Nominated Suppliers who are unable to meet the delivery schedule will not be given allowance for any increases in prices incurred after the delivery time agreed in the delivery schedule.

1.12 Entry upon Land, Working Site and Adjoining Lands

The Employer shall provide land, right-of-ways and way-leaves for the Works specified in the contract.

If nothing else is mentioned the Contractor will be allotted for execution of the works only the actual area as necessary for the extent of the construction.

The Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer at least 30 days before he wishes to enter on to the land required to carry out the Contract. The Contractor shall not enter on to any land or commence any operations until such time as he receives formal confirmation from the Engineer that all necessary compensation formalities have been completed and that permission has been obtained from the land owner to enter the land and commence operations. Should the Contractor enter on to any land and commence operations without first obtaining this confirmation, he shall be liable in whole or in part, at the sole discretion of the Engineer, for all additional costs and/or legal charges which might arise there-from.

The Contractor shall on his own accord obtain rights of admission, and rights of using all other areas which are necessary for storing and manufacturing or for setting up site offices and Resident Engineer's office or whatsoever will be necessary.

No separate payment will be made to the Contractor on account of these items and the Contractor must make due allowance for them in his rates.

The Contractor shall take care to prevent injury, damage and trespass on lands, fences and other properties near and adjacent to the works and must in this connection make all necessary arrangements with adjoining landowners, or in the case of Government Property with officers appointed for this purpose, and ensure the workmen's observance of all Government rules and Ordinances regarding game protection and other matters and provide, maintain and clear away on completion of the Works all temporary fencing which may be required for execution of the Works.

Before completion of the Works the Contractor must make good or compensate any such injury, damage or trespass on lands, fences and other properties which have not otherwise been provided for in the Contract.

1.13 Preservation of Survey Beacons

Ordinance Survey Beacons, Benchmarks, etc., on or around the site of the Works shall not be disturbed unless permission has been obtained by the Engineer from the Survey of Kenya.

In the event of unauthorized disturbance of such beacons, benchmarks, etc., in the course of the Works being carried out the Contractor shall be responsible for reporting same to the Engineer and the Survey of Kenya and for payment of any fees due to said Survey of Kenya for replacement of such disturbed beacons, bench marks, etc. The Contractor shall not replace such disturbed beacons benchmarks, etc. on his own accord.

1.14 Land for Camp Sites etc.

The Employer shall make available free of charge to the Contractor all land on under or through which the works other than Temporary Works are to be executed or carried out all as indicated on the Drawings or as detailed in the Specifications. Such land shall exclude land required by the Contractor for his own camps, offices, houses, temporary works or any other purpose in case he finds land provided by the Client not to be suitable for his purpose.

1.15 Existing Services

Drains, pipes, cables and similar services encountered in the course of the Works shall be guarded from damage by the Contractor at his own costs to safe guard a continued uninterrupted use to the satisfaction of the owners thereof, and the Contractor shall not store materials or otherwise occupy any part of the site in a manner likely to hinder the operation of such services.

If the interests of the Works shall, in the opinion of the Engineer, so require, the Contractor shall on the Engineer's direction arrange for the construction of permanent or temporary diversions of the said drains etc., together with reinstatement, if temporary, by the respective Department, Bodies, Corporations or Authorities and, the cost of such works or diversions including reinstatement shall be charged against the appropriate Provisional Sum provided in the Bills of Quantities. The Contractor shall be at liberty, subject to the approval of the owners, to bear the cost of any further diversions he may consider necessary including the cost of reinstatement of the additional diversions. No services may be tampered with by the Contractor and all works in connection with any kind of services shall be carried out by their respective owners

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to inform the Engineer immediately any existing service is exposed.

1.16 Damage to Services

The Contractor shall be held liable for all damage and interference to mains and pipes, to electric cables or lines of any kind either above or below ground caused by him or his Sub-contractors in execution of the Works, whether such services are located on the Contract Drawings or not. The Contractor must make good or report to the appropriate authorities the same without delay and do any further work considered by the Engineer or owner. The Contractor shall provide for these contingencies in the rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities.

If the Contractor fails to reinstate the damaged services within the time considered as reasonable by the Engineer's Representative, then the Engineer's Representative shall be empowered to get the damaged services reinstated by any other contractor and charges thereof shall be deducted from any money due to the Contractor.

1.17 Temporary Roads and Traffic Control

The Contractor shall provide and maintain all temporary roads, bridges and other works required for the construction of the Works including access to quarries, borrow-pits, accommodation etc.

The Contractor shall provide and in his rates allow for all necessary temporary traffic control signs, barricades, beacons, flagmen, lighting and watching required for the normal control of traffic.

1.18 Road Closure

Where a road used by the Contractor for delivery of any material used in the works is closed under Section 71 of the Traffic Ordinance Act 1962, the Contractor shall obey such closure order and use alternative roads.

1.19 Road and Railway Crossing and Traffic Control

Wherever the pipeline is crossing the classified roads and railway line the Contractor will contact the relevant authorities well in advance and obtain necessary permission to dig across the road and railway line in accordance with requirement of the authorities concerned and shall pay any royalties connected with this work, and the Contractor will provide temporary detour road together with any warning signs necessary. There will be no separate payment for this and cost of all expenses connected with road and railway crossing for which no separate items have been included in Bills of Quantities is deemed to have been covered by the unit rates included in the Bills of Quantities

1.20 Protection from Water

Unless otherwise mentioned the Contractor shall keep the whole of the Works free from water and allow in his rates for all dams, coffer dams, pumping, piling, shoring, temporary drains, sumps, etc. necessary for this purpose and shall make good at his own costs all damage caused thereby.

1.21 Weather Conditions

The Contractor shall be deemed to take into account all possible weather conditions when preparing his tender and he shall not be entitled for extra payment by the reason of the occurrence or effect of high winds, excessive rainfall, temperature or any other meteorological phenomena.

1.22 Protection from Weather

All materials shall be stored on site in a manner approved by the Engineer's Representative and the Contractor shall carefully protect from the weather all works and materials which may be affected thereby.

No separate payment will be made for this and the Contractor will allow in his rates for this.

1.23 Explosives and Blasting

At works requiring the use of explosives the Contractor shall employ men experienced in blasting, and these men must be in possession of a current blasting certificate. The purchase, transport, storage and use of explosives shall be carried out in accordance with the most recent explosives Ordinance and Rules issued by the Government and the Contractor shall allow in his rates for excavation and quarrying for all expenses incurred in meeting these requirements, including the provision of suitable stores. Blasting operations shall be carried out with as little interference as possible to traffic or persons and the rates shall include for all flagging, watching, barricades and clearance of debris.

In all cases previous permission from the Engineer must be obtained before commencing any blasting operation.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, blasting would be dangerous to persons or property, or it is carried out in a reckless manner, the Engineer can prohibit any further use of explosives.

1.24 Liaison with Police, etc

The Contractor shall keep himself in close contact with the Police, Labour Officers and other officials of the areas concerned regarding their requirements in the control of workmen, passage through townships, or other matters and shall provide all assistance and/or facilities which may be required by such officials in execution of their duties in connection with the Works.

Any instruction given by the Traffic Police concerning fencing off of open trenches or other excavations must be followed explicitly.

1.25 Provision of Water

The Contractor shall provide water for use in the Works. He shall supply all hydrants, hose, cocks, vessels and appliances necessary for the distribution thereof and shall provide pumps, tanks, carts, vessels and appliances, transport and labour when and wherever it is necessary for water to be carted for use at the Works. All water used in connection with the Works shall if possible be obtained from a public water supply and the Contractor shall make all necessary arrangements and pay all the charges for connections to main and for water used.

1.26 Temporary Lighting and Power

The Contractor shall provide all artificial lighting and power for use on the Works, including all Sub-Contractors' and Specialists' requirements and including all temporary connections, wiring,

fittings, etc., and clear away on completion. The Contractor shall pay all fees and charges and obtain all permits in connection therewith.

1.27 Sanitation

The Medical Officer of Health or other Sanitary Authority shall be informed when Works are about to commence. The instructions of the Medical Officer or other Sanitary Authority shall be complied with by the Contractor at his own expense.

The site shall be kept in a clean and proper sanitary condition. No nuisance shall be committed on or around the work, and latrines for the workmen and staff shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of the Medical Officer or Sanitary Authorities. The Contractor shall be responsible for the sanitary discipline of his labour.

The Engineer's Representative has the right to order any laborer, who in the opinion of the Engineer's Representative does not have a satisfactory sanitary discipline, off the site with immediate effect.

The Contractor shall follow the safety rules set down by the Factories Inspectorate, Ministry of Labour.

1.28 Medical Facilities

Contractor's attention is drawn to Legal Notice No. 79 of 22nd September 1978 by which it is mandatory that every Contractor employing more than twenty people should appoint (in writing) a safety supervisor. A safety supervisor advises the management on all matters regarding safety, hygiene and welfare of the people affected by the Contractor's undertaking on the site. The safety officer may in addition carry out other duties.

The contractor shall provide adequate first-aid equipment on the site, and ensure that at least two of his site staff are competently trained in first-aid.

1.29 Signboards

The Contractor shall erect 4No. signboards as shown on the drawings in prominent positions adjacent to the Works to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The signboards shall be erected each at strategic positions as approved by the Engineer.

1.30 Setting Out

The Contractor must before commencing any construction work, make sure that levels shown in the drawings correspond with levels found on the site.

Should any discrepancy be discovered between the levels shown on the drawings and those found on the site, which may affect the levels and dimensions of any part of the Works, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer, who, if necessary, will issue drawings showing the amended levels and dimensions.

The Contractor shall allow for in his rates the cost of the necessary qualified and experienced staff to set out the works and during the continuance of the Contract for the sole use of the Engineer, provide approved accurate instruments together with all other requisites, all necessary chainmen and other attendance and transport required for setting out and checking the Works or purposes in connection therewith.

The major requirements are as a minimum but not limited to the following:-

Theodolite		
Magnification	20 times	
Image	Erect	
Sensitivity of plate level per 2mm	6"	
Automatic Level		
Standard Deviation of 1km double run leveling	±1.5mm	
Magnification	24 times	
Image	Erect	
Staff	5 meters erect	
Measuring Tape	50 and 100 meters steel tape – 2 Nos. each.	

The Contractor shall clear the site and set out the Works well in advance to enable the Engineer to inspect and approve the setting out prior to commencement of the Works. The Contractor shall amend at his own cost any error due to inaccurate setting out.

Any checking or approval by the Engineer of the setting out, benchmarks, plans or schedules will not relieve the Contractor of his responsibilities under the Contract.

The Contractor shall provide a site plan showing the position of his site offices, storage sheds, accommodation, Engineer's Representative's office etc., in relation to the permanent works for the approval of the Engineer before commencing erection of his camp.

1.31 Backfilling of Holes and Trenching

The Contractor shall immediately upon approval of any work at his own expense and to the satisfaction of the Engineer backfill all holes, trenches and temporary quarries which have been made (except permanent borrow pits), level all mounds or heaps of earth that may have been raised or made and clear away all rubbish caused by the execution of the work. The Contractor shall bear and pay all costs, charges, damages, and expenses if any kind whatsoever which may occur by reason of holes and trenches connected with the Works or materials tools or plant being left or placed in improper situation.

1.32 Inspection of Works

No part of the Works shall be built in or covered over until it has been inspected and approved by the Engineer and the Contractor must give due notice in writing to the Engineer's Representative when any part of the Works are ready for inspection.

1.33 Method of Measurement

All measurements shall be taken jointly by the Contractor and the Engineer as and when the latter so directs and shall be made in accordance with the Specification and Preamble to Bills of Quantities notwithstanding local or other customs.

1.34 Cleaning up of Site

Before final acceptance upon the completion of the Works the Contractor shall, at his own expense, remove and dispose of all rubbish and remove all equipment, surplus materials, camps and buildings, which the Contractor has provided, and temporary works ordered by the Engineer and shall leave the Site absolutely clear thereof and in good order and condition to the entire satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.35 Testing of Water-Retaining Structures

All water-retaining structures shall on completion be tested for water-tightness in the following manner. The structure shall be filled with potable water in stages and held at each stage for such time as the Engineer may require. Should any dampness or leakage occur at any stage the water shall be drained off and the defects made good. The procedure shall be continued and finally the structure shall after a period allowed for absorption remain full for seven days. Within those seven days the level of the surface of the water should be recorded and measurements made at intervals of 24 hours. The total leak must not exceed 0.3% of the total volume of water in the tested structure.

If the structure does not satisfy the conditions of the test, and the daily drop in water level is decreasing, the period of test may be extended for a further 7 days, and, if the specified limit is then not exceeded, the structure may be considered as satisfactory.

Should any dampness or leakages or other defects occur they shall be made good and the structures re-tested until the water-tightness is approved by the Engineer.

Faces of submerged structures may not be covered before testing.

The Contractor shall allow in his rates for all expense and shall provide water and all necessary labour and materials for testing the structure.

1.36 Testing of Roofs

Where structures are used for the storage of potable water, adequate precautions should be taken to ensure that the roof is watertight in order to give protection against a potential source of pollution.

The roof should be tested by lagooning the concrete slab to a minimum depth of 75mm for a period of 3 days; the roof slab should be regarded as satisfactory if no damp patches occur on the soffit. The roof screed should be completed immediately after testing.

All water, labour and materials for the test are to be provided by the Contractor who shall allow for this in his rates.

1.37 Cleaning and Sterilising Water-Retaining Structures

The interior of all potable water-retaining structures shall be thoroughly cleaned and washed after the water-tightness test has been approved by the Engineer in order to remove all contamination.

The structure shall then be filled to overflow level with clean water containing 50 parts per million of chlorine and left for a period of at least 24 hours. The chlorinated water shall then be drained away and the structures refilled with clear water from which samples shall be taken for bacteriological examination and for tests of residual chlorine. If any of the results of the tests are unsatisfactory when compared with those of the control sample of the supply water the sterilizing process shall be repeated until the results of the tests are satisfactory.

The costs of the initial sampling, analyses and preparing reports on the bacteriological quality of the water shall be borne by the Employer, but should the initial reports be unsatisfactory the costs of any subsequent sampling analyses and preparing reports shall be borne by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall allow for in his rates: providing water, all labour, materials, chemicals and other things necessary for cleaning and sterilizing the water-retaining structures.

1.38 Contractor's Superintendence

The Contractor shall give or provide all necessary superintendence during the execution of the Works and as long thereafter as the Engineer may consider necessary for the proper fulfilling of the Contractor's obligations under the Contract. The Contractor or his competent and authorized Agent or Representative approved in writing by the Engineer (which approval may at any time be withdrawn) is to be constantly on the Works and shall give his whole time to the superintendence of the same. If such approval shall be withdrawn by the Engineer, the Contractor shall after receiving written notice or such withdrawal, remove the Agent from the Site within the time stated in the notice and shall replace him by another Agent approved by the Engineer.

1.39 Transport of Workmen

The Contractor shall include in his rates for all transport of staff and workmen to and from and in connection with the various parts of the Works, and all costs incurred in recruiting and transporting labour to the site, where such labour is from outlying areas and costs of returning labour on termination of the Contract.

1.40 Normal Working Hours

These shall be taken as Mondays to Fridays from 8.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m with one hour lunch break .with all Public Holidays set aside as required.

Where the Contractor wishes to work outside these hours he shall request the Engineer in writing at least 24 hours in advance for consideration and for the Engineer to make the necessary arrangements.

1.41 Transport, Travelling and Leave

In his rates the Contractor shall allow for and be responsible for all charges which may arise out of the transport to the site of materials, plant or equipment from any source, all applicable Customs duties, all licenses or other costs whatsoever together with all handling, packing and insurances. The prices shall also include all charges arising out of the provision of transport to the site of staff and labour from any source and shall include all costs in respect of fares, insurances, customs, medical or other fees, subsistence, leave and all other matters.

1.42 Compliance with Statutes and Regulations

In addition to requirements of Clause 26 of the General Conditions of Contract, the Contractor shall be responsible for acquainting himself with all current valid Statutes, Ordinance, Bye Laws or Regulations which may affect the works and shall include these in the item provided in the Bills of Quantities. This applies to Training Levy and other similar taxes for which no claims on the part of the Contractor other than the one inserted in the Bills of Quantities will be allowed.

1.43 Accommodation for Workmen

The Contractor shall provide and maintain suitable shelters and mess facilities for his workmen and supervisory staff. The facilities shall be of sufficient size and to a standard considered satisfactory by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall throughout the contract provide an adequate supply of potable water for the Workmen.

1.44 Storage Space: Sheds

Suitable temporary stores and workshops shall be erected and later removed on completion of the works. All buildings shall be adequate for protection of the equipment of materials to be kept therein and shall be constructed and located to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.45 Office for the Contractor

The Contractor shall erect an office near the Works on a site to be approved by the Engineer. This office shall be kept open at all hours during which the work is in progress.

Any notice to be given to or served upon the Contractor shall be deemed and taken to be effectively given or served upon by the delivery thereof at such office on the Site.

1.46 Removal of Camps

On the completion of the Contract, the Contractor shall if so requested take down and remove all structures connected with his camp, and shall take up all pipes, drains and culverts, backfill

trenches, fill up all latrine pits, soakaways and other sewage disposal excavations, and shall restore the site as far as practicable to its origin condition and leave it neat and tidy to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

1.47 Site Meetings

Site meetings will normally be held monthly, but will be called for whenever the progress of the works so require or when demanded by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall at all meetings be represented by a responsible representative other than the Site Agent, who has the powers to commit the Contractor in all matters concerning the contract.

In the event no responsible representative of the Contractor is present at the meetings, any decision take by the Engineer at the meeting will be binding upon the Contractor.

1.48 Summary of Latest British Standards Applied in the Final Design and Specifications

BS 4: BS 12:	Hot-rolled sections and hot-rolled hollow sections Portland cement (Metric Units)
BS 21:	Pipe threads for tubes and fittings where joints are made on the threads.
BS 143:	Malleable cast iron and cast copper alloy screwed pipe fittings for stream, air, water, gas and oil.
BS 416:	Cast iron spigot and socket soil, waste and ventilating pipes (sand cast and spun) and fittings
BS 437:	Cast iron spigot and socket drain pipes and fittings
BS 437:	Pipes, bends, branches and access fittings.
BS 449:	The use of structural steel in building.
BS 459:	Doors

BS 534:	Steel pipes, fittings and specials for water, gas and sewage.
BS 556:	Concrete cylindrical pipes and fittings including manholes, inspection chambers and street gullies.
BS 639:	Covered electrodes for the manual metal-arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels.
BS 743:	Material for damp proof courses. Metric units.
BS 747:	Roofing felts. Metric units.
BS 864:	Capillary and compression tube fittings of copper and copper alloy. Metric units.
BS 882:	Aggregates from natural sources for concrete(including granolithic)
BS 890:	Building lines
BS 952:	Classification of glass for glazing and Terminology for work on glass
BS 1010:	Draw-off tops and stop valves for water services (screw down pattern)
BS 1030:	Schedule of cast iron drain fittings, spigot and socket type, for use with drain pipes to BS 437.
BS 1142	Fibre building boards, Insulating boards (soft boards)
BS 1184:	Copper and copper alloy traps.
BS 1186:	Quality of timber and workmanship in joinery

BS 1186	Quality of timber and quality of workmanship
BS 1212:	Ball valves (excluding floats)
BS 1256:	See BS 143
BS 1377:	Methods of test for soil for civil engineering purposes
BS 1387:	Steel tubes and tubulars suitable for screwing to BS 21 pipe threads
BS 1722:	Fences, Gate and gate posts used in conjunction with chain link fences .
BS 1881:	Methods of testing concrete
BS 2028:	Precast concrete blocks
BS 2494:	Materials for elastromeric joint rings forpipeworks and pipelines
BS 2871:	Copper and copper alloys, Tubes.
BS 3148:	Test for water for making concrete
BS 3248:	Polythene pipe (Type 50) for cold water services
BS 3416:	Black bitumen coating solution for cold application
BS 3505:	Unplasticised PVC pipe for cold water services
BS 3601:	Steel pipes and tubes for pressure purposes: carbon steel with specified room temperature properties.
BS 4133:	Flanged steel parallel slide valves for general purposes
BS 4164:	Coal tar-based hot applied coaling materials for protecting iron and steel, including suitable primers where required.

BS 4190:	Isometric black hexagon bolts, screws and nuts.
BS 4254:	Two-part polysuphide-based sealants for the building industry.
BS 4320:	Metal washers for general engineering purposes
BS 4360:	Weldable structural steels.
BS 4449:	Hot rolled steel bars for the reinforcement of concrete.
BS 4461:	Cold worked steel bars for the Reinforcement of concrete.
BS 4466:	Bending dimensions and scheduling of bars for the reinforcement of concrete
BS 4483:	Steel fabric for the reinforcement of Concrete.
BS 4505:	Flanges and bolting for pipes, valves and fittings. Metric series.
BS 4505:	Ferrous.
BS 4772:	Ductile iron pipes and fittings.
BS 4848:	Hot-rolled structural steel sections.
BS 5135:	Metal-arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels
BS 5151:	Cast iron gate valves for general Purposes
BS 5153:	Cast iron check valves for general purposes
BS 5155:	Cast iron and carbon steel butterfly valves for general purposes
BS 5163:	Double flanged cast iron wedge gat valves for waterworks purposes

BS 8007:	Code of practice for the structural use of concrete for retaining aqueous liquids (formerly BS 5337)
BS 8110:	The structural use of concrete.
BS 5328:	Method of specifying concrete including ready mix concrete
Plastics	
12201-1	Plastics piping systems for sewerage under pressure - water supply, and for drainage and Polyethylene (PE) - Part 1: General
12201-2	Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 2: Pipes
12201-3	Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 3: Fittings
12201-5	Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure polyethylene (PE)
CP 112:	The structural use of timber, trussed rafters for roofs of dwellings
CP 231: CP 301: CP 308: CP 310: CP 2010: CP 2010: CP 2010: CP 2010:	Painting of buildings Building drainage Drainage of roofs and paved areas Water supply Pipelines Installation of pipelines in land Design and construction of steel pipelines in land. Design and construction of iron pipelines in land.

2 SITE CLEARANCE AND TOP SOIL STRIPPING

2.1 Site Clearance

Site clearance shall generally be restricted to the pipeline routes, the treatment works and the waste stabilization ponds areas unless otherwise instructed by the Engineer. No separate measurement and payment will be made for site clearance of areas cleared by the Contractor for the Storage of construction materials, camps, housing, workshops, stores, quarries, temporary works, etc. The contractor's rates and prices are deemed to include for this work.

2.2 Removal of Topsoil

Topsoil shall be removed where and as directed by the Engineer and shall be deposited in approved spoil areas. Measurement shall be the net area in cubic metres removed as directed and shall allow for stripping topsoil to a depth of 200mm. Should the Engineer instruct that a greater depth than 200mm be removed, payment for the additional material shall be made under the item for spoil in the Bills of Quantities.

3 EARTHWORKS

3.1 General

Excavation shall be made to such lengths, depths and inclinations as may be necessary for the construction of the works or as shown on the drawings or as the Engineer may direct.

3.2 Definitions of Materials

For the purpose of these Specifications materials of earthworks are defined as follows:

- (a) Rock: A solid mass of mineral material, exceeding 0.5m³ cubic metre in volume, of such hardness and texture that it cannot be broken down with a hand-drifting pick.
- (b) Common Material: All earth materials, which do not meet the requirements of rock as defined in "Rock" above.

3.3 Classification of Excavation

The Engineer or his Representative and the Contractor or his Representative shall be present during classification of materials.

3.3.1 Rock Excavation

Rock excavation includes all solid rock in place, which cannot be removed until loosened by blasting, barring, wedging, and all boulders or detached pieces of solid rock more than 0.5 cubic metre in volume. Solid rock under this class, is defined as sound rock of such hardness and texture that it cannot be loosened or broken down by hand-drifting picks.

All materials containing more than 50 per cent by volume of boulders exceeding 0.25 cubic metre in volume shall be classified as rock excavation.

3.3.2 Common Excavation

Common excavation includes all material other than rock excavation; including, but not restricted to earth, gravel, and also such hard and compact material as hardpan, cemented gravel, and soft or disintegrated rock together with all boulders or detached pieces of solid rock not exceeding 0.5 cubic metre in volume.

3.3.3 Measurement

Payments will be made in accordance with the above classifications, and no additional allowance will be made for materials being wet or dry.

3.4 Stripping of Topsoil

3.4.1 Stripping

Stripping shall consist of removing, transporting and disposing of top-soil, stumps, roots, buried logs, debris, humus and similar objectionable matter.

Areas to be stripped are all areas required for permanent constructional works, borrow-pits, reservoir area and embankment fills.

The limits of stripping shall extend two metres beyond the limits of excavation of toes or fills.

The depth of stripping shall normally be 0.2m but deeper stripping might be needed to remove stumps.

3.4.2 Disposal

Materials from stripping suitable as topsoil shall be stacked in approved areas. All other non-combustible materials shall be buried in approved disposal area; covered with a minimum of 0.5m of excavation spoil. These disposal areas shall be left with neatly graded surfaces and stable slopes that assure drainage. Alternatively the non-combustible material shall be removed from the area by the Contractor.

3.5 Excavation in Open Cut

3.5.1 General

All open out excavation shall be performed in accordance with this section to the lines, grades and dimensions shown on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer reserves his right to at any time during the progress of the work to vary the slopes or dimensions of the excavations from those previously specified.

All necessary precautions shall be taken to preserve the material below and beyond the lines of all excavation in the soundest possible condition. Any damage to the works due to the Contractor's operations, including shattering of the material beyond the required excavation lines, shall be repaired at the expense of and by the Contractor. Any and all excess excavation for the convenience of the Contractor for any purpose or reason, except as may be ordered in writing by the Engineer and whether or not due to the fault of the Contractor, shall be at the expense of the Contractor. Where required to complete the work, all such excess excavation and over-excavation shall be filled with compacted concrete Grade 10 furnished and placed at the expense of and by the Contractor.

All excavation for structure foundations shall be performed in the dry.

If excavations are carried out in roads, footpaths, separators, or within 5m of buildings the Contractor is requested to execute the work in a way that will minimize damage and disturbances.

In general vertically sided excavation will be required in such places and the necessary timbering or other support must be provided. Undercutting of excavation sides will not be permitted.

The Engineer reserves his right to direct the Contractor as to the lengths of trenches or parts of bulk excavations which shall be opened up at any one time.

In the case of excavations in roads, and in other places which in the opinion of the Engineer are likely to cause interference to the public the Contractor shall organize his operations in such a way as to reduce to a minimum the interval between opening up and backfilling the excavations.

No permanent work shall commence until the Engineer has inspected and approved the excavation.

3.5.2 Rock Excavation

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer on each occasion when he considers that he is entitled to payment of excavation in rock and shall not fill in any excavation concerned, until it has been inspected by the Engineer.

No payment for excavation in rock shall be made unless the Engineer has inspected the excavation and certified in writing the quantities involved.

The Contractor shall trim all rock faces in cutting to accord with the dimensions shown on the drawings and upon completion leave them safe from rock falls to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

On any work requiring the use of explosives the Contractor shall employ men experienced in blasting – and these men must be in possession of a current blasting certificate. The purchase, transport, storage and use of explosives shall be carried out in accordance with the most recent Explosives Ordinance and Rules issued by the Government, and the Contractor shall allow in his rates for excavation and quarrying, for all expenses incurred in meeting these requirements, including the provision of suitable stores. Blasting operations shall be carried out with as little interference as possible to traffic or persons and the rates shall include for all flagging, watching, barricades and clearance of debris, and the Contractor shall take all practical precautions for the protection of persons, properties and the Works.

Slopes shattered or loosened by blasting shall be taken down at the expense of and by the Contractor.

The Contractor's blasting and other operations in excavation shall be such that they will yield as much suitable material as possible for the construction.

3.5.3 Foundation for Structures

(a) **Common material:** The bottom and side slope of common material upon or against which concrete is to be placed shall be finished accurately to the established lines and grades, and loose materials on surfaces so prepared shall be moistened with water and tamped or rolled with suitable tools and equipment to form a firm foundation for the concrete structure. If, at any

point in common material, material is excavated beyond the established excavation lines, for any reason except by written orders from the Engineer, then the over-excavation resulting voids shall be filled with consolidated concrete Grade 10 at the Contractor's expense.

If the excavation is carried out in advance a protective layer of 150 mm thickness shall be left above the foundation level until immediately before the Contractor is ready to pour the blinding concrete.

(b) **Rock Materials:** The bottom and side slopes of rock material upon or against which concrete is to be placed shall be excavated to the required dimensions as shown on the drawings or established by the Engineer. No material will be permitted to extend within the neat lines of the structure. If, at any point in the rock material, material is excavated beyond the limits required to receive the structure, the additional excavation shall be filled solidly with concrete Grade 10.

All soft or loose material shall be removed by the use of still brooms, picks, hammer or air jets and any activities backfilled with concrete Grade 10, grout or compacted rockfill as directed.

(c) **Levels and Dimensions of Foundations:** Levels and dimensions of foundations shown on the drawings may be changed by the Engineer after excavation has taken place.

The additional volume shall be measured net and paid according to the rates in the Bills of Quantities.

3.5.4 Trench Excavations

All surface material including topsoil, which differs in any nature whatsoever from the substrata, shall in every case be carefully set aside and stored separately from other excavated material. No extra claim will be allowed for setting aside surface material or topsoil for later use.

Trench excavation shall be carried out with great care, true to line and gradient and as near as practicable to the size required for construction of the permanent work. Nowhere shall the external dimensions of the excavations be less than the dimensions of the permanent work shown on the Drawings or ordered by the Engineer.

Excavation for pipe trenches shall be of sufficient depth to give a minimum cover of 650 mm over the top of the pipe.

Where the pipeline is required to be laid at depth, which does not satisfy the minimum cover conditions set out above, the ground surface shall be brought up to the required level by banking the backfill or as directed by the Engineer.

The minimum cover, where pipelines cross under roads, shall be 800 mm to the top of the surrounding concrete, or such cover as may be directed by the road authorities.

Where P.V.C. or Polythene pipes are being laid, the bottom of the trench must be completely free from stones, and a smooth bed of fine material must be provided. Where the bed of the trench for P.V.C or Polythene pipes is excavated in rock, it must be excavated to a depth of not less than 50 mm below the bottom of the pipe, and refilled with selected fine granular material to make a smooth bed for the pipe.

The width of the trench to be excavated will depend on the size and type of pipe being laid. Sufficient width must be excavated to allow the pipe to be correctly bedded and aligned, and to allow for the joints to be correctly made. Generally the grade of the pipe will conform to the lie of the ground, but the excavation must be deepened where necessary to avoid backfalls in any section. Generally the pipeline will slope down towards scour valves and up towards air valves. Minimum gradients are shown on the general drawings.

Any excavated material stored on site for backfilling or other purposes shall be deposited alongside the excavation at a minimum distance of 0.5 m in such a manner that it will cause no damage and as little inconvenience as possible.

3.5.5 Timbering of Excavations

The Contractor shall supply and fix outside the limits of the permanent Works all the timber necessary for support of sides and bottoms of the excavations, for the security of adjacent structures and properties and for every other purpose for which it may be required, all to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The Contractor shall maintain such supports until in the opinion of the Engineer, the works is sufficiently advanced to permit the withdrawal of the support. Such withdrawal shall be executed only under the personal supervision of a competent foreman.

The Engineer may order excavations to be timbered or to be close timbered or may order timbering to be driven ahead of the excavation, or may order the adoption of any other method of supporting the sides and bottoms of the excavations as may appear to be necessary, and the Contractor shall adopt and shall make no charge for executing the adopted method.

The Contractor shall be responsible for any injury to the workers and any consequential damage caused by or arising out of the insufficiency or the support he provides for his excavations or caused by or arising out of the removal of that support, and any advice, permission, approval or instruction given by the Engineer relative to that support or removal thereof shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility.

Any instruction given by the Engineer will be directed to the provision of stronger support than that proposed by the Contractor, and will be given only when, in the opinion of the Engineer, the support proposed by the Contractor is insufficient.

Where timber has been used in excavations any of such timber left in position shall be at the expense of the Contractor except where the Engineer has ordered the timber to be left in place or if any timber should be left in place with the prior approval of the Engineer. The timber approved or ordered to be left in place will be paid for at the rates entered in the Bills of Quantities.

For the purpose of this Clause the words "timber" and "timbering" shall be construed to include trench sheeting and steel or concrete sheet piling or any other means adopted by the Contractor for supporting excavations.

3.5.6 Excavation to be Kept Free from Water

Where excavations are required below the existing water level, the Contractor shall make arrangements to keep the excavation dry and shall produce drawings and written explanations of the method to be used to enable the Engineer to determine the adequacy of the method, before commencing the excavation.

The Contractor shall give due regard to the possibility of floods and provide all pumps, timbering, coffer dams, sheet piling and other equipment necessary for keeping the excavations free from water.

Every precaution shall be taken not to diminish the bearing capacity of the soil below foundation level. Wall-points or pump pits are to be outside the foundation area to prevent flows in upward direction.

All sumps and drains are to be filled in or otherwise made good as directed by the Engineer on completion of the relevant part of the Works.

The costs of all the above precautions shall be allowed for in the rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities.

3.5.7 Refilling Excavations

No backfilling or refilling shall commence without the Engineer's approval.

The refilling of excavations shall commence as soon as practicable after the permanent works have been tested where so required and inspected and approved by the Engineer. In particular the backfilling of trenches shall be carried out expeditiously to reduce lengths of trenches open at any one time.

As soon as P.V.C. or Polythene pipes are laid and jointed in their final positions they should be protected from possible damage by carefully backfilling of fine granular material brought up to about 150 mm over the top of the pipe, for the full width of the trench, and well compacted. Joints must be left open for inspection until the pressure test is completed.

Backfilling shall be executed with selected materials in 150 mm layers (300 mm layers if a mechanical rammer is used) each layer being well rammed and watered to obtain the maximum compaction. Care shall be taken to ensure that no stone or other material, which could damage pipes or other work, is placed within 300mm of such work.

Water in excess shall not be used in settling of the backfilling.

Backfilling over steel pipes shall be generally as described above, except that the initial protective filling around the pipe is not necessary.

Regardless of the means of backfilling adopted, it is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that he satisfactorily backfills all excavations and causes no damage to permanent work or adjacent structures, and he shall at his own expense take all steps necessary to comply with this obligation.

The Contractor shall at all times be responsible for damage caused to permanent works through his backfilling operations or through the premature opening to traffic of a backfilled surface.

3.5.8 Reinstatement of Surfaces

Generally all trenches and backfilled excavations shall be reinstated to equal surface as before excavation.

Trenches in any existing road shall be refilled to the level of natural soil below the road with subsoil in 75 mm layers, each layer being carefully tamped with rammers. The remaining top layers shall be filled to the road surface with materials equal in type, quantity and compaction to materials used for the existing road.

The trench shall then be left to settle for 30 days. At the expiration of this period the surface shall be made up to level and tamped or rolled to the approval of the Engineer, who will decide on the particular surfacing employed in accordance with the existing surface of the road.

Before expiration of the maintenance period the Contractor shall make good any defaults in reinstatement.

3.5.9 Removal of Surplus Excavated Material

Excavated material, which is not needed either for backfilling trenches or other excavations or for use in embankments or otherwise, shall be removed and disposed of to tipping places obtained by the Contractor. All rubbish and waste material shall similarly be removed by the Contractor. All surplus excavated material shall be spread and leveled in the tipping places in accordance with such directions as the Engineer may give, and the Contractor's rates for disposal shall include for the costs of such operations.

The Contractor shall take every practical precaution against causing any nuisance, damage, injury or inconvenience in the handling, stacking, carting or disposal of excavated materials or any other operation matter or thing in connection therewith. No excavated material shall be placed in any position where it may be washed away or may be liable to fall or spread into any private property or across a road or footpath, and should such occur, the Contractor shall forthwith remove the same at his own costs.

Should the Engineer direct the Contractor to tip certain surplus excavated materials in a particular place (other than the tipping places obtained by the Contractor) the Contractor shall

abide by such instruction and shall make no charge in consequence thereof unless the place specified entails a longer haul than what would be incurred by tipping at the place or places obtained by the Contractor.

3.5.10 Measurement of Excavation Work

Excavated material will be measured, in cubic metres in excavation to the lines shown on the drawings or described in these specifications, and will include only material that is actually removed at the direction of the Engineer.

Where excavation lines are not shown on the drawings, the excavation will be measured to the most practicable lines, grades and dimensions as directed by the Engineer.

In the case of bulk excavations the Contractor shall unless otherwise directed by the Engineer prior to the commencement of any excavation prepare grid plans of the various sites showing the existing ground levels at intervals of not more than 10 m. For any particular part of excavation the mean ground level shall be determined from the aforesaid grid paint, and the depth shall be calculated from the above mean ground level.

3.6 Borrow Pits

No borrow pits will be allowed to be opened on the site unless permission in writing has been obtained from the Engineer.

Before the excavation of an approved borrow area is commenced the Contractor shall clear the surface and strip the topsoil in accordance with Clauses 2 and 3.4.

Borrow excavations shall be regular in width and shape and shall be properly graded and drained and finished with neatly trimmed slopes, and if so directed soiled and grassed.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional allowance above the unit prices on account of any changes ordered by the Engineer in the amounts of materials to be secured from any borrow area, or on account of the designation by the Engineer of the various portions of the borrow areas from which materials are to be obtained, on account of the depths of cut which are required to be made.

Measurement for payments of excavation in borrow areas will only include for the quantities of materials utilized for construction of embankments etc. Any costs of excess excavated material, except if directed by the Engineer shall be borne fully by the Contractor.

3.7 Hardcore Filling

Hardcore fill shall consist of clean hard broken stone or rubble with measurements not exceeding 150 mm in any one direction with sufficient murram added to fill the interstices. The hardcore shall be well-packed, rammed and where possible rolled with a 5 ton roller. Where rolling is impossible, compaction shall be by hand or by mechanical tampers. Before any concrete is laid

on hardcore, the hardcore shall be leveled and blinded with fine stone chippings, rolled and watered as necessary. Hardcore filling is measured after compaction.

3.8 Earth Filling

3.8.1 General

Earth not suitable to be used in filling may at any time be rejected by the Engineer. If there is a deficit of soil the Contractor shall from approved borrow pits supply selected material in the ordered amount.

Before commencement of filling, the topsoil shall be removed, if so ordered by the Engineer. The removal of this layer will be separately priced in the Bills of Quantities.

3.8.2 Compaction of Fill

After removal of topsoil as specified, fill material shall be spread in even layers over the full width of the area to be filled. Each layer shall not exceed 150 mm in thickness after compaction.

The water content of the earth fill material prior to and during compaction shall be distributed uniformly throughout each layer of the material. The allowable ranges of placement Water Content are based on design considerations. In general, the average placement Water Content will be required to be maintained at the Proctor Laboratory Standard Optimum condition. This standard optimum water content is defined as, "That Water Content which will result in a Maximum Dry Unit Weight of the soil when subjected to the Standard Proctor Compaction Test".

Proctor Compaction Tests are to be carried out in accordance with BS 1377.

The material shall be brought to the required water content by sprinkling on the earthfill and mixed uniformly throughout the layer.

Compaction of fill shall be carried out to 100% per cent Standard Proctor if not otherwise indicated on the drawings.

In case of unsatisfactory compaction, test results the Contractor shall recompact or remove the fill to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The number of tests to be made shall be agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor at commencement of the work.

The machinery the Contractor intends to use for compaction (pneumatic, vibrating, static or other rollers) must be approved by the Engineer before employment.

The Contractor shall take care that each separate layer is formed with side-slopes to ensure that water cannot gather on the surface, thus causing softening of the soil. Compaction shall start from the side of the embankment and continue towards the middle.

On completion of the embankment to formation level and stipulated side slopes, the layer of top soil mentioned in Clause 3.9 shall be applied.

Earthfill is measured after compaction.

3.8.3 Grass Planting and Top Soil

Top soil shall be selected vegetable soil, well compacted and except where otherwise specified be of 150 mm thickness.

The Contractor shall trim the faces of the side slopes to open channels and elsewhere where directed to the dimensions, inclinations and curves shown on the Drawings, remove all excess material and make good all depressions with suitable material.

Where instructed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall plant Kikuyu or other approved grass at the rate of 16 plants per m² corresponding to 250 mm c/c. The Engineer shall satisfy himself that natural growth of grass will not take place within a reasonable time before instructing the Contractor to grass specified areas.

The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining suitable grass plants and for making all necessary arrangements with the owners and/or occupiers of the land from which they are to be obtained. The Contractor shall be responsible for the preparation of the embankment for planting, and for maintaining adequate grass cover and necessary watering during the Contract and Maintenance Period.

Top-soiling and grassing are measured in square metres.

3.8.4 Ant-Proofing

Where an ant-proof course has been specified, it should be made by application of Rentokil Termite Soil Concentrate or equal diluted one part concentrate to forty parts water (by weight) at the rate of 5 litres solution to 1 sq. metre to the whole area of the building immediately before (36 hours maximum) the concrete is poured. Additionally to all critical areas, i.e. both sides of wall foundations, piers and porches the application should be 5 litres per running metre. Treatment should not be made when the soil is excessively wet. Precautions should be taken to prevent disturbance of the treated areas before they are covered.

Ant-proofing is measured in square metres.

4 CONCRETE WORKS

4.1 General

All materials and workmanship for concrete shall comply with BS 8110 and BS 8007 where applicable.

4.2 Materials and Tests

4.2.1 Cement

Cement shall be Ordinary Portland Cement complying with BS 12. The cement shall be delivered in properly sealed, unbroken bags.

Rapid Hardening Portland Cement complying with BS 12 may be used with the approval of the Engineer.

Quantities in excess of one ton shall be stored in a water-proof shed with a raised floor. The cement shall be used in the order in which it has been received.

Quantities of less than one ton for early use may be stored on a raised floor and covered by a water-proof tarpaulin.

Any cement damaged by water or proving defective shall be removed from the site immediately.

4.2.2 Aggregates for Concrete

The aggregates shall comply in all respects with the requirements of BS 882.

The aggregates shall be free from dust, decomposed material, clay, earthy matter, foreign substances of friable, thin or laminated material. The fine aggregate shall be of approved river sand. Coarse and fine aggregates shall be stored on the sites in separate heaps so that no possibility of any intermixing of the two shall occur. Any materials, which have become intermixed, shall be removed by the Contractor forthwith.

