

Ravi Maths Tuition Centre

Time: 1 Mins **PLANT KINGDOM 1** Marks: 1797 1. Which among the following was not the criteria for classification of organisms into 5 kingdoms proposed by whittaker? a) Reproduction b) Phylogenetic relationship c) Mode of nutrition d) Metabolism 2. Coralloid roots of _____have symbiotic association with N2 - fixing cyanobacteria. a) Pinus b) Cedrus c) Cycas d) Ginkgo 3. Natural system of classification differs from artificial system in a) employing only one floral trait b) employing only one vegetative trait c) bringing out similarities and dissimilarities d) developing evolutionary trends. 4. Gemmae are the specialised structures produced in liverworts. These are a) non-green, multicellular, asexual buds which develop in gemma cups b) green, multicellular, asexual buds which develop in gemma cups c) non-green, multicellular, diploid, sexual spores d) green, unicellular, diploid, sexual spores 5. and are unicellular algae, rich in proteins, that are used as food supplements even by space travellers. a) Chlorella, Spirulina b) Gelidium, Gracilaria c) Porphyra, Spirogyra d) Laminaria, Spirogyra 6. Identifythe Incorrect Pair a) Haplontic Life Cycle - Spirogyra b) Haplo - diplontic life Cycle - Bryophytes c) Diplontic life Cycle - pinus d) Diplo - haplontic life Cycle - Fucus 7. Photosynthetic pigments of Rhodophyceae (red algae) are a) chl a and b b) chl a and c, fucoxanthin c) chl a and d d) chl a, chl d and phycoerythrin. 8. Which one of the following does not differ in E.coli and Chlamydomonas? a) Cell wall b) Cell membrane c) Ribosomes

d) Chromosomal Organization

- 9. Gymnosperms do not include
 - a) herbs b) shrubs c) trees d) both (a) and (b).
- 10. Incorrect Statement in relation to pterdophytes is:
 - a) Main plant body is a differentiated Sporophyte
 - b) Root, stem and leaves posses well Differentiated vascular tissues

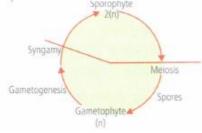
c)

Sporophytes bear sporangia which are subtented by leaf like appendages called sporphylls

d)

Spores germinate to give rise to conspicuous multicellular, free living always photosynthetic thalloid gametophyte called prothallus

- 11. The bacterium (Clostridium botulinum) that causes botulism is
 - a) a facultative aerobe b) an obligate aerobe c) a facultative anaerobe
 - d) an obligate anaerobe
- 12. Select the incorrect statement with respect to given type of life cycle.



- a) Meiosis occurs at the time of spore formation in sporophytic plant.
- b) Gametophytic plant is produced by germination of spores.
- c) This life cycle is exhibited by most algae and some seed bearing plants
- d) This life cycle is exhibited by many bryophytes and pteridophytes.
- 13. In **Funaria**, the haploid structure is
 - a) protonema b) capsule c) columella d) seta.
- 14. Green algae are considered as ancestors of higher plants due to their resemblance with higher plants in:
 - a) Pigments b) Cell wall c) Stored food d) All the above
- 15. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the codes given below.

Column I	Column II	
A. Spirogyra	(i) Unicellular	
B Chlamydomonas	(ii) Filamentous	
C. Volvox	(iii) Colonial form	
D. Some giant marine forms (iv) Kelps		

	a) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iii), D-(iv) b) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i) c) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(iv), D-(i) d) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(iv), D-(i)
16.	A member of Class Chlorophyceae is a) Chlamydomonas b) Volvox c) Ulothrix d) all of these.
17.	Which one of the following living organisms completely lacks a cell wall? a) Cyanobacteria b) Sea-fan(Gorgonia) c) Saccharomyces d) Blue-green algae
18.	Ulothrix can be described as a a) non-motile colonial alga lacking zoospores b) filamentous alga lacking flagellated reproductive stages c) membranous alga producing zoospores d) filamentous alga with flagellated reproductive stages
19.	Artificial systems gave equal weightage to vegetative and sexual characteristics; this is not acceptable because oftencharacters are more easily affected by environment. a) vegetative b) sexual c) anatomical d) physiological
20.	The most efficient locomotion in protists is through:- a) Pseudopodia b) Flagella c) Cilia d) Tentacles
21.	The giant Redwood tree (Sequoia sempervirens) is a an a) angiosperm b) free fern c) pteridophyte d) gymnosperm.
22.	One of the important consequences of geographical isolation is:- a) Random creation of new species b) No change in the isolated fauna c) Preventing Speciation d) Speciation through reprouctive isolation
23.	Some hyperthemophilic organisms that grow in highly acidic (pH2) habitats belong to the two groups:- a) Liverworts and yeasts b) Eubacteria and archaea c) Cyanobacteria and diatoms d) Protists and mosses
24.	The bryophytes are usually found in a) damp and shaded areas b) marine habitat c) sandy soils d) xeric habitat.
25.	Yeast is used in the production of:- a) Bread and beer b) Cheese and butter c) Citric acid and lactic acid d) Lipase and pectinase
26.	Match the following list of microbes and the importance:
	(a) Saccharomyces cerevisiae (i) Production of immunosuppressive agents
	(b) Monascus purpureus (ii) Ripening of swiss cheese

(c)	Trich	oderma	polyspoi	rum	(iii)	Commercial production of ethanal
(4)	Dron	ioniboot	orium ob	ormonil	/iv/\	Production of blood
(u)	Piop	ionibacie	enum sn	amam	(17)	Production of blood cholesterol lowering agents
a)		b)	c)	d)		
ab	c d	a b cd	a b cd	a bcd		
iiiii	ivii	iiiivi ii	iviiiiiii	ivii i iii		

- 27. Which one of the following statement is true about bacteriophages?
 - a) They are generally single standard RNA viruses
 - b) They are generally double standard DNA viruses
 - c) They are generally single standard DNA viruses
 - d) They are generally double standard RNA viruses
- 28. Assertion: Selaginella and Salvinia are homosporus.

