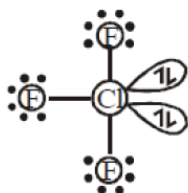


NEET CHEMICAL BONDING AND MOLECULAR STRUCTURE

1. In the structure of ClF_3 , the number of lone pair of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is [2018]
1) One 2) Two 3) Three 4) Four
2. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp^2, sp^2, sp, sp from left to right atoms? [2018]
1) $\text{HC} \equiv \text{C} - \text{C} \equiv \text{CH}$ 2) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH} - \text{C} \equiv \text{CH}$ 3) $\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3$ 4) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2$
3. Consider the following species : [2018]
 $\text{CN}^+, \text{CN}^-, \text{NO}$ and CN Which one of these will have the highest bond order?
1) NO 2) CN^- 3) CN 4) CN^+
4. The species, having bond angles of 120° is : [2017]
1) ClF_3 2) NCl_3 3) BCl_3 4) PH_3
5. Which of the following pairs of species have the same bond order ? [2017]
1) O_2, NO^+ 2) CN^-, CO 3) N_2, O_2^- 4) CO, NO
6. Consider the molecules CH_4, NH_3 and H_2O . Which of the given statements is false? [2016]
1) The $\text{H}-\text{C}-\text{H}$ bond angle in CH_4 , the $\text{H}-\text{N}-\text{H}$ bond angle in NH_3 , and the $\text{H}-\text{O}-\text{H}$ bond angle in H_2O are all greater than 90°
2) The $\text{H}-\text{O}-\text{H}$ bond angle in H_2O is larger than the $\text{H}-\text{C}-\text{H}$ bond angle in CH_4 .
3) The $\text{H}-\text{O}-\text{H}$ bond angle in H_2O is smaller than the $\text{H}-\text{N}-\text{H}$ bond angle in NH_3 .
4) The $\text{H}-\text{C}-\text{H}$ bond angle in CH_4 is larger than the $\text{H}-\text{N}-\text{H}$ bond angle in NH_3 .
7. Predict the correct order among the following :- [2016]
1) lone pair - lone pair > lone pair - bond pair > bond pair - bond pair
2) lone pair - lone pair > bond pair - bond pair > lone pair - bond pair
3) bond pair - bond pair > lone pair - bond pair > lone pair - lone pair
4) lone pair - bond pair > bond pair - bond pair > lone pair - lone pair
8. Decreasing order of stability of $\text{O}_2, \text{O}_2^-, \text{O}_2^+$ and O_2^{2-} is : [2015]
1) $\text{O}_2^+ > \text{O}_2 > \text{O}_2^- > \text{O}_2^{2-}$ 2) $\text{O}_2^{2-} > \text{O}_2^- > \text{O}_2 > \text{O}_2^+$
3) $\text{O}_2 > \text{O}_2^+ > \text{O}_2^{2-} > \text{O}_2^-$ 4) $\text{O}_2^- > \text{O}_2^{2-} > \text{O}_2^+ > \text{O}_2$
9. The correct bond order in the following species is: [2015]
1) $\text{O}_2^{2+} < \text{O}_2^- < \text{O}_2^+$ 2) $\text{O}_2^+ < \text{O}_2^- < \text{O}_2^{2+}$ 3) $\text{O}_2^- < \text{O}_2^+ < \text{O}_2^{2+}$ 4) $\text{O}_2^{2+} < \text{O}_2^- < \text{O}_2^+$
10. Which of the following pairs of ions are isoelectronic and isostructural? [2015]
1) $\text{ClO}_3^-, \text{CO}_3^{2-}$ 2) $\text{SO}_3^{2-}, \text{NO}_3^-$ 3) $\text{ClO}_3^-, \text{SO}_3^{2-}$ 4) $\text{CO}_3^{2-}, \text{SO}_3^{2-}$
11. Maximum bond angle at nitrogen is present in which of the following? [2015]
1) NO_2^- 2) NO_2^+ 3) NO_3^- 4) NO_2
12. Which of the following species contains equal number of σ and π -bonds [2015]
1) XeO_4 2) $(\text{CN})_2$ 3) $\text{CH}_2(\text{CN})_2$ 4) HCO_3^-
13. Which of the following molecules has the maximum dipole moment? [2014]
1) CO_2 2) CH_4 3) NH_3 4) NF_3
14. Which one of the following species has planar triangular shape? [2014]
1) N_3^- 2) NO_3^- 3) NO_2^- 4) CO_2
15. The number of sigma (s) and pi (p) bonds in pent-2-en-4-yne is :- (2019)
(1) 10 σ bonds and 3 π bonds (2) 8 σ bonds and 5 π bonds
(3) 11 σ bonds and 2 π bonds (4) 13 σ bonds and no π bond

ANSWERS

1. 2) The structure of ClF_3 is

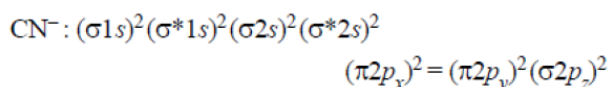


The number of lone pair of electrons on central Cl is 2.