A sample of all aggregates shall be delivered to the site for the approval of the Engineer, and it shall remain on the site until all concrete work is finished.

Should the Engineer so require, the Contractor shall furnish a certificate from an approved testing laboratory in connection with each source of fine and coarse aggregates showing that materials comply with the specifications. All such testing shall be carried out at the Contractor's expense.

4.2.3 Water

All water to be used for concrete, mortar and curing shall be of good drinkable quality, free from humus, acid, chemicals, salts or other matters that in any way whatsoever, may be harmful to the concrete, either by diminishing the strength or causing a discolouration of the concrete.

Generally, water from Public Mains shall be used, but if this is not possible, the Contractor shall obtain water from other sources approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall by request provide test analysis according to BS 3148 from an approved laboratory.

4.2.4 Admixture

Admixture of any kind for accelerating the setting of cement, plasticisers, water proofers, etc. shall not be used except by written permission of the Engineer. The Contractor must by request supply all details of any admixture.

4.2.5 Concrete Mixes

Concrete shall be "Designed Mixes" for reinforced concrete and "Nominal Mixes for Mass Concrete" used as shown on the drawings and in the Bills of Quantities. The concrete mixes, maximum aggregates sizes, maximum water/cement ratio and minimum cement content shall be in accordance with the following table.

Concrete	Max.Size	Min.	Max.
Grade Content	of Coarse aggregate Cement	Ratio Water/Cem	ent
10	40 mm	210 kg/m³	
15	40 mm	250 kg/m³	
20	20 mm	320 kg/m^3	0.5
25	14 mm	390 kg/m³	0.5

4.2.6 Trial Mixes

The actual concrete mixes shall be determined prior to starting of concrete works according to BS 8110 and 5328.

For each grade of concrete three separate batches shall be made using the actual aggregates.

The workability of each of the trial batches should be determined and two times three cubes made from each batch for test at 7 days and 28 days.

Grade	at 7 days	at 28 days
20	15.5 N/mm²	20 N/mm²
25	19 N/mm²	32.5 N/mm²

For the trial mixes the mix proportions given in Table 50 in BS 8110 shall be used.

4.2.7 Testing of Concrete

Testing of concrete shall comply with BS 8110 and 5328.

All test cubes shall be manufactured, cured and tested as detailed in BS 1881.

The Contractor shall provide at his own expense all the necessary labour, equipment, moulds, transport, etc., required for manufacture of the test cubes. All test cubes requested by the Engineer shall be tested by Ministry of Works, Materials Branch, and the Contractor shall allow in his rates for concrete for all costs in relation with test cubes.

Should the Contractor require independent tests, he shall make them at his own expense, and the results of such tests shall not be valid unless test cubes are manufactured in the presence of the Engineer and tested by an approved agency and to the requirements in all details of the BS mentioned above.

Sufficient moulds and equipment shall be provided to enable a minimum of six test cubes to be prepared for each day when concrete is being mixed or such other number as the Engineer may direct. The Contractor shall be responsible for delivery of the test cubes to the Ministry of Works, Materials Branch, or other approved testing laboratory.

The precise location of the concrete, which the test cubes represent and the time of placing, shall be noted on the drawings or elsewhere.

Where the concrete in the works is compacted by mechanical vibration, the test cubes shall be compacted by mechanical vibration, and where the concrete in the works is compacted by hand, the test cubes shall also be compacted by hand as specified in BS 1881.

The Engineer may in the Laboratory make test cubes for any purpose from site materials, and the Contractor shall supply such materials as required free of charge.

The test cubes shall be stored at the site of construction at a place free from vibration under damp sacks for 24 hours after which time they shall be removed from their moulds, marked and buried in damp sand or under water until the time for delivery to the testing laboratory.

The cubes shall then be packed in damp sand or other suitable damp material and sent to the testing laboratory, where they shall be similarly stored until the date of test. Test cubes shall be

kept on the Site for as long as practicable but for at least three-fourths of the period before testing, except for tests at ages less than seven days.

4.2.8 Standards for Acceptance of Cube Tests

The result of all cube tests shall be accepted by the Contractor and the Engineer as true results of the crushing strength of the cubes. The cube strength shall be calculated from the maximum load sustained by the cube at failure.

The appropriate strength required may be considered to be satisfied if the requirements in BS 8110 paragraph 6.5.1 are fulfilled.

BS 8110 requires a considerable number of batches over a certain period. Until these requirements are fulfilled, the strength requirements as given in Clause 4.1.5 shall be adopted.

If the tests fail to give the required strength, further testing of the concrete shall be carried out. If these tests fail to prove the strength of the concrete used, the Contractor shall at his own expense remove and replace all such concrete as directed by the Engineer.

4.2.9 Slump Tests

Concrete consistency shall be determined by a slump test carried out in accordance with BS 1881 and at the Contractor's expense.

Unless otherwise specified by the Engineer, the following are the slumps for the particular class of work:

	Compaction By vibrator	Compaction by hand	
Reinforced Concrete	30 to 60 mm		
Mass Concrete	0 to 30mm	30 to 80mm	

Concrete having a slump test value exceeding the values herein specified may be rejected by the Engineer.

4.2.10 Steel Reinforcement

Steel for reinforced concrete shall be stored under cover clear of the ground and shall comply with BS 4449, BS 4461 and BS 4483.

All steel reinforcement shall be supplied by an approved manufacturer, and the Contractor may be required to obtain a manufacturer's test certificate in respect of steel reinforcement supplied. In the absence of such a test certificate the Contractor may be required to submit samples to be tested at the Contractor's expense in such a manner as the Engineer may determine.

4.3 Precast Concrete Units

Precast concrete shall be cast in properly made strong moulds true to the shapes required for work described "Finished Fair" the moulds shall be lined with hardboard, sheet metal or other approved material.

The concrete shall be thoroughly tamped in the moulds and shall not be removed from them until 7 days after placing the concrete, but the sides may be removed after 3 days, provided the moulds are such that the sides are easily removable without damaging the concrete.

The precast work shall be cast under sheds and shall remain under same for 7 days in the form moulds and a further 7 days after removal the moulds. During the whole of this period the concrete shall be shielded by sacking or other approved material kept wet. It shall then be removed from the sheds and stacked in the open for at least 7 days to season. All precast work shall be cast in lengths convenient for handling unless otherwise described.

Prices are to include for handling reinforcement, hoisting and fixing and bedding in cement mortar, and for finishing exposed surfaces fair where so described.

4.4 Workmanship

4.4.1 Inspection of Reinforcement and Formwork

No concreting shall commence until the reinforcement and formwork have been inspected and approved by the Engineer. Reinforcement in walls and columns shall be inspected and approved before being enclosed in the formwork. Before concreting any part of the Works, the Contractor shall give at least 24 hour notice in writing to the Engineer and obtain his approval.

4.4.2 Mixing of Concrete

Concrete for grade 20 and grade 25 shall be mixed by weight batching only, unless approval has been obtained from the Engineer for the concrete materials to be mixed by volume. Concrete for grade 10 and 15 can be mixed by volume.

The weight of coarse and fine aggregates in each batch shall be so computed that each batch contains one or more full 50 kg bags of cement.

All concrete is to be mechanically mixed in a batch mixer of an approved type. The dry materials for concrete shall be mixed in the mixer until a uniform colour is obtained after which the gauged quantity of water shall be gradually added. After all the water has been added the mixer shall continue to mix for a period of not less than two minutes.

The mixers shall be equipped with an adjustable device capable of supplying a predetermined amount of water.

On the completion of each mixed batch of concrete the mixer drum shall be completely emptied before a fresh batch is placed therein. On the cessation of work the mixer and all handling plant shall be washed out and shall always be left clean and free from hardened concrete. Any mix considered to be unsatisfactory by the Engineer for any reason, will be discharged to waste at the Contractor's expense, as and where directed by the Engineer, well clear of all mixed and placing operations in such a manner as to avoid the risk of defective concrete being incorporated in the Works.

The mixer shall be maintained in a first class condition throughout the Contract and any mixer or plant, which is faulty in any respect, shall not be used. The drums of all mixers shall revolve at the speed recommended by the makers. A mixer which has been out of use for more than 20 minutes shall be thoroughly cleaned out before any fresh concrete is mixed.

The Contractor shall always have one spare mixer ready on the site to avoid interruption in the mixing and casting of concrete.

4.4.3 Transport and Placing of Concrete

Concrete shall be transported in a manner which will avoid the segregation of the constituent material, and placing in the forms shall be completed before the concrete has taken its initial set. In no case shall concrete be placed in the Works more than 30 minutes after mixing. Concrete shall not be dropped through a height greater than 1.2m. Chutes may be used if they are constantly kept free from coatings of hardened concrete or other obstructions. Pumping of concrete through delivery pipes may be used, but only with the prior approval of the Engineer. Concrete of any unit or section of the work shall be carried out in one continuous operation, and no interruption of the concreting will be allowed without the approval of the Engineer. The concrete shall be placed in layers as directed by the Engineer over the whole area to be concreted and the second layer shall not be commenced until the first is completed. Sloping beds will not be allowed when placing concrete. Should any accidental segregation occur, the affected area shall be thoroughly turned over by hand until a homogeneous mix has been obtained.

When concreting walls and columns the mix proportions of the first 250mm depth of concrete placed in contact with the horizontal joint should be adjusted by reducing the amount of coarse aggregate.

4.4.4 Compaction

After the concrete has been placed in position it shall be compacted by vibration with a rigid poker type with internal vibrator approved by the Engineer. The concrete shall be worked well up against the form, joints and around the reinforcement and be free from voids and other imperfections. Under no circumstances shall the concrete be shifted or transported inside the form with vibrator.

The Contractor shall always have one spare vibrator ready on the site to avoid interruption in the mixing, casting and vibrating of concrete.

In the case of reinforced concrete, a competent steel fixer shall be in constant attendance during the placing of concrete to adjust and correct the position of the reinforcement, if so required, immediately before the concrete is placed. In no case shall the vibrators be attached to or be allowed to come into contact with the reinforcement.

Each freshly placed layer of concrete must be thoroughly compacted and worked into the preceding one but care shall be taken that no damage is done to previous work that has already set. Excessive compaction of concrete shall be avoided. The upper surface of slabs shall be compacted by an approved external vibrator.

4.4.5 Placing of Concrete Under Water

Concrete shall only be placed under water with the prior approval of the Engineer who shall likewise approve the method to be used and the precautions necessary to prevent loss of material. In no circumstances shall concrete be dropped or placed in water in a loose condition or be placed in flowing water. In all cases the cement content shall be increased by 25 per cent for each class of concrete at the Contractor's expense.

4.4.6 Placing of Concrete on Earth Surfaces

Earth surfaces on which concrete is to be placed shall be clean, firm and free from standing or flowing water. After the excavation has been completed to the approved lines, levels and dimensions it shall be kept as damp as practicable to reduce absorption of water from the concrete to a minimum. No concrete shall be placed until the prepared earth surface has been approved by the Engineer.

4.4.7 Construction and Expansion Joints

The position and arrangement of construction and expansion joints shall be as shown on the drawings. Where additional joints are requested the positions must be approved by the Engineer.

All construction joints shall be rebated to form a key with subsequent work. Concreting of any unit or section of the work shall be carried out in one continuous operation up to construction joints and no interruption of the concreting will be allowed without approval.

Where shown on the drawings construction and expansion joints shall be provided with water bars of P.V.C. or other approved material. The widths and shapes of the water bars shall be as specified on the drawings and all joints shall be fused. The trade mark of the water bars shall be approved by the Engineer before commencement of work, and fixing and jointing of water bars shall be approved by the Engineer before commencement of work, and fixing and jointing of water bars shall be approved by the Engineer before casting.

The fusing of water bars shall be performed in a way so as to secure that the two bars are jointed over the entire width. The fused joint shall be able to withstand tension and shall be intact after 10 consecutive bendings. The Engineer may request that the fusing is carried out by specialists.

Where shown on the drawings joints shall be provided with a joint sealing compound. The sealing compound shall be a two component polysulphide rubber sealing compound complying with BS 4254, and the trade mark shall be approved by the Engineer. The compound shall be placed in a chase made by a fillet strip in the formwork. The concrete shall be dry and suitable primer shall be applied to the joint before applying the sealant.

The procedure for the workmanship shall be approved by the Engineer before commencement of work, but the Contractor shall have the full responsibility for the water tightness of the joints.

It should be noted that the lower part of the concrete walls shall be cast together with the floor slab and no joint directly on the slab will be permitted.

Before depositing fresh concrete against concrete which has already set, the face of the latter shall be roughened to expose the coarse aggregate, all cement laitance removed whilst the concrete is still green and the surface thoroughly wetted with water and cleared of foreign matter. Cement mortar grout mixed in the proportions of one part of cement to two parts of sand shall be spread to a thickness of 5 mm over the face of the set concrete before the fresh concrete is deposited.

4.4.8 Curing and Protection of Concrete

Curing shall begin as soon as the surface of the concrete has hardened sufficiently. All exposed concrete surfaces shall be cured for a period of seven days by covering them with a layer of sand, hessian, canvas or other approved material kept damp. Concrete shall be protected from sun, wind, heavy rains and flowing water for at least three days after placing.

4.4.9 Finishes of Horizontal Surfaces

Concrete surfaces for floors shall be true to level and falls as shown on the drawings. Water coming to the surface when vibrating shall be removed. After casting the surface shall be smoothened with a wooden flat. After some hours, when the surface has dried up, the surface shall be troweled smooth with a steel trowel.

All other horizontal surfaces shall have the same surface finish except for the final trowelling with steel trowel.

4.4.10 Finishes of Vertical Surfaces

The shuttering for exposed concrete faces shall be so constructed that the latter shall be true to line and surface. The concrete shall be consolidated as specified against the shuttering to keep the face of the work free from honeycombing and other blemishes.

After removal of the shuttering no concrete surfaces shall be treated in any way until they have been inspected by the Engineer.

If, upon removal of the shuttering, the line or surface of the work is in the opinion of the Engineer, unsightly and not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract, the Contractor shall at his own expense cut out and make good such portions of the work as the Engineer directs.

Rendering over defective surfaces shall not be permitted. Areas of honeycombing shall with the approval of the Engineer be made good immediately upon removal of the shuttering, and isolated superficial air and water holes shall be filled. Care shall be taken not to leave mortar or cement on parts of the surface which have been cast smooth and without pores.

Unless otherwise instructed, the face of exposed concrete placed against shuttering shall, after removal of the shuttering be rubbed down with a carborundum stone or in other approved manner to remove fins and other irregularities, and washed perfectly clean.

Concealed concrete faces shall be left as from the shuttering, except that surface with honeycombing shall be made good.

4.4.11 Accuracy of Finish

The arrangement of all formwork shall be made in such a way that all dimensions shall comply as exactly as possible with those given on the drawings. The following tolerances shall be respected:

Foundations	±	50 mm
Position of columns and walls	±	5 mm
Thickness of walls	±	5 mm
Lateral dimensions of columns	±	5 mm
Level of slabs, beams	±	5 mm
Slab thickness	±	5 mm
Lateral dimension of beams	±	5 mm
Plumb of columns and walls	±	3 mm in each storey (non/accumulative)
Window and door opening sizes	±	5 mm

Surfaces and edges must not show any noticeable warping. On a length of less than 10m the deviation may be 10 mm at the most.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of all corrective measures required by the Engineer to rectify work which is not constructed within the tolerances set out above.

4.4.12 Construction of Formwork

All formwork shall be substantially and rigidly constructed of timber or steel or pre-cast Concrete or other approved material and shall be true to the shape, line, level and dimensions shown on the Drawings.

Timber shall be well-seasoned, free from loose knots and, for Formwork of exposed concrete faces be planned to thickness. Faces in contact with concrete shall be free from adhering grout, projecting nails, splits, or other defects that will mark the concrete surface. Formwork for foundations and other concealed work may be of undressed or rough timber. All joints shall be sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of cement grout and to avoid the formation of fins or other blemishes, and all faulty joints shall be caulked. All formwork shall be thoroughly cleaned and coated with an approved type of oil before it is fixed in position. Immediately before concreting the formwork shall be watered thoroughly and washed out to remove sawdust, shavings or other rubbish. Where the appearance of the concrete face is important, the position and direction of the joints shall be as directed.

Fillet strips shall be fixed in the formwork to form a chamfer 20 mm by 20 mm on all external corners of the concrete.

Openings for inspection of the inside of the formwork for walls, beams and similar work and for the escape of wash water shall be formed in such a way that they can be conveniently closed before starting to place the concrete.

Connections between formwork elements shall be constructed to allow for easy removal of the formwork, and shall be either nailed, screwed, bolted, clamped, braced or otherwise fixed securing a sufficient strength to retain the correct shape and line during compaction of the concrete.

Bracing members placed in the formwork to keep two sides of formwork in exact position shall be approved by the Engineer. Holes in the concrete after bracing arrangement shall be made good by plugging with approved material.

Top Formwork shall be provided to concrete faces where the slope exceeds 1 vertical to 2½ horizontal. Such formwork shall be counter-weighed or otherwise anchored against floating.

The formwork shall be so designed that the formwork for soffits of slabs and for sides of beams, columns and walls may be removed first leaving the formwork for the soffits of beams and their supports in position. Wedging or other suitable ways of adjustment shall be provided to allow accurate adjustments of the formwork and to allow a gradual removal of the same without jarring the concrete.

On demand the Contractor shall provide such drawings and calculations as necessary for determination of the structural strength of the formwork. The Engineer's approval of such drawings and calculations will not relieve the Contractor of his responsibilities under the Contract.

Formwork shall be erected true to line and braced and strutted to prevent deformation under the weight and pressure of the wet concrete, construction loads, wind pressure, or other forces. Forming for beam soffits shall be erected with an upward camber as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or of 2 mm each 1 m of horizontal span.

Re-propping of beams will not be approved except when props are reinstated to relieve the beams of loads in excess of the design load. Vertical props shall be supported on folding wedges on sole-plates, or other measures shall be taken whereby the props can be gently lowered vertically when commencing to remove the formwork.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the formwork is faulty, inadequate or does not comply with the specifications, then the Contractor shall at his own cost modify the formwork until it meets the approval of the Engineer.

4.4.13 Mould Oil

All faces of formwork that will come in contact with wet concrete shall be treated with approved mould oil or other coating to prevent adherence to the concrete. Such coatings shall be insoluble in water, non-staining, not injurious to the concrete, shall not become flaky and shall not be removable by rain or wash-water. Liquids that retard the setting of cement shall only be applied to the shuttering when approved. Mould oils and similar coatings shall be kept free from contract with the reinforcement.

4.4.14 Holes for Pipes, Cast-in Items etc., General

The Contractor shall be responsible for the co-ordination with the Sub-Contractors for the setting out and fixing of all pipes and holes, pockets and chases for pipes. Sleeves provided by the sub-contractors are to be accurately set out and cast in and cutting away in completed concrete work is to be minimized.

Details of all holes etc. required in a structural work for services must be submitted to the Engineer who will assess the necessity for extra trimming reinforcement.

No openings, holes, chases, etc., are to be formed in the concrete without the approval of the Engineer and details of fixtures or fixing to be cast in must also be approved.

4.4.15 Pipes through Water Retaining Walls

Pipes passing through water retaining walls and floors shall, wherever possible, be built into the structure in-situ. Shuttering shall be formed closely to the outside of the pipe, and concrete shall be placed and compacted thoroughly round the pipe.

Pipes, bolts or other steel items cast into the concrete in water retaining structures must not in any way be in contact with the steel reinforcement.

When not possible to build in place, pipes shall pass through preformed holes. Holes shall be formed with formwork which shall be stripped cleanly and without shock to the concrete. As soon as the shuttering is stripped, the hole shall be thoroughly wire brushed to expose the aggregate. The hole shall be as neat as possible to allow the pipe to be passed through the walls, while the corners shall be chamfered or rounded.

The pipe shall be set and the hole filled up as soon as possible. Immediately before filling, the hole shall be continuously soaked so as to saturate the concrete, and the surface coated with a stiff mix of 1:1 sand grout. Shutters shall be fixed true to the faces of the wall, and a stiff mix of concrete packed in until the hold is completely filled, particular care to be taken to ensure that the spaces beneath the invert of the pipe and beneath the

slopping soffit of the hole are completely filled. Shuttering shall be stripped as soon as possible and the filling rubbed smooth. The filling and the surrounding concrete shall be kept wet for 7 days after filling.

4.4.16 Removal of Formwork

Formwork shall be left in position until the concrete has attained sufficient strength to be self-supporting. The Contractor shall be responsible for the safe removal of the formwork without shock or vibration – which would damage the concrete. Any work showing sign of damage through premature removal of formwork or through premature loading shall be entirely reconstructed at the Contractor's expense. The Engineer may delay the time of removal of formwork if necessary.

Subject to the above, the minimum periods for removal of formwork shall generally be as follows:

Slabs	Soffits (props left under)	7 days
	Propos	21 days
Beams	Sides	3 days
	Soffits	21 days
Walls and Columns	(unloaded)	3 days

When formwork is removed after 3 days, it will be necessary to ensure that the exposed surfaces of the concrete are kept thoroughly wet for the period of curing.

4.4.17 Reinforcement

All bending, cutting and fixing to comply with CP 110 and BS 4466. Normally Bending Schedules are incorporated in the Contract Drawings, but the Contractor shall satisfy himself about their accuracy and about their complete coverage of the work involved. Any omission, inaccuracy or other errors observed by the Contractor shall be reported to the Engineer before commencement of the work.

In case of errors in Bending Schedule no extra payment will be approved, provided the reinforcement is shown correctly on the Contract Drawings.

The number, size, shape and position of all the reinforcement shall, unless otherwise directed or permitted by the Engineer, be strictly in accordance with the drawings. Bars shall be of the shown lengths, and lapping, except where indicated on the Drawings, is not permitted unless approved by the Engineer.

Spacing between bars shall not differ more than 5mm from the required spacing. Any inaccuracy in the total length of a bar as cut shall be compensated for in the end hooks or other approved parts of the bar.

The internal radius of a bend shall neither be less than allowed by BS 4466 nor less than the radius given in the Bending Schedule. The steel reinforcement shall be assembled and fixed in the form of a rigid case. To prevent displacement before or during concreting the bars shall be secured one to the other with approved binding wire at each intersection. In slabs and walls binding at every second intersection is sufficient.

Concrete cover blocks (mix 1:3) shall unless otherwise directed be used between the reinforcement, the bottoms and sides of the forms to ensure the specified concrete cover to the bars. Variations of cover shall be kept within plus/minus 3 mm from the specified cover.

The minimum clear horizontal distance between adjacent bars shall be of 25 mm or the diameter of the bar whichever is the biggest, and 25 mm vertically. Space bars shall be inserted at such intervals that the bars do not perceptibly sag.

Projecting bars shall be adequately protected against displacement both during and after concreting.

At the time of fixing and when concrete is being placed, all reinforcement shall be free from oil, painting, grease, dust and scale or any other coating, which would destroy and bond with the concrete. The Contractor must obtain the Engineer's approval of the reinforcement when places, before any concreting is commenced.

5 BUILDERS WORKS

5.1 Concrete Block Walling

5.1.1 Precast Concrete Blocks

Concrete blocks shall comply with BS 2028. The blocks shall be Type A, solid or hollow, as specified on drawings, with a minimum compressive strength of 3.5 N/mm², tested as described in BS 2028.

All blocks must be left with good sharp edges. The standard face size of blocks for use in the works shall be 457 mm x 228 mm and this size of blocks shall be used wherever practicable.

No work with concrete blocks shall commence prior to a test report being presented to and accepted by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be responsible for making test blocks and experimenting with available materials to ascertain what mix will be necessary to attain the required strengths. If suitable materials are not available locally, the Contractor shall obtain them from other approved sources.

Manufacture shall be carried out under shelter and after casting the blocks shall be stacked under shelter to protect them from sun and weather, and properly cured by covering with sand or sacks and sprayed daily for not less than 14 days.

5.1.2 Wall Reinforcement

Reinforcement in walls made of solid blocks shall, where so specified, consist of a 25 mm with strip of "Exmet" or similar brick reinforcement centrally in joints at approximately -50 mm cents (vertically) for the full length of the walls, lapped and crimped 300 mm at running joints and full width of walls at angles and intersections.

5.1.3 Cement

The cement shall be as described in "Concrete Work".

5.1.4 Sand

The sand for mortars shall be as described in "Concrete Work", except that it shall be fine sand.

5.1.5 Mortar

The cement mortar shall consist of one part of Portland Cement to three parts of sand by volume.

The ingredients of mortar shall be measured in proper gauge boxes on a boarded platform, the ingredients being thoroughly mixed dry, and again whilst adding water. In the case of cement lime mortar. The sand and lime shall be mixed first, and then the cement added. All mortar is to be thoroughly mixed to a uniform consistency with only sufficient water to obtain a plastic

condition suitable for trowelling. No mortar, that has commenced to set, is to be used or remixed for use.

5.1.6 Damp-proof course

All damp-proof courses shall be of bituminous felt to BS 743 weighing not less than 3 kg per m², free from tears and holes, lapped 150 mm at running joints and for full width of wall at angles and intersections and bedded on and including a 12 mm leveled screed of cement mortar.

5.1.7 Workmanship

Blocks shall be laid in regular even courses and shall be bedded in cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to three parts of sand. Before being laid all blocks shall be immersed in water for at least 12 hours. All beds and vertical joints shall be filled completely with mortar when the blocks are laid, and no flushing up will be permitted. No vertical joint in any one course shall be within 100 mm of a similar joint in adjacent courses. Beds and joints shall be not less than 10 mm nor more than 15 mm thick. (Blockwork Tanks excepted, see Clause 5.1.8).

The courses shall be laid parallel and all perpendiculars shall be truly kept. Reveals and internal and external angles shall be perfectly square and true.

All walls throughout the work shall be carried up evenly no part being carried up more than 1m higher than any other part.

The Contractor shall provide proper setting out rods and set out on the same all work showing openings, heights, sills and lintels and shall build the various walls and piers to the thicknesses, widths and heights shown upon the drawings.

All exposed faces of walls for plastering are to be left rough and the joints raked out while mortar is green to form adequate key.

All other faces shall be cleaned down on completion with a wire brush or as necessary and mortar droppings, smear marks, etc., removed and rates must include for this.

Where blockwork faces are to be left exposed, blocks shall be chosen for their uniformity, unmarked faces and unbroken arises and shall be finished with a fair face and pointed with a neat joint recessed from the face of the blocks.

Where shown on the Drawings, walls are to be carried up to the underside of the roof sheets and are to be cut on top edge to suit roof slope and flushed up in cement mortar.

All outing holes shall be not less than the course deep and carefully filled with a block out to fit size of opening with beds and joints filled with mortar well damped in after scaffolding is removed.

In the case of walls received plaster, or other in-situ facings, out-log holes must be filled before any facing is applied and prices must include for additional cost of free-standing scaffolding.

Tolerances for concrete works are in accordance to clause 4.3.11.

5.1.8 Blockwork Tanks

The concrete blocks shall be solid, type A with a minimum compressive strength of 7 N/mm², testing as described in BS 2028.

For circular blockwork tanks the blocks shall be manufactured in the required shape to fit the curvature of the tank, and all blocks shall be immersed in water for 24 hours before being laid.

Care must be taken to ensure that all joints are filled up completely. The horizontal joints to be reinforced as shown on the Drawings, with the reinforcement covered on all sides with at least 6 mm of mortar thus giving a thickness of horizontal joints of approximately 20 mm.

No parts of the wall shall be carried up more than one course above any other part of the walls.

Reinforcement and holes for pipes passing through walls and floors shall meet the requirements as specified in Section 4.

Internal plaster shall be of mix 1:2, made water proof by use of approved additive.

5.1.9 Measurement

Walls are measured in square metres for each thickness of walls.

The prices shall include for all straight cutting, bonding, plumbing angles, forming reveals, pinning up to under sides of concrete soffits and cutting up to sides of columns and cutting and pinning ends of lintels and sills.

5.2 Plasterwork and other Floor, Wall and Ceiling Finishings

5.2.1 Cement

The cement shall be as previously described in "Concrete Works".

5.2.2 Sand

The sand shall be as described for fine aggregate, but that for plastering shall be light in colour and well graded to a suitable fineness in accordance with the nature of the work in order to obtain the finish directed.

5.2.3 Lime

The lime for plastering shall comply with BS 890 Clause "A" for non-hydraulic lime and shall be as rich as obtainable and to approval. It must be freshly burnt and shall be slaked at least one month before being used by trenching with water, well broken up and mixed and the wet mixture shall be passed through a sieve of 3 mm meshes. Lime putty shall consist of freshly slaked lime as described above, saturated with water until semi-fluid and passed through a fine sieve: it shall then be allowed to stand until superfluous water has evaporated and it has become of the consistency of thick paste, in no case for a shorter period than one month before being used, turning which time it must be kept damp and clean and no portion of it allowed to become dry.

Alternatively, hydrated lime with 70/5 average calcium oxide content may be used and it must be protected from dam until required for use. It shall be soaked to a putty at least 24 hours before use.

5.2.4 Composition of Plasters etc.

A mix referred as 1:4 shall mean 1 cubic metre of cement to 4 cubic metres of sand. All other mixes shall be construed in a like manner.

5.2.5 Hacking etc.

The prices for all screeds, paving and plastering, etc. shall include for hacking concrete surfaces and for raking out joints of walls 15 mm deep and for cross scoring undercoats to form a proper key. Plastering on walls shall generally be taken to include faces of lintels, beams etc. in same.

5.2.6 Surfaces

All surfaces to be paved or plastered must be brushed clean and well wetted before each coat is applied. All cement pavings and plaster shall be kept continuously damp in the interval between application of coats and for seven days after the application of the final coat.

5.2.7 Partially or Wholly Set Materials

Partially or wholly set material will not be allowed to be used or remixed. The plaster mixes etc. must be used within one hour of being combined with water.

5.2.8 Samples

The Contractor shall prepare sample areas of the screeds, pavings and plastering as directed until the quality, texture and finish required is obtained and approved by the Engineer, after which all work executed shall conform with the respective approved samples.

5.2.9 Finish Generally

All screeds and pavings shall be finished smooth, even and truly level unless otherwise specified. Rendering and plastering shall be finished plumb, square, smooth and even.

All surfaces to be plastered shall be thoroughly wetted before any plastering is commenced.

On no account may finished plaster surface be chased and made good.

All work shall be to the approval of the Engineer and any work not complying with the above shall be hacked away and replaced at the contractor's expense.

5.2.10 Arises and Angles

All arises and angles shall be clean and sharp or slightly rounded or thumb-coved as directed including neatly forming mitres.

5.2.11 Making Good

All making good shall be cut out to a rectangular shape, the edges undercut to form dovetail key and finished flush with the face of surrounding paving or plaster. All cracks, blisters and other defects shall be cut out and made good and the whole of the works shall be perfect on completion.

5.2.12 Prices to Include

In additional to the foregoing, prices are to include for all labour, angles and arises, all fair edges, for making good up to or stopping to a line and the required level at top of skirtings or angles where to a line and the required level at top of skirtings or angles where directed and for making good up to windows, door frames and similar.

The prices for all linear items unless otherwise measured are to include for all short lengths, angles and arises, mitres and ends of every description.

5.2.13 Cement Pavings, Screeds etc.

Cement screeds shall consist of cement and sand mix 1:2 laid in panels and finished with a steel trowel if not otherwise specified.

Where specified as waterproof "Pudlo" or similar waterproofing compound shall be added to the cement paving or screeds strictly in accordance with the Manufacturer's instructions.

Where practicable, screeds are to be laid while the concrete is still green. When this is not practicable the concrete is to be well washed and brushed perfectly clean with a steel wire brush, to remove all laitance and to give a roughened face as a key and then kept wet for at least seven days before the screed is laid. On the day of laying the surface is to be only damp with all surplus water removed and has to be painted with cement and sand mix 1:1 grout immediately before commencing laying of the screed. The grout is to be applied continuously in front of the screed, and not in large areas that will dry out before the screed is applied.

Screed shall be protected during the first stage of hardening from the harmful effects of sunshine, drying wings, rain or water. In exposed positions the screed shall be covered with a well wetted layer of sawdust, hessian or other approved material and this layer shall be damp for at least seven days, during which period no traffic is to be allowed over the screed.

5.2.14 **Cement Rendering**

Cement rendering shall consist of cement and sand mix 1:4 to not less than 15 mm finished thickness and be finished to a true and even surface.

5.2.15 **Protection**

All work shall be adequately protected against damage, to the satisfaction of the Engineer until the works are handed over to the Engineer.

5.3 Carpentry and Joinery

5.3.1 **Timber Materials**

All timber shall be in accordance with the latest approved Grading rules issued by the Government of Kenya (Legal Notice No. 358). The quality shall be as First (or Prime) Grade. All timber work to be carried out in accordance with BS 1186 and CP 112. Any of the following timber may be used:

Standard Common Name	Botanical Name	
Podocarpus	Podocarpusspp	
Cedar	Juniperus procera	
AfricanMahogany (munyama)	Khayaanthotheca	
Mininga	PterocarpusAngloensis	
Mvule	Chlorophoraexcelsa	

All timber, as it arrives on the Site, shall be inspected by the Engineer, and any timber brought on the site and not complying with the Specification or not approved, must be removed forthwith from the Site, and only timber as approved shall be used in the works.

The Contractor shall upon signing the Contract, purchase sufficient supplies of specified hardwoods to avoid possible shortages at a later date.

All timber shall be free of live borer beetle or other insect attach when brought upon the Site. The Contractor shall be responsible up to the end of the maintenance period for executing at his own cost all work necessary to eradicate insect attack of timber which becomes evident including the replacement of timber attached or suspected of being attacked, notwithstanding that the timber concerned may have already been inspected and passed as fit for use.

All timber shall be seasoned to a moisture content of not more than 15%.

5.3.2 **Boards and Sheets**

Fibreboard shall be 12 mm "Celotex" or other approved fibreboard complying with BS 1142,

Plywood shall be laminated board faced on in both sides with 4 mm plywood. Exposed edges shall be lipped with 20 mm hardwood and rates shall include for lipping.

Plastic Sheeting shall be "Formula" sheeting 1.3 mm thick and securely fixed with approved type waterproof adhesive, and in the colours approve by the Engineer.

Flush doors shall be 45 mm thick, and shall be obtained from an approved manufacturer. The doors shall comply with BS 459, Part 2. External doors shall be framed, ledged and braced as shown on the drawings, and they shall comply with BS 459, Part 4.

5.3.3 Workmanship

All timber shall be as long as possible and practicable to eliminate joints. Where joints are unavoidable, surfaces shall be in contact over the whole area of the joint before fastenings are applied.

No nails, screws or bolts are to be fixed in any split end. If splitting is likely, or is encountered in the course of the work, holes for nails must be bent at right angles to the grain.

Lead holes are to be bored for all screws. When the use of bolts is specified, the holes are to be bored from both sides of the timber. Nuts must be brought up tight, but care is to be taken to avoid crushing of the timber under the washers.

All joiner's work shall be accurately set out on boards to full size for the information and guidance of the artisans before commencing the respective works, with all joints, iron work and other works connected therewith fully delineated. Such setting out must be shown to the Engineer and approved before such respective works are commenced.

All joiner's work shall be cut out and framed together as soon after the commencement of the building as is practicable, but not to be wedged up or glued until the building is ready for fixing same. Any portions that wrap, wind or develop shakes or other defects within twelve months after completion of the Works shall be removed and new ones fixed in their place together with all other work which may be affected thereby, all at the Contractor's own expense.

All work shall be properly, tenured, housed, shouldered, dovetailed, notched, pinned, bradded, etc., as directed and to the satisfaction of the Engineer and all properly glued up with the best quality glue.

Joints in joinery must be as specified or detailed and so designed and secured as to resist or compensate for any stresses to which they may be subjected. All nails, springs, etc., are to e punched and puttied. Loose joints are to be made where provision must be made for shrinkage, glued joints where shrinkage need not be considered and where sealed joints are required. Glue for load bearing joints or where conditions may be damp must be of the resin type. For non-load-bearing joints, or where dry conditions may be guaranteed, case in or organic glues may be used.

All exposed surfaces of joinery work shall be wrought and all arises "eased off" by planning and sandpapering to an approved finish suitable to the specified treatment.

Round wood plugs shall not be used. All work described as plugged shall be fixed with screws to plugs formed by drilling concrete, walls, etc., with a proper roof of suitable size and filling the holes completely with :Expandet" Rawiplastic or "Rawiplugs" in accordance with the Manufacturer's instructions.

Where intended to be in contact with stone, concrete blocks, cement or plaster, the backs and other faces of all doors, windows and other frames and linings, posts, architectural skirtings, fillets and fascias shall be treated with two coats of wood preservative before fixing

Bottom edges of doors shall be painted with one coat of approved primer before fixing.

Any fixed joinery which in the opinion of the Engineer is liable to become bruised or damaged in any way shall be completely cased and protected by the Contactor until the completion of the Works.

5.3.4 Inspection and Testing

The Engineer shall be given facilities for inspection of all works in progress whether in workshop or on Site. The Contractor is to allow for testing of prototypes of special construction units and the Engineer shall be at liberty to select any samples he may require for the purpose of testing, i.e. for moisture content, identification, species, strength, etc. Such tests will be carried out by the Forestry Department.

5.3.5 Clearing Up

The Contractor is to clear out and destroy or remove all cut ends, shavings and other wood waste from all parts of the building and the Site as the work progresses and at the conclusion of the work.

5.3.6 Prices to Include

Prices of items shall include for the foregoing labours, etc. and in addition the prices for linear items are to include all international and external angles, either mitred or tongued, all fair fitted, stopped, notched or returned ends, all similar incidental labours and all short lengths.

The Contractor's rates must also include for bedding frames, sills, etc., in mortar or dressing surfaces of walls etc.

5.4 Roofing

5.4.1 Roof Sheeting

The roof sheeting and fittings shall be pre-painted Aluminium-Zinc Coated Steel or approved equivalent (such as DUMU Zas) with thickness choices of 0.32mm and 0.40mm laid and fixed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Fixing to be of approved type and quality.

5.4.2 Protection

All roof surfaces shall be kept clean and protected and handed over watertight at completion.

5.5 Steelwork

5.5.1 Materials

All materials shall be the best of their respective kinds and free from defects. The materials in all stages of transportation handling and stacking shall be kept clean and injury from breaking, bending and distortion prevented.

All steel and steel sections shall comply with BS 4, BS 4360 and BS 4848.

All steel shall be of approved manufacture and the Contractor shall on request deliver to the Engineer a manufacturer's test certificate for all steel used.

All structural steel shall be of grade 43A according to NS 4360. Steel for handrails, screens etc. can be of a lower grade, but all steel shall be weld able and the grade shall be approved by the Engineer.

Electrodes shall be according to BS 639.

All electrodes shall be of a class appropriate to the steel. Bolts and nuts shall be according to BS 4190.

5.5.2 Workmanship

Workmanship for all steelwork shall generally follow the requirements in BS 449 and BS 5135.

The Contractor shall prepare all the necessary workshop drawings, which shall be approved by the Engineer. The Engineer's approval shall not in any way relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for the workshop drawings being in accordance with the contract drawings and specifications.

All welding of structural steel shall be carried out in the Contractor's workshop and the whole structure or parts thereof shall be test assembled in the workshop before delivery to the site.

Should any doubt arise as to the quality of the steel or the welds the Engineer may require testing carried out. If the results show insufficient quality of materials or workmanship the Contractor shall cover all expenses related to the tests and shall replace and rectify all materials and welds found unsatisfactory.

5.5.3 Ladders

The ladders in manholes etc. shall be of galvanized steel pipes in accordance with BS 1387 "medium class", and shall be made to the dimensions shown on the drawings.

5.5.4 Measurements

The rates inserted in the Bills of Quantities shall include for preparing workshop drawings, cutting to specified lengths and shapes, drillings of holes, welding, bolts, nuts, washers, gusset plates, base plates etc.

5.6 SURFACE FINISH:

5.6.1 Tank:

The standard finishes for cold water tanks shall be as follows:

Inside: Two coats of non-toxic 2Pack epoxy black paint.

Outside: One coat of zinc phosphate primer and one coat of silver aluminium.

Alternatively, all materials can be supplied in a hot dip galvanized finish.

5.6.2 Tower:

The standard finish for tower is with one coat of primer and one coat of finish paint.

5.6.3 Despatch:

All the components shall be suitable sized for easy loading and unloading by any standard transport vehicle.

Small components shall be bagged or bundled for easy handling.

5.6.4 Erection:

Erection teams shall assemble the tanks either on towers, rooftops, dwarf walls or concrete foundations using installation manuals and drawings.

5.6.5 Ironmongery and other Fittings

All ironmongery shall be approved by the Engineer. The approved samples shall be regarded as the standard for work.

5.6.6 Locks

All locks and ironmongery shall be with screws, etc. to match. Before the door etc., is painted, handles shall be removed, carefully stored and refixed after completion of painting. Locks shall be oiled and left in perfect working order.

25mm diameter rubber door stops shall be provided at all doors and securely plugged and screwed to floors or walls.

All external doors shall be provided with locks of cylinder type. All internal doors to be provided with approved latch locks and handles. All locks shall have two keys with attached labels with door references before being handed over to the Engineer.

5.6.7 Sanitary Fittings

All sanitary fittings shall be of approved manufacture and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

5.7 Glazing

5.7.1 Glass

All glass shall comply with BS 952 and be free from flaws, bubbles, specks and other imperfections.

Glass panes will be cut to sizes to fit the opening with not more than 2 mm play all round and where puttied shall be clipped to the frames.

Clear sheet glass shall be ordinary glazing quality.

5.7.2 Cleaning etc.

On completion remove all broken, scratched or cracked panes and replace with new to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Clean inside and out with approved liquid cleaner. On no account shall windows be cleaned by scraping with glass.

5.8 Painting, Decorating and other Surface Treatments

5.8.1 Approved Specialist

All work under this trade must be executed by an approved specialist unless the Engineer agrees otherwise.

All paint shall be of approved manufacture.