Reason: Similar kind of spores are produced in Selaginella and Salvinia.

a)

If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.

b)

If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

- c) If assertion is true but reason is false
- d) If both assertion and reason are false.
- 29. No zoospore formation has been obseved in the algal members beloning to:
 - a) Chlorophyeae b) Brown algae c) Phaeophyceae d) Cyanophyceae
- 30. Assertion: Mosses are of great ecological importance.

Reason: Mosses prevent soil erosion by forming dense mat on the soil.

a)

If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.

b)

If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

- c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- d) If both assertion and reason are false.
- 31. Match the following

(a)	D.J Ivanowsky	(i)	Discovery of viroids
(b)	Beijerinek	(ii)	Crystallisation of virus
(c)	W.M. Stanley	(iii)	Contagium vivum fluidum

	(d) T.O.Diener (iv) Discovery of TMV
	a) a(iv), b(iii), c(ii), d(i) b) a(iv), b(iii), c(i), d(ii) c) a(iii), b(iv), c(ii), d(i)
	d) a(ii), b(iii), c(iv), d(i)
32.	Algae have cell wall made up of:
	a) Cellulose, hemicellulose and pectinsb) Cellulose, galactans and mannansc) Hemicellulose, pectins and proteinsd) Pectins, cellulose and proteins
33.	Trichodesmium erythrium which imparts red color to sea water of red sea is a: a) Cyanobacterium b) Red Algae c) Diatom d) Red Coral
34.	How many organisms in the list given below are autotrophs? Lactobacillus, Nostoc, Chara, Nitrosomonas, Nitrobacter, Streptomyces, Sacharomyces, Trypanosoma, Porphyra, Wolfia a) Six b) Three c) Four d) Five
35.	Transformation was discovered by:- a) Meselson and Stahl b) Hershey and chase c) Griffith d) Watson and Crick
36.	Fungus prefers to grow in:-
	a) Warm and humid placesb) Cold and humid placesc) Warm and cold bothd) Warm, cold and humid places
37	Chlorophylla, chlorophyll and phycoerythrin pigments are found in:
57.	a) Cyanophyceae b) Bacillariophyceae c) Rhodophyceae d) Chlorophyceae
38.	The product of conjugation in Spirogyra or fertilisation of Chlamydomonas is
	a) zygospore b) zoospore c) oospore d) carpospore
39.	Which of the following is not monoecious plant? a) Cycas b) Pinus c) Wheat d) Mustard
40.	Rhizoids of hepaticopsida and anthoceotopsida are:- a) Multicellular and branched b) Unicellular and unbranched c) Unicellular and branched d) Multicellular and unbranched

41. Membrane-bound organelles are absent in:

different times. As a result:

a) Plasmodium b) Mustard c) Castor d) Chlamdononas

42. The alga which can be employed as food for human beings is:

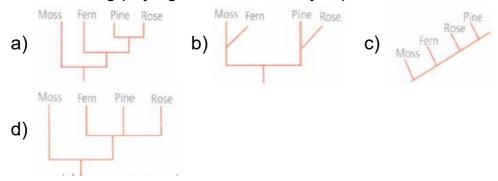
43. In the prothallus of a vascular cryptogram, the antherozoids and eggs mature at

a) Chlorella b) Spirogyra c) Polysiphonia d) Ulothrix

	a) Self fertilization is preventedb) There is no change in success rate of fertilizationc) There is high degere of sterilityd) one can conclude that the plant is apomictic
44.	Which one of the following is monoecious? a) Cycas b) Pinus c) Date plam d) Marchantla
45.	Life cycle of Ectocarpus and Fueus respectively are: a) Haplontic, Diplontic b) Diplontic, Haplodiplontic c) Haplodiplontic, Diplontic d) Haplodiplontic, Haplontic
46.	Major photosynthetic pigments in green algae are a) ChI a and b b) ChI a, c and fucoxanthin c) ChI a, d and phycoerythrin d) ChI a and c.
47.	Match the contents of column-I with those column-II Column-I Column-II (a) Fungi (i) Chitinase (b) Baceria (ii) Cellulase (c) Plant cell(iii) Lysozymes a) b) c) d) abc abc abc abc i ii iii iiiii iiiiii ii iiiiii ii iiiii
48.	In angiosperms, microsporogenesis and megasporogenesis a) Fonn gametes without further divisions b) Involve meiosis c) Occur in ovule d) Occur in anther
49.	Phycobilins are characteristic pigments of:- a) Rhodophyta and phaeophyta b) Rhodophyta and phrophyta c) phrophyta and cyanophyta d) Rhodophyta and cyanophyta
50.	An example of colonial alga is: a) Chlorella b) Volvox c) Ulothrix d) Spirogyra
51.	Which pair of the following belong to Basidiomycetes? a) Morchella and Mushrooms b) Brds' nest fungi and Puffballs c) Puffballs and Claviceps d) Peziza and stink horns
52.	Artificial systems of classification were based upon a) vegetative characters b) androecium structure c) habit and habitat d) all of these
53.	Which one single organism or the pair of organism is correctly assigned to its or their named taxonomic group?

	a) Yeast used in making bread and beer is a fungus
	b) Nostoc and Anabaena are examples of protistes
	c)
	Paramecium and plasmodium belong to the same kingdom as that of
	Penicillium
	d)
	Lichen is a composite organism formed from the symbiotic association of an algae and protozoan
54.	Bacterial leaf blight of rice is caused by a species of:-
	a) Alternaria b) Erwinia c) Xanthomonas d) Pseudomonas
55.	Evolutionary history of an organism is known as:
	a) Paleontology b) Ontogeny c) Phylogeny d) Ancestry
56.	Spore dissemination in some liverworts is aided by: a) Peristome teeth b) Elaters c) Indusium d) Calyptra
57.	Edible part in mushrooms is:-
	a) Basidiospoes b) Mycelium c) Pseudomycelium d) Complete basidiocarp
58.	Pneumatophores occur in
	a) Carnivorous plants b) Free-floating hydrophytes c) Halophytes
	d) Submerged hydrophytes
59.	Haplo-diplontic life cycle is found in
	a) bryophytes b) pteridophytes c) fungi d) both (a) and (b).
60.	In which of the following characters, the angiosperms resemble gymnosperms?
	a) Presence of ovule b) Absence of endosperm c) Presence of vessels
	d) Mode of fertilisation by zoodiosiphonogamy
61.	Evolutionary important character of Selaginella is
	a) heterosporous nature b) rhizophore c) strobili d) ligule
62.	Blue-green algae belong to
U	a) eukaryotes b) prokaryotes c) Rhodophyceae d) Chlorophyceae
63	Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the codes given
00.	below.
	Column II
	A. Non-vascular cryptogams(i) Gymnosperms, angiosperms
	B. Vascular cryptogams (ii) Pteridophytes
	C. Phanerogams (iii) Algae, bryophytes
	a) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(i) b) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iii) c) A-(i), B-(ii), C-(iii)
	d) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(i)