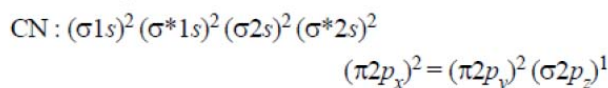
- 2) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH} - \text{C} \equiv \text{CH}$

3. 2) $\text{NO} : (\sigma 1s)^2 (\sigma^* 1s)^2 (\sigma 2s)^2 (\sigma^* 2s)^2 (\sigma 2p_z)^2 (\pi 2p_x)^2 (\pi 2p_y)^2 (\pi^* 2p_x)^1 (\pi^* 2p_y)^0$

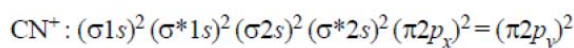
$$\text{B.O} = \frac{10 - 5}{2} = 2.5$$



$$\text{B.O.} = \frac{10 - 4}{2} = 3$$

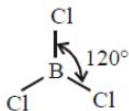


$$\text{B.O.} = \frac{9 - 4}{2} = 2.5$$



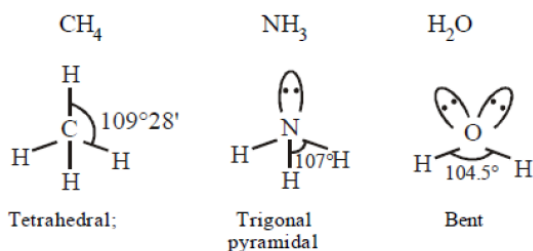
$$\text{B.O.} = \frac{8 - 4}{2} = 2$$

4. 3) BCl_3 is trigonal planar and hence the bond angle is 120° .



5. 2) CN^- and CO have same no. of electrons and have same bond order equal to 3.

6. 2)



Note: The geometry of H_2O should have been tetrahedral if there are all bond pairs. But due to presence of two lone pairs the shape is distorted tetrahedral. Hence bond angle reduced to 104.5° from 109.5° .

7. 1) According to VSEPR theory order of repulsion in between $\text{lp} - \text{lp}$, $\text{lp} - \text{bp}$ and $\text{bp} - \text{bp}$ is as under
 $\text{lp} - \text{lp} > \text{lp} - \text{bp} > \text{bp} - \text{bp}$

8. 1) According to molecular orbital theory as bond order decreases stability of the molecule decreases

$$\text{Bond order} = \frac{1}{2}(N_b - N_a)$$

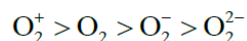
$$\text{Bond order for } O_2^+ = \frac{1}{2}(10 - 5) = 2.5$$

$$\text{Bond order for } O_2 = \frac{1}{2}(10 - 6) = 2$$

$$\text{Bond order for } O_2^- = \frac{1}{2}(10 - 7) = 1.5$$

$$\text{Bond order for } O_2^{2-} = \frac{1}{2}(10 - 8) = 1.0$$

hence the correct order is



9. 3) O_2^+ ion - Total number of electrons $(16 - 1) = 15$. Electronic configuration

$$\sigma 1s^2 < \sigma^* 1s^2 < \sigma 2s^2 < \sigma^* 2s^2 < \sigma 2p_x^2 < \pi 2p_y^2 = \pi 2p_z^2 < \pi^* 2p_y^1$$

$$\text{Bond order} = \frac{N_b - N_a}{2} = \frac{10 - 5}{2} = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

O_2^- (Super oxide ion): Total number of electrons

$(16 + 1) = 17$. Electronic configuration

$$\sigma 1s^2 < \sigma^* 1s^2 < \sigma 2s^2 < \sigma^* 2s^2 < \sigma 2p_x^2 < \pi 2p_y^2 = \pi 2p_z^2 < \pi^* 2p_y^1 = \pi^* 2p_z^1$$

Bond order

$$= \frac{(N_b - N_a)}{2} = \frac{10 - 7}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

O_2^{+2} ion: Total number of electrons $= (16 - 2) = 14$

Electronic configuration

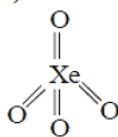
$$\sigma 1s^2 < \sigma^* 1s^2 < \sigma 2s^2 < \sigma^* 2s^2 < \sigma 2p_x^2 < \pi 2p_y^2 = \pi 2p_z^2$$

$$\text{Bond order} = \frac{(N_b - N_a)}{2} = \frac{10 - 4}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

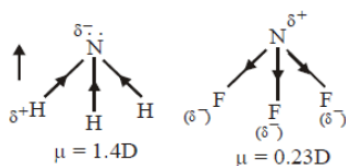
So bond order: $O_2^- < O_2^+ < O_2^{2+}$

10. 3) ClO_3^- and SO_3^{2-} both have same number of electrons (42) and central atom in each being sp^3 hybridised.
Both are having one lone pair on central atom hence they are pyramidal.
11. 2) NO_2^+ has sp hybridisation so it is linear with bond angle $= 180^\circ$.

12. 1)

Number of σ bonds = 4Number of π bonds = 4

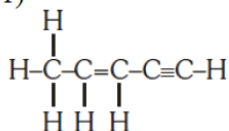
13. 3)

Dipole moment of $\text{NH}_3 > \text{NF}_3$ 

(F is more electronegative than N)

14. 2) $\text{NO}_3^- = \frac{1}{2}(5 + 0 + 1 - 0) = \frac{6}{2} = 3 = sp^2$ NO_2^- (nitrite ion) also has sp^2 hybridization and gives a trigonal planar geometry but because there are only two outer atoms, the molecular geometry is bent with $\angle 120^\circ$ bond angles.

15. 1)



Number of sigma bonds = 10

Number of π -bonds = 3