5.8.2 General

The Contractor shall so arrange his programme of work that all other trades are completed and the workmen are away from the area to be painted, when painting begins. Before painting, the Contractor must remove all concrete and mortar dropping and the like form all work to be decorated and remove all stains as to obtain uniform colour to work to be oiled and polished.

All plaster, metal, wood and other surfaces which are to receive finishes of paint, stain, distemper or paintwork of any description are to be carefully inspected by the Contractor before he allows any of his painters to commence work. The Contractor will be held solely responsible for all defective work condemned as a result of his painter's failure to insist on receiving from the other traders surfaces in the proper condition to allow first class finishes of the various kinds specified being applied to them.

5.8.3 Painting generally

All materials to be applied externally shall be of exterior quality and/or recommended by the manufacturers for external use, all in accordance with CP 231.

All materials shall be delivered on site intact in the original sealed drums of tins and shall be mixed and applied strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction and to the approval of the Engineer.

Unless specially instructed or approved by the Engineer, no paints are to be thinned or otherwise adulterated, but are to be used as supplied by the manufacturers and direct from the tins.

The priming, undercoats and finishing coats shall each be of differing tints and the priming and undercoats shall be the correct brands and tints to suit the respective finishing coats in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction. All finishing coats shall be of colours and tints selected by the Engineer. Each coat must be approved by the Engineer before the next coat is applied.

All paints, emulsion paints and distempers shall be applied by means of a brush or spray gun or rollers of an approved type where so agreed by the Engineer.

No painting is to be done in wet weather or on surfaces which are not thoroughly dry.

Each coat shall be properly dry and in the case of oil or enamel paints shall be well rubbed down with fine glass paper before the next coat is applied. The paintwork shall be finished smooth and free from brush marks.

The rates for painting shall include for preparation of surfaces, rubbing down between each coat, stopping, knotting, etc. and all other work in connection and as described and as necessary to obtain a first class and proper finish to the Engineer's approval.

5.8.4 Samples

The Contractor shall furnish at the earliest possible opportunity before work commences and at his own cost, samples of painting for the Engineer's approval and any further samples in the case of rejection. Such samples when approved, shall be the minimum standard for the work to which they apply.

If required by the Engineer the contractor is to provide at his own expense samples of paints, etc, with containers and cases to be forwarded carriage paid by the Contractor for analysis at a laboratory.

Colour cards of all paints, etc. shall be submitted to the Engineer.

The Engineer may reject any materials or workmanship not in his opinion up to the approved sample, and these must be removed from the site without delay.

5.8.5 Preparation and Priming of Plaster etc. Surface

Surfaces shall be perfectly smooth, free from defects and ready for decoration. All such surfaces shall be allowed to dry for a minimum period of six weeks, stopped with approved plaster compound stopping and rubbed down flush, as necessary, and then be thoroughly brushed down and left free form all efflorescence, direct and dust immediately prior to decorating.

Plaster surfaces, which are to be finished with emulsion, oil or enamel paint, shall be primed with an alkali resisting primer complying with the particular paint Manufacturer's specification and applied in accordance with their instructions.

Fibreboard or similar surfaces shall be lightly brushed down to remove all dirt, dust and loose particles and have all nail holes or other defects stopped with an approved plaster compound stopping rubbed down flush and left with a texture to match surrounding material.

5.8.6 Preparation and Priming of Metalwork

All surfaces shall be thoroughly brushed down with wire brushes and scraped where necessary to remove all scale, rust, etc. immediately prior to decorating. Where severe rust exists and if approved by the Engineer, a proprietary de-rusting solution may be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Shop primed and unprimed surfaces shall be given one coat of metal chromate primer or lead oxide primer.

Galvanized surfaces shall be treated before priming with an approved proprietary mordant or degreasing solution. The surfaces shall be thoroughly washed down with water, allowed to dry and primed as last.

Coated surfaces already treated with bituminous solution, shall be scraped to remove soft parts and then receive two isolating coats of aluminium primer or other approved anti-tar primer.

5.8.7 Preparation and Priming Woodwork

All woodwork shall be rubbed down, all knots, covered with a thick coat of good shellac or aluminium knotting; primed with one coat of approved ready-mixed proprietary woodprimer and all cracks, nail holes, defects and uneven surfaces, etc., stopped and faced up with hard stopping rubbed down flush.

5.8.8 Wood Preservative

All woodwork in contact with walling or plaster shall be treated after cutting and preparation but before assembly or fixing with one coat of approved wood preservative. The solution is to be brushed on all faces of all timbers, unless exposed to view and painted.

5.8.9 Cement Paint

Shall be Super Snowcem or equal and approved. Two coats shall be applied after preparation as specified above.

5.8.10 Emulsion Paint

After preparation as specified above a minimum of THREE coats shall be applied using a thinning medium or water only if and as recommended by the Manufacturer.

An approved plaster primer tinted to match may be substituted for the first coat.

5.8.11 Enamel Paint

Apply two undercoats and one finishing coat, after preparation and priming as specified above.

5.8.12 Ironmongery

Where instructed, all ironmongery shall be removed from joinery, steel windows and louvers before painting is commenced, and shall be cleaned and renovated if necessary and refixed after completion of painting.

5.8.13 Painting Items

As billed hereafter shall include for preparing and priming surfaces above described.

5.8.14 Lining of Chemical Tanks

The lining of chemical tanks with "EPOBOND" and "EPOFLOOR" shall be carried out by specialists approved for such work by the manufacturer or his agent.

The preparation of the surface to receive the above products must either be carried out by the specialist or by the Contractor in which case the manufacturers or his agent's written approval of the preparation of the surface shall be obtained prior to the application of the product.

5.8.15 Cover Up

Cover all floors, fittings, etc. with dust sheets when executing all painting and decorating work

5.8.16 Clean and Touch Up

Paint splashes, spots and stains shall be removed from floors, woodwork, etc., any damaged surfaces touched up and the whole of the work left clean and perfect upon completion and during the maintenance period.

6 PIPEWORKS

6.1 Materials, General

All pipes, couplings, gaskets, lubricants, seals, coupling machinery etc., necessary for the proper construction of the pipe works as detailed in the Bill of Quantities and drawings shall be supplied by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that the pipes, couplings and other fittings laid or installed on each section of the work are of the standard and pressure classification specified as appropriate to the circumstances, and are manufactured of the specified materials.

The Engineer reserves his right to refuse any materials that in his opinion is inferior.

The Engineer has the right to test any material upon delivery, and materials found defective shall be replaced forthwith by the Contractor.

If the Contractor procures materials of different specifications in respect of flanges and threads etc. (imperial units-metric units), he shall at his own cost provide all adapters and other fittings necessary to make connections to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

All materials shall be marked as specified in the relevant current British or ISO Standards for easy identification on site.

6.2 Handling and Storing Materials, General

The method of transportation, handling and storing of pipes and fittings shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Pipes, valves, specials and other materials shall be handled, moved, lifted or lowered with the least possible impact. Handling equipment shall be of approved type. In slinging pipes only flat slings shall be used and the use of chain slings, hooks or other devices working on scissors or grab principles shall not be permitted. Pipes shall be slung from two or more points as the engineer may direct and the slinging, lifting and lowering shall be in the hands of a competent and experienced man.

Subject to the requirements of inspection before acceptance, protective bolsters, caps or discs on the ends of flanges or pipes or specials shall not be removed until the pipes or specials are about to be lowered into the trench. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent damage to internal Linings or external coatings.

Pipes in storage shall be supported clear of the ground on approved supports and adequately braced to prevent rolling. They shall not be stacked more than four tiers high without the approval of the engineer. Materials of different classification shall be stored separately.

All pipes and associated material shall at all times be protected from sun and weather to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The spindle shall lift no valves.

No valves, fittings or specials shall be stacked more than one tier high without the permission of the Engineer, and they shall not be stored in a dirty place or condition and shall not be allowed to become embedded in earth, sand, stone, aggregate, water, fuel, or any other deleterious matter. Great care shall be taken at all times to keep the faces and seats of all valves clean and free from dirt and grit of any kind. No valve shall be closed without at first wiping the faces with a clean cloth dipped in clean oil. The cavity beneath the valve doors shall be thoroughly cleaned by hand. In the event of accidental spilling of bitumen, cement or other matter, they shall be either dissolved or carefully removed by methods that do not involve scraping of the faces.

Valves and their ancillary equipment shall be protected before and after erection against collapse of earthworks, falls of materials, concrete and cement droppings, wood and other matter. Shortly before laying or fixing any valve, pipe or fitting the Contractor shall in the presence of the Engineer or his representative carefully examine each valve, pipe and fitting to ascertain damage or defect occasioned to the valves, pipes and fittings during loading, unloading, handling, storage and transportation. All damage and all defects revealed by this examination shall be repaired and remedied by the Contractor.

6.3 Laying and Jointing, General

6.3.1 Pipes and Fittings

All laying and Jointing of pipes except jointing of PVC and polythene pipes shall be in conformity with CP 310 and CP 2010.

The bottom of the trench or surface of the bed shall be finished to a smooth even surface at the correct level to permit the barrel of the pipe to rest on the surface throughout its whole length between joint and sling holes. Considered necessary by the engineer, fine screened material shall be placed and consolidated in the trench bottom to provide such a bed.

In general the preparation of the trench bottom and bed shall be completed for a length of one pipe in advance of the pipe laying.

The bottom of the trench and pipe bed shall be inspected by the engineer and only when passed as satisfactory shall pipe laying commence.

Each pipe shall be laid accurately to line, level and gradient so that except where otherwise directed, the finished pipe line shall be in a straight line both in horizontal and vertical plans.

The levels and gradients shown on the drawings shall be rigidly adhered to unless otherwise ordered by the Engineer.

Where lines of pipes are to be constructed the Contractor shall provide and fix, at such points as may be directed properly painted and securely positioned sight rails, the levels and positions of which shall be examined and checked by the Engineer before the rails are used and as often thereafter as may be necessary.

There shall at no time be less than three sight rails in position on each length of pipeline under construction to any one gradient, and the sight rails shall be situated vertically above the line of pipes, or immediately adjacent thereto.

Pipes shall be lowered singly into the trench, brought to the correct alignment and inclination bedded throughout their length, and properly jointed strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Notwithstanding any flexibility provided in pipe joints, pipes must be securely positioned to prevent movement during and after the making of a joint. On screw and socket joints threads shall be coated with an approved tape to ensure water tightness.

Long radius curves in the pipeline shall be negotiated by deflections taken up in the joints or pipes of one or more lengths of pipes. The deflection at each of the various types of joint of pipes used in the works shall not exceed the manufacturer's specifications.

The Contractor shall take care that all pipes and couplings are clean and free of foreign matter before subsequent sections are jointed.

The Contractor shall obtain from the manufacturer or other approved supplier the necessary tackle required for the proper jointing of the pipes.

The Contractor shall make himself and his employees acquainted with and comply with the instructions issued by the manufacturers of the various types of proprietary joints and couplings for incorporation in the works. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining copies of such instructions.

No person shall be employed on the jointing of pipes that is not thoroughly experienced and skilled in the particular work in hand.

Pipes shall not be cut without the permission of the Engineer.

The cut shall be made with an approved mechanical pipe cutter and the edges of the cut shall be clean true and square. Threading of steel pipes shall be done with an approved device.

The normal continuity of construction may have to be interrupted at joints on the pipelines pending the delivery of certain valves or specials. The exact extent of the temporary gap to be left in such instances shall be predetermined, but shall not be fixed without reference to the Engineer to whom the Contractor shall submit for approval a sketch with dimensions showing details of the pipe and jointing arrangement to be adopted to effect ultimate closure. Special care

shall be exercised to preserve the accurate alignment of the pipeline over the extent of the temporary gaps which it may be necessary to leave.

Subject to the permission of the Engineer, pipes shall be covered over with approved fill material upon successful completion of laying and joining. Joints shall be left ex-posed until completion of the pressure test.

Fill for surrounding and cushioning shall consist of uniformly readily compactable material free from tree roots, vegetable matter, building rubbish and excluding clay lumps retained on a 75 mm sieve and stone retained on a 25 mm sieve.

The materials for bedding shall, where ordered, consist of suitable selected materials obtained from the excavations or from approved borrow pits and transported to the location where they are required.

Adequate precautions shall be taken by way of back-filling or other means to anchor each pipe securely to prevent floatation of the pipeline in the event of the trench being flooded or during concreting.

Upon successful completion of the pressure test the pipeline shall be back-filled as specified.

Supplying of pipes is measured on linear metres.

Storing, handling, laying and Jointing of pipes is measured in linear metres. The rates shall include for leveling of the trench bottom, compacting the foundation, embedding the pile together with the materials used for the bedding, testing, cleansing and sterilizing all to the satisfaction of the engineer.

6.3.2 Valves and Specials

Unless otherwise directed all valves, flowmeters, fittings and specials shall be individually supported and their weight shall not be borne by the pipeline, joints or couplings etc.

All supports for valves and fittings shall be of concrete 'grade 20 or as specified on the drawings.

Where air valves are to be placed the Contractor shall ensure that the highest point in the main is determined by leveling instrument.

Air valves shall be checked before the main is charged to ensure that the balls and faces are not scored or split, and that there is no dirt or other deleterious materials in the cavities of the body. All air nozzles shall be probed to see that they are clear. No air valve shall be stored before erection in the open in sunlight, or upside down to expose the balls and air cavities.

Scour valves shall be installed at low points in the pipelines as shown on the Drawings. The Contractor shall be in agreement with the Engineer on the exact position of scour valves in particular situations.

Scour valves shall, where possible, discharge in the direction of natural drainage and at such a distance from the Works as to preclude erosion effects.

Unless otherwise directed the controlling valve for a scour shall be installed not more than 1.5 m from the main pipeline.

Ends of all scours shall be protected from intrusion of animals and other foreign matter by suitable screening securely fixed to the pipe end.

Valve penstocks and other fittings shall be securely fixed and where required extension spindles and headstocks shall be properly aligned and fixed in a vertical position unless otherwise directed. They shall be tested for ease of operation and water tightness and valve lands shall be repacked where necessary. Any damaged protective coating shall be made good and they shall be left clean in all respects.

Before each valve is put into service all gears, bearings and spindles shall be oiled with an approved oil as recommended by the valve manufacturer. Oil baths shall be topped up to the appropriate levels and all grease nipples charged with grease of approved manufacturer. No deleterious matter shall be allowed to come Into contact with the working faces and oil sumps shall be maintained clean.

All valves, fittings, specials shall be fixed with proper sealing tube, gaskets, washers etc. as necessary to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The rates in the Bills of Quantities shall cover for the supply, storing handling installation and Jointing, together with all bolts, washers, gaskets and lubricants etc.

6.4 Pipes and fittings

6.4.1 Flanges

Where flanged joints are used, flanges shall be in accordance with the requirements of BS 4504: part I or BS 4622 or BS 4772.

The minimum pressure rating shall be for a working pressure of 1.6N/mm2 (approximately 160 metres head) corresponding to NP 16 flanges. The hydraulic test pressure shall not exceed 2.5N/mm²

The number of holes shall be as follows:

Diameter(mm)	No of holes
80 - 150	8
200 - 300	12
350 - 400	16
450 - 600	20
650 - 800	20

Flanges in pipelines with higher pressure rating shall be for a working pressure of 2.5 N/mm2 (approximately 250 metres head) corresponding to NP 25 flanges. The hydraulic test pressure shall not exceed 4.0 N/mm2.

Bolts, nuts and washers shall COMDIY with the requirements of BS 4190 and BS 4320. Gaskets shall fulfill the requirements of BS 2494 and shall have a minimum thickness of 2 mm.

6.4.2 Ductile Iron

Ductile iron pipes and fittings shall comply with BS 4772 or ISO 2531, and pipeline contribution shall be as per CP 2010 Part 3. The pressure rating of the pipes shall be for a minimum working pressure of 2.5 N/mm2 (approximately 250 metres head) and a hydraulic test pressure of 3.0 N/mm2. Care should be taken when the pressure test is carried out not to exceed the permissible test pressure for the fittings installed.

Joint shall be either "Tyton", "Stanlock", "Viking Johnson" of flanged joints as specified in the drawings and the Bills of Quantities. Before any other joint is used written approval of the Engineer must be obtained.

Pipes and fittings shall be coated inside and outside with a hot material complying with the requirements of BS 4147, type 1, grade 'd', or with a cold applied material complying with BS 3416: Type II material.

6.4.3 Grey-Iron or Cast Iron

Grey iron or cast iron pipes and fittings shall comply with BS 4622 or ISO/R 13. The pressure rating of the pipes shall be for a minimum working' pressure of 1.0 N/mm2 (approximately 100 metres head) and a hydraulic test pressure of 1.6 N/mm2 Joints, internal and external coatings to be as specified in Clause 6.4.2, Ductile iron.

6.4.4 Steel pipes

The steel pipe shall conform to B.S. 534 1981, B.S 1387, BS 3600 and BS 3601 and pipeline contribution shall be as per CP 2010 part 2, 1970 and unless otherwise stated specials shall be made from pipes that have been manufactured and tested in accordance with B.S. 3601. 'Joints shall be screwed and socket for nominal diameters upto 50 mm and 'flanged or socketed for nominal diameter above 50 mm unless otherwise stated. The type of joint used shall be to the approval of the engineer. The Pipes and specials shall be protected from corrosion internally and externally complying with the requirements of BS 539. The type of protection used shall be to the approval of Engineer.

Welds shall be inspected by radioactive non-destructive testing and tensile and weld bend tests as per American Petroleum Institute Specification 5 LS.

Steel Tubes and tubulars with screwed and socket joints shall be covered by the requirements of BS 1387.

Flanges shall be as specified in Clause 6.4.1 and threads as specified in BS 21.

6.4.5 Unplasticized Polyvinyl Chloride Pipes

All PVC pipes and fittings shall comply with KS 06-149:1981, ISO 161/1-1976 (E) or BS 3505. Pipes indicated with a pressure class shall conform to the following minimum working pressures

Class 0.6 MPa- 0.6 N/mm2 (marking: red)(KS classification: A

Class 0.9 MPa- 0.9 N/mm2(marking: blue)(KS classification: B)

Class 1.2 MPa- 1.2 N/mm2(marking: green)(KS classification: C)

Class 1.5 MPa- 1.5 N/mm2 (marking: brown)(KS classification :D)

All fittings shall be of pressure class 1.5 MPa and be manufactured of cast iron, PVC or steel. Joints to be Solvent Cement Joints for nominal sizes equal to or smaller than 50mm and mechanical joints (rubber ring) for nominal sizes equal to or bigger than 80 mm.

For both types of joints the manufacturer's jointing instructions, be strictly adhered to. For solvent cement joints it is essential that the solvent cement used is -the correct type, i.e. it shall be purchased from the same factory which delivers the pipes.

The rubber ring joints can be either the Polva type, which incorporates only one rubber ring or loose couplers with two rubber rings. In any case the fittings used shall be purchased from the same factory which delivers the pipes.

If the joint is difficult to push home the manufacturer should be consulted immediately. No cutting or scraping in any of the joints components shall take place, and all odious shall be jointed manual!

PVC pipes and fittings shall be stored under cover, which fully proceeds the material from sunlight.

6.4.6 Polythene

Polythene (palothene) pipes shall comply with BS 3284.

Couplings and other fittings to 'be of the Compression type or the Singer type. The material for both types to be brass. In any case the fittings shall be purchased from the same factory, which delivers the pipes.

For both types of joints the manufacturer's jointing instructions must be strictly adhered to. The pipe classes and markings shall correspond to those of PVC pipes.

6.4.7 Precast Concrete

Precast concrete pipes and fittings shall comply with BS 556: Part 2.

Minimum crushing test loads shall be as specified in Table 2, Standard pipes.

The laying and jointing of the pipes shall comply with CP 301.

The Contractor shall adopt such measures as may be approved by the Engineer to ensure that every newly laid pipe is concentric with previously laid pipes with which it joins.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer pipes shall be laid in an upstream direction and the socket ends shall point upstream.

Before commencing the laying operation the Contractor shall ensure that the parts of pipe which will come into contact with the jointing material are perfectly clean.

Cement mortar joints for spigot and socket pipes shall be made as follows:-

- (1) Before commencing the jointing operation, the socket of the previously placed pipe and the spigot of the new pipe shall be cleaned and thoroughly soaked with water.
- (2) The spigot shall be wrapped one complete lap with tarred hempen spun yarn and the new pipe shall be carefully drawn towards the previously laid pipe so the spigot enters tie full depth into the socket of the previously laid pipe. The new pipe shall then be adjusted and fixed in its correct position in line, level and gradient and the tarred yarn shall be caulked tightly home into the socket.

On completion of this operation, the yarn shall not fill more than one quarter of -the total depth of the socket.

(3) The remainder of the socket shall be completely filled with cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to three parts of sand. The mortar filling shall terminate Flush with the socket and shall be nearly trowel led to a smooth finish around the pipe.

To assist the curing of the mortar the contractor shall cover the joints immediately after they are made with a layer of Hessian which shall be kept continuously wet during daylight hours and he shall further adopt such other measures as the Engineer may direct

Provided the Contractor has the Engineer's written consent other means of jointing may be adopted, e.g., rubber ring-joints. The Engineer's instructions in regard to other jointing materials must be strictly complied with.

6.4.8 Glass Reinforced Polyester Pipes (GRP)

The GRP pipes shall be of International Standards Organization ISO 10639 and EN 1796 for potable water transfer. Joint testing shall meet ASTM D4161 AND EN 119 Standards. Long Term Stiffness shall meet ISO 10468 and Long Term Bending shall meet ASTM D5365

Standards. Production of GRP pipes shall be through controlled manual process to ensure high quality pipes.

6.4.9 High Density Polyethylene Pipes (HDPE)

The (HDPE) pipes shall be of International Standards Organization ISO 4427 and BS 6437 & 6730 for Potable water Stress Regression Tests to comply with ASTM D 2837. Density 955kg/m3, pipe classes and markings shall correspond to those of uPVC pipes. Pressure testing shall be as per manufacturer's recommendation and as approved by the Project Manager. All transitions from HDPE pipe to GI, Steel, uPVC or Cast Iron shall be as per manufacturer's recommendation and to the approval of the Project Manager.

6.5 Protection of Pipes

The concrete used for bedding, haunching and surrounding the pipes shall be concrete "grade 15" unless otherwise ordered by the Engineer. The concrete protection shall have total dimensions not less than those given below.

The various types of concrete protection to pipelines are detailed below:

- (i) Bedding concrete shall have a width of at least 300 mm bigger than the external diameter of the pipe and shall support at least the bottom quarter of the pipe circumference. It shall have a minimum depth of 100mm measured under the pipe throughout the cross-section.
- (ii) Bedding and haunching shall comprise a concrete bed with a minimum width of 300mm more than the external diameter of pipe and a minimum thickness of 150mm below the pipe, and haunching with a minimum thickness of 150 mm on both sides the pipe. The top of the haunching to be flush with the top the pipe.
- (iii) Surrounding concrete shall comprise a concrete bed as described above together with 150 mm concrete on both sides and on to the pipe, giving a pipe protection of at least 150 mm concrete everywhere around the pipe.

Concreting of bedding, hunching or surround shall not be done until the pipes have been jointed, inspected and tested. The concrete shall be placed on one side of the pipe only until the flow of material under the weight placed ensures that the concrete is in full contact with underside of the barrel of the pipe throughout its length. The concrete shall be placed in one operation and shall be well worked to a homogeneous mass. The pipe shall be carefully anchored against floatation. All anchorage, haunches, surrounds, etc shall be placed on and abut against undisturbed earth or rock as directed by the Engineer.

PVC pipes are laid in suitable bedding material as per drawings. Protection against e.g.load from traffic is carried out by laying of concrete slabs as detailed on the drawings. Special care shall be taken regarding compaction of fill below the concrete slabs.

6.5.1 Road-Crossing

When the contractor encounters a road where a road crossing is indicated on the drawings or where to his opinion, such a crossing is required, he shall immediately inform the Engineer. On receipt of the above information, the Engineer will issue appropriate instructions.

6.5.2 Painting

Painting and other protection of the external and internal surfaces shall be in accordance with, manufacturer's recommendations or as specified in Section 5 of these Specifications.

7 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE

7.1 General

All materials and workmanship not described in this section are deemed to comply with the relevant specifications of the work in hand contained in other sections of these specifications.

Testing, cleansing and sterilization are to be carried out as specified in Section 6 - pipeworks.

All work shall comply with CP 310, CP 301 or CP 308.

7.2 Plumbing

The entire Works must be carried out in strict accordance with the Local Authorities' By-laws and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing cleaning, storing, fixing and testing of all the plumbing fittings.

7.2.1 Tubing

Galvanized mild steel tubing shall comply with BS 1387 "Medium" with screwed and socketed joints made in approved jointing compound.

Fittings for same shall be galvanized malleable iron to BS 143. Pipe shall be cut by hacksaw or other method that does not reduce the diameter of the pipe or form a bead or feather, which might restrict the flow of water.

Copper tubing shall be light gauge, to conform to BS 2871, and the fittings shall be capillary, or compression fittings of approved manufacture complying with BS 864: Part 2.

All brass work and fittings shall be in accordance with BS 1010 for draw of taps and stop valves and BS 1211- for ball valves.

All tubing exposed on faces of walls shall be fixed at least 5rnm clear of adjacent surfaces (unless otherwise described) with approved holderbats build into walls at maximum 2 m centres, cut and pinned to walls on cement -mortar or by use of Raw plugs, or similar.

All- tubing described as chased into walls shall have the wallface neatly cut and chased, the tubing wedged and fixed and plastered over.

All formed bends shall be made so as to retain the full diameter of the pipe. Bends shall be formed with approved tools to an internal radius of not less than eight times the outside diameter of the pipe.

In general bending of tubes shall only take place when suitable fittings are not available, and unions shall be incorporated in the system in order to facilitate easy repair or augmentation to the system.

The Contractor may use copper tubing in place of galvanized tubing for cold water services. However, if copper tubing is adopted, the Contractor in his tender is deemed to have allowed for copper couplings, bends, tees, etc.

7.2.2 Cold-Water Storage-Tank

Cold water storage tanks shall be of galvanized steel as shown in the drawings and shall be supplied with a galvanized sheet iron or fiberglass removable dust covers with edges turned down 25m to suit the exact size of tanks.

7.2.3 Sanitary-Fittings

Connections to sanitary fittings shall be made with 450 mm copper tubing bent to shape as required with copper to iron couplings at each end.

All sanitary fittings shall be as specified in the Drawings and Bills of Quantities.

All waste fittings shall be provided with copper "s" or "p" traps, complying with BS 1184, minimum size 40. They shall be properly connected to tails of waste fittings with screwed or other approved joints, and is complete with openings for cleaning. Traps to sinks shall be unpolished, and those to lavatory basins shall have a chromium-plated finish.

7.2.4 Cast-iron Soil and Ventilation pipes

The soil, waste and vent pipes shall be coated cast iron spigot and socket pipes to BS 416 medium grade.

Pipes described as fixed to walls are to be secured at least 25 mm clear of finished wall surface with strong cast iron holderbat clamps in two sections bolted together, one section to have lewised end for building into walls, fixed not more than 2 apart.

Pipes shall be jointed with asbestos yarn and caulked with molten lead or jointed with an approved special jointing compounds

Ventilation pipes shall normally be brought up above the roofs and shall be fitted with an approved Galvanized wire grating.

Where a ventilating pipe passes through a roof, the Contractor shall provide a 24 gauge - galvanized sheet metal flashing or approved size to suit the roof dressed tightly against pipe and over and under roof and sealed to the engineer's approval.

Manholes shall be constructed on sewer lines or wherever ordered by the engineer. The Manholes shall be constructed in accordance with drawing of typical and special manholes Manholes on pipe sewers shall be constructed with an in situ base in concrete Grade 15, which shall be raised to form the benching and invert of the manhole. The benching and channels shall be carefully formed to shape according to the number, diameter and positions of the incoming and outgoing pipes. The channels shall have circular inverts The benching shall be sloped towards the channels at a gradient of 1 in 6, or as otherwise detailed in the drawings

Benching shall be carried out in concrete Grade 15 and rendered with 1:3 cement mortar. The ends of all pipes entering and leaving the manholes are to be carefully cut to shape to suit the internal dimensions of the manholes. All pipes entering and leaving manholes are to be as short as possible.

Manholes of precast concrete rings to be carried out as per BS 556.

Chambers of blockwork shall be carried out as specified on the drawings. The blockwork shall be rendered internally with cement mortar 1:3.

Ladders or step irons as detailed on the drawings shall be provided in manholes deeper than 1.20 m.

7.2.5 Measurement

Prices for pipes and tubing shall include all short lengths, sockets, elbows, bends, formed bends, tees, reducing pieces and other fittings necessary for the satisfactory completion of the Works.

All pipes have been measured over all. Bends, tees and other fittings, and the Contractor shall include in his price for all cutting and waste.

Manholes are measured in numbers.

7.3 Drainage

7.3.1 Cast Iron Drain Pipes

Shall be coated cast iron spigot and socket pipes conforming to BS 437 in all respects, and with fittings to BS 1130. Pipes shall be Jointed with asbestos yarn and caulked with molten lead or jointed with an approved special jointing compound.

7.3.2 Open drains or Channels

Drains as detailed on the Drawings shall be constructed in the positions indicated on the drawings and to the levels and dimensions shown thereon and laid to true and even gradients. Sight rails shall be excavated at intervals not exceeding 50 metres.

The excavation for the drains shall be neatly taken out to the required levels and gradients so as to avoid any unnecessary under-filling where under filling is required, it shall be laid in layers of approved granular material, each layer being well rammed. The earth sides above the drains shall be neatly dressed off to such slope as the engineer may direct.

The invert and sides of the drains shall - where specified - consist of precast concrete elements as specified in Section 5 and on the drawings; jointed with cement mortar, the joints being neatly struck as the work proceeds.

7.3.3 Measurement

Drain pipes have been measured over all bends, junctions and other fittings, and the Contractor shall include in his prices all joints, short lengths, cutting and waste.

Open drains are measured in linear metres.

8 LAYING OF WATER PIPES

8.1 Excavation of Trenches and Construction of Inspection Chambers

The ground shall be excavated to the lines and depths shown on the drawings or to such other lines and depths as the Engineer may direct. Excavations taken out to a greater depth than is necessary shall be filled to the required level with approved material as specified for the pipe bed at the Contractor's own cost. Trenches shall be of sufficient width to enable the pipes to be properly laid and jointed. When any excavation has been taken out and trimmed to the levels and dimensions shown on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer, the Engineer shall be informed accordingly so that he may inspect the completed trench and no excavation shall be filled in or covered with concrete until it has been so inspected and the Contractor has been authorised to proceed with the work. All surplus materials from such excavations not required for refilling shall be carted away to tips, or otherwise disposed of, as directed. All excavations shall be kept dry, and all bailing and pumping, timbering, shoring and supporting of sides that may be required, and any refilling, ramming and disposal of surplus materials necessary in carrying out the excavations and backfilling of trenches shall be taken to provide a solid and even bed for barrels of the pipes and, where a concrete bed is not specified, the floor of the trench shall be properly shaped to receive the sockets and the backfill must be thoroughly rammed along the sides of the pipe.

The rate of excavation in the Bill of Quantities shall include for keeping trenches dry and for all bailing, pumping, timbering, shoring and supporting of sides that may be required.

8.2 Support For Trenches And Other Excavations

The sides of trenches and other excavations shall, where necessary, be adequately supported to the satisfaction of the Engineer, and all such excavations shall be of sizes sufficient to enable the pipes and bedding to be laid accurately, and proper refilling and compacting to be carried out.

The Contractor shall take all precautions necessary for the safety of adjoining structures and building by shoring, opening in short lengths or otherwise, during the time the trenches are open.

8.3 Rock Cutting In Trenches For Pipes And Other Excavations

Where solid rock is met within trenches and other excavations, it shall be cut out to a depth of 100mm below the intended level of the bottom of the pipes, and replaced with 100mm of approved material as specified. In measuring such rock excavation the Contractor will be allowed a width of 200mm more than the external diameter of the pipes to a level of 100mm below the bottom of the pipes. The price inserted in the Bill of Quantities shall be held to cover all expenses in connection with excavating the rock, backfilling after laying of pipes and disposing of surplus material as directed by the Engineer.

8.4 Water In Trenches For Pipelines And Other Excavations

Trenches and other excavations shall be kept free from water at all times during construction of works until, in the opinion of the Engineer, any concrete or other works therein are sufficiently

set, and the Contractor shall construct any sumps or temporary drains that the Engineer may deem necessary.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the removal and disposal of all water entering the excavations from whatever source and shall deal with and dispose of such water in a manner approved by the Engineer so as to ensure that excavations are kept dry while ensuring that the disposal of this water does not cause a nuisance to adjacent plot holders or works.

The Contractor shall provide all plant, labour and materials required for such work and all costs incurred shall be deemed to be included in his rates for excavation.

8.5 Laying And Jointing of HDPE Pipes

HDPE pipes as specified in Clause 718, shall be laid true to line and level, each pipe being separately boned between sight rails.

For spigot and socket joints, the spigot of each pipe shall be placed home in the socket of the one previously laid, and the pipe then adjusted and fixed in its correct position with the spigot of the pipe accurately centred in the socket. A ring of tarred rope yarn shall next be inserted in the socket of each pipe previously laid and driven home with a wooden caulking tool and wooden mallet, such yarn when in position shall be 25mm in depth. The socket shall then be completely filled with cement mortar 1 to 2 as specified in Clause 707 and a fillet of the same worked all round the side. The fillet shall be levelled off and extend for a length of not less than 50mm from the face of the socket.

For 'Ogee' jointed pipes, the joints shall be thoroughly cleaned before laying, and cement mortar, as specified in Clause 707 shall be applied evenly to the ends for jointing so as to completely fill the joint. The pipes shall then be neatly pointed with a band of cement mortar approximately 125mm wide and 20mm thick. The inside of each joint shall also be pointed up as the work proceeds.

Special care shall be taken to see that any excess of cement mortar etc. is neatly cleaned off while each joint is being made and any earth, cement or other material cleaned out of the pipes by drawing a tight-fitting wad through them as the work proceeds, or by other approved means. A properly fitting plug shall be well secured at the end of the last laid pipe and shall be removed only when pipe laying is proceeding. The trenches, pipes and joint holes shall be kept free from water until the joints are thoroughly set.

Where shown on the drawings or directed by the Engineer, concrete pipes shall be bedded and haunched or surrounded with concrete as specified in Clause 1019.

The price inserted in the Bill of Quantities shall include for providing, laying and jointing of pipes.

8.6 Pipes Laid With Open Joints

O.G. porous concrete pipes as specified in Clause 719 shall be laid unjointed with a space of 12mm between the spigot and the inner end of the socket.

All pipes shall be packed and surrounded as directed by the Engineer with approved broken stone, sand or gravel aggregate, to the gradings as shown on the drawings or stated in the Bill of Quantities. The prices inserted in the Bill of Quantities shall include the trench excavation, providing and laying pipes, supplying and placing graded packing material, refilling trench and disposing of surplus all as specified.

8.7 Cast Iron Pipes

Cast iron pipes and special castings, shall be as specified in Clause 721 and shall be supplied, laid and jointed with lead wool properly caulked to form perfectly uniform and watertight joints, and when laid and jointed they shall be true to line and level.

Where cast iron pipe drains are laid on unstable ground or ground which is likely to settle appreciably over a period of years they shall be pointed by means of an approved self adjusting or screwed gland joint as directed by the Engineer.

8.8 Drains To Be Left Clean On Completion

On completion, all drains, manholes, etc. shall be flushed from end to end with water from an approved source and left clean and free from obstructions.

8.9 Refilling Trenches

Trenches shall be refilled with suitable excavated material of 100mm surround but not before the work has been measured and approved by the Engineer. For pipes which are not surrounded with concrete, the first layer of filling material shall be free from stones and shall not be thrown directly on to the pipes, but shall be placed and packed with care all round them. All filling shall be deposited and compacted in layers, not exceeding 225mm loose depth, to a dry density not less than that of the adjoining soil. The last 450mm of filling must be returned in the order in which it has been removed. Timber and framing shall be withdrawn ahead of the layer to be compacted, care being taken to keep the sides of the trenches solid and to fill all the spaces left by the withdrawn timber.

8.10 Connections Of Existing Sewers And Drains

Where shown on the drawings, existing sewers and drains shall be properly extended, connected and jointed to new sewers, culverts, drains or channels. All such connections shall be made during the construction of the main sewer, drain or other work and a record of their positions kept for future use or reference. Where pipe connections are made to a sewer, stone pitched or lined channel, the pipes shall be well and tightly built into the concrete, or masonry work and be so placed as to discharge in the direction of the main sewer, drain or channel and with the end of the pipe carefully cut to the necessary angle. Where the connections are between pipe sewers or drains, special connecting pipes as shown on the drawings shall be supplied and be truly laid and properly jointed.

8.11 Manholes And Inspection Chambers

Manholes and inspection chambers shall be constructed in accordance with the drawings and in the position shown on the drawings or directed by the Engineer. Foundation slabs shall consist of concrete of the appropriate classes as specified on drawings. The side walls shall consist of similar concrete or building stone as specified in Clause 703 in accordance with the drawings.

The side walls shall be fair faced or rendered internally as specified on drawings. They shall be brought up vertically to receive a precast slab formed of concrete of the appropriate classes specified and reinforced all as shown on the drawings. Cast iron manhole covers and frames as specified in Clause 726 shall be provided and frames shall be bedded in cement mortar 1 to 3 and so set that the tops of the covers shall be flush at all points with surrounding surface of the footway, verge or carriageway, as the case may be. Any slight adjustment of the slab level which may be necessary to accomplish this shall be effected by topping the side walls with concrete integral with the slab.

If required, half channel pipes, bends and junctions as specified in Clause 718 and Clause 719 shall be laid and bedded in cement mortar 1 to 3 to the required lines and levels, and both sides of the channel pipes shall be benched up with concrete of the appropriate class and finished smooth to the slopes and levels as shown on the drawings or directed by the Engineer. The ends of all pipes shall be neatly built in and finished flush with cement mortar 1 to 3. Where the depth of the invert exceeds 1 metre below the finished surface of the carriageway or the adjacent ground, iron steps as specified in Clause 730 shall be built in with alternate steps in line vertically and with such additional hand irons as the Engineer may direct.

All manholes when completed shall be watertight and to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The prices inserted in the Bill of Quantities shall include for excavation, provision of all materials, construction, refilling and disposal of surplus.

8.12 Precast Concrete Manholes

Precast concrete manholes as specified in Clause 728 shall be supplied and laid generally in accordance with Clause 1011 and the drawings.

8.13 Gully Connections

Connections from gullies to sewers and surface water drains or ditches shall consist of concrete pipes and fittings as specified in Clause 718 jointed with cement mortar 1 to 3 as specified in Clause 707. All pipes, bends and junctions shall be laid to the lines and levels shown on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

8.14 Surface Boxes, Covers Etc.

Surface boxes, manholes and other covers lying within the site of the works, shall be raised, lowered, altered or removed as directed by the Engineer.

8.15 Gullies

Gullies complete with gratings and with rodding eyes where necessary all as specified in Clause 727 shall be supplied and laid in accordance with the drawings. Where directed by the Engineer, precast concrete gullies shall be laid on and surrounded with 100mm of concrete of the appropriate grade specified in Table 4.2. The concrete surround is to be brought up to the underside of the frame or flush with the top surface as the case may be. Masonry gullies shall be constructed from 225mm building stone and rendered internally. The rates included in the Bill of Quantities shall include for excavation, provision of all materials, construction, making junctions with connections to main drains, accurate setting of frames to line and level, refilling and disposal of surplus materials. Gullies shall be trapped where leading into foul sewers or into combined foul and surface water sewers.

8.16 Completion Of Drainage Works

All sub-soil and surface water drains shall be completed in advance of the construction.

8.17 Temporary Stoppers

Junction pipes which are laid but not immediately connected to gullies shall be fitted with temporary stoppers or seals, and the position of all such junctions shall be clearly defined by means of stakes or training wires properly marked and labelled.

8.18 Provision For Future Connection To Manholes

Inlet pipes of the required diameters shall be built into the walls of manholes and elsewhere for future use and shall be of the diameters shown on the drawings. The external ends of all such connections shall be sealed off with temporary stoppers, approved by the Engineer. The pipes shall be laid and jointed as specified in Clause 1005 and during the placing of the concrete they shall be adequately supported.

8.19 Surrounding Or Haunching Of Pipes With Concrete

Surrounding or haunching of pipes shall be carried out using concrete of the appropriate grade specified in Table 4.2. In carrying out this work the Contractor shall take care to pack the concrete under and around the pipes to ensure even bedding and solidity in the concrete and the concrete shall not be thrown directly on to the pipes. The upper surface of the concrete shall be struck off with a wooden screed or template and neatly finished off. The rates shall include for any formwork that the Contractor requires to use under this item.

8.20 Invert Block And Stone-Pitched Drains

Precast concrete invert blocks and side slabs shall be formed of concrete of the appropriate grade specified in Table 4.2 to the dimensions shown on the drawings. Each course of side slabs required in the Bill of Quantities shall be interpreted as one complete row of side slabs to one side of the channel concerned. Stone used for channels shall be 225mm x 100mm building stone. Drains should not normally be laid to a radius of curvature less than 10 times the actual width of the drain.

Invert block and stone-pitched drains shall be constructed in the positions and to the levels and dimensions shown on the drawings and laid to true line and even fall. Where under-filling is required it shall be in 100mm maximum thickness layers of compacted murram. The earth sides to such channels shall be neatly finished to a slope of 1 to 1 or such other slope as the Engineer may direct.

Invert blocks and side slabs shall be laid on a 100mm minimum thickness of compacted murram and be neatly jointed with cement mortar 1 to 3 as the work proceeds. The excavation, murram bedding, providing, laying and jointing invert blocks or stone, backfilling and disposal of surplus shall all be as specified and all in-situ connections shall be in concrete of the appropriate grade specified in Table 4.2.

8.21 Testing Of Jointed Pipes And Manholes

Sealed jointed drains, up to and including 600mm diameter shall be tested in sections (e.g. between manholes) by filling with water under a head of not less than 1 metre. Drains found to be water-tight after a period of 30 minutes will be passed as satisfactory but the water must be retained in the pipes until a depth of at least 450mm of filling has been deposited and compacted on top thereof. Drains failing to stand the test shall be taken out and the pipes re-laid and rejointed until completely water-tight.