64. A phylogenetic tree or evolutionary tree is a branching diagram showing the inferred evolutionary relationships among various biological species. Which of the following phylogenies is correctly represented?

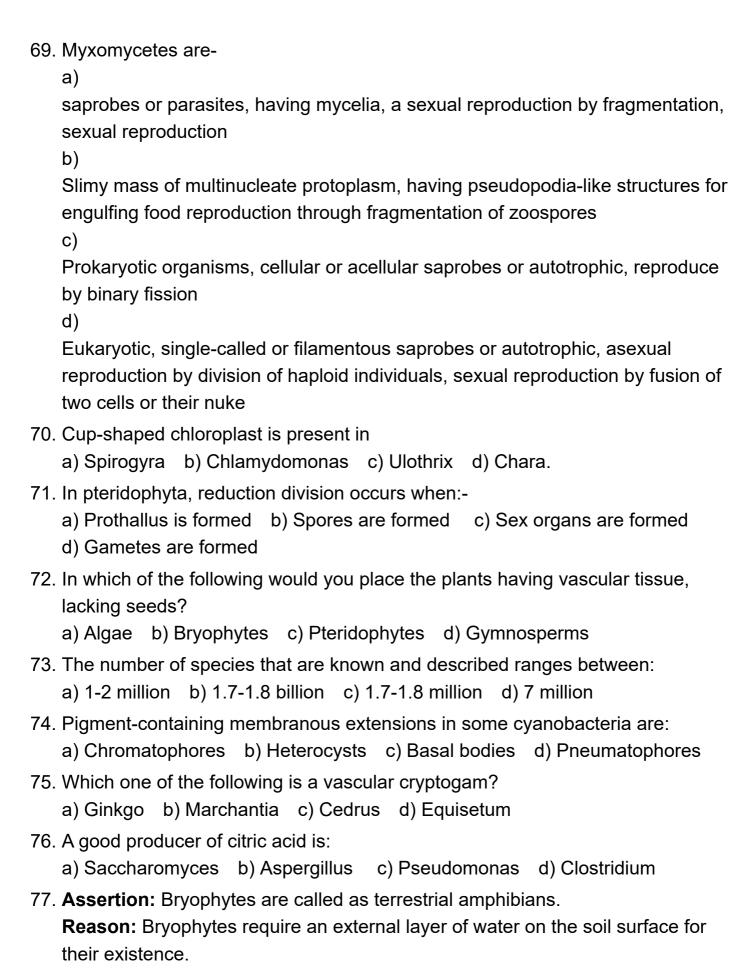


- 65. Zygotic meiosis is characteristic of:
 - a) Marchantia b) Fucus c) Funaria d) Chlamydomonas
- 66. In which one of these the elaters arc present along with mature spores in the capsule (to help in spore dispersal)?
 - a) Riccla b) Marchantia c) Funaria d) Sphagnum
- 67. Which of the following is a flowering plant with nodules containing filamentous nitrogen-fixing microorganism?
 - a) Cicer arietinum b) Casuarina equisetifolia c) Crotalaria juncea
 - d) Cycas revoluta
- 68. Match Column-I with Column-II

Column-l	Column-II	
	(i) Symbiotic association of	
(A)	fungi	
(A) Saprophyte	with plant roots of fungi with	
Sapropriyte	plant	
	roots	
	(ii) Decomposition of dead	
(B) Parasite	organic	
	materials	
(C) Lichens	(iii) Living on living plants or	
(C) LICITETIS	animals	
(D)	(iv) Symbiotic association of	
(D)	algae	
Mycorrhiza	and fungi	

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

a) b) c) d) $(A)(B)(C)(D) \quad (A)(B)(C)(D) \quad (A)(B)(C)(D) \quad (A)(B)(C)(D) \\ (a)(iii)(ii) (i) (iv) \quad (b)(ii) (i) (iii)(iv) \quad (c)(ii) (iii)(iv)(i) \quad (d)(i) (ii) (iii)(iv)$



	a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
	b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
	c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
	d) If both assertion and reason are false.
78.	Five kingdom system of classification suggested by R.H. Whittaker is not based
	on:
	a) Presence or absence of a well defined nucleusb) Mode of reproductionc) Mode of nutritiond) Complexity of body organisation
79.	The common nitrogen -fixer in paddy fields is:
	a) Frankia b) Rhizobium c) Azospirillum d) Oscillatoria
80.	The plant body of moss (Funaria) is
	a) completely sporophyte b) completely gametophyte
	c) predominantly sporophyte with gametophle
	d) predominantly gametophyte with sporophyte
81.	Select true statement about lichens:-
	a) These are very good pollution indicators
	b) The algal component of lichen is known as phycobiont
	c) The fungal component of lichen is known as mycobiont d) All the above
82.	ICBN stands for:
	a) Indian code of Botanical Nomenclature
	b) Indian Congress of Botanical Names
	c) International code of Botanical Nomenclature
	d) International Congress of Botanical Names
83.	A sterile jacket around gametangia is found among
	a) bryophytes b) lichens c) algae d) fungi.
84.	In Ulothrix , sexual reproduction is by
	a) isogamy b) anisogamy c) oogamy d) conjugation.
85.	Pteridophytes differ from mosses/ bryophytes in possessing
	a) flagellate spermatozoids b) independent gametophyte
	c) well developed vascular system d) archegonia
86.	Gymnosperms are also called soft wood spermatophytes because they lack: a) Thick walled tracheids b) Xylem fibres c) Cambium d) Phloem fibres

87. Which one one of the following matches is correct?

a)

Alrenaria Sexual reproduction absent Deuteromycetes

Mucor Reproduction by Conjugation Ascomycetes

c)

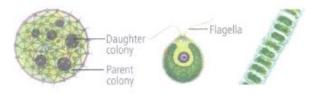
b)

Agaricus Parasitic fungus Basidiomycetes

d)

Phytophthora Aseptate mycelium Basidiomycetes

- 88. Which one is wrong statement?
 - a) Mucor has biflagellate zoospores.
 - b) Haploid endosperm is typical feature of gymnosperms.
 - c) Brown algae have chlorophyll a and c and fucoxanthin.
 - d) Archegonia are found in Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms
- 89. Algin is phycocolloid, obtained form the cell wall of
 - a) Polysiphoina and Porphyra b) Gelidium and Laminaria
 - c) Microcystis and Volvox d) Focus and Dictyota
- 90. The algae shown in the given figure belong to the Class



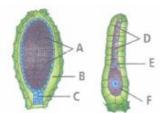
- a) Chlorophyceae b) Phaeophyceae c) Rhodophyceae d) Cyanophyceae.
- 91. Read the given statements and select the correct option.

Statement 1 : Bryophytes are amphibians of plant kingdom.

Statement 2 : They live in soil but depend on water for sexual reproduction.

- a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct.
- b) Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- c) Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- d) Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect.
- 92. In Pinus, male strobilus bears a large number of
 - a) anthers b) stamens c) microsporophylls d) megasporophylls.
- 93. Branch of biology, which deals with study of relationship among different kind of organisms, is
 - a) Taxonomy b) systematics c) Ecology d) Taximatrics

94. Refer to the following figures regarding Division Bryophyta.



- (i) 'A' are the androcyte mother cells of the antheridium, which give rise to a large number of biflagellate male gametes.
- (ii) 'B' is the antheridial chamber and 'C' is the multicellular stalk of antheridium.
- (iii) 'D' and T respectively represent venter canal cells and neck canal cell of the female sex organ.
- (iv) T is the egg cell of the archegonium, which usually possesses several female gametes.

Which of the following combinations of above statements is incorrect?

- a) (i) and (ii) b) (iii) and (iv) c) (ii) and (iii) d) (i) and (iv)
- 95. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - a) Azotobacter fixes atmospheric nitrogen in the nodules of legumes
 - b) Certain cyanobacteria like Anabaena can fix nitrogen in paddy fields
 - c) Azospirillium species fixes nitrogen in chick-pea
 - d) Mycorrhiza absorb nitrates from soil and provide it to the plant
- 96. Bryophytes comprise ______ .
 - a) Sporophyte of longer duration
 - b) Dominant phase of sporophyte which is parasitic
 - c) Dominant phase of gametophyte which produces spores
 - d) Small sporophyte phase generally parasitic on gametophyte
- 97. Read the following five statements (A-E) and answer as asked next to them:-
 - (A) In Equisetum the female gametophyte is retained on the parent sporophyte
 - (B) In Ginkgo male gametophyte is not independent
 - (C) The sporophyte in Riccia is more developed than that in Polytrichum
 - (D) Sexual reproduction in -Vovox is isogamous
 - (E) The spores of slime molds lack cell walls

How many of the above statements are correct?

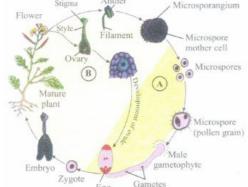
- a) Four b) One c) Two d) Three
- 98. Which of the following is not a moss?
 - a) Polytrichum b) Sphagnum c) Funaria d) Riccia

99. The given figure shows two phases, A and B of a typical angiospermic life cycle.

Select the correct option regarding it.

Microsporangium

Microsporangium



a)

Α	В
Gametophytic generation	Sporophytic generation
(n)	(2n)

b)

Α	В
Sporophyticc generation	Gametophytic generation
(2n)	(n)

c)

Α	В
Sporophytic generation	Sporophytic generation
(2n)	(2n)

d)

А	В
Gametophytic generation (n)	Gametophytic generation (n)

- 100. Dichotomous branching is found in _____ .
 - a) Fern b) Funaria c) Liverworts d) Marchantia
- 101. _____classification systemswere based on evolutionary relationships between various organisms.
 - a) Natural b) Artificial c) Phylogenetic d) Both (a) and (b)
- 102. The standard size of herbarium sheets is:
 - a) 11.5" x 16.5" b) 15.5" x 16.5" c) 18.5" x 10.5" d) 20.5" x 21.5"
- 103. The prominent phase in the life cycle of bryophytes is
 - a) gametophyte b) sporophyte c) seta d) sporogonium.
- 104. Floridean starch has structure similar to ______.

	a) Mannitol and algin b) Laminarin and cellulose c) Starch and cellulose d) Amylopectin and glycogen
105.	Endomycorrhizal fungus is:- a) Amanita b) Boletus c) Glomus d) Pisolithus
106.	A plant in which sporophytic generation is represented by zygote is
	a) Pinus b) Selaginella c) Chlamydomonas d) Dryopteris
107.	Autotrophic aquatic organisms which usually reproduce vegetatively by fragmentation, and perform sexual reproduction also by the nonmotile gametes. These organism are:- a) Polysiphonia, Porphyra, Gracilaria b) Ectocarpus, Dictyota, Laminaria c) Laminaria, Fucus, Sargassum d) Volvox, Chara, Spirogyra
108.	Select one of the following of important features distinguising Gnetum from Cycas and Pinus and showing: a) Embryo development and apical meristem b) Absence of resin duct and leaf venation c) Presence of vessel elements and absence of archegonia d) Perianth and two integuments
109.	One of the free-living, anaerobic nitrogen-fixer is: a) Azotobacter b) Beijernickia c) Rhodospirillum d) Rhizobium
110.	which group of organism is related with basidiomycetes? a) Mushroom, Ustilago, Aspergillus b) Puffballs, Agaricus, Aspergillus c) Mushroom, Ustilago, Agaricus d) Ustilago, Aspergillus, Agaricus
111.	Most advanced Gymnosperm belongs to:- a) Cycadales b) Coniferales c) Gnetales d) Cyadofillicales
112.	Read the given statements and select the correct option. Statement 1: Main plant body of bryophytes is sporophytic.