Drains exceeding 600mm in diameter shall be tested by means of a smoke test before they are covered up. Both ends of the lengths of drain to be tested shall be sealed to the satisfaction of the Engineer, and smoke shall then be pumped into the section from an approved machine. Should any joint in the section show an escape of smoke, the section shall be taken out and the pipes re-laid and re-jointed until there is no further escape of smoke.

Should the Engineer so direct, manholes shall be tested by completely filling with water, and there shall be no appreciable loss over a period of 2 hours.

On completion of the works, or at suitable intervals during construction, infiltration tests will be carried out. The permissible amount of infiltration shall be 1 litre per hour per linear metre of nominal internal diameter.

The Contractor shall provide all labour and apparatus for the above tests.

All testing will be done in accordance with the procedure of the British Standard Code.

8.22 Pipes With Rubber Ring Joints

Rubber rings complying with SRN 308 will be provided by the Contractor. They will be laid in the socket and the pipes then jointed as specified. The jointing of pipes shall be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and in conformity with any modifications proposed by the Engineer.

8.23 Laying, Jointing And Backfilling For Flexible Jointed Pipes

The Contractor shall ensure that any hard spots and loose stones are removed from the formation prior to laying of bedding materials. The Contractor shall lay a bed of thickness 100mm consisting of granular material i.e. sand, gravel, or approved soil of friable nature.

After laying of pipes the Contractor shall lay bedding material on the sides of the pipe compacted by tamping into soffit of sewer.

After completion of this operation the Contractor shall lay the bedding material on top of the pipe in 150mm layers to a thickness of 300mm. The material is to be compacted by tamping. However, precautions are to be taken to avoid excessive tamping on top of the pipe. The remaining trench excavation is to be backfilled to comply with Clause 1009 of specification.

The pipes shall be laid with flexible ring seal joints provided that solvent cement joints could be used for fittings where necessary subject to the approval of the Engineer. Pipes and fittings shall be checked for deformities prior to laying. Deformed pipes and fittings shall not be accepted.

8.24 Flexible Rubber Ring Joints

The Contractor shall ensure that the spigot end is free from grit, dust or dirt and sealing rings should be seated evenly in the socket grove. Pipe lengths and fittings are supplied with a chamfer on the spigot. Where pipes are to be cut or are supplied without a chamfer on the spigot end the Contractor shall ensure that the pipe is cut square and then form a chamfer on the spigot end with a medium file to an angle of 15 degrees. Remove saw flashing by scraping with a penknife.

8.25 Expansion Gap

It is necessary to leave a gap between the edge of the spigot end and the base of the socket to allow for expansion. Moulded fittings are supplied with an embossed line indicating the correct depth of insertion. In other cases where the marking is not done, the Contractor shall ensure that an expansion gap of at least 3mm per metre length of pipe or at least 15mm per pipe length is provided. This can be done by marking spigot ends or by pushing spigot fully home, making a small mark on pipe and then withdrawing the pipe by 15mm.

After completing jointing the pipe shall be laid on the prepared bed making sure that a suitable depression is created in the bed for the socket.

8.26 Solvent Cement Joints

For solvent cement joints make sure that mating surfaces are clean and free of grease and dirt. Roughen mating surface with sandpaper, clean both surfaces with cleansing fluid using a clean cloth. Apply solvent cement on both mating surfaces. Without delay bring mating surfaces

together and hold in position firmly for a few seconds. A layer of cement should be visible at the edges. Joints should not be disturbed for at least 10 minutes after assembly.

8.27 Weepholes

Where shown on the Drawings or directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall cast weepholes into concrete walls. The Contractor shall provide and place plastic pipes of the diameter shown on the Drawings to form weepholes which will be firmly held in position during the placing of the concrete. A 500mm x 500mm square of approved filter fabric shall be placed, central on the weephole between the concrete wall and backfill material.

8.28 Debris Screens

Where shown on the Drawings, the Contractor shall fabricate and install debris screens across the full width of the drain channel cross-section. The screens shall be fabricated using galvanised mild steel complying with BS 729. They shall be mounted on R.C. supports and incorporate a safe access platform to facilitate manual clearing of debris as shown on the Drawings.

Drawings

Provided separately in the Book of Drawings(download from our website)

Supplementary Information

Bill of Quantities are attached separately(download from our website)

Part 3 – Conditions of Contract and Contract Forms	203
PART 3 – Conditions of Contract and Contra	act Forms
17111 5 Conditions of Contract and Contract	act Forms

Section VIII - General Conditions of Contract

1.	Gene	ral Provisions	212
	1.1	Definitions	212
	1.2	Interpretation	218
	1.3	Communications	219
	1.4	Law and Language	219
	1.5	Priority of Documents	220
	1.6	Contract Agreement	220
	1.7	Assignment	220
	1.8	Care and Supply of Documents	221
	1.9	Delayed Drawings or Instructions	221
	1.10	Employer's Use of Contractor's Documents	222
	1.11	Contractor's Use of Employer's Documents	222
	1.12	Confidential Details	223
	1.13	Compliance with Laws	223
	1.14	Joint and Several Liability	223
	1.15	Inspections and Audit by the Bank	224
2.	The I	Employer	224
	2.1	Right of Access to the Site	224
	2.2	Permits, Licences or Approvals	225
	2.3	Employer's Personnel	225
	2.4	Employer's Financial Arrangements	226
	2.5	Employer's Claims	226
3.	The Engineer		227
	3.1	Engineer's Duties and Authority	227
	3.2	Delegation by the Engineer	229
	3.3	Instructions of the Engineer	229
	3.4	Replacement of the Engineer	230

	3.5	Determinations	230
4.	The (Contractor	231
	4.1	Contractor's General Obligations	231
	4.2	Performance Security	232
	4.3	Contractor's Representative	233
	4.4	Subcontractors	234
	4.5	Assignment of Benefit of Subcontract	235
	4.6	Co-operation	235
	4.7	Setting Out	235
	4.8	Safety Procedures	236
	4.9	Quality Assurance	237
	4.10	Site Data	237
	4.11	Sufficiency of the Accepted Contract Amount	238
	4.12	Unforeseeable Physical Conditions	238
	4.13	Rights of Way and Facilities	239
	4.14	Avoidance of Interference	240
	4.15	Access Route	240
	4.16	Transport of Goods	240
	4.18	Protection of the Environment	241
	4.19	Electricity, Water and Gas	241
	4.22	Security of the Site	244
	4.23	Contractor's Operations on Site	244
	4.24	Fossils	244
5.	Nomi	inated Subcontractors	245
	5.1	Definition of "nominated Subcontractor"	245
	5.2	Objection to Nomination	245
	5.3	Payments to nominated Subcontractors	246
	5.4	Evidence of Payments	246
6.	Staff	and Labour	247
	6.1	Engagement of Staff and Labour	247
	6.2	Rates of Wages and Conditions of Labour	247
	6.3	Persons in the Service of Employer	247
	6.4	Labour Laws	247

	6.5	Working Hours	248	
	6.6	Facilities for Staff and Labour	248	
	6.7	Health and Safety	248	
	6.8	Contractor's Superintendence	250	
	6.9	Contractor's Personnel	250	
	6.10	Records of Contractor's Personnel and Equipment	250	
	6.11	Disorderly Conduct	250	
	6.12	Foreign Personnel	251	
	6.13	Supply of Foodstuffs	251	
	6.14	Supply of Water	251	
	6.15	Measures against Insect and Pest Nuisance	251	
	6.16	Alcoholic Liquor or Drugs	251	
	6.17	Arms and Ammunition	251	
	6.18	Festivals and Religious Customs	252	
	6.19	Funeral Arrangements	252	
	6.20	Prohibition of Forced or Compulsory Labour	252	
	6.21	Prohibition of Harmful Child Labour	252	
	6.22	Employment Records of Workers	252	
	6.23	Workers' Organisations	252	
	6.24 1	Non-Discrimination and Equal Opportunity	253	
7.	Plant	t, Materials and Workmanship	253	
	7.1	Manner of Execution	253	
	7.2	Samples	254	
	7.3	Inspection	254	
	7.4	Testing	254	
	7.5	Rejection	256	
	7.6	Remedial Work	256	
	7.7	Ownership of Plant and Materials	256	
	7.8	Royalties	257	
8.	Com	Commencement, Delays and Suspension25		
	8.1	Commencement of Works	257	
	8.2	Time for Completion	258	
	8.3	Programme	258	

	8.4	Extension of Time for Completion	259
	8.5	Delays Caused by Authorities	260
	8.6	Rate of Progress	260
	8.7	Delay Damages	261
	8.8	Suspension of Work	261
	8.9	Consequences of Suspension	261
	8.10	Payment for Plant and Materials in Event of Suspension	262
	8.11	Prolonged Suspension	262
	8.12	Resumption of Work	262
9.	Tests	on Completion	263
	9.1	Contractor's Obligations	263
	9.2	Delayed Tests	263
	9.3	Retesting	263
	9.4	Failure to Pass Tests on Completion	264
10.	Employer's Taking Over		
	10.1	Taking Over of the Works and Sections	264
	10.2	Taking Over of Parts of the Works	265
	10.3	Interference with Tests on Completion	266
11.	Defect	ts Liability	267
	11.1	Completion of Outstanding Work and Remedying Defects	267
	11.2	Cost of Remedying Defects	267
	11.3	Extension of Defects Notification Period	268
	11.4	Failure to Remedy Defects	268
	11.5	Removal of Defective Work	269
	11.6	Further Tests	269
	11.7	Right of Access	269
	11.8	Contractor to Search	269
	11.9	Performance Certificate	270
	11.10	Unfulfilled Obligations	270
	11.11	Clearance of Site	270
12.	Meası	urement and Evaluation	270
	12.1	Works to be Measured	271
	12.2	Method of Measurement	271

	12.3	Evaluation	272
	12.4	Omissions	273
13.	Varia	tions and Adjustments	273
	13.1	Right to Vary	273
	13.2	Value Engineering	274
	13.3	Variation Procedure	275
	13.4	Payment in Applicable Currencies	276
	13.5	Provisional Sums	276
	13.6	Daywork	277
	13.7	Adjustments for Changes in Legislation	277
	13.8	Adjustments for Changes in Cost	278
14.	Contr	act Price and Payment	280
	14.1	The Contract Price	280
	14.2	Advance Payment	280
	14.3	Application for Interim Payment Certificates	282
	14.4	Schedule of Payments	283
	14.5	Plant and Materials intended for the Works	283
	14.6	Issue of Interim Payment Certificates	285
	14.7	Payment	286
	14.8	Delayed Payment	286
	14.9	Payment of Retention Money	287
	14.10	Statement at Completion	288
	14.11	Application for Final Payment Certificate	289
	14.12	Discharge 289	
	14.13	Issue of Final Payment Certificate	289
	14.14	Cessation of Employer's Liability	290
	14.15	Currencies of Payment	290
15.	Termination by Employer		291
	15.1	Notice to Correct	291
	15.2	Termination by Employer	291
	15.3	Valuation at Date of Termination	293
	15.4	Payment after Termination	293
	15.5	Employer's Entitlement to Termination for Convenience	294

	15.6	Fraud and Corruption	294
16.	Susp	ension and Termination by Contractor	294
	16.1	Contractor's Entitlement to Suspend Work	294
	16.2	Termination by Contractor	295
	16.3	Cessation of Work and Removal of Contractor's Equipment	297
	16.4	Payment on Termination	297
17.	Risk	and Responsibility	298
	17.1	Indemnities	298
	17.2	Contractor's Care of the Works	298
	17.3	Employer's Risks	299
	17.4	Consequences of Employer's Risks	300
	17.5	Intellectual and Industrial Property Rights	300
	17.6	Limitation of Liability	301
	17.7	Use of Employer's Accomodation/Facilities	302
18.	Insur	ance	302
	18.1	General Requirements for Insurances	302
	18.2	Insurance for Works and Contractor's Equipment	304
	18.3	Insurance against Injury to Persons and Damage to Property	306
	18.4	Insurance for Contractor's Personnel	307
19.	Force	e Majeure	307
	19.1	Definition of Force Majeure	307
	19.3	Duty to Minimise Delay	308
	19.4	Consequences of Force Majeure	309
	19.5	Force Majeure Affecting Subcontractor	309
	19.6	Optional Termination, Payment and Release	309
	19.7	Release from Performance	310
20.	Claims, Disputes and Arbitration		310
	20.1	Contractor's Claims	311
	20.2	Appointment of the Dispute Board	312
	20.3	Failure to Agree on the Composition of the Dispute Board	314
	20.4	Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision	314
	20.5	Amicable Settlement	315
	20.6	Arbitration	316

20.7	Failure to Comply with Dispute Board's Decision	317
20.8	Expiry of Dispute Board's Appointment	317

Section VIII - General Conditions (GC)

The General Conditions that follow are the Bank Harmonized Edition of the Conditions of Contract for Construction prepared and copyrighted by the International Federation of Consulting Engineers (*FédérationInternationale des Ingénieurs-Conseils*, or FIDIC), FIDIC 2010-All rights reserved. This publication is exclusive for the use of Bank Borrowers and their project implementing agencies as provided under the License Agreement dated March 11th, 2005, between the IBRD and FIDIC, and, consequently, no part of this publication may be reproduced, translated, adapted, stored in a retrieval system or communicated, in any form or by any means, whether mechanical, electronic, magnetic, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission in writing from FIDIC, except by the Employer identified above and only for the exclusive purpose of preparing this Standard Procurement Document for the Contract also identified above.

General Conditions

1. General Provisions

1.1 Definitions

In the Conditions of Contract ("these Conditions"), which include Particular Conditions, Parts A and B, and these General Conditions, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings stated. Words indicating persons or parties include corporations and other legal entities, except where the context requires otherwise.

1.1.1 The Contract

- 1.1.1.1 "Contract" means the Contract Agreement, the Letter of Acceptance, the Letter of Tender, these Conditions, the Specification, the Drawings, the Schedules, and the further documents (if any) which are listed in the Contract Agreement or in the Letter of Acceptance.
- 1.1.1.2 "Contract Agreement" means the contract agreement referred to in Sub-Clause 1.6 [Contract Agreement].
- 1.1.1.3 "Letter of Acceptance" means the letter of formal acceptance, signed by the Employer, of the Letter of Tender, including any annexed memoranda comprising agreements between and signed by both Parties. If there is no such letter of acceptance, the expression "Letter of Acceptance" means the Contract Agreement and the date of issuing or receiving the Letter of Acceptance means the date of signing the Contract Agreement.
- 1.1.1.4 "Letter of Tender" means the document entitled letter of tender or letter of bid, which was completed by the Contractor and includes the signed offer to the Employer for the Works.
- 1.1.1.5 "Specification" means the document entitled specification, as included in the Contract, and any additions and modifications to the specification in accordance with the Contract. Such document specifies the Works.
- 1.1.1.6 "Drawings" means the drawings of the Works, as included in the Contract, and any additional and modified drawings issued by (or on behalf of) the

Employer in accordance with the Contract.

- 1.1.1.7 "Schedules" means the document(s) entitled schedules, completed by the Contractor and submitted with the Letter of Tender, as included in the Contract. Such document may include the Bill of Quantities, data, lists, and schedules of rates and/or prices.
- 1.1.1.8 "Tender" means the Letter of Tender and all other documents which the Contractor submitted with the Letter of Tender, as included in the Contract.
- 1.1.1.9 "Bill of Quantities", "Daywork Schedule" and "Schedule of Payment Currencies" mean the documents so named (if any) which are comprised in the Schedules.
- 1.1.1.10 "Contract Data" means the pages completed by the Employer entitled contract data which constitute Part A of the Particular Conditions.

1.1.2 Parties and Persons

- 1.1.2.1 "Party" means the Employer or the Contractor, as the context requires.
- 1.1.2.2 "Employer" means the person named as employer in the Contract Data and the legal successors in title to this person.
- 1.1.2.3 "Contractor" means the person(s) named as contractor in the Letter of Tender accepted by the Employer and the legal successors in title to this person(s).
- 1.1.2.4 "Engineer" means the person appointed by the Employer to act as the Engineer for the purposes of the Contract and named in the Contract Data, or other person appointed from time to time by the Employer and notified to the Contractor under Sub-Clause 3.4 [Replacement of the Engineer].
- 1.1.2.5 "Contractor's Representative" means the person named by the Contractor in the Contract or appointed from time to time by the Contractor under Sub-Clause 4.3 [Contractor's Representative], who acts on behalf of the Contractor.

- 1.1.2.6 "Employer's Personnel" means the Engineer, the assistants referred to in Sub-Clause 3.2 [Delegation by the Engineer] and all other staff, labour and other employees of the Engineer and of the Employer; and any other personnel notified to the Contractor, by the Employer or the Engineer, as Employer's Personnel.
- 1.1.2.7 "Contractor's Personnel" means the Contractor's Representative and all personnel whom the Contractor utilises on Site, who may include the staff, labour and other employees of the Contractor and of each Subcontractor; and any other personnel assisting the Contractor in the execution of the Works.
- 1.1.2.8 "Subcontractor" means any person named in the Contract as a subcontractor, or any person appointed as a subcontractor, for a part of the Works; and the legal successors in title to each of these persons.
- 1.1.2.9 "DB" means the person or three persons appointed under Sub-Clause 20.2 [Appointment of the Dispute Board] or Sub-Clause 20.3 [Failure to Agree on the Composition of the Dispute Board]
- 1.1.2.10 "FIDIC" means the FédérationInternationale des Ingénieurs-Conseils, the international federation of consulting engineers.
- 1.1.2.11 "Bank" means the financing institution (if any) named in the Contract Data.
- 1.1.2.12 "Borrower" means the person (if any) named as the borrower in the Contract Data.

1.1.3 Dates, Tests, Periods and Completion

- 1.1.3.1 "Base Date" means the date 28 days prior to the latest date for submission of the Tender.
- 1.1.3.2 "Commencement Date" means the date notified under Sub-Clause 8.1 [Commencement of Works].
- 1.1.3.3 "Time for Completion" means the time for completing the Works or a Section (as the case may be) under Sub-Clause 8.2 [Time for Completion], as stated in the Contract Data (with any extension under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion]), calculated from the Commencement Date.

- 1.1.3.4 "Tests on Completion" means the tests which are specified in the Contract or agreed by both Parties or instructed as a Variation, and which are carried out under Clause 9 [Tests on Completion] before the Works or a Section (as the case may be) are taken over by the Employer.
- 1.1.3.5 "Taking-Over Certificate" means a certificate issued under Clause 10 [Employer's Taking Over].
- 1.1.3.6 "Tests after Completion" means the tests (if any) which are specified in the Contract and which are carried out in accordance with the Specification after the Works or a Section (as the case may be) are taken over by the Employer.
- 1.1.3.7 "Defects Notification Period" means the period for notifying defects in the Works or a Section (as the case may be) under Sub-Clause 11.1 [Completion of Outstanding Work and Remedying Defects], which extends over 365 days except if otherwise stated in the Contract Data (with any extension under Sub-Clause 11.3 [Extension of Defects Notification Period]), calculated from the date on which the Works or Section is completed as certified under Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking Over of the Works and Sections]..
- 1.1.3.8 "Performance Certificate" means the certificate issued under Sub-Clause 11.9 [Performance Certificate]..
- 1.1.3.9 "Day" means a calendar day and "year" means 365 days.

1.1.4 Money and Payments

- 1.1.4.1 "Accepted Contract Amount" means the amount accepted in the Letter of Acceptance for the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects.
- 1.1.4.2 "Contract Price" means the price defined in Sub-Clause 14.1 [The Contract Price], and includes adjustments in accordance with the Contract.
- 1.1.4.3 "Cost" means all expenditure reasonably incurred (or to be incurred) by the Contractor, whether on or off the Site, including overhead and similar charges, but

- does not include profit.
- 1.1.4.4 "Final Payment Certificate" means the payment certificate issued under Sub-Clause 14.13 [Issue of Final Payment Certificate].
- 1.1.4.5 "Final Statement" means the statement defined in Sub-Clause 14.11 [Application for Final Payment Certificate].
- 1.1.4.6 "Foreign Currency" means a currency in which part (or all) of the Contract Price is payable, but not the Local Currency.
- 1.1.4.7 "Interim Payment Certificate" means a payment certificate issued under Clause 14 [Contract Price and Payment], other than the Final Payment Certificate.
- 1.1.4.8 "Local Currency" means the currency of the Country.
- 1.1.4.9 "Payment Certificate" means a payment certificate issued under Clause 14 [Contract Price and Payment].
- 1.1.4.10 "Provisional Sum" means a sum (if any) which is specified in the Contract as a provisional sum, for the execution of any part of the Works or for the supply of Plant, Materials or services under Sub-Clause 13.5 [Provisional Sums].
- 1.1.4.11 "Retention Money" means the accumulated retention moneys which the Employer retains under Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates] and pays under Sub-Clause 14.9 [Payment of Retention Money].
- 1.1.4.12 "Statement" means a statement submitted by the Contractor as part of an application, under Clause 14 [Contract Price and Payment], for a payment certificate.
- 1.1.5 Works and Goods 1.1.5.1 "Contractor's Equipment" means all apparatus, machinery, vehicles and other things required for the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects. However, Contractor's Equipment excludes Temporary Works, Employer's Equipment (if any), Plant, Materials and any other things intended to form or forming part of the

Permanent Works.

- 1.1.5.2 "Goods" means Contractor's Equipment, Materials, Plant and Temporary Works, or any of them as appropriate.
- 1.1.5.3 "Materials" means things of all kinds (other than Plant) intended to form or forming part of the Permanent Works, including the supply-only materials (if any) to be supplied by the Contractor under the Contract.
- 1.1.5.4 "Permanent Works" means the permanent works to be executed by the Contractor under the Contract.
- 1.1.5.5 "Plant" means the apparatus, machinery and other equipment intended to form or forming part of the Permanent Works, including vehicles purchased for the Employer and relating to the construction or operation of the Works.
- 1.1.5.6 "Section" means a part of the Works specified in the Contract Data as a Section (if any).1.1.5.7 "Temporary Works" means all temporary works of every kind (other than Contractor's Equipment) required on Site for the execution and completion of the Permanent Works and the remedying of any defects.
- 1.1.5.8 "Works" mean the Permanent Works and the Temporary Works, or either of them as appropriate.

1.1.6 Other Definitions

- 1.1.6.1 "Contractor's Documents" means the calculations, computer programs and other software, drawings, manuals, models and other documents of a technical nature (if any) supplied by the Contractor under the Contract.
- 1.1.6.2 "Country" means the country in which the Site (or most of it) is located, where the Permanent Works are to be executed.
- 1.1.6.3 "Employer's Equipment" means the apparatus, machinery and vehicles (if any) made available by the Employer for the use of the Contractor in the execution of the Works, as stated in the Specification; but does not include Plant which has not been taken

over by the Employer.

- 1.1.6.4 "Force Majeure" is defined in Clause 19 [Force Majeure].
- 1.1.6.5 "Laws" means all national (or state) legislation, statutes, ordinances and other laws, and regulations and by-laws of any legally constituted public authority.
- 1.1.6.6 "Performance Security" means the security (or securities, if any) under Sub-Clause 4.2 [Performance Security].
- 1.1.6.7 "Site" means the places where the Permanent Works are to be executed, including storage and working areas, and to which Plant and Materials are to be delivered, and any other places as may be specified in the Contract as forming part of the Site.
- 1.1.6.8 "Unforeseeable" means not reasonably foreseeable by an experienced contractor by the Base Date.
- 1.1.6.9 "Variation" means any change to the Works, which is instructed or approved as a variation under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments].
- 1.1.6.10 "Notice of Dissatisfaction" means the notice given by either Party to the other under Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision] indicating its dissatisfaction and intention to commence arbitration.

1.2 Interpretation

In the Contract, except where the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words indicating one gender include all genders;
- (b) words indicating the singular also include the plural and words indicating the plural also include the singular;
- (c) provisions including the word "agree", "agreed" or "agreement" require the agreement to be recorded in writing;
- (d) "written" or "in writing" means hand-written, typewritten, printed or electronically made, and resulting in a permanent record; and
- (e) the word "tender" is synonymous with "bid" and

"tenderer" with "bidder" and the words "tender documents" with "bidding documents."

The marginal words and other headings shall not be taken into consideration in the interpretation of these Conditions.

In these Conditions, provisions including the expression "Cost plus profit" require this profit to be one-twentieth (5%) of this Cost unless otherwise indicated in the Contract Data.

1.3 Communications

Wherever these Conditions provide for the giving or issuing of approvals, certificates, consents, determinations, notices, requests and discharges, these communications shall be:

- (a) in writing and delivered by hand (against receipt), sent by mail or courier, or transmitted using any of the agreed systems of electronic transmission as stated in the Contract Data; and
- (b) delivered, sent or transmitted to the address for the recipient's communications as stated in the Contract Data. However:
 - (i) if the recipient gives notice of another address, communications shall thereafter be delivered accordingly; and
 - (ii) if the recipient has not stated otherwise when requesting an approval or consent, it may be sent to the address from which the request was issued.

Approvals, certificates, consents and determinations shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. When a certificate is issued to a Party, the certifier shall send a copy to the other Party. When a notice is issued to a Party, by the other Party or the Engineer, a copy shall be sent to the Engineer or the other Party, as the case may be.

1.4 Law and Language

The Contract shall be governed by the law of the country or other jurisdiction stated in the Contract Data.

The ruling language of the Contract shall be that stated in the Contract Data.

The language for communications shall be that stated in the Contract Data. If no language is stated there, the language for communications shall be the ruling language of the Contract.

1.5 Priority of Documents

The documents forming the Contract are to be taken as mutually explanatory of one another. For the purposes of interpretation, the priority of the documents shall be in accordance with the following sequence:

- (a) the Contract Agreement (if any),
- (b) the Letter of Acceptance,
- (c) the Letter of Tender,
- (d) the Particular Conditions Part A,
- (e) the Particular Conditions Part B
- (f) these General Conditions
- (g) the Specification,
- (h) the Drawings, and
- (i) the Schedules and any other documents forming part of the Contract.

If an ambiguity or discrepancy is found in the documents, the Engineer shall issue any necessary clarification or instruction.

1.6 Contract Agreement

The Parties shall enter into a Contract Agreement within 28 days after the Contractor receives the Letter of Acceptance, unless the Particular Conditions establish otherwise. The Contract Agreement shall be based upon the form annexed to the Particular Conditions. The costs of stamp duties and similar charges (if any) imposed by law in connection with entry into the Contract Agreement shall be borne by the Employer.

1.7 Assignment

Neither Party shall assign the whole or any part of the Contract or any benefit or interest in or under the Contract. However, either Party:

- (a) may assign the whole or any part with the prior agreement of the other Party, at the sole discretion of such other Party, and
- (b) may, as security in favour of a bank or financial institution, assign its right to any moneys due, or to

become due, under the Contract.

1.8 Care and Supply of Documents

The Specification and Drawings shall be in the custody and care of the Employer. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, two copies of the Contract and of each subsequent Drawing shall be supplied to the Contractor, who may make or request further copies at the cost of the Contractor.

Each of the Contractor's Documents shall be in the custody and care of the Contractor, unless and until taken over by the Employer. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, the Contractor shall supply to the Engineer six copies of each of the Contractor's Documents.

The Contractor shall keep, on the Site, a copy of the Contract, publications named in the Specification, the Contractor's Documents (if any), the Drawings and Variations and other communications given under the Contract. The Employer's Personnel shall have the right of access to all these documents at all reasonable times.

If a Party becomes aware of an error or defect in a document which was prepared for use in executing the Works, the Party shall promptly give notice to the other Party of such error or defect.

1.9 Delayed Drawings or Instructions

The Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer whenever the Works are likely to be delayed or disrupted if any necessary drawing or instruction is not issued to the Contractor within a particular time, which shall be reasonable. The notice shall include details of the necessary drawing or instruction, details of why and by when it should be issued, and the nature and amount of the delay or disruption likely to be suffered if it is late.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost as a result of a failure of the Engineer to issue the notified drawing or instruction within a time which is reasonable and is specified in the notice with supporting details, the Contractor shall give a further notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be

included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this further notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

However, if and to the extent that the Engineer's failure was caused by any error or delay by the Contractor, including an error in, or delay in the submission of, any of the Contractor's Documents, the Contractor shall not be entitled to such extension of time, Cost or profit.

1.10 Employer's Use of Contractor's Documents

As between the Parties, the Contractor shall retain the copyright and other intellectual property rights in the Contractor's Documents and other design documents made by (or on behalf of) the Contractor.

The Contractor shall be deemed (by signing the Contract) to give to the Employer a non-terminable transferable non-exclusive royalty-free licence to copy, use and communicate the Contractor's Documents, including making and using modifications of them. This licence shall:

- (a) apply throughout the actual or intended working life (whichever is longer) of the relevant parts of the Works,
- (b) entitle any person in proper possession of the relevant part of the Works to copy, use and communicate the Contractor's Documents for the purposes of completing, operating, maintaining, altering, adjusting, repairing and demolishing the Works, and
- (c) in the case of Contractor's Documents which are in the form of computer programs and other software, permit their use on any computer on the Site and other places as envisaged by the Contract, including replacements of any computers supplied by the Contractor.

The Contractor's Documents and other design documents made by (or on behalf of) the Contractor shall not, without the Contractor's consent, be used, copied or communicated to a third party by (or on behalf of) the Employer for purposes other than those permitted under this Sub-Clause.

1.11 Contractor's Use of Employer's

As between the Parties, the Employer shall retain the copyright and other intellectual property rights in the Specification, the Drawings and other documents made by (or on behalf of) the

Documents

Employer. The Contractor may, at his cost, copy, use, and obtain communication of these documents for the purposes of the Contract. They shall not, without the Employer's consent, be copied, used or communicated to a third party by the Contractor, except as necessary for the purposes of the Contract.

1.12 Confidential Details

The Contractor's and the Employer's Personnel shall disclose all such confidential and other information as may be reasonably required in order to verify compliance with the Contract and allow its proper implementation.

Each of them shall treat the details of the Contract as private and confidential, except to the extent necessary to carry out their respective obligations under the Contract or to comply with applicable Laws. Each of them shall not publish or disclose any particulars of the Works prepared by the other Party without the previous agreement of the other Party. However, the Contractor shall be permitted to disclose any publicly available information, or information otherwise required to establish his qualifications to compete for other projects.

1.13 Compliance with Laws

The Contractor shall, in performing the Contract, comply with applicable Laws. Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

- (a) the Employer shall have obtained (or shall obtain) the planning, zoning, building permit or similar permission for the Permanent Works, and any other permissions described in the Specification as having been (or to be) obtained by the Employer; and the Employer shall indemnify and hold the Contractor harmless against and from the consequences of any failure to do so; and
- (b) the Contractor shall give all notices, pay all taxes, duties and fees, and obtain all permits, licences and approvals, as required by the Laws in relation to the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects; and the Contractor shall indemnify and hold the Employer harmless against and from the consequences of any failure to do so, unless the Contractor is impeded to accomplish these actions and shows evidence of its diligence.

1.14 Joint and Several

If the Contractor constitutes (under applicable Laws) a joint

Liability

venture, consortium or other unincorporated grouping of two or more persons:

- (a) these persons shall be deemed to be jointly and severally liable to the Employer for the performance of the Contract;
- (b) these persons shall notify the Employer of their leader who shall have authority to bind the Contractor and each of these persons; and
- (c) the Contractor shall not alter its composition or legal status without the prior consent of the Employer.

1.15 Inspections and Audit by the Bank

The Contractor shall permit the Bank and/or persons appointed by the Bank to inspect the Site and/or the Contractor's accounts and records relating to the performance of the Contract and to have such accounts and records audited by auditors appointed by the Bank if required by the Bank.

2. The Employer

2.1 Right of Access to the Site

The Employer shall give the Contractor right of access to, and possession of, all parts of the Site within the time (or times) stated in the Contract Data. The right and possession may not be exclusive to the Contractor. If, under the Contract, the Employer is required to give (to the Contractor) possession of any foundation, structure, plant or means of access, the Employer shall do so in the time and manner stated in the Specification. However, the Employer may withhold any such right or possession until the Performance Security has been received.

If no such time is stated in the Contract Data, the Employer shall give the Contractor right of access to, and possession of, the Site within such times as required to enable the Contractor to proceed without disruption in accordance with the programme submitted under Sub-Clause 8.3 [Programme].

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost as a result of a failure by the Employer to give any such right or possession within such time, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

(a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is

or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and

(b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

However, if and to the extent that the Employer's failure was caused by any error or delay by the Contractor, including an error in, or delay in the submission of, any of the Contractor's Documents, the Contractor shall not be entitled to such extension of time, Cost or profit.

2.2 Permits, Licences or Approvals

The Employer shall provide, at the request of the Contractor, such reasonable assistance as to allow the Contractor to obtain properly:

- (a) copies of the Laws of the Country which are relevant to the Contract but are not readily available, and
- (b) any permits, licences or approvals required by the Laws of the Country:
 - (i) which the Contractor is required to obtain under Sub-Clause 1.13 [Compliance with Laws],
 - (ii) for the delivery of Goods, including clearance through customs, and
 - (iii) for the export of Contractor's Equipment when it is removed from the Site.

2.3 Employer's Personnel

The Employer shall be responsible for ensuring that the Employer's Personnel and the Employer's other contractors on the Site:

- (a) co-operate with the Contractor's efforts under Sub-Clause 4.6 [Co-operation], and
- (b) take actions similar to those which the Contractor is required to take under sub-paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of Sub-Clause 4.8 [Safety Procedures] and under Sub-Clause 4.18 [Protection of the Environment].

2.4 Employer's Financial Arrangements

The Employer shall submit, before the Commencement Date and thereafter within 28 days after receiving any request from the Contractor, reasonable evidence that financial arrangements have been made and are being maintained which will enable the Employer to pay the Contract Price punctually (as estimated at that time) in accordance with Clause 14 [Contract Price and Payment]. Before the Employer makes any material change to his financial arrangements, the Employer shall give notice to the Contractor with detailed particulars.

In addition, if the Bank has notified to the Borrower that the Bank has suspended disbursements under its loan, which finances in whole or in part the execution of the Works, the Employer shall give notice of such suspension to the Contractor with detailed particulars, including the date of such notification, with a copy to the Engineer, within 7 days of the Borrower having received the suspension notification from the Bank. If alternative funds will be available in appropriate currencies to the Employer to continue making payments to the Contractor beyond a date 60 days after the date of Bank notification of the suspension, the Employer shall provide reasonable evidence in his notice of the extent to which such funds will be available.

2.5 Employer's Claims

If the Employer considers himself to be entitled to any payment under any Clause of these Conditions or otherwise in connection with the Contract, and/or to any extension of the Defects Notification Period, the Employer or the Engineer shall give notice and particulars to the Contractor. However, notice is not required for payments due under Sub-Clause 4.19 [Electricity, Water and Gas], under Sub-Clause 4.20 [Employer's Equipment and Free-Issue Materials], or for other services requested by the Contractor.

The notice shall be given as soon as practicable and no longer than 28 days after the Employer became aware, or should have become aware, of the event or circumstances giving rise to the claim. A notice relating to any extension of the Defects Notification Period shall be given before the expiry of such period.

The particulars shall specify the Clause or other basis of the claim, and shall include substantiation of the amount and/or extension to which the Employer considers himself to be entitled in connection with the Contract. The Engineer shall then proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5

[Determinations] to agree or determine (i) the amount (if any) which the Employer is entitled to be paid by the Contractor, and/or (ii) the extension (if any) of the Defects Notification Period in accordance with Sub-Clause 11.3 [Extension of Defects Notification Period].

This amount may be included as a deduction in the Contract Price and Payment Certificates. The Employer shall only be entitled to set off against or make any deduction from an amount certified in a Payment Certificate, or to otherwise claim against the Contractor, in accordance with this Sub-Clause.

3. The Engineer

3.1 Engineer's Duties and Authority

The Employer shall appoint the Engineer who shall carry out the duties assigned to him in the Contract. The Engineer's staff shall include suitably qualified engineers and other professionals who are competent to carry out these duties.

The Engineer shall have no authority to amend the Contract.

The Engineer may exercise the authority attributable to the Engineer as specified in or necessarily to be implied from the Contract. If the Engineer is required to obtain the approval of the Employer before exercising a specified authority, the requirements shall be as stated in the Particular Conditions. The Employer shall promptly inform the Contractor of any change to the authority attributed to the Engineer.

However, whenever the Engineer exercises a specified authority for which the Employer's approval is required, then (for the purposes of the Contract) the Employer shall be deemed to have given approval.

Except as otherwise stated in these Conditions:

- (a) whenever carrying out duties or exercising authority, specified in or implied by the Contract, the Engineer shall be deemed to act for the Employer;
- (b) the Engineer has no authority to relieve either Party of any duties, obligations or responsibilities under the Contract;
- (c) any approval, check, certificate, consent, examination, inspection, instruction, notice, proposal, request, test, or similar act by the Engineer (including absence of

disapproval) shall not relieve the Contractor from any responsibility he has under the Contract, including responsibility for errors, omissions, discrepancies and noncompliances; and

(d) any act by the Engineer in response to a Contractor's request except as otherwise expressly specified shall be notified in writing to the Contractor within 28 days of receipt.

The following provisions shall apply:

The Engineer shall obtain the specific approval of the Employer before taking action under the-following Sub-Clauses of these Conditions:

- (a) Sub-Clause 4.12: agreeing or determining an extension of time and/or additional cost.
- (b) Sub-Clause 13.1: instructing a Variation, except;
 - (i) in an emergency situation as determined by the Engineer, or
 - (ii) if such a Variation would increase the Accepted Contract Amount by less than the percentage specified in the Contract Data.
- (c) Sub-Clause 13.3: Approving a proposal for Variation submitted by the Contractor in accordance with Sub Clause 13.1 or 13.2.
- (d) Sub-Clause 13.4: Specifying the amount payable in each of the applicable currencies

Notwithstanding the obligation, as set out above, to obtain approval, if, in the opinion of the Engineer, an emergency occurs affecting the safety of life or of the Works or of adjoining property, he may, without relieving the Contractor of any of his duties and responsibility under the Contract, instruct the Contractor to execute all such work or to do all such things as may, in the opinion of the Engineer, be necessary to abate or reduce the risk. The Contractor shall forthwith comply, despite the absence of approval of the Employer, with any such instruction of the Engineer. The Engineer shall determine an addition to the Contract Price, in respect of such instruction, in accordance with Clause 13 and shall notify the Contractor

accordingly, with a copy to the Employer.

3.2 Delegation by the Engineer

The Engineer may from time to time assign duties and delegate authority to assistants, and may also revoke such assignment or delegation. These assistants may include a resident engineer, and/or independent inspectors appointed to inspect and/or test items of Plant and/or Materials. The assignment, delegation or revocation shall be in writing and shall not take effect until copies have been received by both Parties. However, unless otherwise agreed by both Parties, the Engineer shall not delegate the authority to determine any matter in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations].

Each assistant, to whom duties have been assigned or authority has been delegated, shall only be authorised to issue instructions to the Contractor to the extent defined by the delegation. Any approval, check, certificate, consent, examination, inspection, instruction, notice, proposal, request, test, or similar act by an assistant, in accordance with the delegation, shall have the same effect as though the act had been an act of the Engineer. However:

- (a) any failure to disapprove any work, Plant or Materials shall not constitute approval, and shall therefore not prejudice the right of the Engineer to reject the work, Plant or Materials;
- (b) if the Contractor questions any determination or instruction of an assistant, the Contractor may refer the matter to the Engineer, who shall promptly confirm, reverse or vary the determination or instruction.

3.3 Instructions of the Engineer

The Engineer may issue to the Contractor (at any time) instructions and additional or modified Drawings which may be necessary for the execution of the Works and the remedying of any defects, all in accordance with the Contract. The Contractor shall only take instructions from the Engineer, or from an assistant to whom the appropriate authority has been delegated under this Clause. If an instruction constitutes a Variation, Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments] shall apply.

The Contractor shall comply with the instructions given by the Engineer or delegated assistant, on any matter related to the Contract. Whenever practicable, their instructions shall be given in writing. If the Engineer or a delegated assistant:

- (a) gives an oral instruction,
- (b) receives a written confirmation of the instruction, from (or on behalf of) the Contractor, within two working days after giving the instruction, and
- (c) does not reply by issuing a written rejection and/or instruction within two working days after receiving the confirmation,

then the confirmation shall constitute the written instruction of the Engineer or delegated assistant (as the case may be).

3.4 Replacement of the Engineer

If the Employer intends to replace the Engineer, the Employer shall, not less than 21 days before the intended date of replacement, give notice to the Contractor of the name, address and relevant experience of the intended replacement Engineer. If the Contractor considers the intended replacement Engineer to be unsuitable, he has the right to raise objection against him by notice to the Employer, with supporting particulars, and the Employer shall give full and fair consideration to this objection.

3.5 Determinations

Whenever these Conditions provide that the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with this Sub-Clause 3.5 to agree or determine any matter, the Engineer shall consult with each Party in an endeavour to reach agreement. If agreement is not achieved, the Engineer shall make a fair determination in accordance with the Contract, taking due regard of all relevant circumstances.

The Engineer shall give notice to both Parties of each agreement or determination, with supporting particulars, within 28 days from the receipt of the corresponding claim or request except when otherwise specified. Each Party shall give effect to each agreement or determination unless and until revised under Clause 20 [Claims, Disputes and Arbitration].

4. The Contractor

4.1 Contractor's General Obligations

The Contractor shall design (to the extent specified in the Contract), execute and complete the Works in accordance with the Contract and with the Engineer's instructions, and shall remedy any defects in the Works.

The Contractor shall provide the Plant and Contractor's Documents specified in the Contract, and all Contractor's Personnel, Goods, consumables and other things and services, whether of a temporary or permanent nature, required in and for this design, execution, completion and remedying of defects.

All equipment, material, and services to be incorporated in or required for the Works shall have their origin in any eligible source country as defined by the Bank.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the adequacy, stability and safety of all Site operations and of all methods of construction. Except to the extent specified in the Contract, the Contractor (i) shall be responsible for all Contractor's Documents, Temporary Works, and such design of each item of Plant and Materials as is required for the item to be in accordance with the Contract, and (ii) shall not otherwise be responsible for the design or specification of the Permanent Works.