Statement 2: Main plant body of pteridophytes is gametophytic.

113. Grass leaves curl inwards during very dry weather. Select the most appropriate

a) Flaccidity of bulliform cells b) Shrinkage of air spaces in spongy mesophyll

b) Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

c) Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct.

a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct.

d) Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect.

c) Tyloses in vessels d) Closure of stomata

reason from the following:

114.	Winged pollens are present in: a) Mango b) Cycas c) Mustard d) Pinus
115.	In angiosperms, functional megaspore develops into a) Embryo sac b) Ovule c) Endosperm d) Pollen sac
116.	Which one of the following statements is wrong? a) Mannitol is stored in Rhodophyceae b) Algin and Carrageen are product of algae c) Agar-agar is obtained frone Gelidium and Gracilaria d) Chlorella and Spirulina are used as space food.
117.	Selaginella and Salvinia are considered to represent a significant step toward evolution of seed habit because: a) Megaspores possess endosperm and embryo surrounded by seed coat b)
	Embryo develops in female gametophyte which is retained on parent sporophyte c) Female gametophyte is free and gets dispersed like seeds d) Female gametophyte lacks archegonia
118.	Male gametophyte with least number of cells is present in: a) Funaria b) Lilium c) Pinus d) Pteris
119.	Bryophytes can be separated from algae because they a) are thalloid forms b) have no conducting tissue c) possess archegonia with outer layer of sterile cells d) contain chloroplasts in their cells
120.	Assertion : Red colour of Rhodophyta is due to abundant formation of r-phycoerythrin. Reason : r-Phycoerythrin is able to absorb blue-green wavelength of light and reflect red colour. a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion. c) If assertion is true but reason is false. d) If both assertion and reason are false.
l 2 1.	In bryophytes

	a) sporophytes are dependent upon gametophytes
	b) sporophyte and gametophyte generations are independent
	c) sporophyte in itself completes the life cycle
	d) gametophytes are dependent upon sporophyte.
122.	Select the correct pattern of arrangement of reproductive structures for
	gymnosperms.
	a) Spores $ o$ Sporophylls $ o$ Sporangia $ o$ Strobili
	b) Spores $ o$ Sporangia $ o$ Sporophylls $ o$ Strobili
	c) Sporangia $ o$ Sporophylls $ o$ Spores $ o$ Strobili
	d) Spores $ o$ Sporangia $ o$ Strobili $ o$ Sporophylls
123.	Mycorrhizal roots of are associated with some fungal symbionts. a) Pinus b) Cedrus c) Cycas d) Ginkgo
124.	Algae, bryophytes and pteridophtes resemble with each other in which one of the following feature?
	a) Main body is gametophytic b) Dependence on water for fertillisation
	c) Absence of alternation of generations d) Presence of embryo
125.	Which of the following is responsible for peat formation?
	a) Marchantia b) Riccia c) Funaria d) Sphagnum
126.	The absence of chlorophyll, in the lowermost cell of Uiothrix, shows
	a) functional fission b) tissue formation c) cell characteristic
	d) beginning of labour division
27.	All single called eukaryotes placed under protista and the link with fungi, plants and animals, Slime moulds are saprophytic protists. what is incorrect about it: a) Body moves along decaying twings and leaves engulfing organic matter b)
	Under suitable conditions from plasmodium which may grow and spread over several feet
	c) Under favourable conditions plasmodium differentiate and from fruiting body d) Their spores possess cell wall
128.	Which one of the following is wrong statement
	a)
	Phosphorus is a constituent of cell membranes certain nucleic acids and all proteins
	b) Nitrosomonas and Nitrobacter a chemoautotrophs
	c) Anabaena and Nostoc are capable of fixing nitrogen in free-living state also
	d) Root nodule forming nitrogen fixers live aerobes under free-living conditions

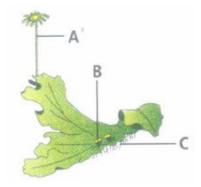
- 129. Viruses have:a) DNA enclosed in a protein coat b) Prokaryotic nucleus c) Single chromosome d) Both DNA and RNA 130. In taxonomy the first step is:a) Identification b) Nomenclature c) Classification d) Affinities 131. Which one of the following is correct statement? a) A antheridiophores and archegoniophores are present in pteridophytes b) Pteridophytes gametophyte has a protonemal and leafy stage c) In gymnosperms, female gametophyte is freeliving d) Origin of seed habit can be traced in pteridophytes 132. Heterospory is found in some members of and all members of a) Bryophyta, Pteridophyta b) Pteridophyta, Bryophyta c) Bryophyta, Gymnospermae d) Pteridophyta, Spermatophyta 133. Refer to the given figure and select the correct option. a) b) c) C C C Α В Α В Α В Frond Stipe Holdfast Stipe Holdfast Frond HoldfastFrondStipe d) Α C В Stipe Frond Holdfast 134. Which of the following statements is correct regarding microbes in human welfare? a) Saccharomyces cerevisiae is useful in industries for production of citric acid
 - b) Trichoderma polysporum is used as blood cholesterol lowering agent
 - c) Aspergillus niger used to obtain acetic acid

d)

In sewage treatment CO₂, H₂, and CH₄ gases are produced from activated sludge by bacteria such as Methanobacterium

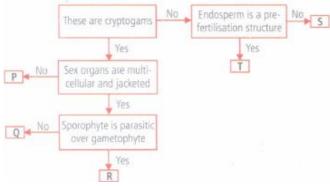
- 135. The main difference between gram ⊕ and gram Θ resides in the composition of:
 - a) Cilia b) Cell-wall c) Cell-membrance d) Cytoplasm
- 136. The embryo sac of an angiosperm is made up of

- a) 8 cells b) 7 cells and 8 nuclei c) 8 nuclei d) 7 cells and 7 nuclei.
- 137. Each cell of Volvox colony has a structure; similar to
 - a) Ulothrix b) Spirogyra c) Chlamydomonas d) Nostoc.
- 138. The spread of living pteridophytes is limited and is restricted to narrow geographical region because
 - a) gametophytic growth needs cool, damp and shady places
 - b) there is requirement of water for fertilisation
 - c) there is absence of stomata in leaf and absence of vascular tissue
 - d) both (a) and (b).
- 139. Select the option that correctly identifies A, B and C in the given figure of female thallus of Marchantia.



- a) A Antheridiophore, B Gemma cup, C Rhizoids
- b) A Antheridiophore, B Rhizoids, C Gemma cup
- c) A Archegoniophore, B Gemma cup, C Rhizoids
- d) A Archegoniophore, B Rhizoids, C Gemma cup
- 140. Read the following statements regarding bryophytes and select the correct answer.
 - (i) Bryophytes lack true roots, stem and leaves.
 - (ii) The main plant body is haploid.
 - (iii) Sex-organs are unicellular and non-jacketed.
 - (iv) Fertilisation produces an embryo inside the water.
 - a) Statements (i) and (ii) are correct. b) Statements (ii) and (iii) are correct.
 - c) Statements (iii) and (iv) are correct. d) All statements are correct.
- 141. The structures that help some bacteria to attain to rocks and /or host tissues are:
 - a) Holdfast b) Rhizoids c) Fimbriae d) Mesosomes

142. Refer to the given flow chart regarding different groups of Kingdom Plantae.



Which of the following is true regarding P, Q, R, S and T?

- a) Examples of group 'P' include Riccia, Marchantia, Sphagnum, etc.
- b) Members of group 'R' can be both homosporous as well as heterosporous.
- c) Group 'Q' includes seedless vascular plants having sporophytic plant body.

d)

Group 'S' is more ancient than group T and formed a dominant vegetation on Earth some 200 million years back in mesozoic era.

- 143. Single-celled eukaryotes are included in:
 - a) Monera b) Protista c) Fungi d) Archaea
- 144. The function of mesome in prokaryotes is:
 - a) Aerobic respiration b) Cell wall formation c) Both (1) and (2)
 - d) N₂-fixation
- 145. Deuteromycetes are called 'Imperfect fungi' as:
 - a) They have no cell wall b) No mycelum c) No sexual reproduction
 - d) No asexual reproduction
- 146. Holdfast, stipe and frond constitute the plant body in case of
 - a) Rhodophyceae b) Chlorophyceae c) Phaeophyceae d) all of these.
- 147. Plant Ocimum sanctum belongs to kingdom Plantae. As per taxonomic terminology term kingdom and Plantae are respectively:
 - a) taxon and category b) category and taxon c) taxon and division
 - d) taxonomy and systematics
- 148. Chromatophores take part in:
 - a) Respiration b) Photosynthesis c) Growth d) Movement
- 149. In prokaryotes, chromatophores are
 - a) Specialized granules responsible for colouration of cells
 - b) structures responsible for organizing the shap of the organism

	c)					
	Inclus activit	, ,	free inside the o	cells for carrying out va	rious metabolic	
	d)					
	Intern	nal membrane sy esynthetic bacter	•	pecome extensive and	complex in	
50.	The d	The diatoms do not easily decay like most of the other Algae because:-				
			•	eir walls are mucilagen		
	•	•	•	The are non living		
l 5 1.	•		ŕ	sion (meiosis) occurs a	t the time of	
		 mete formation getative reprodu	•	rmation c) zygospore	germination	
152.	Nucle	ar membrane is	absent in:-			
	a) Pe	nicillium b) Ag	aricus c) Volvo	x d) Nostoc		
153.	Mann	itol is stored foc	od in:			
	a) Po	rphyra b) Fucւ	ıs c) Gracilaria	d) Chara		
154.	In wh	ich of the follow	ing gametophyte	e is not independent fre	e living?	
			c) Marchantia	•	· ·	
55.	Which	n one of the follo	owing satements	is wrong?		
			also called blue	G		
	b) Golden algae are also called desmids					
	c) Eubacteria are also called false bacteria					
	d) Nit	rococcus Phyco	mycetes are als	o called algal fungi		
156.	Comr	non example of	red algae is			
		·	· ·	c) Ectocarpus d) botl	n (a) and (b).	
57.	A plar	nt having seeds	but lacking flower	ers and fruits belongs t	0	
	-	•	•	s d) gymnosperms		
158	, .		•	rving the characters gi	ven in tables and	
.00.		` ,	nswer from the o		von m tablee and	
		Major digmonts		Flagella	Cell wall	
	(a)	chlorophyll a&b		2-8 equal and apical	Cellulose	
	(b)			2, unequal and lateral		
	(c)		Floridean starch	-	Cellulose	
	1, ,		nodophyceae, Pl	<u> </u>		
	,	• •	nlorophyceae, Pl	. •		

	c) Chlorophyceae, Phaeophyceae, Rhodophyceae d) Rhodophyceae, Phaeophyceae, Chlorophyceae
159.	A plant shows thallus level of organisation. It shows rhizoids and is haploid. It needs water to complete its life cycle because the male gametes are motile. It may belong to a) pteridophytes b) gymnosperms c) monocots d) bryophytes.
160.	Find correct Statement for the Prothallus of fern a) Monoecious, multicellular and parasitic b) Monoecious, multicellular and photosynthetic c) Dioecious with unicellular thallus d) Monoecious, large and differentiated vascular body
l 61 .	Planaria possess high capacity of:- a) Metamorphosis b) Regeneration c) Alternation of generation d) Bioluminescence
162.	Which one of the following plants is monoecious? a) Pinus b) Cycas c) Papaya d) Marchantia
163.	Choose the correct set of bacterial disease a) Mumps, cholera, dengue b) Chicken pox, typoid, mimps c) Mumps, tetanus, chicken pox d) cholera, typhoid, tetanus
164.	Aquatic fern which supports the grouth of blue green algae, Anabaena, and used to increase the yield of paddy crop is:- a) Salvinia b) Marsilea c) Isoetes d) Azolla
165.	Read the given statements and select the correct option. Statement 1 Bryophytes show alternation of generation. Statement 2 A haploid gametophytic generation and a diploid sporophytic generation alternate in the life cycle. a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct. b) Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect. c) Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 d) Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect
166.	Sexual reproduction involving fusion of two cells in Chlamydomonas is
67.	a) isogamy b) homogamy c) somatogamy d) hologamy Denitrification is done by:-

a) Pseudomonas b) Nitrosomonas c) Nitrobacter d) Nitrococcus

l68. Pick up the wrong statement:

- a) Nuclear membrane is present in Monera b) Cell wall is absent in Animalia c) Protista have photosynthetic and heterophyte modes of nutrition d) Some fungi are edible 169. Which of the following plants produces seeds but not flowers? a) Maize b) Mint c) Peepal d) Pinus 170. Compared with the gametophyte of the bryophytes, the gametophytes of vascular plants tend to be: a) Smaller and to have smaller sex organs b) Smaller but to have larger sex organs c) Larger but to have smaller sex organs d) Larger and to have larger sex organs 171. At least a half of the total CO₂ fixation on Earth is carried out through photosynthesis by: a) angiosperms b) gymnosperms c) algae d) bryophytes 172. The basidiomycetes includes:a) Rusts b) Smuts c) Mushrooms d) All the above
- 173. A plant producing seeds but lacking flowers is: a) Gymnosperm b) Bryophyte c) Angiosperm d) Pteridophyte
- 174. Which one of the following shows isogamy with non-flagellated gametes?
 - a) Sargassum b) Ectocarpus c) Ulothrix d) Spirogyra
- 175. Cycas possesses two cotyledons but it is not dicot because of:
 - a) Compound leaves b) Naked seeds c) Circinate ptyxis
 - d) Monocot like stem
- 176. Which one of the following is common to multicellular fungi, filamentous algae and protonema of mosses?
 - a) Multiplication by fragmentation b) Diplontic life cycle
 - c) Members of kingdom plantae d) Mode of nutrition
- 177. The "seaweeds" that form the underwater forest are
 - a) kelps b) Laminaria c) Macrocystis d) all of these.
- 178. **Assertion:** Algae show only anisogamous type of reproduction.

Reason: In algae, gametes can never be non flagellated.

a)		
If both assertion as assertion.	nd reason are true and re	eason is the correct explanation of
b)		
If both assertion ar	nd reason are true but re	ason is not the correct explanation
of assertion.		
c) If assertion is tru	ue but reason is false.	
d) If both assertion	and reason are false.	
The guts of cow ar	nd buffalo possess:	
a) Chlorella spp.	b) Methanogens c) Cy	/anobacteria d) Fucus spp.
Which of the follow	ving is true about bryoph	ytes?
a) They possess ad) All of the above	rchegonia b) They con	tain chloroplast c) They are thalloid
	·	embryo but lacks vascular tissues and
a) Pteridophyta b	o) Rhodophyta c) Bryop	ohyta d) Phaeophyta
Which of the follow	<i>r</i> ing structures are haplo	id in gymnosperms?
a) Pollen grain, me	egaspore, embryo b) Po	ollen grain, megaspore, endosperm
c) Megaspore, leaf	, root d) Leaf, root, inte	egument
do no	ot have free living gameto	ophyte.
a) Bryophytes b)	Pteridophytes c) Gymr	nosperms d) both (b) and (c)
In which organisms	s external fertilization oc	curs:-
a) Echinodermata/	Moss b) Hemichordata	/Fern c) Reptilia/Gymnosperm
d) Amphibia/Algae		
Archaebacteria dif	fer from eubacteria in:	
a) Cell membrance	b) Mode of nutrition	c) Cell shape
d) Mode of reprodu	uction	
Match column I wit	th column II and select th	ne correct option from the codes given
below.		
Column I	Column II	
A. Sagopalm	(i) Ephedra	
B. Chilgoza fruit	(ii) Pinus gerardiana	
C. Ephedrine drug	(iii) Cycas revoluta	
D. Cedar wood oil	(iv) Juniperus virginiana	
	If both assertion ar assertion. b) If both assertion ar of assertion. c) If assertion is trud) If both assertion. The guts of cow ar a) Chlorella spp. In Pinus/Cycas/gyr a) triploid b) haple Which of the follow a) They possess a d) All of the above The plant group the seeds is a) Pteridophyta b Which of the follow a) Pollen grain, me c) Megaspore, leaf do not a) Bryophytes b) In which organisms a) Echinodermata/d) Amphibia/Algae Archaebacteria diff a) Cell membrance d) Mode of reproduction Match column I with below. Column I A. Sagopalm B. Chilgoza fruit C. Ephedrine drug	If both assertion and reason are true and reassertion. b) If both assertion and reason are true but reof assertion. c) If assertion is true but reason is false. d) If both assertion and reason are false. The guts of cow and buffalo possess: a) Chlorella spp. b) Methanogens c) Cy In Pinus/Cycas/gymnosperms, the endospe a) triploid b) haploid c) diploid d) tetrapy Which of the following is true about bryoph a) They possess archegonia b) They con d) All of the above The plant group that produces spores and seeds is a) Pteridophyta b) Rhodophyta c) Bryopy Which of the following structures are haplo a) Pollen grain, megaspore, embryo b) Poc c) Megaspore, leaf, root d) Leaf, root, inter do not have free living gamete a) Bryophytes b) Pteridophytes c) Gymn In which organisms external fertilization oca a) Echinodermata/Moss b) Hemichordata d) Amphibia/Algae Archaebacteria differ from eubacteria in: a) Cell membrance b) Mode of nutrition d) Mode of reproduction Match column I with column II and select the below. Column I Column II Column II Column II Column II