The Contractor shall, whenever required by the Engineer, submit details of the arrangements and methods which the Contractor proposes to adopt for the execution of the Works. No significant alteration to these arrangements and methods shall be made without this having previously been notified to the Engineer.

If the Contract specifies that the Contractor shall design any part of the Permanent Works, then unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

- (a) the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the Contractor's Documents for this part in accordance with the procedures specified in the Contract;
- (b) these Contractor's Documents shall be in accordance with the Specification and Drawings, shall be written in the language for communications defined in Sub-Clause 1.4 [Law and Language], and shall include additional information required by the Engineer to add to the

Drawings for co-ordination of each Party's designs;

- (c) the Contractor shall be responsible for this part and it shall, when the Works are completed, be fit for such purposes for which the part is intended as are specified in the Contract; and
- (d) prior to the commencement of the Tests on Completion, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the "as-built" documents and, if applicable, operation and maintenance manuals in accordance with the Specification and in sufficient detail for the Employer to operate, maintain, dismantle, reassemble, adjust and repair this part of the Works. Such part shall not be considered to be completed for the purposes of taking-over under Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking Over of the Works and Sections] until these documents and manuals have been submitted to the Engineer.

4.2 Performance Security

The Contractor shall obtain (at his cost) a Performance Security for proper performance, in the amount stated in the Contract Data and denominated in the currency (ies) of the Contract or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer. If an amount is not stated in the Contract Data, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

The Contractor shall deliver the Performance Security to the Employer within 28 days after receiving the Letter of Acceptance, and shall send a copy to the Engineer. The Performance Security shall be issued by a reputable bank or financial institution selected by the Contractor, and shall be in the form annexed to the Particular Conditions, as stipulated by the Employer in the Contract Data, or in another form approved by the Employer.

The Contractor shall ensure that the Performance Security is valid and enforceable until the Contractor has executed and completed the Works and remedied any defects. If the terms of the Performance Security specify its expiry date, and the Contractor has not become entitled to receive the Performance Certificate by the date 28 days prior to the expiry date, the Contractor shall extend the validity of the Performance Security until the Works have been completed and any defects have been remedied.

The Employer shall not make a claim under the Performance Security, except for amounts to which the Employer is entitled under the Contract.

The Employer shall indemnify and hold the Contractor harmless against and from all damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) resulting from a claim under the Performance Security to the extent to which the Employer was not entitled to make the claim.

The Employer shall return the Performance Security to the Contractor within 21 days after receiving a copy of the Performance Certificate.

Without limitation to the provisions of the rest of this Sub-Clause, whenever the Engineer determines an addition or a reduction to the Contract Price as a result of a change in cost and/or legislation, or as a result of a Variation, amounting to more than 25 percent of the portion of the Contract Price payable in a specific currency, the Contractor shall at the Engineer's request promptly increase, or may decrease, as the case may be, the value of the Performance Security in that currency by an equal percentage.

4.3 Contractor's Representative

The Contractor shall appoint the Contractor's Representative and shall give him all authority necessary to act on the Contractor's behalf under the Contract.

Unless the Contractor's Representative is named in the Contract, the Contractor shall, prior to the Commencement Date, submit to the Engineer for consent the name and particulars of the person the Contractor proposes to appoint as Contractor's Representative. If consent is withheld or subsequently revoked in terms of Sub-Clause 6.9 [Contractor's Personnel], or if the appointed person fails to act as Contractor's Representative, the Contractor shall similarly submit the name and particulars of another suitable person for such appointment.

The Contractor shall not, without the prior consent of the Engineer, revoke the appointment of the Contractor's Representative or appoint a replacement.

The whole time of the Contractor's Representative shall be given to directing the Contractor's performance of the Contract. If the Contractor's Representative is to be temporarily absent from the Site during the execution of the Works, a suitable replacement person shall be appointed, subject to the Engineer's prior consent, and the Engineer shall be notified accordingly.

The Contractor's Representative shall, on behalf of the Contractor, receive instructions under Sub-Clause 3.3 [Instructions of the Engineer].

The Contractor's Representative may delegate any powers, functions and authority to any competent person, and may at any time revoke the delegation. Any delegation or revocation shall not take effect until the Engineer has received prior notice signed by the Contractor's Representative, naming the person and specifying the powers, functions and authority being delegated or revoked.

The Contractor's Representative shall be fluent in the language for communications defined in Sub-Clause 1.4 [Law and Language]. If the Contractor's Representative's delegates are not fluent in the said language, the Contractor shall make competent interpreters available during all working hours in a number deemed sufficient by the Engineer.

4.4 Subcontractors

The Contractor shall not subcontract the whole of the Works.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the acts or defaults of any Subcontractor, his agents or employees, as if they were the acts or defaults of the Contractor. Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

- (a) the Contractor shall not be required to obtain consent to suppliers solely of Materials, or to a subcontract for which the Subcontractor is named in the Contract;
- (b) the prior consent of the Engineer shall be obtained to other proposed Subcontractors;
- (c) the Contractor shall give the Engineer not less than 28 days' notice of the intended date of the commencement of each Subcontractor's work, and of the commencement of such work on the Site; and
- (d) each subcontract shall include provisions which would entitle the Employer to require the subcontract to be assigned to the Employer under Sub-Clause 4.5 [Assignment of Benefit of Subcontract] (if or when applicable) or in the event of termination under Sub-Clause 15.2 [Termination by Employer].

The Contractor shall ensure that the requirements imposed on the Contractor by Sub-Clause 1.12 [Confidential Details] apply equally to each Subcontractor.

Where practicable, the Contractor shall give fair and reasonable opportunity for contractors from the Country to be appointed as Subcontractors.

4.5 Assignment of Benefit of Subcontract

If a Subcontractor's obligations extend beyond the expiry date of the relevant Defects Notification Period and the Engineer, prior to this date, instructs the Contractor to assign the benefit of such obligations to the Employer, then the Contractor shall do so. Unless otherwise stated in the assignment, the Contractor shall have no liability to the Employer for the work carried out by the Subcontractor after the assignment takes effect.

4.6 Co-operation

The Contractor shall, as specified in the Contract or as instructed by the Engineer, allow appropriate opportunities for carrying out work to:

- (a) the Employer's Personnel,
- (b) any other contractors employed by the Employer, and
- (c) the personnel of any legally constituted public authorities,

who may be employed in the execution on or near the Site of any work not included in the Contract.

Any such instruction shall constitute a Variation if and to the extent that it causes the Contractor to suffer delays and/or to incur Unforeseeable Cost. Services for these personnel and other contractors may include the use of Contractor's Equipment, Temporary Works or access arrangements which are the responsibility of the Contractor.

If, under the Contract, the Employer is required to give to the Contractor possession of any foundation, structure, plant or means of access in accordance with Contractor's Documents, the Contractor shall submit such documents to the Engineer in the time and manner stated in the Specification.

4.7 Setting Out

The Contractor shall set out the Works in relation to original points, lines and levels of reference specified in the Contract or notified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for the correct positioning of all parts of the Works, and shall rectify any error in the positions, levels, dimensions or alignment of the Works.

The Employer shall be responsible for any errors in these specified or notified items of reference, but the Contractor shall use reasonable efforts to verify their accuracy before they are used.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost from executing work which was necessitated by an error in these items of reference, and an experienced contractor could not reasonably have discovered such error and avoided this delay and/or Cost, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine (i) whether and (if so) to what extent the error could not reasonably have been discovered, and (ii) the matters described in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) above related to this e.

4.8 Safety Procedures The Contractor shall:

- (a) comply with all applicable safety regulations,
- (b) take care for the safety of all persons entitled to be on the Site,
- (c) use reasonable efforts to keep the Site and Works clear of unnecessary obstruction so as to avoid danger to these persons,
- (d) provide fencing, lighting, guarding and watching of the Works until completion and taking over under Clause 10 [Employer's Taking Over], and
- (e) provide any Temporary Works (including roadways, footways, guards and fences) which may be necessary, because of the execution of the Works, for the use and protection of the public and of owners and occupiers of adjacent land.

4.9 Quality Assurance

The Contractor shall institute a quality assurance system to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Contract. The system shall be in accordance with the details stated in the Contract. The Engineer shall be entitled to audit any aspect of the system.

Details of all procedures and compliance documents shall be submitted to the Engineer for information before each design and execution stage is commenced. When any document of a technical nature is issued to the Engineer, evidence of the prior approval by the Contractor himself shall be apparent on the document itself.

Compliance with the quality assurance system shall not relieve the Contractor of any of his duties, obligations or responsibilities under the Contract.

4.10 Site Data

The Employer shall have made available to the Contractor for his information, prior to the Base Date, all relevant data in the Employer's possession on sub-surface and hydrological conditions at the Site, including environmental aspects. The Employer shall similarly make available to the Contractor all such data which come into the Employer's possession after the Base Date. The Contractor shall be responsible for interpreting all such data.

To the extent which was practicable (taking account of cost and time), the Contractor shall be deemed to have obtained all necessary information as to risks, contingencies and other circumstances which may influence or affect the Tender or Works. To the same extent, the Contractor shall be deemed to have inspected and examined the Site, its surroundings, the above data and other available information, and to have been satisfied before submitting the Tender as to all relevant matters, including (without limitation):

- (a) the form and nature of the Site, including sub-surface conditions,
- (b) the hydrological and climatic conditions,
- (c) the extent and nature of the work and Goods necessary for the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects,
- (d) the Laws, procedures and labour practices of the Country,

and

(e) the Contractor's requirements for access, accommodation, facilities, personnel, power, transport, water and other services.

4.11 Sufficiency of the Accepted Contract Amount

The Contractor shall be deemed to:

- (a) have satisfied himself as to the correctness and sufficiency of the Accepted Contract Amount, and
- (b) have based the Accepted Contract Amount on the data, interpretations, necessary information, inspections, examinations and satisfaction as to all relevant matters referred to in Sub-Clause 4.10 [Site Data].

Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, the Accepted Contract Amount covers all the Contractor's obligations under the Contract (including those under Provisional Sums, if any) and all things necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects.

4.12 Unforeseeable Physical Conditions

In this Sub-Clause, "physical conditions" means natural physical conditions and man-made and other physical obstructions and pollutants, which the Contractor encounters at the Site when executing the Works, including sub-surface and hydrological conditions but excluding climatic conditions.

If the Contractor encounters adverse physical conditions which he considers to have been Unforeseeable, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer as soon as practicable.

This notice shall describe the physical conditions, so that they can be inspected by the Engineer, and shall set out the reasons why the Contractor considers them to be Unforeseeable. The Contractor shall continue executing the Works, using such proper and reasonable measures as are appropriate for the physical conditions, and shall comply with any instructions which the Engineer may give. If an instruction constitutes a Variation, Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments] shall apply.

If and to the extent that the Contractor encounters physical conditions which are Unforeseeable, gives such a notice, and suffers delay and/or incurs Cost due to these conditions, the Contractor shall be entitled subject to notice under Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

Upon receiving such notice and inspecting and/or investigating these physical conditions, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine (i) whether and (if so) to what extent these physical conditions were Unforeseeable, and (ii) the matters described in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) above related to this extent.

However, before additional Cost is finally agreed or determined under sub-paragraph (ii), the Engineer may also review whether other physical conditions in similar parts of the Works (if any) were more favourable than could reasonably have been foreseen when the Contractor submitted the Tender. If and to the extent that these more favourable conditions were encountered, the Engineer may proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine the reductions in Cost which were due to these conditions, which may be included (as deductions) in the Contract Price and Payment Certificates. However, the net effect of all adjustments under sub-paragraph (b) and all these reductions, for all the physical conditions encountered in similar parts of the Works, shall not result in a net reduction in the Contract Price.

The Engineer shall take account of any evidence of the physical conditions foreseen by the Contractor when submitting the Tender, which shall be made available by the Contractor, but shall not be bound by the Contractor's interpretation of any such evidence.

4.13 Rights of Way and Facilities

Unless otherwise specified in the Contract the Employer shall provide effective access to and possession of the Site including special and/or temporary rights-of-way which are necessary for the Works. The Contractor shall obtain, at his risk and cost, any additional rights of way or facilities outside the Site which he may require for the purposes of the Works.

4.14 Avoidance of Interference

The Contractor shall not interfere unnecessarily or improperly with:

- (a) the convenience of the public, or
- (b) the access to and use and occupation of all roads and footpaths, irrespective of whether they are public or in the possession of the Employer or of others.

The Contractor shall indemnify and hold the Employer harmless against and from all damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) resulting from any such unnecessary or improper interference.

4.15 Access Route

The Contractor shall be deemed to have been satisfied as to the suitability and availability of access routes to the Site at Base Date. The Contractor shall use reasonable efforts to prevent any road or bridge from being damaged by the Contractor's traffic or by the Contractor's Personnel. These efforts shall include the proper use of appropriate vehicles and routes.

Except as otherwise stated in these Conditions:

- (a) the Contractor shall (as between the Parties) be responsible for any maintenance which may be required for his use of access routes;
- (b) the Contractor shall provide all necessary signs or directions along access routes, and shall obtain any permission which may be required from the relevant authorities for his use of routes, signs and directions;
- (c) the Employer shall not be responsible for any claims which may arise from the use or otherwise of any access route;
- (d) the Employer does not guarantee the suitability or availability of particular access routes; and
- (e) Costs due to non-suitability or non-availability, for the use required by the Contractor, of access routes shall be borne by the Contractor.

4.16 Transport of Goods

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

(a) the Contractor shall give the Engineer not less than 21

days' notice of the date on which any Plant or a major item of other Goods will be delivered to the Site;

- (b) the Contractor shall be responsible for packing, loading, transporting, receiving, unloading, storing and protecting all Goods and other things required for the Works; and
- (c) the Contractor shall indemnify and hold the Employer harmless against and from all damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) resulting from the transport of Goods, and shall negotiate and pay all claims arising from their transport.

4.17 Contractor's Equipment

The Contractor shall be responsible for all Contractor's Equipment. When brought on to the Site, Contractor's Equipment shall be deemed to be exclusively intended for the execution of the Works. The Contractor shall not remove from the Site any major items of Contractor's Equipment without the consent of the Engineer. However, consent shall not be required for vehicles transporting Goods or Contractor's Personnel off Site.

4.18 Protection of the Environment

The Contractor shall take all reasonable steps to protect the environment (both on and off the Site) and to limit damage and nuisance to people and property resulting from pollution, noise and other results of his operations.

The Contractor shall ensure that emissions, surface discharges and effluent from the Contractor's activities shall not exceed the values stated in the Specification or prescribed by applicable Laws.

4.19 Electricity, Water and Gas

The Contractor shall, except as stated below, be responsible for the provision of all power, water and other services he may require for his construction activities and to the extent defined in the Specifications, for the tests.

The Contractor shall be entitled to use for the purposes of the Works such supplies of electricity, water, gas and other services as may be available on the Site and of which details and prices are given in the Specification. The Contractor shall, at his risk and cost, provide any apparatus necessary for his use of these services and for measuring the quantities consumed.

The quantities consumed and the amounts due (at these prices) for such services shall be agreed or determined by the Engineer

in accordance with Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] and Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations]. The Contractor shall pay these amounts to the Employer.

4.20 Employer's Equipment and Free-Issue Materials

The Employer shall make the Employer's Equipment (if any) available for the use of the Contractor in the execution of the Works in accordance with the details, arrangements and prices stated in the Specification. Unless otherwise stated in the Specification:

- (a) the Employer shall be responsible for the Employer's Equipment, except that
- (b) the Contractor shall be responsible for each item of Employer's Equipment whilst any of the Contractor's Personnel is operating it, driving it, directing it or in possession or control of it.

The appropriate quantities and the amounts due (at such stated prices) for the use of Employer's Equipment shall be agreed or determined by the Engineer in accordance with Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] and Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations]. The Contractor shall pay these amounts to the Employer.

The Employer shall supply, free of charge, the "free-issue materials" (if any) in accordance with the details stated in the Specification. The Employer shall, at his risk and cost, provide these materials at the time and place specified in the Contract. The Contractor shall then visually inspect them, and shall promptly give notice to the Engineer of any shortage, defect or default in these materials. Unless otherwise agreed by both Parties, the Employer shall immediately rectify the notified shortage, defect or default.

After this visual inspection, the free-issue materials shall come under the care, custody and control of the Contractor. The Contractor's obligations of inspection, care, custody and control shall not relieve the Employer of liability for any shortage, defect or default not apparent from a visual inspection.

4.21 Progress Reports

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions, monthly progress reports shall be prepared by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer in six copies. The first report shall cover the period up to the end of the first calendar month following the Commencement Date. Reports shall be submitted monthly thereafter, each within 7 days after the last day of the

period to which it relates.

Reporting shall continue until the Contractor has completed all work which is known to be outstanding at the completion date stated in the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works.

Each report shall include:

- (a) charts and detailed descriptions of progress, including each stage of design (if any), Contractor's Documents, procurement, manufacture, delivery to Site, construction, erection and testing; and including these stages for work by each nominated Subcontractor (as defined in Clause 5 [Nominated Subcontractors]),
- (b) photographs showing the status of manufacture and of progress on the Site;
- (c) for the manufacture of each main item of Plant and Materials, the name of the manufacturer, manufacture location, percentage progress, and the actual or expected dates of:
 - (i) commencement of manufacture,
 - (ii) Contractor's inspections,
 - (iii) tests, and
 - (iv) shipment and arrival at the Site;
- (d) the details described in Sub-Clause 6.10 [Records of Contractor's Personnel and Equipment];
- (e) copies of quality assurance documents, test results and certificates of Materials;
- (f) list of notices given under Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] and notices given under Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims];
- (g) safety statistics, including details of any hazardous incidents and activities relating to environmental aspects and public relations; and
- (h) comparisons of actual and planned progress, with details of any events or circumstances which may jeopardise the completion in accordance with the Contract, and the

measures being (or to be) adopted to overcome delays.

4.22 Security of the Site

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

- (a) the Contractor shall be responsible for keeping unauthorised persons off the Site, and
- (b) authorised persons shall be limited to the Contractor's Personnel and the Employer's Personnel; and to any other personnel notified to the Contractor, by the Employer or the Engineer, as authorised personnel of the Employer's other contractors on the Site.

4.23 Contractor's Operations on Site

The Contractor shall confine his operations to the Site, and to any additional areas which may be obtained by the Contractor and agreed by the Engineer as additional working areas. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to keep Contractor's Equipment and Contractor's Personnel within the Site and these additional areas, and to keep them off adjacent land.

During the execution of the Works, the Contractor shall keep the Site free from all unnecessary obstruction, and shall store or dispose of any Contractor's Equipment or surplus materials. The Contractor shall clear away and remove from the Site any wreckage, rubbish and Temporary Works which are no longer required.

Upon the issue of a Taking-Over Certificate, the Contractor shall clear away and remove, from that part of the Site and Works to which the Taking-Over Certificate refers, all Contractor's Equipment, surplus material, wreckage, rubbish and Temporary Works. The Contractor shall leave that part of the Site and the Works in a clean and safe condition. However, the Contractor may retain on Site, during the Defects Notification Period, such Goods as are required for the Contractor to fulfil obligations under the Contract.

4.24 Fossils

All fossils, coins, articles of value or antiquity, and structures and other remains or items of geological or archaeological interest found on the Site shall be placed under the care and authority of the Employer. The Contractor shall take reasonable precautions to prevent Contractor's Personnel or other persons from removing or damaging any of these findings.

The Contractor shall, upon discovery of any such finding, promptly give notice to the Engineer, who shall issue

instructions for dealing with it. If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost from complying with the instructions, the Contractor shall give a further notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this further notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

5. Nominated Subcontractors

5.1 Definition of "nominated Subcontractor"

In the Contract, "nominated Subcontractor" means a Subcontractor:

- (a) who is stated in the Contract as being a nominated Subcontractor, or
- (b) whom the Engineer, under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments], instructs the Contractor to employ as a Subcontractor subject to Sub-Clause 5.2 [Objection to Notification].

5.2 Objection to Nomination

The Contractor shall not be under any obligation to employ a nominated Subcontractor against whom the Contractor raises reasonable objection by notice to the Engineer as soon as practicable, with supporting particulars. An objection shall be deemed reasonable if it arises from (among other things) any of the following matters, unless the Employer agrees in writing to indemnify the Contractor against and from the consequences of the matter:

- (a) there are reasons to believe that the Subcontractor does not have sufficient competence, resources or financial strength;
- (b) the nominated Subcontractor does not accept to indemnify the Contractor against and from any negligence or misuse of Goods by the nominated Subcontractor, his agents and employees; or

- (c) the nominated Subcontractor does not accept to enter into a subcontract which specifies that, for the subcontracted work (including design, if any), the nominated Subcontractor shall:
 - (i) undertake to the Contractor such obligations and liabilities as will enable the Contractor to discharge his obligations and liabilities under the Contract;
 - (ii) indemnify the Contractor against and from all obligations and liabilities arising under or in connection with the Contract and from the consequences of any failure by the Subcontractor to perform these obligations or to fulfil these liabilities, and
 - (iii) be paid only if and when the Contractor has received from the Employer payments for sums due under the Subcontract referred to under Sub-Clause 5.3 [Payment to nominated Subcontractors].

5.3 Payments to nominated Subcontractors

The Contractor shall pay to the nominated Subcontractor the amounts shown on the nominated Subcontractor's invoices approved by the Contractor which the Engineer certifies to be due in accordance with the subcontract. These amounts plus other charges shall be included in the Contract Price in accordance with sub-paragraph (b) of Sub-Clause 13.5 [Provisional Sums], except as stated in Sub-Clause 5.4 [Evidence of Payments].

5.4 Evidence of Payments

Before issuing a Payment Certificate which includes an amount payable to a nominated Subcontractor, the Engineer may request the Contractor to supply reasonable evidence that the nominated Subcontractor has received all amounts due in accordance with previous Payment Certificates, less applicable deductions for retention or otherwise. Unless the Contractor:

- (a) submits this reasonable evidence to the Engineer, or
- (b)
- (i) satisfies the Engineer in writing that the Contractor is reasonably entitled to withhold or refuse to pay these amounts, and
- (ii) submits to the Engineer reasonable evidence that the

nominated Subcontractor has been notified of the Contractor's entitlement,

then the Employer may (at his sole discretion) pay, direct to the nominated Subcontractor, part or all of such amounts previously certified (less applicable deductions) as are due to the nominated Subcontractor and for which the Contractor has failed to submit the evidence described in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) above. The Contractor shall then repay, to the Employer, the amount which the nominated Subcontractor was directly paid by the Employer.

6. Staff and Labour

6.1 Engagement of Staff and Labour

Except as otherwise stated in the Specification, the Contractor shall make arrangements for the engagement of all staff and labour, local or otherwise, and for their payment, feeding, transport, and, when appropriate, housing.

The Contractor is encouraged, to the extent practicable and reasonable, to employ staff and labour with appropriate qualifications and experience from sources within the Country.

6.2 Rates of Wages and Conditions of Labour

The Contractor shall pay rates of wages, and observe conditions of labour, which are not lower than those established for the trade or industry where the work is carried out. If no established rates or conditions are applicable, the Contractor shall pay rates of wages and observe conditions which are not lower than the general level of wages and conditions observed locally by employers whose trade or industry is similar to that of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall inform the Contractor's Personnel about their liability to pay personal income taxes in the Country in respect of such of their salaries, wages, allowances and any benefits as are subject to tax under the Laws of the Country for the time being in force, and the Contractor shall perform such duties in regard to such deductions thereof as may be imposed on him by such Laws.

6.3 Persons in the Service of Employer

The Contractor shall not recruit, or attempt to recruit, staff and labour from amongst the Employer's Personnel.

6.4 Labour Laws

The Contractor shall comply with all the relevant labour Laws

applicable to the Contractor's Personnel, including Laws relating to their employment, health, safety, welfare, immigration and emigration, and shall allow them all their legal rights.

The Contractor shall require his employees to obey all applicable Laws, including those concerning safety at work.

6.5 Working Hours

No work shall be carried out on the Site on locally recognised days of rest, or outside the normal working hours stated in the Contract Data, unless:

- (a) otherwise stated in the Contract,
- (b) the Engineer gives consent, or
- (c) the work is unavoidable, or necessary for the protection of life or property or for the safety of the Works, in which case the Contractor shall immediately advise the Engineer.

6.6 Facilities for Staff and Labour

Except as otherwise stated in the Specification, the Contractor shall provide and maintain all necessary accommodation and welfare facilities for the Contractor's Personnel. The Contractor shall also provide facilities for the Employer's Personnel as stated in the Specification.

The Contractor shall not permit any of the Contractor's Personnel to maintain any temporary or permanent living quarters within the structures forming part of the Permanent Works.

6.7 Health and Safety

The Contractor shall at all times take all reasonable precautions to maintain the health and safety of the Contractor's Personnel. In collaboration with local health authorities, the Contractor shall ensure that medical staff, first aid facilities, sick bay and ambulance service are available at all times at the Site and at any accommodation for Contractor's and Employer's Personnel, and that suitable arrangements are made for all necessary welfare and hygiene requirements and for the prevention of epidemics.

The Contractor shall appoint an accident prevention officer at the Site, responsible for maintaining safety and protection against accidents. This person shall be qualified for this responsibility, and shall have the authority to issue instructions and take protective measures to prevent accidents. Throughout the execution of the Works, the Contractor shall provide whatever is required by this person to exercise this responsibility and authority.

The Contractor shall send, to the Engineer, details of any accident as soon as practicable after its occurrence. The Contractor shall maintain records and make reports concerning health, safety and welfare of persons, and damage to property, as the Engineer may reasonably require.

HIV-AIDS Prevention. The Contractor shall conduct an HIV-AIDS awareness programme via an approved service provider, and shall undertake such other measures as are specified in this Contract to reduce the risk of the transfer of the HIV virus between and among the Contractor's Personnel and the local community, to promote early diagnosis and to assist affected individuals.

The Contractor shall throughout the contract (including the Defects Notification Period): (i) conduct Information, Education and Communication (IEC) campaigns, at least every other month, addressed to all the Site staff and labour (including all the Contractor's employees, all Subcontractors and any other Contractor's or Employer's personnel employees, and all truck drivers and crew making deliveries to Site for construction activities) and to the immediate local communities, concerning the risks, dangers and impact, and appropriate avoidance behaviour with respect to, of Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) - or Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) in general and HIV/AIDS in particular; (ii) provide male or female condoms for all Site staff and labour as appropriate; and (iii) provide for STI and HIV/AIDS screening, diagnosis, counselling and referral to a dedicated national STI and HIV/AIDS programme, (unless otherwise agreed) of all Site staff and labour.

The Contractor shall include in the programme to be submitted for the execution of the Works under Sub-Clause 8.3 an alleviation programme for Site staff and labour and their families in respect of Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) and Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) including HIV/AIDS. The STI, STD and HIV/AIDS alleviation programme shall indicate when, how and at what cost the Contractor plans to satisfy the requirements of this Sub-Clause and the related specification. For each component, the programme shall detail the resources to be provided or utilised and any related sub-contracting proposed. The programme shall also include provision of a detailed cost estimate with supporting documentation. Payment to the Contractor for preparation and implementation this

programme shall not exceed the Provisional Sum dedicated for this purpose.

6.8 Contractor's Superintendence

Throughout the execution of the Works, and as long thereafter as is necessary to fulfil the Contractor's obligations, the Contractor shall provide all necessary superintendence to plan, arrange, direct, manage, inspect and test the work.

Superintendence shall be given by a sufficient number of persons having adequate knowledge of the language for communications (defined in Sub-Clause 1.4 [Law and Language]) and of the operations to be carried out (including the methods and techniques required, the hazards likely to be encountered and methods of preventing accidents), for the satisfactory and safe execution of the Works.

6.9 Contractor's Personnel

[Exclusive modification to reflect World Bank's Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers]

The Contractor's Personnel shall be appropriately qualified, skilled and experienced in their respective trades or occupations. The Engineer may require the Contractor to remove (or cause to be removed) any person employed on the Site or Works, including the Contractor's Representative if applicable, who:

- (a) persists in any misconduct or lack of care,
- (b) carries out duties incompetently or negligently,
- (c) fails to conform with any provisions of the Contract,
- (d) persists in any conduct which is prejudicial to safety, health, or the protection of the environment, or
- (e) based on reasonable evidence, is determined to have engaged in Fraud and Corruption during the execution of the Works.

If appropriate, the Contractor shall then appoint (or cause to be appointed) a suitable replacement person.

6.10 Records of Contractor's Personnel and Equipment

The Contractor shall submit, to the Engineer, details showing the number of each class of Contractor's Personnel and of each type of Contractor's Equipment on the Site. Details shall be submitted each calendar month, in a form approved by the Engineer, until the Contractor has completed all work which is known to be outstanding at the completion date stated in the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works.

6.11 Disorderly

The Contractor shall at all times take all reasonable precautions

Conduct

to prevent any unlawful, riotous or disorderly conduct by or amongst the Contractor's Personnel, and to preserve peace and protection of persons and property on and near the Site.

6.12 Foreign Personnel

The Contractor may bring in to the Country any foreign personnel who are necessary for the execution of the Works to the extent allowed by the applicable Laws. The Contractor shall ensure that these personnel are provided with the required residence visas and work permits. The Employer will, if requested by the Contractor, use his best endeavours in a timely and expeditious manner to assist the Contractor in obtaining any local, state, national or government permission required for bringing in the Contractor's personnel.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the return of these personnel to the place where they were recruited or to their domicile. In the event of the death in the Country of any of these personnel or members of their families, the Contractor shall similarly be responsible for making the appropriate arrangements for their return or burial.

6.13 Supply of Foodstuffs

The Contractor shall arrange for the provision of a sufficient supply of suitable food as may be stated in the Specification at reasonable prices for the Contractor's Personnel for the purposes of or in connection with the Contract.

6.14 Supply of Water

The Contractor shall, having regard to local conditions, provide on the Site an adequate supply of drinking and other water for the use of the Contractor's Personnel.

6.15 Measures against Insect and Pest Nuisance

The Contractor shall at all times take the necessary precautions to protect the Contractor's Personnel employed on the Site from insect and pest nuisance, and to reduce the danger to their health. The Contractor shall comply with all the regulations of the local health authorities, including use of appropriate insecticide.

6.16 Alcoholic Liquor or Drugs

The Contractor shall not, otherwise than in accordance with the Laws of the Country, import, sell, give, barter or otherwise dispose of any alcoholic liquor or drugs, or permit or allow importation, sale, gift, barter or disposal thereof by Contractor's Personnel.

6.17 Arms and

The Contractor shall not give, barter, or otherwise dispose of, to any person, any arms or ammunition of any kind, or allow

Ammunition

Contractor's Personnel to do so.

6.18 Festivals and Religious Customs

The Contractor shall respect the Country's recognized festivals, days of rest and religious or other customs.

6.19 Funeral Arrangements

The Contractor shall be responsible, to the extent required by local regulations, for making any funeral arrangements for any of his local employees who may die while engaged upon the Works.

6.20 Prohibition of Forced or Compulsory Labour

The Contractor shall not employ forced labour, which consists of any work or service, not voluntarily performed, that is exacted from an individual under threat of force or penalty, and includes any kind of involuntary or compulsory labour, such as indentured labour, bonded labour or similar labour-contracting arrangements.

6.21 Prohibition of Harmful Child Labour

The Contractor shall not employ children in a manner that is economically exploitative, or is likely to be hazardous, or to interfere with, the child's education, or to be harmful to the child's health or physical, mental, spiritual, moral, or social development. Where the relevant labour laws of the Country have provisions for employment of minors, the Contractor shall follow those laws applicable to the Contractor. Children below the age of 18 years shall not be employed in dangerous work.

6.22 Employment Records of Workers

The Contractor shall keep complete and accurate records of the employment of labour at the Site. The records shall include the names, ages, genders, hours worked and wages paid to all workers. These records shall be summarized on a monthly basis and submitted to the Engineer. These records shall be included in the details to be submitted by the Contractor under Sub-Clause 6.10 [Records of Contractor's Personnel and Equipment].

6.23 Workers' Organisations

In countries where the relevant labour laws recognise workers' rights to form and to join workers' organisations of their choosing without interference and to bargain collectively, the Contractor shall comply with such laws. Where the relevant labour laws substantially restrict workers' organisations, the

Contractor shall enable alternative means for the Contractor's Personnel to express their grievances and protect their rights regarding working conditions and terms of employment. In either case described above, and where the relevant labour laws are silent, the Contractor shall not discourage the Contractor's Personnel from forming or joining workers' organisations of their choosing or from bargaining collectively, and shall not discriminate or retaliate against the Contractor's Personnel who participate, or seek to participate, in such organisations and bargain collectively. The Contractor shall engage with such workers' representatives. Workers' organisations are expected to fairly represent the workers in the workforce.

6.24 Non-Discrimination and Equal Opportunity

The Contractor shall not make employment decisions on the basis of personal characteristics unrelated to inherent job requirements. The Contractor shall base the employment relationship on the principle of equal opportunity and fair treatment, and shall not discriminate with respect to aspects of the employment relationship, including recruitment and hiring, compensation (including wages and benefits), conditions and terms of employment, access to training, promotion, termination of employment or retirement, and discipline. In countries where the relevant labour laws provide for non-discrimination in employment, the Contractor shall comply with such laws. When the relevant labour laws are silent on non-discrimination in employment, the Contractor shall meet this Sub-Clause's requirements. Special measures of protection or assistance to remedy past discrimination or selection for a particular job based on the inherent requirements of the job shall not be deemed discrimination.

7. Plant, Materials and Workmanship

7.1 Manner of Execution

The Contractor shall carry out the manufacture of Plant, the production andmanufacture of Materials, and all other execution of the Works:

- (a) in the manner (if any) specified in the Contract,
- (b) in a proper workmanlike and careful manner, in accordance with recognised good practice, and

(c) with properly equipped facilities and non-hazardous Materials, except as otherwise specified in the Contract.

7.2 Samples

The Contractor shall submit the following samples of Materials, and relevant information, to the Engineer for consent prior to using the Materials in or for the Works:

- (a) manufacturer's standard samples of Materials and samples specified in the Contract, all at the Contractor's cost, and
- (b) additional samples instructed by the Engineer as a Variation.

Each sample shall be labelled as to origin and intended use in the Works.

7.3 Inspection

The Employer's Personnel shall at all reasonable times:

- (a) have full access to all parts of the Site and to all places from which natural Materials are being obtained, and
- (b) during production, manufacture and construction (at the Site and elsewhere), be entitled to examine, inspect, measure and test the materials and workmanship, and to check the progress of manufacture of Plant and production and manufacture of Materials.

The Contractor shall give the Employer's Personnel full opportunity to carry out these activities, including providing access, facilities, permissions and safety equipment. No such activity shall relieve the Contractor from any obligation or responsibility.

The Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer whenever any work is ready and before it is covered up, put out of sight, or packaged for storage or transport. The Engineer shall then either carry out the examination, inspection, measurement or testing without unreasonable delay, or promptly give notice to the Contractor that the Engineer does not require to do so. If the Contractor fails to give the notice, he shall, if and when required by the Engineer, uncover the work and thereafter reinstate and make good, all at the Contractor's cost.

7.4 Testing

This Sub-Clause shall apply to all tests specified in the Contract, other than the Tests after Completion (if any).

Except as otherwise specified in the Contract, the Contractor shall provide all apparatus, assistance, documents and other information, electricity, equipment, fuel, consumables, instruments, labour, materials, and suitably qualified and experienced staff, as are necessary to carry out the specified tests efficiently. The Contractor shall agree, with the Engineer, the time and place for the specified testing of any Plant, Materials and other parts of the Works.

The Engineer may, under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments], vary the location or details of specified tests, or instruct the Contractor to carry out additional tests. If these varied or additional tests show that the tested Plant, Materials or workmanship is not in accordance with the Contract, the cost of carrying out this Variation shall be borne by the Contractor, notwithstanding other provisions of the Contract.

The Engineer shall give the Contractor not less than 24 hours' notice of the Engineer's intention to attend the tests. If the Engineer does not attend at the time and place agreed, the Contractor may proceed with the tests, unless otherwise instructed by the Engineer, and the tests shall then be deemed to have been made in the Engineer's presence.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost from complying with these instructions or as a result of a delay for which the Employer is responsible, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

The Contractor shall promptly forward to the Engineer duly certified reports of the tests. When the specified tests have been passed, the Engineer shall endorse the Contractor's test certificate, or issue a certificate to him, to that effect. If the Engineer has not attended the tests, he shall be deemed to have accepted the readings as accurate.

7.5 Rejection

If, as a result of an examination, inspection, measurement or testing, any Plant, Materials or workmanship is found to be defective or otherwise not in accordance with the Contract, the Engineer may reject the Plant, Materials or workmanship by giving notice to the Contractor, with reasons. The Contractor shall then promptly make good the defect and ensure that the rejected item complies with the Contract.

If the Engineer requires this Plant, Materials or workmanship to be retested, the tests shall be repeated under the same terms and conditions. If the rejection and retesting cause the Employer to incur additional costs, the Contractor shall subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] pay these costs to the Employer.

7.6 Remedial Work

Notwithstanding any previous test or certification, the Engineer may instruct the Contractor to:

- (a) remove from the Site and replace any Plant or Materials which is not in accordance with the Contract,
- (b) remove and re-execute any other work which is not in accordance with the Contract, and
- (c) execute any work which is urgently required for the safety of the Works, whether because of an accident, unforeseeable event or otherwise.

The Contractor shall comply with the instruction within a reasonable time, which shall be the time (if any) specified in the instruction, or immediately if urgency is specified under subparagraph (c).

If the Contractor fails to comply with the instruction, the Employer shall be entitled to employ and pay other persons to carry out the work. Except to the extent that the Contractor would have been entitled to payment for the work, the Contractor shall subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] pay to the Employer all costs arising from this failure.

7.7 Ownership of Plant and Materials

Except as otherwise provided in the Contract, each item of Plant and Materials shall, to the extent consistent with the Laws of the Country, become the property of the Employer at whichever is the earlier of the following times, free from liens and other encumbrances:

- (a) when it is incorporated in the Works;
- (b) when the Contractor is paid the corresponding value of the Plant and Materials under Sub-Clause 8.10 [Payment for Plant and Materials in Event of Suspension].

7.8 Royalties

Unless otherwise stated in the Specification, the Contractor shall pay all royalties, rents and other payments for:

- (a) natural Materials obtained from outside the Site, and
- (b) the disposal of material from demolitions and excavations and of other surplus material (whether natural or manmade), except to the extent that disposal areas within the Site are specified in the Contract.

8. Commencement, Delays and Suspension

8.1 Commencement of Works

Except as otherwise specified in the Particular Conditions of Contract, the Commencement Date shall be the date at which the following precedent conditions have all been fulfilled and the Engineer's notification recording the agreement of both Parties on such fulfilment and instructing to commence the Work is received by the Contractor:

- (a) signature of the Contract Agreement by both Parties, and if required, approval of the Contract by relevant authorities of the Country;
- (b) delivery to the Contractor of reasonable evidence of the Employer's financial arrangements (under Sub-Clause 2.4 [Employer's Financial Arrangements]);
- (c) except if otherwise specified in the Contract Data, effective access to and possession of the Site given to the Contractor together with such permission(s) under (a) of Sub-Clause 1.13 [Compliance with Laws] as required for the commencement of the Works
- (d) receipt by the Contractor of the Advance Payment under Sub-Clause 14.2 [Advance Payment] provided that the corresponding bank guarantee has been delivered by the Contractor.

If the said Engineer's instruction is not received by the Contractor within 180 days from his receipt of the Letter of

Acceptance, the Contractor shall be entitled to terminate the Contract under Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor].

The Contractor shall commence the execution of the Works as soon as is reasonably practicable after the Commencement Date, and shall then proceed with the Works with due expedition and without delay.

8.2 Time for Completion

The Contractor shall complete the whole of the Works, and each Section (if any), within the Time for Completion for the Works or Section (as the case may be), including:

- (a) achieving the passing of the Tests on Completion, and
- (b) completing all work which is stated in the Contract as being required for the Works or Section to be considered to be completed for the purposes of taking-over under Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking Over of the Works and Sections].

8.3 Programme

The Contractor shall submit a detailed time programme to the Engineer within 28 days after receiving the notice under Sub-Clause 8.1 [Commencement of Works]. The Contractor shall also submit a revised programme whenever the previous programme is inconsistent with actual progress or with the Contractor's obligations. Each programme shall include:

- (a) the order in which the Contractor intends to carry out the Works, including the anticipated timing of each stage of design (if any), Contractor's Documents, procurement, manufacture of Plant, delivery to Site, construction, erection and testing,
- (b) each of these stages for work by each nominated Subcontractor (as defined in Clause 5 [Nominated Subcontractors]),
- (c) the sequence and timing of inspections and tests specified in the Contract, and
- (d) a supporting report which includes:
 - (i) a general description of the methods which the Contractor intends to adopt, and of the major stages, in the execution of the Works, and
 - (ii) details showing the Contractor's reasonable estimate of the number of each class of Contractor's Personnel

and of each type of Contractor's Equipment, required on the Site for each major stage.

Unless the Engineer, within 21 days after receiving a programme, gives notice to the Contractor stating the extent to which it does not comply with the Contract, the Contractor shall proceed in accordance with the programme, subject to his other obligations under the Contract. The Employer's Personnel shall be entitled to rely upon the programme when planning their activities.

The Contractor shall promptly give notice to the Engineer of specific probable future events or circumstances which may adversely affect the work, increase the Contract Price or delay the execution of the Works. The Engineer may require the Contractor to submit an estimate of the anticipated effect of the future event or circumstances, and/or a proposal under Sub-Clause 13.3 [Variation Procedure].

If, at any time, the Engineer gives notice to the Contractor that a programme fails (to the extent stated) to comply with the Contract or to be consistent with actual progress and the Contractor's stated intentions, the Contractor shall submit a revised programme to the Engineer in accordance with this Sub-Clause.

8.4 Extension of Time for Completion

The Contractor shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to an extension of the Time for Completion if and to the extent that completion for the purposes of Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking Over of the Works and Sections] is or will be delayed by any of the following causes:

- (a) a Variation (unless an adjustment to the Time for Completion has been agreed under Sub-Clause 13.3 [Variation Procedure]) or other substantial change in the quantity of an item of work included in the Contract,
- (b) a cause of delay giving an entitlement to extension of time under a Sub-Clause of these Conditions,
- (c) exceptionally adverse climatic conditions,
- (d) Unforeseeable shortages in the availability of personnel or Goods caused by epidemic or governmental actions, or
- (e) any delay, impediment or prevention caused by or attributable to the Employer, the Employer's Personnel, or

the Employer's other contractors.

If the Contractor considers himself to be entitled to an extension of the Time for Completion, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims]. When determining each extension of time under Sub-Clause 20.1, the Engineer shall review previous determinations and may increase, but shall not decrease, the total extension of time.

8.5 Delays Caused by Authorities

If the following conditions apply, namely:

- (a) the Contractor has diligently followed the procedures laid down by the relevant legally constituted public authorities in the Country,
- (b) these authorities delay or disrupt the Contractor's work, and
- (c) the delay or disruption was Unforeseeable,

then this delay or disruption will be considered as a cause of delay under sub-paragraph (b) of Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion].

8.6 Rate of Progress

If, at any time:

- (a) actual progress is too slow to complete within the Time for Completion, and/or
- (b) progress has fallen (or will fall) behind the current programme under Sub-Clause 8.3 [Programme],

other than as a result of a cause listed in Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], then the Engineer may instruct the Contractor to submit, under Sub-Clause 8.3 [Programme], a revised programme and supporting report describing the revised methods which the Contractor proposes to adopt in order to expedite progress and complete within the Time for Completion.

Unless the Engineer notifies otherwise, the Contractor shall adopt these revised methods, which may require increases in the working hours and/or in the numbers of Contractor's Personnel and/or Goods, at the risk and cost of the Contractor. If these revised methods cause the Employer to incur additional costs, the Contractor shall subject to notice under Sub-Clause 2.5

[Employer's Claims] pay these costs to the Employer, in addition to delay damages (if any) under Sub-Clause 8.7 below.

Additional costs of revised methods including acceleration measures, instructed by the Engineer to reduce delays resulting from causes listed under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion] shall be paid by the Employer, without generating, however, any other additional payment benefit to the Contractor.

8.7 Delay Damages

If the Contractor fails to comply with Sub-Clause 8.2 [Time for Completion], the Contractor shall subject to notice under Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] pay delay damages to the Employer for this default. These delay damages shall be the sum stated in the Contract Data, which shall be paid for every day which shall elapse between the relevant Time for Completion and the date stated in the Taking-Over Certificate. However, the total amount due under this Sub-Clause shall not exceed the maximum amount of delay damages (if any) stated in the Contract Data.

These delay damages shall be the only damages due from the Contractor for such default, other than in the event of termination under Sub-Clause 15.2 [Termination by Employer] prior to completion of the Works. These damages shall not relieve the Contractor from his obligation to complete the Works, or from any other duties, obligations or responsibilities which he may have under the Contract.

8.8 Suspension of Work

The Engineer may at any time instruct the Contractor to suspend progress of part or all of the Works. During such suspension, the Contractor shall protect, store and secure such part or the Works against any deterioration, loss or damage.

The Engineer may also notify the cause for the suspension. If and to the extent that the cause is notified and is the responsibility of the Contractor, the following Sub-Clauses 8.9, 8.10 and 8.11 shall not apply.

8.9 Consequences of Suspension

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost from complying with the Engineer's instructions under Sub-Clause 8.8 [Suspension of Work] and/or from resuming the work, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

(a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or

will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and

(b) payment of any such Cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of time for, or to payment of the Cost incurred in, making good the consequences of the Contractor's faulty design, workmanship or materials, or of the Contractor's failure to protect, store or secure in accordance with Sub-Clause 8.8 [Suspension of Work].

8.10 Payment for Plant and Materials in Event of Suspension

The Contractor shall be entitled to payment of the value (as at the date of suspension) of Plant and/or Materials which have not been delivered to Site, if:

- (a) the work on Plant or delivery of Plant and/or Materials has been suspended for more than 28 days, and
- (b) the Contractor has marked the Plant and/or Materials as the Employer's property in accordance with the Engineer's instructions.

8.11 Prolonged Suspension

If the suspension under Sub-Clause 8.8 [Suspension of Work] has continued for more than 84 days, the Contractor may request the Engineer's permission to proceed. If the Engineer does not give permission within 28 days after being requested to do so, the Contractor may, by giving notice to the Engineer, treat the suspension as an omission under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments] of the affected part of the Works. If the suspension affects the whole of the Works, the Contractor may give notice of termination under Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor].

8.12 Resumption of Work

After the permission or instruction to proceed is given, the Contractor and the Engineer shall jointly examine the Works and the Plant and Materials affected by the suspension. The Contractor shall make good any deterioration or defect in or loss of the Works or Plant or Materials, which has occurred during the suspension after receiving from the Engineer an instruction to this effect under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments].

9. Tests on Completion

9.1 Contractor's Obligations

The Contractor shall carry out the Tests on Completion in accordance with this Clause and Sub-Clause 7.4 [Testing], after providing the documents in accordance with sub-paragraph (d) of Sub-Clause 4.1 [Contractor's General Obligations].

The Contractor shall give to the Engineer not less than 21 days' notice of the date after which the Contractor will be ready to carry out each of the Tests on Completion. Unless otherwise agreed, Tests on Completion shall be carried out within 14 days after this date, on such day or days as the Engineer shall instruct.

In considering the results of the Tests on Completion, the Engineer shall make allowances for the effect of any use of the Works by the Employer on the performance or other characteristics of the Works. As soon as the Works, or a Section, have passed any Tests on Completion, the Contractor shall submit a certified report of the results of these Tests to the Engineer.

9.2 Delayed Tests

If the Tests on Completion are being unduly delayed by the Employer, Sub-Clause 7.4 [Testing] (fifth paragraph) and/or Sub-Clause 10.3 [Interference with Tests on Completion] shall be applicable.

If the Tests on Completion are being unduly delayed by the Contractor, the Engineer may by notice require the Contractor to carry out the Tests within 21 days after receiving the notice. The Contractor shall carry out the Tests on such day or days within that period as the Contractor may fix and of which he shall give notice to the Engineer.

If the Contractor fails to carry out the Tests on Completion within the period of 21 days, the Employer's Personnel may proceed with the Tests at the risk and cost of the Contractor. The Tests on Completion shall then be deemed to have been carried out in the presence of the Contractor and the results of the Tests shall be accepted as accurate.

9.3 Retesting

If the Works, or a Section, fail to pass the Tests on Completion, Sub-Clause 7.5 [Rejection] shall apply, and the Engineer or the Contractor may require the failed Tests, and Tests on Completion on any related work, to be repeated under the same terms and conditions.

9.4 Failure to Pass Tests on Completion

If the Works, or a Section, fail to pass the Tests on Completion repeated under Sub-Clause 9.3 [Retesting], the Engineer shall be entitled to:

- (a) order further repetition of Tests on Completion under Sub-Clause 9.3;
- (b) if the failure deprives the Employer of substantially the whole benefit of the Works or Section, reject the Works or Section (as the case may be), in which event the Employer shall have the same remedies as are provided in subparagraph (c) of Sub-Clause 11.4 [Failure to Remedy Defects]; or
- (c) issue a Taking-Over Certificate, if the Employer so requests.

In the event of sub-paragraph (c), the Contractor shall proceed in accordance with all other obligations under the Contract, and the Contract Price shall be reduced by such amount as shall be appropriate to cover the reduced value to the Employer as a result of this failure. Unless the relevant reduction for this failure is stated (or its method of calculation is defined) in the Contract, the Employer may require the reduction to be (i) agreed by both Parties (in full satisfaction of this failure only) and paid before this Taking-Over Certificate is issued, or (ii) determined and paid under Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] and Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations].

10. Employer's Taking Over

10.1 Taking Over of the Works and Sections

Except as stated in Sub-Clause 9.4 [Failure to Pass Tests on Completion], the Works shall be taken over by the Employer when (i) the Works have been completed in accordance with the Contract, including the matters described in Sub-Clause 8.2 [Time for Completion] and except as allowed in sub-paragraph (a) below, and (ii) a Taking-Over Certificate for the Works has been issued, or is deemed to have been issued in accordance with this Sub-Clause.

The Contractor may apply by notice to the Engineer for a Taking-Over Certificate not earlier than 14 days before the Works will, in the Contractor's opinion, be complete and ready for taking over. If the Works are divided into Sections, the Contractor may similarly apply for a Taking-Over Certificate

for each Section.

The Engineer shall, within 28 days after receiving the Contractor's application:

- (a) issue the Taking-Over Certificate to the Contractor, stating the date on which the Works or Section were completed in accordance with the Contract, except for any minor outstanding work and defects which will not substantially affect the use of the Works or Section for their intended purpose (either until or whilst this work is completed and these defects are remedied); or
- (b) reject the application, giving reasons and specifying the work required to be done by the Contractor to enable the Taking-Over Certificate to be issued. The Contractor shall then complete this work before issuing a further notice under this Sub-Clause.

If the Engineer fails either to issue the Taking-Over Certificate or to reject the Contractor's application within the period of 28 days, and if the Works or Section (as the case may be) are substantially in accordance with the Contract, the Taking-Over Certificate shall be deemed to have been issued on the last day of that period.

10.2 Taking Over of Parts of the Works

The Engineer may, at the sole discretion of the Employer, issue a Taking-OverCertificate for any part of the Permanent Works.

The Employer shall not use any part of the Works (other than as a temporary measure which is either specified in the Contract or agreed by both Parties) unless and until the Engineer has issued a Taking-Over Certificate for this part. However, if the Employer does use any part of the Works before the Taking-Over Certificate is issued:

- (a) the part which is used shall be deemed to have been taken over as from the date on which it is used,
- (b) the Contractor shall cease to be liable for the care of such part as from this date, when responsibility shall pass to the Employer, and
- (c) if requested by the Contractor, the Engineer shall issue a Taking-Over Certificate for this part.

After the Engineer has issued a Taking-Over Certificate for a

part of the Works, the Contractor shall be given the earliest opportunity to take such steps as may be necessary to carry out any outstanding Tests on Completion. The Contractor shall carry out these Tests on Completion as soon as practicable before the expiry date of the relevant Defects Notification Period.

If the Contractor incurs Cost as a result of the Employer taking over and/or using a part of the Works, other than such use as is specified in the Contract or agreed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall (i) give notice to the Engineer and (ii) be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price. After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine this Cost and profit.

If a Taking-Over Certificate has been issued for a part of the Works (other than a Section), the delay damages thereafter for completion of the remainder of the Works shall be reduced. Similarly, the delay damages for the remainder of the Section (if any) in which this part is included shall also be reduced. For any period of delay after the date stated in this Taking-Over Certificate, the proportional reduction in these delay damages shall be calculated as the proportion which the value of the part so certified bears to the value of the Works or Section (as the case may be) as a whole. The Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these proportions. The provisions of this paragraph shall only apply to the daily rate of delay damages under Sub-Clause 8.7 [Delay Damages], and shall not affect the maximum amount of these damages.

10.3 Interference with Tests on Completion

If the Contractor is prevented, for more than 14 days, from carrying out the Tests on Completion by a cause for which the Employer is responsible, the Employer shall be deemed to have taken over the Works or Section (as the case may be) on the date when the Tests on Completion would otherwise have been completed.

The Engineer shall then issue a Taking-Over Certificate accordingly, and the Contractor shall carry out the Tests on Completion as soon as practicable, before the expiry date of the Defects Notification Period. The Engineer shall require the Tests on Completion to be carried out by giving 14 days' notice and in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contract.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost as a result of this delay in carrying out the Tests on Completion, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

10.4 Surfaces Requiring Reinstatement

Except as otherwise stated in a Taking-Over Certificate, a certificate for a Section or part of the Works shall not be deemed to certify completion of any ground or other surfaces requiring reinstatement.

11. Defects Liability

11.1 Completion of Outstanding Work and Remedying Defects

In order that the Works and Contractor's Documents, and each Section, shall be in the condition required by the Contract (fair wear and tear excepted) by the expiry date of the relevant Defects Notification Period or as soon as practicable thereafter, the Contractor shall:

- (a) complete any work which is outstanding on the date stated in a Taking-Over Certificate, within such reasonable time as is instructed by the Engineer, and
- (b) execute all work required to remedy defects or damage, as may be notified by (or on behalf of) the Employer on or before the expiry date of the Defects Notification Period for the Works or Section (as the case may be).

If a defect appears or damage occurs, the Contractor shall be notified accordingly, by (or on behalf of) the Employer.

11.2 Cost of Remedying Defects

All work referred to in sub-paragraph (b) of Sub-Clause 11.1 [Completion of Outstanding Work and Remedying Defects] shall be executed at the risk and cost of the Contractor, if and to the extent that the work is attributable to:

- (a) any design for which the Contractor is responsible,
- (b) Plant, Materials or workmanship not being in accordance with the Contract, or
- (c) failure by the Contractor to comply with any other obligation.

If and to the extent that such work is attributable to any other cause, the Contractor shall be notified promptly by (or on behalf of) the Employer, and Sub-Clause 13.3 [Variation Procedure] shall apply.

11.3 Extension of Defects Notification Period

The Employer shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] to an extension of the Defects Notification Period for the Works or a Section if and to the extent that the Works, Section or a major item of Plant (as the case may be, and after taking over) cannot be used for the purposes for which they are intended by reason of a defect or by reason of damage attributable to the Contractor. However, a Defects Notification Period shall not be extended by more than two years.

If delivery and/or erection of Plant and/or Materials was suspended under Sub-Clause 8.8 [Suspension of Work] or Sub-Clause 16.1 [Contractor's Entitlement to Suspend Work], the Contractor's obligations under this Clause shall not apply to any defects or damage occurring more than two years after the Defects Notification Period for the Plant and/or Materials would otherwise have expired.

11.4 Failure to Remedy Defects

If the Contractor fails to remedy any defect or damage within a reasonable time, a date may be fixed by (or on behalf of) the Employer, on or by which the defect or damage is to be remedied. The Contractor shall be given reasonable notice of this date.

If the Contractor fails to remedy the defect or damage by this notified date and this remedial work was to be executed at the cost of the Contractor under Sub-Clause 11.2 [Cost of Remedying Defects], the Employer may (at his option):

(a) carry out the work himself or by others, in a reasonable manner and at the Contractor's cost, but the Contractor shall have no responsibility for this work; and the Contractor shall subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] pay to the Employer the costs reasonably incurred by the Employer in remedying the defect or damage;

- (b) require the Engineer to agree or determine a reasonable reduction in the Contract Price in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations]; or
- (c) if the defect or damage deprives the Employer of substantially the whole benefit of the Works or any major part of the Works, terminate the Contract as a whole, or in respect of such major part which cannot be put to the intended use. Without prejudice to any other rights, under the Contract or otherwise, the Employer shall then be entitled to recover all sums paid for the Works or for such part (as the case may be), plus financing costs and the cost of dismantling the same, clearing the Site and returning Plant and Materials to the Contractor.

11.5 Removal of Defective Work

If the defect or damage cannot be remedied expeditiously on the Site and the Employer gives consent, the Contractor may remove from the Site for the purposes of repair such items of Plant as are defective or damaged. This consent may require the Contractor to increase the amount of the Performance Security by the full replacement cost of these items, or to provide other appropriate security.

11.6 Further Tests

If the work of remedying of any defect or damage may affect the performance of the Works, the Engineer may require the repetition of any of the tests described in the Contract. The requirement shall be made by notice within 28 days after the defect or damage is remedied.

These tests shall be carried out in accordance with the terms applicable to the previous tests, except that they shall be carried out at the risk and cost of the Party liable, under Sub-Clause 11.2 [Cost of Remedying Defects], for the cost of the remedial work.

11.7 Right of Access

Until the Performance Certificate has been issued, the Contractor shall have such right of access to the Works as is reasonably required in order to comply with this Clause, except as may be inconsistent with the Employer's reasonable security restrictions.

11.8 Contractor to Search

The Contractor shall, if required by the Engineer, search for the cause of any defect, under the direction of the Engineer. Unless the defect is to be remedied at the cost of the Contractor under Sub-Clause 11.2 [Cost of Remedying Defects], the Cost of the

search plus profit shall be agreed or determined by the Engineer in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] and shall be included in the Contract Price.

11.9 Performance Certificate

Performance of the Contractor's obligations shall not be considered to have been completed until the Engineer has issued the Performance Certificate to the Contractor, stating the date on which the Contractor completed his obligations under the Contract.

The Engineer shall issue the Performance Certificate within 28 days after the latest of the expiry dates of the Defects Notification Periods, or as soon thereafter as the Contractor has supplied all the Contractor's Documents and completed and tested all the Works, including remedying any defects. A copy of the Performance Certificate shall be issued to the Employer.

Only the Performance Certificate shall be deemed to constitute acceptance of the Works.

11.10 Unfulfilled Obligations

After the Performance Certificate has been issued, each Party shall remain liable for the fulfilment of any obligation which remains unperformed at that time. For the purposes of determining the nature and extent of unperformed obligations, the Contract shall be deemed to remain in force.

11.11 Clearance of Site

Upon receiving the Performance Certificate, the Contractor shall remove any remaining Contractor's Equipment, surplus material, wreckage, rubbish and Temporary Works from the Site.

If all these items have not been removed within 28 days after receipt by the Contractor of the Performance Certificate, the Employer may sell or otherwise dispose of any remaining items. The Employer shall be entitled to be paid the costs incurred in connection with, or attributable to, such sale or disposal and restoring the Site.

Any balance of the moneys from the sale shall be paid to the Contractor. If these moneys are less than the Employer's costs, the Contractor shall pay the outstanding balance to the Employer.

12. Measurement and Evaluation

12.1 Works to be Measured

The Works shall be measured, and valued for payment, in accordance with this Clause. The Contractor shall show in each application under Sub-Clauses 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates], 14.10 [Statement on Completion] and 14.11 [Application for Final Payment Certificate] the quantities and other particulars detailing the amounts which he considers to be entitled under the Contract.

Whenever the Engineer requires any part of the Works to be measured, reasonable notice shall be given to the Contractor's Representative, who shall:

- (a) promptly either attend or send another qualified representative to assist the Engineer in making the measurement, and
- (b) supply any particulars requested by the Engineer.

If the Contractor fails to attend or send a representative, the measurement made by (or on behalf of) the Engineer shall be accepted as accurate.

Except as otherwise stated in the Contract, wherever any Permanent Works are to be measured from records, these shall be prepared by the Engineer. The Contractor shall, as and when requested, attend to examine and agree the records with the Engineer, and shall sign the same when agreed. If the Contractor does not attend, the records shall be accepted as accurate.

If the Contractor examines and disagrees the records, and/or does not sign them as agreed, then the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer of the respects in which the records are asserted to be inaccurate. After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall review the records and either confirm or vary them and certify the payment of the undisputed part. If the Contractor does not so give notice to the Engineer within 14 days after being requested to examine the records, they shall be accepted as accurate.

12.2 Method of Measurement

Except as otherwise stated in the Contract and notwithstanding local practice:

- (a) measurement shall be made of the net actual quantity of each item of the Permanent Works, and
- (b) the method of measurement shall be in accordance with

the Bill of Quantities or other applicable Schedules.

12.3 Evaluation

Except as otherwise stated in the Contract, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine the Contract Price by evaluating each item of work, applying the measurement agreed or determined in accordance with the above Sub-Clauses 12.1 and 12.2 and the appropriate rate or price for the item.

For each item of work, the appropriate rate or price for the item shall be the rate or price specified for such item in the Contract or, if there is no such item, specified for similar work.

Any item of work included in the Bill of Quantities for which no rate or price was specified shall be considered as included in other rates and prices in the Bill of Quantities and will not be paid for separately.

However, a new rate or price shall be appropriate for an item of work if:

(a)

- (i) the measured quantity of the item is changed by more than 25% from the quantity of this item in the Bill of Quantities or other Schedule,
- (ii) this change in quantity multiplied by such specified rate for this item exceeds 0.25% of the Accepted Contract Amount,
- (iii) this change in quantity directly changes the Cost per unit quantity of this item by more than 1%, and
- (iv) this item is not specified in the Contract as a "fixed rate item";

or

(b)

- (i) the work is instructed under Clause 13 [Variations and Adjustments],
- (ii) no rate or price is specified in the Contract for this item, and
- (iii) no specified rate or price is appropriate because the

item of work is not of similar character, or is not executed under similar conditions, as any item in the Contract.

Each new rate or price shall be derived from any relevant rates or prices in the Contract, with reasonable adjustments to take account of the matters described in sub-paragraph (a) and/or (b), as applicable. If no rates or prices are relevant for the derivation of a new rate or price, it shall be derived from the reasonable Cost of executing the work, together with profit, taking account of any other relevant matters.

Until such time as an appropriate rate or price is agreed or determined, the Engineer shall determine a provisional rate or price for the purposes of Interim Payment Certificates as soon as the concerned work commences.

12.4 Omissions

Whenever the omission of any work forms part (or all) of a Variation, the value of which has not been agreed, if:

- (a) the Contractor will incur (or has incurred) cost which, if the work had not been omitted, would have been deemed to be covered by a sum forming part of the Accepted Contract Amount;
- (b) the omission of the work will result (or has resulted) in this sum not forming part of the Contract Price; and
- (c) this cost is not deemed to be included in the evaluation of any substituted work;

then the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer accordingly, with supporting particulars. Upon receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine this cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

13. Variations and Adjustments

13.1 Right to Vary

Variations may be initiated by the Engineer at any time prior to issuing the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works, either by an instruction or by a request for the Contractor to submit a proposal.

The Contractor shall execute and be bound by each Variation, unless the Contractor promptly gives notice to the Engineer stating (with supporting particulars) that (i) the Contractor

cannot readily obtain the Goods required for the Variation, or (ii) such Variation triggers a substantial change in the sequence or progress of the Works. Upon receiving this notice, the Engineer shall cancel, confirm or vary the instruction.

Each Variation may include:

- (a) changes to the quantities of any item of work included in the Contract (however, such changes do not necessarily constitute a Variation),
- (b) changes to the quality and other characteristics of any item of work,
- (c) changes to the levels, positions and/or dimensions of any part of the Works,
- (d) omission of any work unless it is to be carried out by others,
- (e) any additional work, Plant, Materials or services necessary for the Permanent Works, including any associated Tests on Completion, boreholes and other testing and exploratory work, or
- (f) changes to the sequence or timing of the execution of the Works.

The Contractor shall not make any alteration and/or modification of the Permanent Works, unless and until the Engineer instructs or approves a Variation.

13.2 Value Engineering

The Contractor may, at any time, submit to the Engineer a written proposal which (in the Contractor's opinion) will, if adopted, (i) accelerate completion, (ii) reduce the cost to the Employer of executing, maintaining or operating the Works, (iii) improve the efficiency or value to the Employer of the completed Works, or (iv) otherwise be of benefit to the Employer.

The proposal shall be prepared at the cost of the Contractor and shall include the items listed in Sub-Clause 13.3 [Variation Procedure].

If a proposal, which is approved by the Engineer, includes a change in the design of part of the Permanent Works, then unless otherwise agreed by both Parties:

- (a) the Contractor shall design this part,
- (b) sub-paragraphs (a) to (d) of Sub-Clause 4.1 [Contractor's General Obligations] shall apply, and
- (c) if this change results in a reduction in the contract value of this part, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine a fee, which shall be included in the Contract Price. This fee shall be half (50%) of the difference between the following amounts:
 - (i) such reduction in contract value, resulting from the change, excluding adjustments under Sub-Clause 13.7 [Adjustments for Changes in Legislation] and Sub-Clause 13.8 [Adjustments for Changes in Cost], and
 - (ii) the reduction (if any) in the value to the Employer of the varied works, taking account of any reductions in quality, anticipated life or operational efficiencies.

However, if amount (i) is less than amount (ii), there shall not be a fee.

13.3 Variation Procedure

If the Engineer requests a proposal, prior to instructing a Variation, the Contractor shall respond in writing as soon as practicable, either by giving reasons why he cannot comply (if this is the case) or by submitting:

- (a) a description of the proposed work to be performed and a programme for its execution,
- (b) the Contractor's proposal for any necessary modifications to the programme according to Sub-Clause 8.3 [Programme] and to the Time for Completion, and
- (c) the Contractor's proposal for evaluation of the Variation.

The Engineer shall, as soon as practicable after receiving such proposal (under Sub-Clause 13.2 [Value Engineering] or otherwise), respond with approval, disapproval or comments. The Contractor shall not delay any work whilst awaiting a response.

Each instruction to execute a Variation, with any requirements for the recording of Costs, shall be issued by the Engineer to the Contractor, who shall acknowledge receipt.

Each Variation shall be evaluated in accordance with Clause 12 [Measurement and Evaluation], unless the Engineer instructs or approves otherwise in accordance with this Clause.

13.4 Payment in Applicable Currencies

If the Contract provides for payment of the Contract Price in more than one currency, then whenever an adjustment is agreed, approved or determined as stated above, the amount payable in each of the applicable currencies shall be specified. For this purpose, reference shall be made to the actual or expected currency proportions of the Cost of the varied work, and to the proportions of various currencies specified for payment of the Contract Price.

13.5 Provisional Sums

Each Provisional Sum shall only be used, in whole or in part, in accordance with the Engineer's instructions, and the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly. The total sum paid to the Contractor shall include only such amounts, for the work, supplies or services to which the Provisional Sum relates, as the Engineer shall have instructed. For each Provisional Sum, the Engineer may instruct:

- (a) work to be executed (including Plant, Materials or services to be supplied) by the Contractor and valued under Sub-Clause 13.3 [Variation Procedure]; and/or
- (b) Plant, Materials or services to be purchased by the Contractor, from a nominated Subcontractor (as defined in Clause 5 [Nominated Subcontractors]) or otherwise; and for which there shall be included in the Contract Price:
 - (i) the actual amounts paid (or due to be paid) by the Contractor, and
 - (ii) a sum for overhead charges and profit, calculated as a percentage of these actual amounts by applying the relevant percentage rate (if any) stated in the appropriate Schedule. If there is no such rate, the percentage rate stated in the Contract Data shall be applied.

The Contractor shall, when required by the Engineer, produce quotations, invoices, vouchers and accounts or receipts in substantiation.

13.6 Daywork

For work of a minor or incidental nature, the Engineer may instruct that a Variation shall be executed on a daywork basis. The work shall then be valued in accordance with the Daywork Schedule included in the Contract, and the following procedure shall apply. If a Daywork Schedule is not included in the Contract, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

Before ordering Goods for the work, the Contractor shall submit quotations to the Engineer. When applying for payment, the Contractor shall submit invoices, vouchers and accounts or receipts for any Goods.

Except for any items for which the Daywork Schedule specifies that payment is not due, the Contractor shall deliver each day to the Engineer accurate statements in duplicate which shall include the following details of the resources used in executing the previous day's work:

- (a) the names, occupations and time of Contractor's Personnel,
- (b) the identification, type and time of Contractor's Equipment and Temporary Works, and
- (c) the quantities and types of Plant and Materials used.

One copy of each statement will, if correct, or when agreed, be signed by the Engineer and returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall then submit priced statements of these resources to the Engineer, prior to their inclusion in the next Statement under Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates].

13.7 Adjustments for Changes in Legislation

The Contract Price shall be adjusted to take account of any increase or decrease in Cost resulting from a change in the Laws of the Country (including the introduction of new Laws and the repeal or modification of existing Laws) or in the judicial or official governmental interpretation of such Laws, made after the Base Date, which affect the Contractor in the performance of obligations under the Contract.

If the Contractor suffers (or will suffer) delay and/or incurs (or will incur) additional Cost as a result of these changes in the Laws or in such interpretations, made after the Base Date, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of time if the relevant delay has already been taken into account in the determination of a previous extension of time and such Cost shall not be separately paid if the same shall already have been taken into account in the indexing of any inputs to the table of adjustment data in accordance with the provisions of Sub-Clause 13.8 [Adjustments for Changes in Cost].

13.8 Adjustments for Changes in Cost

In this Sub-Clause, "table of adjustment data" means the completed table of adjustment data for local and foreign currencies included in the Schedules. If there is no such table of adjustment data, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

If this Sub-Clause applies, the amounts payable to the Contractor shall be adjusted for rises or falls in the cost of labour, Goods and other inputs to the Works, by the addition or deduction of the amounts determined by the formulae prescribed in this Sub-Clause. To the extent that full compensation for any rise or fall in Costs is not covered by the provisions of this or other Clauses, the Accepted Contract Amount shall be deemed to have included amounts to cover the contingency of other rises and falls in costs.

The adjustment to be applied to the amount otherwise payable to the Contractor, as valued in accordance with the appropriate Schedule and certified in Payment Certificates, shall be determined from formulae for each of the currencies in which the Contract Price is payable. No adjustment is to be applied to work valued on the basis of Cost or current prices. The formulae shall be of the following general type:

Pn = a + b Ln/Lo + c En/Eo + d Mn/Mo + where:

"Pn" is the adjustment multiplier to be applied to the estimated contract value in the relevant currency of the work carried out in

period "n", this period being a month unless otherwise stated in the Contract Data;

"a" is a fixed coefficient, stated in the relevant table of adjustment data, representing the non-adjustable portion in contractual payments;

"b", "c", "d", ... are coefficients representing the estimated proportion of each cost element related to the execution of the Works, as stated in the relevant table of adjustment data; such tabulated cost elements may be indicative of resources such as labour, equipment and materials;

"Ln", "En", "Mn", ... are the current cost indices or reference prices for period "n", expressed in the relevant currency of payment, each of which is applicable to the relevant tabulated cost element on the date 49 days prior to the last day of the period (to which the particular Payment Certificate relates); and

"Lo", "Eo", "Mo", ... are the base cost indices or reference prices, expressed in the relevant currency of payment, each of which is applicable to the relevant tabulated cost element on the Base Date.

The cost indices or reference prices stated in the table of adjustment data shall be used. If their source is in doubt, it shall be determined by the Engineer. For this purpose, reference shall be made to the values of the indices at stated dates (quoted in the fourth and fifth columns respectively of the table) for the purposes of clarification of the source; although these dates (and thus these values) may not correspond to the base cost indices.

In cases where the "currency of index" is not the relevant currency of payment, each index shall be converted into the relevant currency of payment at the selling rate, established by the central bank of the Country, of this relevant currency on the above date for which the index is required to be applicable.

Until such time as each current cost index is available, the Engineer shall determine a provisional index for the issue of Interim Payment Certificates. When a current cost index is available, the adjustment shall be recalculated accordingly.

If the Contractor fails to complete the Works within the Time for Completion, adjustment of prices thereafter shall be made using either (i) each index or price applicable on the date 49 days prior to the expiry of the Time for Completion of the Works, or (ii) the current index or price, whichever is more

favourable to the Employer.

The weightings (coefficients) for each of the factors of cost stated in the table(s) of adjustment data shall only be adjusted if they have been rendered unreasonable, unbalanced or inapplicable, as a result of Variations.

14. Contract Price and Payment

14.1 The Contract Price

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions:

- (a) the Contract Price shall be agreed or determined under Sub-Clause 12.3 [Evaluation] and be subject to adjustments in accordance with the Contract;
- (b) the Contractor shall pay all taxes, duties and fees required to be paid by him under the Contract, and the Contract Price shall not be adjusted for any of these costs except as stated in Sub-Clause 13.7 [Adjustments for Changes in Legislation];
- (c) any quantities which may be set out in the Bill of Quantities or other Schedule are estimated quantities and are not to be taken as the actual and correct quantities:
 - (i) of the Works which the Contractor is required to execute, or
 - (ii) for the purposes of Clause 12 [Measurement and Evaluation]; and
- (d) the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, within 28 days after the Commencement Date, a proposed breakdown of each lump sum price in the Schedules. The Engineer may take account of the breakdown when preparing Payment Certificates, but shall not be bound by it.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (b), Contractor's Equipment, including essential spare parts therefor, imported by the Contractor for the sole purpose of executing the Contract shall be exempt from the payment of import duties and taxes upon importation.

14.2 Advance Payment

The Employer shall make an advance payment, as an interestfree loan for mobilisation and cash flow support, when the Contractor submits a guarantee in accordance with this SubClause. The total advance payment, the number and timing of instalments (if more than one), and the applicable currencies and proportions, shall be as stated in the Contract Data.

Unless and until the Employer receives this guarantee, or if the total advance payment is not stated in the Contract Data, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

The Engineer shall deliver to the Employer and to the Contractor an Interim Payment Certificate for the advance payment or its first instalment after receiving a Statement (under Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates]) and after the Employer receives (i) the Performance Security in accordance with Sub-Clause 4.2 [Performance Security] and (ii) a guarantee in amounts and currencies equal to the advance payment. This guarantee shall be issued by a reputable bank or financial institution selected by the Contractor and shall be in the form annexed to the Particular Conditions or in another form approved by the Employer.

The Contractor shall ensure that the guarantee is valid and enforceable until the advance payment has been repaid, but its amount shall be progressively reduced by the amount repaid by the Contractor as indicated in the Payment Certificates. If the terms of the guarantee specify its expiry date, and the advance payment has not been repaid by the date 28 days prior to the expiry date, the Contractor shall extend the validity of the guarantee until the advance payment has been repaid.

Unless stated otherwise in the Contract Data, the advance payment shall be repaid through percentage deductions from the interim payments determined by the Engineer in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.6 [Issue of Interim Payment Certificates], as follows:

- (a) deductions shall commence in the next interim Payment Certificate following that in which the total of all certified interim payments (excluding the advance payment and deductions and repayments of retention) exceeds 30 percent (30%)of the Accepted Contract Amount less Provisional Sums; and
- (b) deductions shall be made at the amortisation rate stated in the Contract Data of the amount of each Interim Payment Certificate (excluding the advance payment and deductions for its repayments as well as deductions for retention money) in the currencies and proportions of the advance payment

until such time as the advance payment has been repaid; provided that the advance payment shall be completely repaid prior to the time when 90 percent (90%) of the Accepted Contract Amount less Provisional Sums has been certified for payment.

If the advance payment has not been repaid prior to the issue of the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works or prior to termination under Clause 15 [Termination by Employer], Clause 16 [Suspension and Termination by Contractor] or Clause 19 [Force Majeure] (as the case may be), the whole of the balance then outstanding shall immediately become due and in case of termination under Clause 15 [Termination by Employer], except for Sub-Clause 15.5 [Employer's Entitlement to Termination for Convenience], payable by the Contractor to the Employer.

14.3 Application for Interim Payment Certificates

The Contractor shall submit a Statement in six copies to the Engineer after the end of each month, in a form approved by the Engineer, showing in detail the amounts to which the Contractor considers himself to be entitled, together with supporting documents which shall include the report on the progress during this month in accordance with Sub-Clause 4.21 [Progress Reports].

The Statement shall include the following items, as applicable, which shall be expressed in the various currencies in which the Contract Price is payable, in the sequence listed:

- (a) the estimated contract value of the Works executed and the Contractor's Documents produced up to the end of the month (including Variations but excluding items described in sub-paragraphs (b) to (g) below);
- (b) any amounts to be added and deducted for changes in legislation and changes in cost, in accordance with Sub-Clause 13.7 [Adjustments for Changes in Legislation] and Sub-Clause 13.8 [Adjustments for Changes in Cost];
- (c) any amount to be deducted for retention, calculated by applying the percentage of retention stated in the Contract Data to the total of the above amounts, until the amount so retained by the Employer reaches the limit of Retention Money (if any) stated in the Contract Data;
- (d) any amounts to be added for the advance payment and (if more than one instalment) and to be deducted for itsrepayments in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.2

[Advance Payment];

- (e) any amounts to be added and deducted for Plant and Materials in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.5 [Plant and Materials intended for the Works];
- (f) any other additions or deductions which may have become due under the Contract or otherwise, including those under Clause 20 [Claims, Disputes and Arbitration]; and
- (g) the deduction of amounts certified in all previous Payment Certificates.

14.4 Schedule of Payments

If the Contract includes a schedule of payments specifying the instalments in which the Contract Price will be paid, then unless otherwise stated in this schedule:

- (a) the instalments quoted in this schedule of payments shall be the estimated contract values for the purposes of subparagraph (a) of Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates];;
- (b) Sub-Clause 14.5 [Plant and Materials intended for the Works] shall not apply; and
- (c) if these instalments are not defined by reference to the actual progress achieved in executing the Works, and if actual progress is found to be less or more than that on which this schedule of payments was based, then the Engineer may proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine revised instalments, which shall take account of the extent to which progress is less or more than that on which the instalments were previously based.

If the Contract does not include a schedule of payments, the Contractor shall submit non-binding estimates of the payments which he expects to become due during each quarterly period. The first estimate shall be submitted within 42 days after the Commencement Date. Revised estimates shall be submitted at quarterly intervals, until the Taking-Over Certificate has been issued for the Works.

14.5 Plant and Materials intended for the

If this Sub-Clause applies, Interim Payment Certificates shall include, under sub-paragraph (e) of Sub-Clause 14.3, (i) an amount for Plant and Materials which have been sent to the Site for incorporation in the Permanent Works, and (ii) a reduction

Works

when the contract value of such Plant and Materials is included as part of the Permanent Works under sub-paragraph (a) of Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates].

If the lists referred to in sub-paragraphs (b)(i) or (c)(i) below are not included in the Schedules, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

The Engineer shall determine and certify each addition if the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) the Contractor has:
 - (i) kept satisfactory records (including the orders, receipts, Costs and use of Plant and Materials) which are available for inspection, and
 - (ii) submitted a statement of the Cost of acquiring and delivering the Plant and Materials to the Site, supported by satisfactory evidence;

and either:

- (b) the relevant Plant and Materials:
 - (i) are those listed in the Schedules for payment when shipped,
 - (ii) have been shipped to the Country, en route to the Site, in accordance with the Contract; and
 - (iii) are described in a clean shipped bill of lading or other evidence of shipment, which has been submitted to the Engineer together with evidence of payment of freight and insurance, any other documents reasonably required, and a bank guarantee in a form and issued by an entity approved by the Employer in amounts and currencies equal to the amount due under this Sub-Clause: this guarantee may be in a similar form to the form referred to in Sub-Clause 14.2 [Advance Payment] and shall be valid until the Plant and Materials are properly stored on Site and protected against loss, damage or deterioration;

or

- (c) the relevant Plant and Materials:
 - (i) are those listed in the Schedules for payment when

delivered to the Site, and

(ii) have been delivered to and are properly stored on the Site, are protected against loss, damage or deterioration, and appear to be in accordance with the Contract.

The additional amount to be certified shall be the equivalent of eighty percent (80%) of the Engineer's determination of the cost of the Plant and Materials (including delivery to Site), taking account of the documents mentioned in this Sub-Clause and of the contract value of the Plant and Materials.

The currencies for this additional amount shall be the same as those in which payment will become due when the contract value is included under sub-paragraph (a) of Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates]. At that time, the Payment Certificate shall include the applicable reduction which shall be equivalent to, and in the same currencies and proportions as, this additional amount for the relevant Plant and Materials.

14.6 Issue of Interim Payment Certificates

No amount will be certified or paid until the Employer has received and approved the Performance Security. Thereafter, the Engineer shall, within 28 days after receiving a Statement and supporting documents, deliver to the Employer and to the Contractor an Interim Payment Certificate which shall state the amount which the Engineer fairly determines to be due, with all supporting particulars for any reduction or withholding made by the Engineer on the Statement if any.

However, prior to issuing the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works, the Engineer shall not be bound to issue an Interim Payment Certificate in an amount which would (after retention and other deductions) be less than the minimum amount of Interim Payment Certificates (if any) stated in the Contract Data. In this event, the Engineer shall give notice to the Contractor accordingly.

An Interim Payment Certificate shall not be withheld for any other reason, although:

- (a) if any thing supplied or work done by the Contractor is not in accordance with the Contract, the cost of rectification or replacement may be withheld until rectification or replacement has been completed; and/or
- (b) if the Contractor was or is failing to perform any work or

obligation in accordance with the Contract, and had been so notified by the Engineer, the value of this work or obligation may be withheld until the work or obligation has been performed.

The Engineer may in any Payment Certificate make any correction or modification that should properly be made to any previous Payment Certificate. A Payment Certificate shall not be deemed to indicate the Engineer's acceptance, approval, consent or satisfaction.

14.7 Payment

The Employer shall pay to the Contractor:

- (a) the first instalment of the advance payment within 42 days after issuing the Letter of Acceptance or within 21 days after receiving the documents in accordance with Sub-Clause 4.2 [Performance Security] and Sub-Clause 14.2 [Advance Payment], whichever is later;
- (b) the amount certified in each Interim Payment Certificate within 56 days after the Engineer receives the Statement and supporting documents; or, at a time when the Bank's loan or credit (from which part of the payments to the Contractor is being made) is suspended, the amount shown on any statement submitted by the Contractor within 14 days after such statement is submitted, any discrepancy being rectified in the next payment to the Contractor; and
- (c) the amount certified in the Final Payment Certificate within 56 days after the Employer receives this Payment Certificate; or, at a time when the Bank's loan or credit (from which part of the payments to the Contractor is being made) is suspended, the undisputed amount shown in the Final Statement within 56 days after the date of notification of the suspension in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor].

Payment of the amount due in each currency shall be made into the bank account, nominated by the Contractor, in the payment country (for this currency) specified in the Contract.

14.8 Delayed Payment

If the Contractor does not receive payment in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.7 [Payment], the Contractor shall be entitled to receive financing charges compounded monthly on the amount unpaid during the period of delay. This period shall be deemed to commence on the date for payment specified in Sub-Clause 14.7 [Payment], irrespective (in the case of its sub-paragraph

(b)) of the date on which any Interim Payment Certificate is issued.

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions, these financing charges shall be calculated at the annual rate of three percentage points above the discount rate of the central bank in the country of the currency of payment, or if not available, the interbank offered rate, and shall be paid in such currency.

The Contractor shall be entitled to this payment without formal notice or certification, and without prejudice to any other right or remedy.

14.9 Payment of Retention Money

When the Taking-Over Certificate has been issued for the Works, the first half of the Retention Money shall be certified by the Engineer for payment to the Contractor. If a Taking-Over Certificate is issued for a Section or part of the Works, a proportion of the Retention Money shall be certified and paid. This proportion shall be half (50%) of the proportion calculated by dividing the estimated contract value of the Section or part, by the estimated final Contract Price.

Promptly after the latest of the expiry dates of the Defects Notification Periods, the outstanding balance of the Retention Money shall be certified by the Engineer for payment to the Contractor. If a Taking-Over Certificate was issued for a Section, a proportion of the second half of the Retention Money shall be certified and paid promptly after the expiry date of the Defects Notification Period for the Section. This proportion shall be half (50%) of the proportion calculated by dividing the estimated contract value of the Section by the estimated final Contract Price.

However, if any work remains to be executed under Clause 11 [Defects Liability], the Engineer shall be entitled to withhold certification of the estimated cost of this work until it has been executed.

When calculating these proportions, no account shall be taken of any adjustments under Sub-Clause 13.7 [Adjustments for Changes in Legislation] and Sub-Clause 13.8 [Adjustments for Changes in Cost].

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions, when the Taking-Over Certificate has been issued for the Works and the first half of the Retention Money has been certified for payment by the Engineer, the Contractor shall be entitled to substitute a

guarantee, in the form annexed to the Particular Conditions or in another form approved by the Employer and issued by a reputable bank or financial institution selected by the Contractor, for the second half of the Retention Money. The Contractor shall ensure that the guarantee is in the amounts and currencies of the second half of the Retention Money and is valid and enforceable until the Contractor has executed and completed the Works and remedied any defects, as specified for the Performance Security in Sub-Clause 4.2. On receipt by the Employer of the required guarantee, the Engineer shall certify and the Employer shall pay the second half of the Retention Money. The release of the second half of the Retention Money against a guarantee shall then be in lieu of the release under the second paragraph of this Sub-Clause. The Employer shall return the guarantee to the Contractor within 21 days after receiving a copy of the Performance Certificate.

If the Performance Security required under Sub-Clause 4.2 is in the form of a demand guarantee, and the amount guaranteed under it when the Taking-Over Certificate is issued is more than half of the Retention Money, then the Retention Money guarantee will not be required. If the amount guaranteed under the Performance Security when the Taking-Over Certificate is issued is less than half of the Retention Money, the Retention Money guarantee will only be required for the difference between half of the Retention Money and the amount guaranteed under the Performance Security.

14.10 Statement at Completion

Within 84 days after receiving the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer six copies of a Statement at completion with supporting documents, in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates], showing:

- (a) the value of all work done in accordance with the Contract up to the date stated in the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works,
- (b) any further sums which the Contractor considers to be due, and
- (c) an estimate of any other amounts which the Contractor considers will become due to him under the Contract. Estimated amounts shall be shown separately in this Statement at completion.

The Engineer shall then certify in accordance with Sub-Clause

14.6 [Issue of Interim Payment Certificates].

14.11 Application for Final Payment Certificate

Within 56 days after receiving the Performance Certificate, the Contractor shall submit, to the Engineer, six copies of a draft final statement with supporting documents showing in detail in a form approved by the Engineer:

- (a) the value of all work done in accordance with the Contract, and
- (b) any further sums which the Contractor considers to be due to him under the Contract or otherwise.

If the Engineer disagrees with or cannot verify any part of the draft final statement, the Contractor shall submit such further information as the Engineer may reasonably require within 28 days from receipt of said draft and shall make such changes in the draft as may be agreed between them. The Contractor shall then prepare and submit to the Engineer the final statement as agreed. This agreed statement is referred to in these Conditions as the "Final Statement".

However if, following discussions between the Engineer and the Contractor and any changes to the draft final statement which are agreed, it becomes evident that a dispute exists, the Engineer shall deliver to the Employer (with a copy to the Contractor) an Interim Payment Certificate for the agreed parts of the draft final statement. Thereafter, if the dispute is finally resolved under Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision] or Sub-Clause 20.5 [Amicable Settlement], the Contractor shall then prepare and submit to the Employer (with a copy to the Engineer) a Final Statement.

14.12 Discharge

When submitting the Final Statement, the Contractor shall submit a discharge which confirms that the total of the Final Statement represents full and final settlement of all moneys due to the Contractor under or in connection with the Contract. This discharge may state that it becomes effective when the Contractor has received the Performance Security and the outstanding balance of this total, in which event the discharge shall be effective on such date.

14.13 Issue of Final Payment Certificate

Within 28 days after receiving the Final Statement and discharge in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.11 [Application for Final Payment Certificate] and Sub-Clause 14.12 [Discharge], the Engineer shall deliver, to the Employer and to the

Contractor, the Final Payment Certificate which shall state:

- (a) the amount which he fairly determines is finally due, and
- (b) after giving credit to the Employer for all amounts previously paid by the Employer and for all sums to which the Employer is entitled, the balance (if any) due from the Employer to the Contractor or from the Contractor to the Employer, as the case may be.

If the Contractor has not applied for a Final Payment Certificate in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.11 [Application for Final Payment Certificate] and Sub-Clause 14.12 [Discharge], the Engineer shall request the Contractor to do so. If the Contractor fails to submit an application within a period of 28 days, the Engineer shall issue the Final Payment Certificate for such amount as he fairly determines to be due.

14.14 Cessation of Employer's Liability

The Employer shall not be liable to the Contractor for any matter or thing under or in connection with the Contract or execution of the Works, except to the extent that the Contractor shall have included an amount expressly for it:

- (a) in the Final Statement and also
- (b) (except for matters or things arising after the issue of the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works) in the Statement at completion described in Sub-Clause 14.10 [Statement at Completion].

However, this Sub-Clause shall not limit the Employer's liability under his indemnification obligations, or the Employer's liability in any case of fraud, deliberate default or reckless misconduct by the Employer.

14.15 Currencies of Payment

The Contract Price shall be paid in the currency or currencies named in the Schedule of Payment Currencies. If more than one currency is so named, payments shall be made as follows:

- (a) if the Accepted Contract Amount was expressed in Local Currency only:
 - (i) the proportions or amounts of the Local and Foreign Currencies, and the fixed rates of exchange to be used for calculating the payments, shall be as stated in the Schedule of Payment Currencies, except as otherwise

agreed by both Parties;

- (ii) payments and deductions under Sub-Clause 13.5 [Provisional Sums] and Sub-Clause 13.7 [Adjustments for Changes in Legislation] shall be made in the applicable currencies and proportions; and
- (iii) other payments and deductions under sub-paragraphs (a) to (d) of Sub-Clause 14.3 [Application for Interim Payment Certificates] shall be made in the currencies and proportions specified in sub-paragraph (a)(i) above;
- (b) payment of the damages specified in the Contract Data, shall be made in the currencies and proportions specified in the Schedule of Payment Currencies;
- (c) other payments to the Employer by the Contractor shall be made in the currency in which the sum was expended by the Employer, or in such currency as may be agreed by both Parties;
- (d) if any amount payable by the Contractor to the Employer in a particular currency exceeds the sum payable by the Employer to the Contractor in that currency, the Employer may recover the balance of this amount from the sums otherwise payable to the Contractor in other currencies; and
- (e) if no rates of exchange are stated in the Schedule of Payment Currencies, they shall be those prevailing on the Base Date and determined by the central bank of the Country.

15. Termination by Employer

15.1 Notice to Correct

If the Contractor fails to carry out any obligation under the Contract, the Engineer may by notice require the Contractor to make good the failure and to remedy it within a specified reasonable time.

15.2 Termination by Employer

The Employer shall be entitled to terminate the Contract if the Contractor:

(a) fails to comply with Sub-Clause 4.2 [Performance

[Exclusive modification to reflect World Bank's Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers]

Security] or with a notice under Sub-Clause 15.1 [Notice to Correct],

- (b) abandons the Works or otherwise plainly demonstrates the intention not to continue performance of his obligations under the Contract,
- (c) without reasonable excuse fails:
 - (i) to proceed with the Works in accordance with Clause 8 [Commencement, Delays and Suspension], or
 - (ii) to comply with a notice issued under Sub-Clause 7.5 [Rejection] or Sub-Clause 7.6 [Remedial Work], within 28 days after receiving it,
- (d) subcontracts the whole of the Works or assigns the Contract without the required agreement,
- (e) becomes bankrupt or insolvent, goes into liquidation, has a receiving or administration order made against him, compounds with his creditors, or carries on business under a receiver, trustee or manager for the benefit of his creditors, or if any act is done or event occurs which (under applicable Laws) has a similar effect to any of these acts or events, or
- (f) gives or offers to give (directly or indirectly) to any person any bribe, gift, gratuity, commission or other thing of value, as an inducement or reward:
 - (i) for doing or forbearing to do any action in relation to the Contract, or
 - (ii) for showing or forbearing to show favour or disfavour to any person in relation to the Contract,

or if any of the Contractor's Personnel, agents or Subcontractors gives or offers to give (directly or indirectly) to any person any such inducement or reward as is described in this sub-paragraph (f). However, lawful inducements and rewards to Contractor's Personnel shall not entitle termination, or

(g) based on reasonable evidence, has engaged in Fraud and Corruption as defined in paragraph 2.2 of the Appendix B to these General Conditions, in competing for or in executing the Contract.

In any of these events or circumstances, the Employer may, upon giving 14 days' notice to the Contractor, terminate the Contract and expel the Contractor from the Site. However, in the case of sub-paragraph (e) or (f) or (g), the Employer may by notice terminate the Contract immediately.

The Employer's election to terminate the Contract shall not prejudice any other rights of the Employer, under the Contract or otherwise.

The Contractor shall then leave the Site and deliver any required Goods, all Contractor's Documents, and other design documents made by or for him, to the Engineer. However, the Contractor shall use his best efforts to comply immediately with any reasonable instructions included in the notice (i) for the assignment of any subcontract, and (ii) for the protection of life or property or for the safety of the Works.

After termination, the Employer may complete the Works and/or arrange for any other entities to do so. The Employer and these entities may then use any Goods, Contractor's Documents and other design documents made by or on behalf of the Contractor.

The Employer shall then give notice that the Contractor's Equipment and Temporary Works will be released to the Contractor at or near the Site. The Contractor shall promptly arrange their removal, at the risk and cost of the Contractor. However, if by this time the Contractor has failed to make a payment due to the Employer, these items may be sold by the Employer in order to recover this payment. Any balance of the proceeds shall then be paid to the Contractor.

15.3 Valuation at Date of Termination

As soon as practicable after a notice of termination under Sub-Clause 15.2 [Termination by Employer] has taken effect, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine the value of the Works, Goods and Contractor's Documents, and any other sums due to the Contractor for work executed in accordance with the Contract.

15.4 Payment after Termination

After a notice of termination under Sub-Clause 15.2 [Termination by Employer] has taken effect, the Employer may:

(a) proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's

Claims],

- (b) withhold further payments to the Contractor until the costs of execution, completion and remedying of any defects, damages for delay in completion (if any), and all other costs incurred by the Employer, have been established, and/or
- (c) recover from the Contractor any losses and damages incurred by the Employer and any extra costs of completing the Works, after allowing for any sum due to the Contractor under Sub-Clause 15.3 [Valuation at Date of Termination]. After recovering any such losses, damages and extra costs, the Employer shall pay any balance to the Contractor.

15.5 Employer's Entitlement to Termination for Convenience

The Employer shall be entitled to terminate the Contract, at any time for the Employer's convenience, by giving notice of such termination to the Contractor. The termination shall take effect 28 days after the later of the dates on which the Contractor receives this notice or the Employer returns the Performance Security. The Employer shall not terminate the Contract under this Sub-Clause in order to execute the Works himself or to arrange for the Works to be executed by another contractor or to avoid a termination of the Contract by the Contractor under Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor].

After this termination, the Contractor shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.3 [Cessation of Work and Removal of Contractor's Equipment] and shall be paid in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.4 [Payment on Termination].

15.6 Fraud and Corruption

[Exclusive clause to reflect World Bank's Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers] The Bank requires compliance with the Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines and its prevailing sanctions policies and procedures as set forth in the WBG's Sanctions Framework, as set forth in Appendix B to these General Conditions.

16. Suspension and Termination by Contractor

16.1 Contractor's Entitlement to

If the Engineer fails to certify in accordance with Sub-Clause 14.6 [Issue of Interim Payment Certificates] or the Employer fails to comply with Sub-Clause 2.4 [Employer's Financial Arrangements]

Suspend Work

or Sub-Clause 14.7 [Payment], the Contractor may, after giving not less than 21 days' notice to the Employer, suspend work (or reduce the rate of work) unless and until the Contractor has received the Payment Certificate, reasonable evidence or payment, as the case may be and as described in the notice.

Notwithstanding the above, if the Bank has suspended disbursements under the loan or credit from which payments to the Contractor are being made, in whole or in part, for the execution of the Works, and no alternative funds are available as provided for in Sub-Clause 2.4 [Employer's Financial Arrangements], the Contractor may by notice suspend work or reduce the rate of work at any time, but not less than 7 days after the Borrower having received the suspension notification from the Bank.

The Contractor's action shall not prejudice his entitlements to financing charges under Sub-Clause 14.8 [Delayed Payment] and to termination under Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor].

If the Contractor subsequently receives such Payment Certificate, evidence or payment (as described in the relevant Sub-Clause and in the above notice) before giving a notice of termination, the Contractor shall resume normal working as soon as is reasonably practicable.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost as a result of suspending work (or reducing the rate of work) in accordance with this Sub-Clause, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost plus profit, which shall be included in the Contract Price.

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

16.2 Termination by Contractor

The Contractor shall be entitled to terminate the Contract if:

(a) the Contractor does not receive the reasonable evidence

- within 42 days after giving notice under Sub-Clause 16.1 [Contractor's Entitlement to Suspend Work] in respect of a failure to comply with Sub-Clause 2.4 [Employer's Financial Arrangements],
- (b) the Engineer fails, within 56 days after receiving a Statement and supporting documents, to issue the relevant Payment Certificate,
- (c) the Contractor does not receive the amount due under an Interim Payment Certificate within 42 days after the expiry of the time stated in Sub-Clause 14.7 [Payment] within which payment is to be made (except for deductions in accordance with Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims]),
- (d) the Employer substantially fails to perform his obligations under the Contract in such manner as to materially and adversely affect the economic balance of the Contract and/or the ability of the Contractor to perform the Contract,
- (e) the Employer fails to comply with Sub-Clause 1.6 [Contract Agreement] or Sub-Clause 1.7 [Assignment],
- (f) a prolonged suspension affects the whole of the Works as described in Sub-Clause 8.11 [Prolonged Suspension], or
- (g) the Employer becomes bankrupt or insolvent, goes into liquidation, has a receiving or administration order made against him, compounds with his creditors, or carries on business under a receiver, trustee or manager for the benefit of his creditors, or if any act is done or event occurs which (under applicable Laws) has a similar effect to any of these acts or events.
- (h) the Contractor does not receive the Engineer's instruction recording the agreement of both Parties on the fulfilment of the conditions for the Commencement of Works under Sub-Clause 8.1 [Commencement of Works.

In any of these events or circumstances, the Contractor may, upon giving 14 days' notice to the Employer, terminate the Contract. However, in the case of sub-paragraph (f) or (g), the Contractor may by notice terminate the Contract immediately.

In the event the Bank suspends the loan or credit from which part or whole of the payments to the Contractor are being made, if the Contractor has not received the sums due to him upon expiration of the 14 days referred to in Sub-Clause 14.7 [Payment] for payments under Interim Payment Certificates, the Contractor may, without prejudice to the Contractor's entitlement to financing charges under Sub-Clause 14.8 [Delayed Payment], take one of the following actions, namely (i) suspend work or reduce the rate of work under Sub-Clause 16.1 above, or (ii) terminate the Contract by giving notice to the Employer, with a copy to the Engineer, such termination to take effect 14 days after the giving of the notice.

The Contractor's election to terminate the Contract shall not prejudice any other rights of the Contractor, under the Contract or otherwise.

16.3 Cessation of Work and Removal of Contractor's Equipment

After a notice of termination under Sub-Clause 15.5 [Employer's Entitlement to Termination for Convenience], Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor] or Sub-Clause 19.6 [Optional Termination, Payment and Release] has taken effect, the Contractor shall promptly:

- (a) cease all further work, except for such work as may have been instructed by the Engineer for the protection of life or property or for the safety of the Works,
- (b) hand over Contractor's Documents, Plant, Materials and other work, for which the Contractor has received payment, and
- (c) remove all other Goods from the Site, except as necessary for safety, and leave the Site.

16.4 Payment on Termination

After a notice of termination under Sub-Clause 16.2 [Termination by Contractor] has taken effect, the Employer shall promptly:

- (a) return the Performance Security to the Contractor,
- (b) pay the Contractor in accordance with Sub-Clause 19.6 [Optional Termination, Payment and Release], and
- (c) pay to the Contractor the amount of any loss or damage sustained by the Contractor as a result of this termination.

17. Risk and Responsibility

17.1 Indemnities

The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Employer, the Employer's Personnel, and their respective agents, against and from all claims, damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) in respect of:

- (a) bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, of any person whatsoever arising out of or in the course of or by reason of the Contractor's design (if any), the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects, unless attributable to any negligence, wilful act or breach of the Contract by the Employer, the Employer's Personnel, or any of their respective agents, and
- (b) damage to or loss of any property, real or personal (other than the Works), to the extent that such damage or loss arises out of or in the course of or by reason of the Contractor's design (if any), the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of any defects, unless and to the extent that any such damage or loss is attributable to any negligence, wilful act or breach of the Contract by the Employer, the Employer's Personnel, their respective agents, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them.

The Employer shall indemnify and hold harmless the Contractor, the Contractor's Personnel, and their respective agents, against and from all claims, damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) in respect of (1) bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, which is attributable to any negligence, wilful act or breach of the Contract by the Employer, the Employer's Personnel, or any of their respective agents, and (2) the matters for which liability may be excluded from insurance cover, as described in sub-paragraphs (d)(i), (ii) and (iii) of Sub-Clause 18.3 [Insurance Against Injury to Persons and Damage to Property].

17.2 Contractor's Care of the Works

The Contractor shall take full responsibility for the care of the Works and Goods from the Commencement Date until the Taking-Over Certificate is issued (or is deemed to be issued under Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking Over of the Works and Sections]) for the Works, when responsibility for the care of the Works shall pass to the Employer. If a Taking-Over Certificate is issued (or is so deemed to be issued) for any Section or part of

the Works, responsibility for the care of the Section or part shall then pass to the Employer.

After responsibility has accordingly passed to the Employer, the Contractor shall take responsibility for the care of any work which is outstanding on the date stated in a Taking-Over Certificate, until this outstanding work has been completed.

If any loss or damage happens to the Works, Goods or Contractor's Documents during the period when the Contractor is responsible for their care, from any cause not listed in Sub-Clause 17.3 [Employer's Risks], the Contractor shall rectify the loss or damage at the Contractor's risk and cost, so that the Works, Goods and Contractor's Documents conform with the Contract.

The Contractor shall be liable for any loss or damage caused by any actions performed by the Contractor after a Taking-Over Certificate has been issued. The Contractor shall also be liable for any loss or damage which occurs after a Taking-Over Certificate has been issued and which arose from a previous event for which the Contractor was liable.

17.3 Employer's Risks

The risks referred to in Sub-Clause 17.4 [Consequences of Employer's Risks] below, insofar as they directly affect the execution of the Works in the Country, are:

- (a) war, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), invasion, act of foreign enemies,
- (b) rebellion, terrorism, sabotage by persons other than the Contractor's Personnel, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or civil war, within the Country,
- (c) riot, commotion or disorder within the Country by persons other than the Contractor's Personnel,
- (d) munitions of war, explosive materials, ionising radiation or contamination by radio-activity, within the Country, except as may be attributable to the Contractor's use of such munitions, explosives, radiation or radio-activity,
- (e) pressure waves caused by aircraft or other aerial devices travelling at sonic or supersonic speeds,
- (f) use or occupation by the Employer of any part of the Permanent Works, except as may be specified in the Contract.

- (g) design of any part of the Works by the Employer's Personnel or by others for whom the Employer is responsible, and
- (h) any operation of the forces of nature which is Unforeseeable or against which an experienced contractor could not reasonably have been expected to have taken adequate preventive precautions.

17.4 Consequences of Employer's Risks

If and to the extent that any of the risks listed in Sub-Clause 17.3 above results in loss or damage to the Works, Goods or Contractor's Documents, the Contractor shall promptly give notice to the Engineer and shall rectify this loss or damage to the extent required by the Engineer.

If the Contractor suffers delay and/or incurs Cost from rectifying this loss or damage, the Contractor shall give a further notice to the Engineer and shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) payment of any such Cost, which shall be included in the Contract Price. In the case of sub-paragraphs (f) and (g) of Sub-Clause 17.3 [Employer's Risks], Cost plus profit shall be payable.

After receiving this further notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

17.5 Intellectual and Industrial Property Rights

In this Sub-Clause, "infringement" means an infringement (or alleged infringement) of any patent, registered design, copyright, trade mark, trade name, trade secret or other intellectual or industrial property right relating to the Works; and "claim" means a claim (or proceedings pursuing a claim) alleging an infringement.

Whenever a Party does not give notice to the other Party of any claim within 28 days of receiving the claim, the first Party shall be deemed to have waived any right to indemnity under this Sub-Clause.

The Employer shall indemnify and hold the Contractor harmless

against and from any claim alleging an infringement which is or was:

- (a) an unavoidable result of the Contractor's compliance with the Contract, or
- (b) a result of any Works being used by the Employer:
 - (i) for a purpose other than that indicated by, or reasonably to be inferred from, the Contract, or
 - (ii) in conjunction with any thing not supplied by the Contractor, unless such use was disclosed to the Contractor prior to the Base Date or is stated in the Contract.

The Contractor shall indemnify and hold the Employer harmless against and from any other claim which arises out of or in relation to (i) the manufacture, use, sale or import of any Goods, or (ii) any design for which the Contractor is responsible.

If a Party is entitled to be indemnified under this Sub-Clause, the indemnifying Party may (at its cost) conduct negotiations for the settlement of the claim, and any litigation or arbitration which may arise from it. The other Party shall, at the request and cost of the indemnifying Party, assist in contesting the claim. This other Party (and its Personnel) shall not make any admission which might be prejudicial to the indemnifying Party, unless the indemnifying Party failed to take over the conduct of any negotiations, litigation or arbitration upon being requested to do so by such other Party.

17.6 Limitation of Liability

Neither Party shall be liable to the other Party for loss of use of any Works, loss of profit, loss of any contract or for any indirect or consequential loss or damage which may be suffered by the other Party in connection with the Contract, other than as specifically provided in Sub-Clause 8.7 [Delay Damages]; Sub-Clause 11.2 [Cost of Remedying Defects]; Sub-Clause 15.4 [Payment after Termination]; Sub-Clause 16.4 [Payment on Termination]; Sub-Clause 17.1 [Indemnities]; Sub-Clause 17.4(b) [Consequences of Employer's Risks] and Sub-Clause 17.5 [Intellectual and Industrial Property Rights].

The total liability of the Contractor to the Employer, under or in connection with the Contract other than under Sub-Clause 4.19 [Electricity, Water and Gas], Sub-Clause 4.20 [Employer's Equipment and Free-Issue Materials], Sub-Clause 17.1 [Indemnities] and Sub-Clause 17.5 [Intellectual and Industrial

Property Rights], shall not exceed the sum resulting from the application of a multiplier (less or greater than one) to the Accepted Contract Amount, as stated in the Contract Data, or (if such multiplier or other sum is not so stated) the Accepted Contract Amount.

This Sub-Clause shall not limit liability in any case of fraud, deliberate default or reckless misconduct by the defaulting Party.

17.7 Use of Employer's Accomodation/Facilities

The Contractor shall take full responsibility for the care of the Employer provided accommodation and facilities, if any, as detailed in the Specification, from the respective dates of hand-over to the Contractor until cessation of occupation (where hand-over or cessation of occupation may take place after the date stated in the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works).

If any loss or damage happens to any of the above items while the Contractor is responsible for their care arising from any cause whatsoever other than those for which the Employer is liable, the Contractor shall, at his own cost, rectify the loss or damage to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

18. Insurance

18.1 General Requirements for Insurances

In this Clause, "insuring Party" means, for each type of insurance, the Party responsible for effecting and maintaining the insurance specified in the relevant Sub-Clause.

Wherever the Contractor is the insuring Party, each insurance shall be effected with insurers and in terms approved by the Employer. These terms shall be consistent with any terms agreed by both Parties before the date of the Letter of Acceptance. This agreement of terms shall take precedence over the provisions of this Clause.

Wherever the Employer is the insuring Party, each insurance shall be effected with insurers and in terms acceptable to the Contractor. These terms shall be consistent with any terms agreed by both Parties before the date of the Letter of Acceptance. This agreement of terms shall take precedence over the provisions of this Clause.

If a policy is required to indemnify joint insured, the cover shall apply separately to each insured as though a separate policy had been issued for each of the joint insured. If a policy indemnifies

additional joint insured, namely in addition to the insured specified in this Clause, (i) the Contractor shall act under the policy on behalf of these additional joint insured except that the Employer shall act for Employer's Personnel, (ii) additional joint insured shall not be entitled to receive payments directly from the insurer or to have any other direct dealings with the insurer, and (iii) the insuring Party shall require all additional joint insured to comply with the conditions stipulated in the policy.

Each policy insuring against loss or damage shall provide for payments to be made in the currencies required to rectify the loss or damage. Payments received from insurers shall be used for the rectification of the loss or damage.

The relevant insuring Party shall, within the respective periods stated in the Contract Data (calculated from the Commencement Date), submit to the other Party:

- (a) evidence that the insurances described in this Clause have been effected, and
- (b) copies of the policies for the insurances described in Sub-Clause 18.2 [Insurance for Works and Contractor's Equipment] and Sub-Clause 18.3 [Insurance against Injury to Persons and Damage to Property].

When each premium is paid, the insuring Party shall submit evidence of payment to the other Party. Whenever evidence or policies are submitted, the insuring Party shall also give notice to the Engineer.

Each Party shall comply with the conditions stipulated in each of the insurance policies. The insuring Party shall keep the insurers informed of any relevant changes to the execution of the Works and ensure that insurance is maintained in accordance with this Clause.

Neither Party shall make any material alteration to the terms of any insurance without the prior approval of the other Party. If an insurer makes (or attempts to make) any alteration, the Party first notified by the insurer shall promptly give notice to the other Party.

If the insuring Party fails to effect and keep in force any of the insurances it is required to effect and maintain under the Contract, or fails to provide satisfactory evidence and copies of policies in accordance with this Sub-Clause, the other Party may

(at its option and without prejudice to any other right or remedy) effect insurance for the relevant coverage and pay the premiums due. The insuring Party shall pay the amount of these premiums to the other Party, and the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly.

Nothing in this Clause limits the obligations, liabilities or responsibilities of the Contractor or the Employer, under the other terms of the Contract or otherwise. Any amounts not insured or not recovered from the insurers shall be borne by the Contractor and/or the Employer in accordance with these obligations, liabilities or responsibilities. However, if the insuring Party fails to effect and keep in force an insurance which is available and which it is required to effect and maintain under the Contract, and the other Party neither approves the omission nor effects insurance for the coverage relevant to this default, any moneys which should have been recoverable under this insurance shall be paid by the insuring Party.

Payments by one Party to the other Party shall be subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] or Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims], as applicable.

The Contractor shall be entitled to place all insurance relating to the Contract (including, but not limited to the insurance referred to Clause 18) with insurers from any eligible source country.

18.2 Insurance for Works and Contractor's Equipment

The insuring Party shall insure the Works, Plant, Materials and Contractor's Documents for not less than the full reinstatement cost including the costs of demolition, removal of debris and professional fees and profit. This insurance shall be effective from the date by which the evidence is to be submitted under sub-paragraph (a) of Sub-Clause 18.1 [General Requirements for Insurances], until the date of issue of the Taking-Over Certificate for the Works.

The insuring Party shall maintain this insurance to provide cover until the date of issue of the Performance Certificate, for loss or damage for which the Contractor is liable arising from a cause occurring prior to the issue of the Taking-Over Certificate, and for loss or damage caused by the Contractor in the course of any other operations (including those under Clause 11 [Defects Liability]).

The insuring Party shall insure the Contractor's Equipment for not less than the full replacement value, including delivery to Site. For each item of Contractor's Equipment, the insurance shall be effective while it is being transported to the Site and until it is no longer required as Contractor's Equipment.

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions, insurances under this Sub-Clause:

- (a) shall be effected and maintained by the Contractor as insuring Party,
- (b) shall be in the joint names of the Parties, who shall be jointly entitled to receive payments from the insurers, payments being held or allocated to the Party actually bearing the costs of rectifying the loss or damage,
- (c) shall cover all loss and damage from any cause not listed in Sub-Clause 17.3 [Employer's Risks],
- (d) shall also cover, to the extent specifically required in the bidding documents of the Contract, loss or damage to a part of the Works which is attributable to the use or occupation by the Employer of another part of the Works, and loss or damage from the risks listed in sub-paragraphs (c), (g) and (h) of Sub-Clause 17.3 [Employer's Risks], excluding (in each case) risks which are not insurable at commercially reasonable terms, with deductibles per occurrence of not more than the amount stated in the Contract Data (if an amount is not so stated, this sub-paragraph (d) shall not apply), and
- (e) may however exclude loss of, damage to, and reinstatement of:
 - (i) a part of the Works which is in a defective condition due to a defect in its design, materials or workmanship (but cover shall include any other parts which are lost or damaged as a direct result of this defective condition and not as described in subparagraph (ii) below),
 - (ii) a part of the Works which is lost or damaged in order to reinstate any other part of the Works if this other part is in a defective condition due to a defect in its design, materials or workmanship,
 - (iii) a part of the Works which has been taken over by the Employer, except to the extent that the Contractor is liable for the loss or damage, and

(iv) Goods while they are not in the Country, subject to Sub-Clause 14.5 [Plant and Materials intended for the Works].

If, more than one year after the Base Date, the cover described in sub-paragraph (d) above ceases to be available at commercially reasonable terms, the Contractor shall (as insuring Party) give notice to the Employer, with supporting particulars. The Employer shall then (i) be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 2.5 [Employer's Claims] to payment of an amount equivalent to such commercially reasonable terms as the Contractor should have expected to have paid for such cover, and (ii) be deemed, unless he obtains the cover at commercially reasonable terms, to have approved the omission under Sub-Clause 18.1 [General Requirements for Insurances].

18.3 Insurance against Injury to Persons and Damage to Property

The insuring Party shall insure against each Party's liability for any loss, damage, death or bodily injury which may occur to any physical property (except things insured under Sub-Clause 18.2 [Insurance for Works and Contractor's Equipment]) or to any person (except persons insured under Sub-Clause 18.4 [Insurance for Contractor's Personnel]), which may arise out of the Contractor's performance of the Contract and occurring before the issue of the Performance Certificate.

This insurance shall be for a limit per occurrence of not less than the amount stated in the Contract Data, with no limit on the number of occurrences. If an amount is not stated in the Contract Data, this Sub-Clause shall not apply.

Unless otherwise stated in the Particular Conditions, the insurances specified in this Sub-Clause:

- (a) shall be effected and maintained by the Contractor as insuring Party,
- (b) shall be in the joint names of the Parties,
- (c) shall be extended to cover liability for all loss and damage to the Employer's property (except things insured under Sub-Clause 18.2) arising out of the Contractor's performance of the Contract, and
- (d) may however exclude liability to the extent that it arises from:
 - (i) the Employer's right to have the Permanent Works

- executed on, over, under, in or through any land, and to occupy this land for the Permanent Works,
- (ii) damage which is an unavoidable result of the Contractor's obligations to execute the Works and remedy any defects, and
- (iii) a cause listed in Sub-Clause 17.3 [Employer's Risks], except to the extent that cover is available at commercially reasonable terms.

18.4 Insurance for Contractor's Personnel

The Contractor shall effect and maintain insurance against liability for claims, damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) arising from injury, sickness, disease or death of any person employed by the Contractor or any other of the Contractor's Personnel.

The insurance shall cover the Employer and the Engineer against liability for claims, damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) arising from injury, sickness, disease or death of any person employed by the Contractor or any other of the Contractor's Personnel, except that this insurance may exclude losses and claims to the extent that they arise from any act or neglect of the Employer or of the Employer's Personnel.

The insurance shall be maintained in full force and effect during the whole time that these personnel are assisting in the execution of the Works. For a Subcontractor's employees, the insurance may be effected by the Subcontractor, but the Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with this Clause.

19. Force Majeure

19.1 Definition of Force Majeure

In this Clause, "Force Majeure" means an exceptional event or circumstance:

- (a) which is beyond a Party's control,
- (b) which such Party could not reasonably have provided against before entering into the Contract,
- (c) which, having arisen, such Party could not reasonably have avoided or overcome, and
- (d) which is not substantially attributable to the other Party.

Force Majeure may include, but is not limited to, exceptional events or circumstances of the kind listed below, so long as conditions (a) to (d) above are satisfied:

- (i) war, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), invasion, act of foreign enemies,
- (ii) rebellion, terrorism, sabotage by persons other than the Contractor's Personnel, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or civil war,
- (iii) riot, commotion, disorder, strike or lockout by persons other than the Contractor's Personnel,
- (iv) munitions of war, explosive materials, ionising radiation or contamination by radio-activity, except as may be attributable to the Contractor's use of such munitions, explosives, radiation or radio-activity, and
- (v) natural catastrophes such as earthquake, hurricane, typhoon or volcanic activity.

19.2 Notice of Force Majeure

If a Party is or will be prevented from performing its substantial obligations under the Contract by Force Majeure, then it shall give notice to the other Party of the event or circumstances constituting the Force Majeure and shall specify the obligations, the performance of which is or will be prevented. The notice shall be given within 14 days after the Party became aware, or should have become aware, of the relevant event or circumstance constituting Force Majeure.

The Party shall, having given notice, be excused performance of its obligations for so long as such Force Majeure prevents it from performing them.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Clause, Force Majeure shall not apply to obligations of either Party to make payments to the other Party under the Contract.

19.3 Duty to Minimise Delay

Each Party shall at all times use all reasonable endeavours to minimise any delay in the performance of the Contract as a result of Force Majeure.

A Party shall give notice to the other Party when it ceases to be affected by the Force Majeure.

19.4 Consequences of Force Majeure

If the Contractor is prevented from performing his substantial obligations under the Contract by Force Majeure of which notice has been given under Sub-Clause 19.2 [Notice of Force Majeure], and suffers delay and/or incurs Cost by reason of such Force Majeure, the Contractor shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to:

- (a) an extension of time for any such delay, if completion is or will be delayed, under Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and
- (b) if the event or circumstance is of the kind described in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iv) of Sub-Clause 19.1 [Definition of Force Majeure] and, in sub-paragraphs (ii) to (iv), occurs in the Country, payment of any such Cost, including the costs of rectifying or replacing the Works and/or Goods damaged or destroyed by Force Majeure, to the extent they are not indemnified through the insurance policy referred to in Sub-Clause 18.2 [Insurance for Works and Contractor's Equipment].

After receiving this notice, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine these matters.

19.5 Force Majeure Affecting Subcontractor

If any Subcontractor is entitled under any contract or agreement relating to the Works to relief from force majeure on terms additional to or broader than those specified in this Clause, such additional or broader force majeure events or circumstances shall not excuse the Contractor's non-performance or entitle him to relief under this Clause.

19.6 Optional Termination, Payment and Release

If the execution of substantially all the Works in progress is prevented for a continuous period of 84 days by reason of Force Majeure of which notice has been given under Sub-Clause 19.2 [Notice of Force Majeure], or for multiple periods which total more than 140 days due to the same notified Force Majeure, then either Party may give to the other Party a notice of termination of the Contract. In this event, the termination shall take effect 7 days after the notice is given, and the Contractor shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.3 [Cessation of Work and Removal of Contractor's Equipment].

Upon such termination, the Engineer shall determine the value of the work done and issue a Payment Certificate which shall

include:

- (a) the amounts payable for any work carried out for which a price is stated in the Contract;
- (b) the Cost of Plant and Materials ordered for the Works which have been delivered to the Contractor, or of which the Contractor is liable to accept delivery: this Plant and Materials shall become the property of (and be at the risk of) the Employer when paid for by the Employer, and the Contractor shall place the same at the Employer's disposal;
- (c) other Cost or liabilities which in the circumstances were reasonably and necessarily incurred by the Contractor in the expectation of completing the Works;
- (d) the Cost of removal of Temporary Works and Contractor's Equipment from the Site and the return of these items to the Contractor's works in his country (or to any other destination at no greater cost); and
- (e) the Cost of repatriation of the Contractor's staff and labour employed wholly in connection with the Works at the date of termination.

19.7 Release from Performance

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Clause, if any event or circumstance outside the control of the Parties (including, but not limited to, Force Majeure) arises which makes it impossible or unlawful for either or both Parties to fulfil its or their contractual obligations or which, under the law governing the Contract, entitles the Parties to be released from further performance of the Contract, then upon notice by either Party to the other Party of such event or circumstance:

- (a) the Parties shall be discharged from further performance, without prejudice to the rights of either Party in respect of any previous breach of the Contract, and
- (b) the sum payable by the Employer to the Contractor shall be the same as would have been payable under Sub-Clause 19.6 [Optional Termination, Payment and Release] if the Contract had been terminated under Sub-Clause 19.6.

20. Claims, Disputes and Arbitration

20.1 Contractor's Claims

If the Contractor considers himself to be entitled to any extension of the Time for Completion and/or any additional payment, under any Clause of these Conditions or otherwise in connection with the Contract, the Contractor shall give notice to the Engineer, describing the event or circumstance giving rise to the claim. The notice shall be given as soon as practicable, and not later than 28 days after the Contractor became aware, or should have become aware, of the event or circumstance.

If the Contractor fails to give notice of a claim within such period of 28 days, the Time for Completion shall not be extended, the Contractor shall not be entitled to additional payment, and the Employer shall be discharged from all liability in connection with the claim. Otherwise, the following provisions of this Sub-Clause shall apply.

The Contractor shall also submit any other notices which are required by the Contract, and supporting particulars for the claim, all as relevant to such event or circumstance.

The Contractor shall keep such contemporary records as may be necessary to substantiate any claim, either on the Site or at another location acceptable to the Engineer. Without admitting the Employer's liability, the Engineer may, after receiving any notice under this Sub-Clause, monitor the record-keeping and/or instruct the Contractor to keep further contemporary records. The Contractor shall permit the Engineer to inspect all these records, and shall (if instructed) submit copies to the Engineer.

Within 42 days after the Contractor became aware (or should have become aware) of the event or circumstance giving rise to the claim, or within such other period as may be proposed by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer, the Contractor shall send to the Engineer a fully detailed claim which includes full supporting particulars of the basis of the claim and of the extension of time and/or additional payment claimed. If the event or circumstance giving rise to the claim has a continuing effect:

- (a) this fully detailed claim shall be considered as interim;
- (b) the Contractor shall send further interim claims at monthly intervals, giving the accumulated delay and/or amount claimed, and such further particulars as the Engineer may reasonably require; and
- (c) the Contractor shall send a final claim within 28 days after

the end of the effects resulting from the event or circumstance, or within such other period as may be proposed by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer.

Within 42 days after receiving a claim or any further particulars supporting a previous claim, or within such other period as may be proposed by the Engineer and approved by the Contractor, the Engineer shall respond with approval, or with disapproval and detailed comments. He may also request any necessary further particulars, but shall nevertheless give his response on the principles of the claim within the above defined time period.

Within the above defined period of 42 days, the Engineer shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 3.5 [Determinations] to agree or determine (i) the extension (if any) of the Time for Completion (before or after its expiry) in accordance with Sub-Clause 8.4 [Extension of Time for Completion], and/or (ii) the additional payment (if any) to which the Contractor is entitled under the Contract.

Each Payment Certificate shall include such additional payment for any claim as has been reasonably substantiated as due under the relevant provision of the Contract. Unless and until the particulars supplied are sufficient to substantiate the whole of the claim, the Contractor shall only be entitled to payment for such part of the claim as he has been able to substantiate.

If the Engineer does not respond within the timeframe defined in this Clause, either Party may consider that the claim is rejected by the Engineer and any of the Parties may refer to the Dispute Board in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision].

The requirements of this Sub-Clause are in addition to those of any other Sub-Clause which may apply to a claim. If the Contractor fails to comply with this or another Sub-Clause in relation to any claim, any extension of time and/or additional payment shall take account of the extent (if any) to which the failure has prevented or prejudiced proper investigation of the claim, unless the claim is excluded under the second paragraph of this Sub-Clause.

20.2 Appointment of the Dispute Board

Disputes shall be referred to a DB for decision in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision]. The Parties shall appoint a DB by the date stated in the Contract Data.

The DB shall comprise, as stated in the Contract Data, either one or three suitably qualified persons ("the members"), each of whom shall be fluent in the language for communication defined in the Contract and shall be a professional experienced in the type of construction involved in the Works and with the interpretation of contractual documents. If the number is not so stated and the Parties do not agree otherwise, the DB shall comprise three persons.

If the Parties have not jointly appointed the DB 21 days before the date stated in the Contract Data and the DB is to comprise three persons, each Party shall nominate one member for the approval of the other Party. The first two members shall recommend and the Parties shall agree upon the third member, who shall act as chairman.

However, if a list of potential members has been agreed by the Parties and is included in the Contract, the members shall be selected from those on the list, other than anyone who is unable or unwilling to accept appointment to the DB.

The agreement between the Parties and either the sole member or each of the three members shall incorporate by reference the General Conditions of Dispute Board Agreement contained in the Appendix A to these General Conditions, with such amendments as are agreed between them.

The terms of the remuneration of either the sole member or each of the three members, including the remuneration of any expert whom the DB consults, shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties when agreeing the terms of appointment. Each Party shall be responsible for paying one-half of this remuneration.

If at any time the Parties so agree, they may jointly refer a matter to the DB for it to give its opinion. Neither Party shall consult the DB on any matter without the agreement of the other Party.

If a member declines to act or is unable to act as a result of death, disability, resignation or termination of appointment, a replacement shall be appointed in the same manner as the replaced person was required to have been nominated or agreed upon, as described in this Sub-Clause.

The appointment of any member may be terminated by mutual agreement of both Parties, but not by the Employer or the Contractor acting alone. Unless otherwise agreed by both

Parties, the appointment of the DB (including each member) shall expire when the discharge referred to in Sub-Clause 14.12 [Discharge] shall have become effective.

20.3 Failure to Agree on the Composition of the Dispute Board

If any of the following conditions apply, namely:

- (a) the Parties fail to agree upon the appointment of the sole member of the DB by the date stated in the first paragraph of Sub-Clause 20.2, [Appointment of the Dispute Board],
- (b) either Party fails to nominate a member (for approval by the other Party), or fails to approve a member nominated by the other Party, of a DB of three persons by such date,
- (c) the Parties fail to agree upon the appointment of the third member (to act as chairman) of the DB by such date, or
- (d) the Parties fail to agree upon the appointment of a replacement person within 42 days after the date on which the sole member or one of the three members declines to act or is unable to act as a result of death, disability, resignation or termination of appointment,

then the appointing entity or official named in the Contract Data shall, upon the request of either or both of the Parties and after due consultation with both Parties, appoint this member of the DB. This appointment shall be final and conclusive. Each Party shall be responsible for paying one-half of the remuneration of the appointing entity or official.

20.4 Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision

If a dispute (of any kind whatsoever) arises between the Parties in connection with, or arising out of, the Contract or the execution of the Works, including any dispute as to any certificate, determination, instruction, opinion or valuation of the Engineer, either Party may refer the dispute in writing to the DB for its decision, with copies to the other Party and the Engineer. Such reference shall state that it is given under this Sub-Clause.

For a DB of three persons, the DB shall be deemed to have received such reference on the date when it is received by the chairman of the DB.

Both Parties shall promptly make available to the DB all such additional information, further access to the Site, and appropriate facilities, as the DB may require for the purposes of making a decision on such dispute. The DB shall be deemed to be not acting as arbitrator(s).

Within 84 days after receiving such reference, or within such other period as may be proposed by the DB and approved by both Parties, the DB shall give its decision, which shall be reasoned and shall state that it is given under this Sub-Clause. The decision shall be binding on both Parties, who shall promptly give effect to it unless and until it shall be revised in an amicable settlement or an arbitral award as described below. Unless the Contract has already been abandoned, repudiated or terminated, the Contractor shall continue to proceed with the Works in accordance with the Contract.

If either Party is dissatisfied with the DB's decision, then either Party may, within 28 days after receiving the decision, give a Notice of Dissatisfaction to the other Party indicating its dissatisfaction and intention to commence arbitration. If the DB fails to give its decision within the period of 84 days (or as otherwise approved) after receiving such reference, then either Party may, within 28 days after this period has expired, give a Notice of Dissatisfaction to the other Party.

In either event, this Notice of Dissatisfaction shall state that it is given under this Sub-Clause, and shall set out the matter in dispute and the reason(s) for dissatisfaction. Except as stated in Sub-Clause 20.7 [Failure to Comply with Dispute Board's Decision] and Sub-Clause 20.8 [Expiry of Dispute Board's Appointment], neither Party shall be entitled to commence arbitration of a dispute unless a Notice of Dissatisfaction has been given in accordance with this Sub-Clause.

If the DB has given its decision as to a matter in dispute to both Parties, and no Notice of Dissatisfaction has been given by either Party within 28 days after it received the DB's decision, then the decision shall become final and binding upon both Parties.

20.5 Amicable Settlement

Where a Notice of Dissatisfaction has been given under Sub-Clause 20.4 above, both Parties shall attempt to settle the dispute amicably before the commencement of arbitration. However, unless both Parties agree otherwise, the Party giving a Notice of Dissatisfaction in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4 above should move to commence arbitration after the fifty-sixth day from the day on which a Notice of Dissatisfaction was given, even if no attempt at an amicable settlement has been made.

20.6 Arbitration

Any dispute between the Parties arising out of or in connection with the Contract not settled amicably in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.5 above and in respect of which the DB's decision (if any) has not become final and binding shall be finally settled by arbitration. Arbitration shall be conducted as follows:

- (a) if the contract is with foreign contractors,
 - (i) for contracts financed by all participating Banks except under sub-paragraph (a) (2) below: international arbitration (1) with proceedings the arbitration administered by institution designated in the Contract Data, and conducted under the rules of arbitration of such institution; or, if so specified in the Contract Data, (2) international arbitration in accordance with the arbitration rules of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL); or (3) if neither an arbitration institution nor UNCITRAL arbitration rules are specified in the Contract Data, with proceedings administered by the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) and conducted under the ICC Rules of Arbitration; by one or more arbitrators appointed in accordance with said arbitration rules
- (b) if the Contract is with domestic contractors, arbitration with proceedings conducted in accordance with the laws of the Employer's country.

The place of arbitration shall be the neutral location specified in the Contract Data; and the arbitration shall be conducted in the language for communications defined in Sub-Clause 1.4 [Law and Language].

The arbitrators shall have full power to open up, review and revise any certificate, determination, instruction, opinion or valuation of the Engineer, and any decision of the DB, relevant to the dispute. Nothing shall disqualify representatives of the Parties and the Engineer from being called as a witness and giving evidence before the arbitrators on any matter whatsoever relevant to the dispute.

Neither Party shall be limited in the proceedings before the arbitrators to the evidence or arguments previously put before

the DB to obtain its decision, or to the reasons for dissatisfaction given in its Notice of Dissatisfaction. Any decision of the DB shall be admissible in evidence in the arbitration.

Arbitration may be commenced prior to or after completion of the Works. The obligations of the Parties, the Engineer and the DB shall not be altered by reason of any arbitration being conducted during the progress of the Works.

20.7 Failure to Comply with Dispute Board's Decision

In the event that a Party fails to comply with a final and binding DB decision, then the other Party may, without prejudice to any other rights it may have, refer the failure itself to arbitration under Sub-Clause 20.6 [Arbitration]. Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision] and Sub-Clause 20.5 [Amicable Settlement] shall not apply to this reference.

20.8 Expiry of Dispute Board's Appointment

If a dispute arises between the Parties in connection with, or arising out of, the Contract or the execution of the Works and there is no DB in place, whether by reason of the expiry of the DB's appointment or otherwise:

- (a) Sub-Clause 20.4 [Obtaining Dispute Board's Decision] and Sub-Clause 20.5 [Amicable Settlement] shall not apply, and
- (b) the dispute may be referred directly to arbitration under Sub-Clause 20.6 [Arbitration].

APPENDIX A

A General Conditions of Dispute Board Agreement

1. Definitions

Each "Dispute Board Agreement" is a tripartite agreement by and between:

- (a) the "Employer";
- (b) the "Contractor"; and
- (c) the "Member" who is defined in the Dispute Board Agreement as being:
 - (i) the sole member of the "DB" and, where this is the case, all references to the "Other Members" do not apply, or
 - (ii) one of the three persons who are jointly called the "DB" (or "Dispute Board") and, where this is the case, the other two persons are called the "Other Members".

The Employer and the Contractor have entered (or intend to enter) into a contract, which is called the "Contract" and is defined in the Dispute Board Agreement, which incorporates this Appendix. In the Dispute Board Agreement, words and expressions which are not otherwise defined shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Contract.

2. General Provisions

Unless otherwise stated in the Dispute Board Agreement, it shall take effect on the latest of the following dates:

- (a) the Commencement Date defined in the Contract,
- (b) when the Employer, the Contractor and the Member have each signed the Dispute Board Agreement, or
- (c) when the Employer, the Contractor and each of the Other Members (if any) have respectively each signed a dispute board agreement.

This employment of the Member is a personal appointment. At any time, the Member may give not less than 70 days' notice of resignation to the Employer and to the Contractor, and the Dispute Board Agreement shall terminate upon the expiry of this period.

3. Warranties

The Member warrants and agrees that he/she is and shall be impartial and independent of the Employer, the Contractor and the

Engineer. The Member shall promptly disclose, to each of them and to the Other Members (if any), any fact or circumstance which might appear inconsistent with his/her warranty and agreement of impartiality and independence.

When appointing the Member, the Employer and the Contractor relied upon the Member's representations that he/she is:

- (a) experienced in the work which the Contractor is to carry out under the Contract,
- (b) experienced in the interpretation of contract documentation, and
- (c) fluent in the language for communications defined in the Contract.

4. General Obligations of the Member

The Member shall:

- (a) have no interest financial or otherwise in the Employer, the Contractor or Engineer, nor any financial interest in the Contract except for payment under the Dispute Board Agreement;
- (b) not previously have been employed as a consultant or otherwise by the Employer, the Contractor or the Engineer, except in such circumstances as were disclosed in writing to the Employer and the Contractor before they signed the Dispute Board Agreement;
- (c) have disclosed in writing to the Employer, the Contractor and the Other Members (if any), before entering into the Dispute Board Agreement and to his/her best knowledge and recollection, any professional or personal relationships with any director, officer or employee of the Employer, the Contractor or the Engineer, and any previous involvement in the overall project of which the Contract forms part;
- (d) not, for the duration of the Dispute Board Agreement, be employed as a consultant or otherwise by the Employer, the Contractor or the Engineer, except as may be agreed in writing by the Employer, the Contractor and the Other Members (if any);
- (e) comply with the annexed procedural rules and with Sub-Clause 20.4 of the Conditions of Contract;
- (f) not give advice to the Employer, the Contractor, the

Employer's Personnel or the Contractor's Personnel concerning the conduct of the Contract, other than in accordance with the annexed procedural rules;

- (g) not while a Member enter into discussions or make any agreement with the Employer, the Contractor or the Engineer regarding employment by any of them, whether as a consultant or otherwise, after ceasing to act under the Dispute Board Agreement;
- (h) ensure his/her availability for all site visits and hearings as are necessary;
- (i) become conversant with the Contract and with the progress of the Works (and of any other parts of the project of which the Contract forms part) by studying all documents received which shall be maintained in a current working file;
- (j) treat the details of the Contract and all the DB's activities and hearings as private and confidential, and not publish or disclose them without the prior written consent of the Employer, the Contractor and the Other Members (if any); and
- (k) be available to give advice and opinions, on any matter relevant to the Contract when requested by both the Employer and the Contractor, subject to the agreement of the Other Members (if any).
- 5. General
 Obligations of the
 Employer and the
 Contractor

The Employer, the Contractor, the Employer's Personnel and the Contractor's Personnel shall not request advice from or consultation with the Member regarding the Contract, otherwise than in the normal course of the DB's activities under the Contract and the Dispute Board Agreement. The Employer and the Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with this provision, by the Employer's Personnel and the Contractor's Personnel respectively.

The Employer and the Contractor undertake to each other and to the Member that the Member shall not, except as otherwise agreed in writing by the Employer, the Contractor, the Member and the Other Members (if any):

- (a) be appointed as an arbitrator in any arbitration under the Contract;
- (b) be called as a witness to give evidence concerning any dispute before arbitrator(s) appointed for any arbitration under the

Contract; or

(c) be liable for any claims for anything done or omitted in the discharge or purported discharge of the Member's functions, unless the act or omission is shown to have been in bad faith.

The Employer and the Contractor hereby jointly and severally indemnify and hold the Member harmless against and from claims from which he is relieved from liability under the preceding paragraph.

Whenever the Employer or the Contractor refers a dispute to the DB under Sub-Clause 20.4 of the Conditions of Contract, which will require the Member to make a site visit and attend a hearing, the Employer or the Contractor shall provide appropriate security for a sum equivalent to the reasonable expenses to be incurred by the Member. No account shall be taken of any other payments due or paid to the Member.

6. Payment

The Member shall be paid as follows, in the currency named in the Dispute Board Agreement:

- (a) a retainer fee per calendar month, which shall be considered as payment in full for:
 - (i) being available on 28 days' notice for all site visits and hearings;
 - (ii) becoming and remaining conversant with all project developments and maintaining relevant files;
 - (iii) all office and overhead expenses including secretarial services, photocopying and office supplies incurred in connection with his duties; and
 - (iv) all services performed hereunder except those referred to in sub-paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Clause.

The retainer fee shall be paid with effect from the last day of the calendar month in which the Dispute Board Agreement becomes effective; until the last day of the calendar month in which the Taking-Over Certificate is issued for the whole of the Works.

With effect from the first day of the calendar month following the month in which the Taking-Over Certificate is issued for the whole of the Works, the retainer fee shall be reduced by one third .This

reduced fee shall be paid until the first day of the calendar month in which the Member resigns or the Dispute Board Agreement is otherwise terminated.

- (b) a daily fee which shall be considered as payment in full for:
 - (i) each day or part of a day up to a maximum of two days' travel time in each direction for the journey between the Member's home and the Site, or another location of a meeting with the Other Members (if any);
 - (ii) each working day on Site visits, hearings or preparing decisions; and
 - (iii) each day spent reading submissions in preparation for a hearing.
- (c) all reasonable expenses including necessary travel expenses (air fare in less than first class, hotel and subsistence and other direct travel expenses) incurred in connection with the Member's duties, as well as the cost of telephone calls, courier charges, faxes and telexes: a receipt shall be required for each item in excess of five percent of the daily fee referred to in sub-paragraph (b) of this Clause;
- (d) any taxes properly levied in the Country on payments made to the Member (unless a national or permanent resident of the Country) under this Clause 6.

The retainer and daily fees shall be as specified in the Dispute Board Agreement. Unless it specifies otherwise, these fees shall remain fixed for the first 24 calendar months, and shall thereafter be adjusted by agreement between the Employer, the Contractor and the Member, at each anniversary of the date on which the Dispute Board Agreement became effective.

If the parties fail to agree on the retainer fee or the daily fee, the appointing entity or official named in the Contract Data shall determine the amount of the fees to be used.

The Member shall submit invoices for payment of the monthly retainer and air fares quarterly in advance. Invoices for other expenses and for daily fees shall be submitted following the conclusion of a Site visit or hearing. All invoices shall be accompanied by a brief description of activities performed during the relevant period and shall be addressed to the Contractor.

The Contractor shall pay each of the Member's invoices in full within 56 calendar days after receiving each invoice and shall apply to the Employer (in the Statements under the Contract) for reimbursement of one-half of the amounts of these invoices. The Employer shall then pay the Contractor in accordance with the Contract.

If the Contractor fails to pay to the Member the amount to which he/she is entitled under the Dispute Board Agreement, the Employer shall pay the amount due to the Member and any other amount which may be required to maintain the operation of the DB; and without prejudice to the Employer's rights or remedies. In addition to all other rights arising from this default, the Employer shall be entitled to reimbursement of all sums paid in excess of one-half of these payments, plus all costs of recovering these sums and financing charges calculated at the rate specified in Sub-Clause 14.8 of the Conditions of Contract.

If the Member does not receive payment of the amount due within 70 days after submitting a valid invoice, the Member may (i) suspend his/her services (without notice) until the payment is received, and/or (ii) resign his/her appointment by giving notice under Clause 7.

7. Termination

At any time: (i) the Employer and the Contractor may jointly terminate the Dispute Board Agreement by giving 42 days' notice to the Member; or (ii) the Member may resign as provided for in Clause 2.

If the Member fails to comply with the Dispute Board Agreement, the Employer and the Contractor may, without prejudice to their other rights, terminate it by notice to the Member. The notice shall take effect when received by the Member.

If the Employer or the Contractor fails to comply with the Dispute Board Agreement, the Member may, without prejudice to his other rights, terminate it by notice to the Employer and the Contractor. The notice shall take effect when received by them both.

Any such notice, resignation and termination shall be final and binding on the Employer, the Contractor and the Member. However, a notice by the Employer or the Contractor, but not by both, shall be of no effect.

8. Default of the Member

If the Member fails to comply with any of his obligations under Clause 4 (a) - (d) above, he shall not be entitled to any fees or expenses hereunder and shall, without prejudice to their other rights, reimburse each of the Employer and the Contractor for any fees and expenses received by the Member and the Other Members (if any), for proceedings or decisions (if any) of the DB which are rendered void or ineffective by the said failure to comply.

If the Member fails to comply with any of his obligations under Clause 4 (e) - (k) above, he shall not be entitled to any fees or expenses hereunder from the date and to the extent of the non-compliance and shall, without prejudice to their other rights, reimburse each of the Employer and the Contractor for any fees and expenses already received by the Member, for proceedings or decisions (if any) of the DB which are rendered void or ineffective by the said failure to comply.

9. Disputes

Any dispute or claim arising out of or in connection with this Dispute Board Agreement, or the breach, termination or invalidity thereof, shall be finally settled by institutional arbitration. If no other arbitration institute is agreed, the arbitration shall be conducted under the Rules of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce by one arbitrator appointed in accordance with these Rules of Arbitration.

PROCEDURAL RULES

Unless otherwise agreed by the Employer and the Contractor, the DB shall visit the Site at intervals of not more than 140 days, including times of critical construction events, at the request of either the Employer or the Contractor. Unless otherwise agreed by the Employer, the Contractor and the DB, the period between consecutive visits shall not be less than 70 days, except as required to convene a hearing as described below.

The timing of and agenda for each Site visit shall be as agreed jointly by the DB, the Employer and the Contractor, or in the absence of agreement, shall be decided by the DB. The purpose of Site visits is to enable the DB to become and remain acquainted with the progress of the Works and of any actual or potential problems or claims, and, as far as reasonable, to endeavour to prevent potential problems or claims from becoming disputes.

Site visits shall be attended by the Employer, the Contractor and the Engineer and shall be coordinated by the Employer in co-operation with the Contractor. The Employer shall ensure the provision of appropriate conference facilities and secretarial and copying services. At the conclusion of each Site visit and before leaving the site, the DB shall prepare a report on its activities during the visit and shall send copies to the Employer and the Contractor.

The Employer and the Contractor shall furnish to the DB one copy of all documents which the DB may request, including Contract documents, progress reports, variation instructions, certificates and other documents pertinent to the performance of the Contract. All communications between the DB and the Employer or the Contractor shall be copied to the other Party. If the DB comprises three persons, the Employer and the Contractor shall send copies of these requested documents and these communications to each of these persons.

If any dispute is referred to the DB in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4 of the Conditions of Contract, the DB shall proceed in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4 and these Rules. Subject to the time allowed to give notice of a decision and other relevant factors, the DB shall:

- (a) act fairly and impartially as between the Employer and the Contractor, giving each of them a reasonable opportunity of putting his case and responding to the other's case, and
- (b) adopt procedures suitable to the dispute, avoiding unnecessary delay or expense.

The DB may conduct a hearing on the dispute, in which event it will decide on the date and place for the hearing and may request that written documentation and arguments from the Employer and the Contractor be presented to it prior to or at the hearing.

Except as otherwise agreed in writing by the Employer and the Contractor, the DB shall have power to adopt an inquisitorial procedure, to refuse admission to hearings or audience at hearings to any persons other than representatives of the Employer, the Contractor and the Engineer, and to proceed in the absence of any party who the DB is satisfied received notice of the hearing; but shall have discretion to decide whether and to what extent this power may be exercised.

The Employer and the Contractor empower the DB, among other things, to:

- (a) establish the procedure to be applied in deciding a dispute,
- (b) decide upon the DB's own jurisdiction, and as to the scope of any dispute referred to it,
- (c) conduct any hearing as it thinks fit, not being bound by any rules or procedures other than those contained in the Contract and these Rules,
- (d) take the initiative in ascertaining the facts and matters required for a decision,
- (e) make use of its own specialist knowledge, if any,
- (f) decide upon the payment of financing charges in accordance with the Contract,
- (g) decide upon any provisional relief such as interim or conservatory measures, and
- (h) open up, review and revise any certificate, decision, determination, instruction, opinion or valuation of the Engineer, relevant to the dispute.

The DB shall not express any opinions during any hearing concerning the merits of any arguments advanced by the Parties. Thereafter, the DB shall make and give its decision in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.4, or as otherwise agreed by the Employer and the Contractor in writing. If the DB comprises three persons:

- (a) it shall convene in private after a hearing, in order to have discussions and prepare its decision;
- (b) it shall endeavour to reach a unanimous decision: if this proves impossible the applicable decision shall be made by a majority of the Members, who may require the minority Member to prepare a written report for submission to the Employer and the Contractor; and
- (c) if a Member fails to attend a meeting or hearing, or to fulfil any required function, the other two Members may nevertheless proceed to make a decision, unless:

- (i) either the Employer or the Contractor does not agree that they do so, or
- (ii) the absent Member is the chairman and he/she instructs the other Members not to make a decision.

APPENDIX B

Fraud and Corruption

(Text in this Appendix shall not be modified)

1. Purpose

1.1 The Bank's Anti-Corruption Guidelines and this annex apply with respect to procurement under Bank Investment Project Financing operations.

2. Requirements

2.1 The Bank requires that Borrowers (including beneficiaries of Bank financing); bidders, consultants, contractors and suppliers; any sub-contractors, sub-consultants, service providers or suppliers; any agents (whether declared or not); and any of their personnel, observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement process, selection and contract execution of Bank-financed contracts, and refrain from Fraud and Corruption.

2.2 To this end, the Bank:

- a. Defines, for the purposes of this provision, the terms set forth below as follows:
 - "corrupt practice" is the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party;
 - ii. "fraudulent practice" is any act or omission, including misrepresentation, that knowingly or recklessly misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party to obtain financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation;
 - iii. "collusive practice" is an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including to influence improperly the actions of another party;
 - iv. "coercive practice" is impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party;
 - v. "obstructive practice" is:
 - (a) deliberately destroying, falsifying, altering, or concealing of evidence material to the investigation or making false statements to investigators in order to materially impede a Bank investigation into allegations of a corrupt, fraudulent, coercive, or collusive practice; and/or threatening, harassing, or intimidating any party to prevent it from disclosing its knowledge of matters relevant to the investigation or from pursuing the investigation; or

- (b) acts intended to materially impede the exercise of the Bank's inspection and audit rights provided for under paragraph 2.2 e. below.
- b. Rejects a proposal for award if the Bank determines that the firm or individual recommended for award, any of its personnel, or its agents, or its sub-consultants, sub-contractors, service providers, suppliers and/ or their employees, has, directly or indirectly, engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or obstructive practices in competing for the contract in question;
- c. In addition to the legal remedies set out in the relevant Legal Agreement, may take other appropriate actions, including declaring misprocurement, if the Bank determines at any time that representatives of the Borrower or of a recipient of any part of the proceeds of the loan engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, or obstructive practices during the procurement process, selection and/or execution of the contract in question, without the Borrower having taken timely and appropriate action satisfactory to the Bank to address such practices when they occur, including by failing to inform the Bank in a timely manner at the time they knew of the practices;
- d. Pursuant to the Bank's Anti- Corruption Guidelines and in accordance with the Bank's prevailing sanctions policies and procedures, may sanction a firm or individual, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time, including by publicly declaring such firm or individual ineligible (i) to be awarded or otherwise benefit from a Bank-financed contract, financially or in any other manner;1 (ii) to be a nominated2 sub-contractor, consultant, manufacturer or supplier, or service provider of an otherwise eligible firm being awarded a Bank-financed contract; and (iii) to receive the proceeds of any loan made by the Bank or otherwise to participate further in the preparation or implementation of any Bank-financed project;
- e. Requires that a clause be included in bidding/request for proposals documents and in contracts financed by a Bank loan, requiring (i) bidders, consultants, contractors, and suppliers, and their sub-contractors, sub-consultants, service providers, suppliers, agents personnel, permit the Bank to inspect³ all accounts, records and other documents relating

For the avoidance of doubt, a sanctioned party's ineligibility to be awarded a contract shall include, without limitation, (i) applying for pre-qualification, expressing interest in a consultancy, and bidding, either directly or as a nominated subcontractor, nominated consultant, nominated manufacturer or supplier, or nominated service provider, in respect of such contract, and (ii) entering into an addendum or amendment introducing a material modification to any existing contract.

A nominated sub-contractor, nominated consultant, nominated manufacturer or supplier, or nominated service provider (different names are used depending on the particular bidding document) is one which has been: (i) included by the bidder in its pre-qualification application or bid because it brings specific and critical experience and know-how that allow the bidder to meet the qualification requirements for the particular bid; or (ii) appointed by the Borrower.

Inspections in this context usually are investigative (i.e., forensic) in nature. They involve fact-finding activities undertaken by the Bank or persons appointed by the Bank to address specific matters related to investigations/audits, such as evaluating the veracity of an allegation of possible Fraud and Corruption, through the appropriate mechanisms. Such activity includes but is not limited to: accessing and examining a firm's or individual's financial records and information, and making copies thereof as relevant; accessing and examining any other documents, data and information (whether in hard copy or electronic format) deemed relevant for the investigation/audit, and making copies thereof as relevant; interviewing staff and other relevant individuals; performing physical inspections and site visits; and obtaining third party verification of information.

to the submission of bids and contract performance, and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the Bank.

Section IX - Particular Conditions of Contract

The following Particular Conditions shall supplement the GC. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions herein shall prevail over those in the GC.

Part A - Contract Data

Conditions	Sub- Clause	Data				
Employer's name and address	1.1.2.2 & 1.3	MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED				
		Address: P.O BOX 1981-10101				
		Floor/ Room number: <i>MAWASCO HEAD OFFICE</i>				
		City:KARATINA				
		ZIP Code: 10101				
		Country: : KENYA				
		Telephone: 020-2659069				
		Electronic mail address: info@mawasco.co.ke				
		Web page: www.mawasco.co.ke				
Engineer's name and address	1.1.2.4 & 1.3					
Bank's name	1.1.2.11	WORLD BANK				
Borrower's name	1.1.2.12	MATHIRA WATER AND SANITATION COMPANY LIMITED				
Time for Completion	1.1.3.3	150 days				
Defects Notification Period	1.1.3.7	150 days				
Sections	1.1.5.6	N/A				
Electronic transmission systems	1.3	N/A				
Governing Law	1.4	Kenyan Law				
Ruling language	1.4	English				
Language for communications	1.4	English				
Time for the Parties entering into a Contract Agreement	1.6	No earlier than the stand still period				
Time for access to the Site	2.1	No later than the Commencement Day, except for				

Conditions	Sub- Clause	Data				
		the following parts (if applicable, with detailed description of parts concerned; 14 days after Commencement Date				
Engineer's Duties and Authority	3.1(b)(ii)	Variations resulting in an increase of the Accepted Contract Amount in excess of 15% shall require approval of the Employer.				
Sustainable procurement	4.1	N/A				
Performance Security	4.2	The performance security will be in the form of a "performance bond"] in the amount(s) of 10% of the Accepted Contract Amount and in the same currency(ies) of the Accepted Contract Amount.				
Normal working hours	6.5	8.00am -5.00pm				
Delay damages for the Works	8.7 & 14.15(b)	& 0.05% of the Contract Price per day.				
Maximum amount of delay damages	8.7	5 % of the final Contract Price.				
Provisional Sums	13.5.(b)(ii)	i) 10% for Adjustment of provisional sums				
Adjustments for Changes in Cost	13.8	Period "n" applicable to the adjustment multiplier "Pn": <i>N/A</i>				
Total advance payment	14.2	10% of the Accepted Contract Amount payable in the currencies and proportions in which the Accepted Contract Amount is payable				
Repayment amortization rate of advance payment	14.2(b)	25 % of the Interim Payment Certificate				
Percentage of Retention	14.3	Proportion of Payment retained is 10 %				
Limit of Retention Money	14.3	10 % of the Accepted Contract Amount				
Plant and Materials	14.5(b)(i)	If Sub-Clause 14.5 applies: Plant and Materials for payment Free on Board N/A				
	14.5(c)(i)	Plant and Materials for payment when delivered to the Site <i>N/A</i>				
Minimum Amount of Interim Payment Certificates	14.6	10 % of the Accepted Contract Amount.				

Conditions	Sub- Clause	Data
Publishing source of commercial interest rates for financial charges in case of delayed payment	14.8	As per Central Bank of Kenya Rates
Maximum total liability of the Contractor to the Employer	17.6	N/A
Periods for submission of insurance: a. evidence of insurance.	18.1	28days
b. relevant policies		
Maximum amount of deductibles for insurance of the Employer's risks	18.2(d)	As per the Laws of Kenya
Minimum amount of third party insurance	18.3	As per the laws of Kenya
Date by which the DB shall be appointed	20.2	28 days after the Commencement date
The DB shall be comprised of	20.2	Three Members
List of potential DB sole members	20.2	None
Appointment (if not agreed) to be made by	20.3	Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (Kenya Chapter).
Rules of arbitration	20.6(a)	Rules of Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (Kenya Chapter).

Part B - Specific Provisions

Sub-Clause 14.1
The Contract Price

Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (b), Contractor's Equipment, including essential spare parts therefore, imported by the Contractor for the sole purpose of executing the Contract shall be temporarily exempt from the payment of import duties and taxes upon initial importation, provided the Contractor shall post with the customs authorities at the port of entry an approved export bond or bank guarantee, valid until the Time for Completion plus six months, in an amount equal to the full import duties and taxes which would be payable on the assessed imported value of such Contractor's Equipment and spare parts, and callable in the event the Contractor's Equipment is not exported from the Country on completion of the Contract. A copy of the bond or bank guarantee endorsed by the customs authorities shall be provided by the Contractor to the Employer upon the importation of individual items of Contractor's Equipment and spare parts. Upon export of individual items of Contractor's Equipment or spare parts, or upon the completion of the Contract, the Contractor shall prepare, for approval by the customs authorities, an assessment of the residual value of the Contractor's Equipment and spare part to be exported, based on the depreciation scale(s and other criteria used by the customs authorities for such purposes under the provisions of the applicable Laws. Import duties and taxes shall be due and payable to the customs authorities by the Contractor on (a) the difference between the initial imported value and the residual value of the Contractor's Equipment and spare parts to exported; and (b) on the initial imported value that Contractor's Equipment and spare parts remaining in the Country after completion of the Contract. Upon payment of such dues within 28 days of being invoiced, the bond or bank guarantee shall be reduced or released accordingly; otherwise the security shall be called in the full amount remaining.

Table of Forms

Notification of Award	338
Contract Agreement	339
Performance Security	
Performance Security	
Advance Payment Security	345
Demand Guarantee	
Retention Money Security	

Notification of Award

LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

[letterhead paper of the Employer]

[date]

To: [name and address of the Contractor]

This is to notify you that your Bid dated [date] for execution of the [name of the Contract and identification number, as given in the Contract Data] for the Accepted Contract Amount [amount in numbers and words] [name of currency], as corrected and modified in accordance with the Instructions to Bidders, is hereby accepted by our Agency.

You are requested to furnish the Performance Security within 28 days in accordance with the Conditions of Contract, using for that purpose one of the Performance Security Forms included in Section X, Contract Forms, of the Bidding document.

Authorized Signature:	
Name and Title of Signatory: _	
Name of Agency:	

Attachment: Contract Agreement

Contract Agreement

THIS A	GREEN	IENT n	nade the	day of _				,, between
				of				,, between (hereinafter
"the Em	ıployer'	'), of th	e one part, and	d			of	
(hereina	fter "the	e Contra	actor"), of the o	ther part:				
WHERE	EAS	the	Employer	desires		the ov the Co	Works ontractor, ar	known as ad has accepted a
Bid by t		ractor f						remedying of any
The Em	ployer a	and the	Contractor agre	e as follows	:			
		_	ment words at the Co	-			the same r	neanings as are
		_	documents shal greement shall					nstrued as part of .
((i) the	Letter of	Acceptance					
((ii) the	Letter of	Bid					
((iii) the	addenda	Nos(if	any)				
((iv) the	Particula	ar Conditions					
((v) the	General	Conditions;					
((vi) the	Specifica	ation					
((vii) the	Drawing	s; and					
((viii) the	complete	ed Schedulesand a	ny other docun	nents formi	ng part of	the contract,	
specified	d in this	Agree	ment, the Cont	ractor hereb	y covena	nts with	the Employ	ne Contractor as er to execute the provisions of the

4. The Employer hereby covenants to pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of defects therein, the Contract Price or such other sum as may become payable under the provisions of the Contract at the times and in the manner prescribed by the Contract.

Contract.

IN WITNESS whereof the parties h	hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed in
accordance with the laws of	on the day, month and year
specified above.	
Signed by	(for the Employer)
Signed by	(for the Contractor)

Performance Security

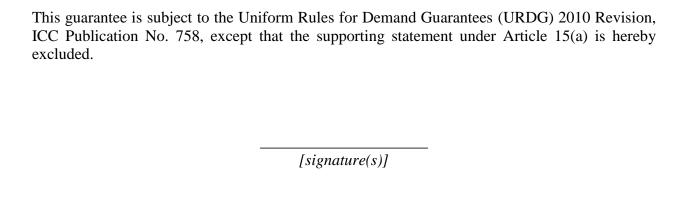
Option 1: Demand Guarantee

[Guarantor letterhead or SWIFT identifier code]

Beneficiary: [insert name and Address of Employer]	
Date:[Insert date of issue]	
PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE No.:	
Guarantor: [Insert name and address of place of issue,	unless indicated in the letterhead]
We have been informed that (herein into Contract No dated v	with the Beneficiary, for the execution of
Furthermore, we understand that, according to the corguarantee is required.	nditions of the Contract, a performance
At the request of the Applicant, we as Guarantor, he Beneficiary any sum or sums not exceeding in total an being payable in the types and proportions of currencies upon receipt by us of the Beneficiary's complying distatement, whether in the demand itself or in a separ identifying the demand, stating that the Applicant is in Contract, without the Beneficiary needing to prove or to sum specified therein.	amount of(), ¹ such sum is in which the Contract Price is payable, demand supported by the Beneficiary's rate signed document accompanying or in breach of its obligation(s) under the o show grounds for your demand or the
This guarantee shall expire, no later than the Da payment under it must be received by us at this office inc	

The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the percentage of the Accepted Contract Amount specified in the Letter of Acceptance, less provisional sums, if any, and denominated either in the currency(cies) of the Contract or a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Beneficiary.

Insert the date twenty-eight days after the expected completion dateas described in GC Clause 11.9. The Employer should note that in the event of an extension of thisdatefor completion of the Contract, the Employer would need to request an extension of this guarantee from the Guarantor. Such request must be in writing and must be made prior to the expiration date established in the guarantee. In preparing this guarantee, the Employer might consider adding the following text to the form, at the end of the penultimate paragraph: "The Guarantor agrees to a one-time extension of this guarantee for a period not to exceed [six months] [one year],



Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

in response to the Beneficiary's written request for such extension, such request to be presented to the Guarantor before the expiry of the guarantee."

Performance Security

Option 2: Performance Bond

By this Bond		as	Principal	(hereinafter	called	"the	Cont	ractor")
and]	as	Surety
(hereinafter call	ed "the Surety"), are hel	d ar	nd firmly b	ound unto] as
Obligee (herein	after called "the Employ	er")	in the an	nount of			,	for the
	ch sum well and truly to							
which the Contr	act Price is payable, the	Con	tractor and	the Surety b	ind then	nselve	s, the	ir heirs,
executors, admii	nistrators, successors and	assi	gns, jointly	and severally	, firmly	by the	ese pr	esents.
day of	Contractor has entered in 0, for	which red to thi Con se, it	in a h to the exto as the Cos Obligation tract (inclust shall remainsployer to	accordance we tent herein pro- contract. On is such the ding any ame ain in full force be, in defau	rith the povided for the condition of th	document of the Confession of	ments, by restractors to the contractors when the contractors are	or shall hen this ever the act, the

- (1) complete the Contract in accordance with its terms and conditions; or
- (2) obtain a Bid or Bids from qualified Bidders for submission to the Employer for completing the Contract in accordance with its terms and conditions, and upon determination by the Employer and the Surety of the lowest responsive Bidder, arrange for a Contract between such Bidder and Employer and make available as work progresses (even though there should be a default or a succession of defaults under the Contract or Contracts of completion arranged under this paragraph) sufficient funds to pay the cost of completion less the Balance of the Contract Price; but not exceeding, including other costs and damages for which the Surety may be liable hereunder, the amount set forth in the first paragraph hereof. The term "Balance of the Contract Price," as used in this paragraph, shall mean the total amount payable by Employer to Contractor under the Contract, less the amount properly paid by Employer to Contractor; or
- (3) pay the Employer the amount required by Employer to complete the Contract in accordance with its terms and conditions up to a total not exceeding the amount of this Bond.

The Surety shall not be liable for a greater sum than the specified penalty of this Bond.

Any suit under this Bond must be instituted before the expiration of one year from the date of the issuing of the Taking-Over Certificate.

No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to or for the use of any person or corporation other than the Employer named herein or the heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns of the Employer.

In testimony whereof, the Surety has caused these p signature of his legal repres	resents to be sealed w	ith his corporate seal	duly attested by the
SIGNED ON	on behalf of		
Ву	in the capa	acity of	
In the presence of			
SIGNED ON	on behalf of		
Ву	in the capa	acity of	
In the presence of			

Advance Payment Security

Demand Guarantee

[Guarantor letterhead or SWIFT identifier code]

[Guarantor letterhead or SWIFT identifier code]
Beneficiary: [Insert name and Address of Employer]
Date:[Insert date of issue]
ADVANCE PAYMENT GUARANTEE No.: [Insert guarantee reference number]
Guarantor: [Insert name and address of place of issue, unless indicated in the letterhead]
We have been informed that (hereinafter called "the Applicant") has entered into Contract No dated with the Beneficiary, for the execution of (hereinafter called "the Contract").
Furthermore, we understand that, according to the conditions of the Contract, an advance payment in the sum () is to be made against an advance payment guarantee.
At the request of the Applicant, we as Guarantor, hereby irrevocably undertake to pay the Beneficiary any sum or sums not exceeding in total an amount of() ¹ upon receipt by us of the Beneficiary's complying demand supported by the Beneficiary's statement, whether in the demand itself or in a separate signed document accompanying or identifying the demand stating either that the Applicant:
(a) has used the advance payment for purposes other than the costs of mobilization in respect of the Works; or
(b)has failed to repay the advance payment in accordance with the Contract conditions, specifying the amount which the Applicant has failed to repay.

The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the amount of the advance payment and denominated either in the currency(ies) of the advance payment as specified in the Contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Employer.

A demand under this guarantee may be presented as from the presentation to the Guarantor of a certificate from the Beneficiary's bank stating that the advance payment referred to above has been credited to the Applicant on its account number at
The maximum amount of this guarantee shall be progressively reduced by the amount of the advance payment repaid by the Applicant as specified in copies of interim statements or payment certificates which shall be presented to us. This guarantee shall expire, at the latest, upon our receipt of a copy of the interim payment certificate indicating that ninety (90) percent of the Accepted Contract Amount, less provisional sums, has been certified for payment, or on the day of, 2,² whichever is earlier.Consequently, any demand for payment under this guarantee must be received by us at this office on or before that date.
This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees (URDG) 2010 Revision, ICC Publication No. 758, except that the supporting statement under Article 15(a) is hereby excluded.
[signature(s)]

Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

2

Insert the expected expiration date of the Time for Completion. The Employer should note that in the event of an extension of the time for completion of the Contract, the Employer would need to request an extension of this guarantee from the Guarantor. Such request must be in writing and must be made prior to the expiration date established in the guarantee. In preparing this guarantee, the Employer might consider adding the following text to the form, at the end of the penultimate paragraph: "The Guarantor agrees to a one-time extension of this guarantee for a period not to exceed [six months][one year], in response to the Beneficiary's written request for such extension, such request to be presented to the Guarantor before the expiry of the guarantee."

Retention Money Security

Demand Guarantee

	[Guarantor	r letterhead or SWIFT identifier code]
Beneficiary:	[Insert name	and Address of Employer]
Date:[Insert	rt date of issue]	
RETENTION MONEY GUARA	ANTEE No.:	[Insert guarantee reference number]
Guarantor: [Insert name and ad	ldress of place of	f issue, unless indicated in the letterhead]
We have been informed that		[insert name of Contractor, which in the case of a joint
venture shall be the name of the join	t venture] (herein	nafter called "the Applicant") has entered into
		ber of the contract]dated with the [insert name of contract and brief
description of Works/(hereinafter cal	led "the Contract	t").
retains moneys up to the limit set the Taking-Over Certificate has be Money has been certified for per Money or if the amount guarantee Certificate is issued is less than	t forth in the Conseen issued under payment, payment add under the Perhalf of the Retent guaranteed under under under the payment guaranteed under the Conseed under the Conse	the conditions of the Contract, the Beneficiary entract ("the Retention Money"), and that when the Contract and the first half of the Retention ent of [insert thesecond half of the Retention erformance Guarantee when the Taking-Overntion Money, the difference between half of the ender the Performance Security] is to be made
Beneficiary any sum or sums not figures]()[amount in words] ¹ upon re	t exceeding in to eceipt by us of th	tor, hereby irrevocably undertake to pay the otal an amount of [insert amount in he Beneficiary's complying demand supported emand itself or in a separate signed document

The Guarantor shall insert an amount representing the amount of the second half of the Retention Money or if the amount guaranteed under the Performance Guarantee when the Taking-Over Certificate is issued is less than half of the Retention Money, the difference between half of the Retention Money and the amount guaranteed under the Performance Security and denominated either in the currency(ies) of the second half of the Retention Money as specified in the Contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the Beneficiary.

accompanying or identifying the demand, stating that the Applicant is in breach of its obligation(s) under the Contract, without your needing to prove or show grounds for your demand or the sum specified therein.

A demand under this guarantee may be presented as from the presentation to the Guarantor of a certificate from the Beneficiary's bank stating that the second half of the Retention Money as referred to above has been credited to the Applicant on its account number a [insert name and address of Applicant's bank].
This guarantee shall expire no later than the Day of, 2^2 , and any demand for paymen under it must be received by us at the office indicated above on or before that date.
This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees (URDG) 2010 Revision ICC Publication No. 758, except that the supporting statement under Article 15(a) is hereby excluded.
[signature(s)]

Note: All italicized text (including footnotes) is for use in preparing this form and shall be deleted from the final product.

Insert the same expiry date as set forth in the performance security, representing the date twenty-eight days after the completion date described in GC Clause 11.9. The Employer should note that in the event of an extension of this date for completion of the Contract, the Employer would need to request an extension of this guarantee from the Guarantor. Such request must be in writing and must be made prior to the expiration date established in the guarantee. In preparing this guarantee, the Employer might consider adding the following text to the form, at the end of the penultimate paragraph: "The Guarantor agrees to a one-time extension of this guarantee for a period not to exceed [six months][one year], in response to the Beneficiary's written request for such extension, such request to be presented to the Guarantor before the expiry of the guarantee."