- a) A-(iv), B-(ii), C-(i), D-(iii) b) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(i), D-(iv)
- c) A-(iii), B-(iv), C-(i), D-(ii) d) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(i), D-(iv).c
- 188. Cellulose is the major component of cell walls of:
 - a) Pseudomonas b) Saccharomyces c) Pythium d) Xanthomonas
- 189. What is the ploidy of primary endosperm nucleus (PEN) in angiosperms?
 - a) Haploid b) Diploid c) Triploid d) Polyploid
- 190. Which of the following shows coiled RNA strand and capsomeres?
 - a) Polio virus b) Tobacco masaic virus c) Measles virus d) Retrovirus
- 191. Which of the following is commonly known as "chilgoza pine"?
 - a) Pinus roxburghii b) P.strobus c) P.gerardiana d) P.sylvestris
- 192. Carperls are equivalent to the
 - a) Microsporophylls b) Megasporophylls c) Megasporangia d) Embryo sac
- 193. In most green algae, pyrenoids, the storage bodies, are located in _____.
 - a) chloroplasts b) mitochondria c) cytoplasm d) nucleus
- 194. Choose the correct statement:-

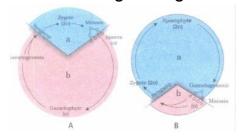
a)

Aspergillus niger is bacterium which is used for obtaining acetic acid & citric acid

- b) Streptokinase is used as a clot buster
- c)

Monascus purpureus is responsible for production of large holes in swiss cheese

- d) Toddy is manufactured by Lactobacillus
- 195. Refer to the given figure showing life cycle patterns and identify them.



a)	
Α	В
Diplontic	Haplontic

U)	
Α	В
Haplontic	Diplontic

c)	
Α	В
Haplo	Haplontic
diplontic	паріопію

d)

<i>u)</i>	
Α	В
Haplo-	Diplontic
diplontic	Dipioritic

196.	Which one of the following is commonly used in transfer of foreign DNA into crop plants?
	a) Penicillium expansum b) Trichoderma harzianum
	c) Meloidogyne incognita d) Agrobacterium tumefaciens
197.	A vascular cryptogam is: a) Equisetum b) Cedrus c) Marchantia d) Ginkgo
198.	For higher plants, flowers are chiefly used as a basis of classification, because:- a) These show a great variety in colour b) It can be preserved easily c) Reproductive parts are more conservative than vegetative parts d) None of these
199.	Apophysis in the capsule of Funaria is a) lower part b) upper part c) middle part d) fertile part
200.	Cell wall is absent in:
	a) Nostoc b) Aspergillus c) Funaria d) Mycoplasma
201.	Algae with strach as reserve food material are also characterised by
	a) Presence of chlorophyll b b) Sulphated phycocolloids
	c) Nonsulphated phycocolloids d) Nonflagellate nature
<u>2</u> 02.	Which of the following statements is wrong?
	a) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food
	b) Algae increases the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment
	c) Algin is obtained from red algae and carrageen from brown alga.
	d) Agar-agar is obtained from Gelidium and Gracilaria
203.	Mayr proposed which type of concept of species:
	a) Taxonomic concept b) Biological concept
	c) Taxonomic and Biological concept d) Genetic concept
<u>2</u> 04.	The sporophyte is attached to the gametophyte in
	a) algae b) fungi c) bryophytes d) pteridophytes.
205.	Which of the following characters represent the affinities of Gnetum with angiosperms and differences with Cycas and Pinus?
	a) Presence of xylem vessels and absence of archegonia
	b) Perianth and two integuments
	c) Embryo development and apical meristem
	d) Absence of resin ducts and leaf venation
206.	Phycoerythrin, chlorophyll a and chlorophyll d are characteristics of
	a) Phaeophyceae b) Xanthophyceae c) Chlorophyceae d) Rhodophyceae.
207.	Which of the following is homosporous:

	a) Selaginella b) Pinus c) Cycas d) Lycopodium
208.	Selcet the correct combination of the statement (a-d) regarding the characteristics of certain organisms:
	(a) Methanogens are Archaebacteria which produce methane in marshy areas(b) Nostoc is filamentous blue-green alga which atmospheric nitrogen(c) Chemosynthetic autotrophic bacteria synthesis cellulose from glucose
	(d) Mycoplasma lack a cell wall and can survive without oxygen
	The correct statements are:
	a) (a), (b), (c) b) (b), (c), (d) c) (a), (b), (d) d) (b), (c)
<u>2</u> 09.	Select the correct statement
	a) Leaves of gymnosperms are not well adapted to extremes of climate.
	b) Gymnosperms are both homosporous and heterosporous.
	c) Salvinia, Ginkgo and Pinus are all gymnosperms
	d) Sequoia is one of the tallest trees
<u>2</u> 10.	Pollen Grain is a reduced
	a) Female gametophyte b) Male Gametophyte c) Young sporphyte
	d) Parent Sporophyte
211.	Which pigment is found in phaeophyceae?
	a) Chl.a, c and fucoxanthin b) Chl.a, d and vioxanthin
	c) β Carotene and phycocyanin d) None of these
<u>?</u> 12.	Which of the following gymnosperms has branched stems?
	a) Pinus b) Cycas c) Cedrus d) Both (a) and (c)
213.	Protonema occurs in the life cycle of
	a) Riccia b) Funaria c) Chlamydomonas d) Spirogya
<u>?</u> 14.	The gametophyte is not an independent, free living generation in
\4 -	a) Polytrichum b) Adiantum c) Marchantia d) Pinus
<i>2</i> 15.	Read the given statements about algae and select the correct option.
	(i) Plant body is thalloid.(ii) They are largely aquatic.
	(iii) Reproduction occurs by vegetative, asexual and sexual methods.
	(iv) Chlamydomonas, Volvox and Ulothrix are the multicellular algae.
	a) Statements (i) and (ii) are true. b) Statements (ii) and (iii) are true.
	c) Statements (i), (ii) and (iii) are true. d) All statements are true.
216.	Flagellated male gametes are present in all the three of which one of the
	following sets?

- a) Riccia, Dryopteris and cycas b) Athoceros, Funaria and Spirogyra
- c) Zygnema, Saprolegina and Hydrilla d) Fucus, Marsilea and Calotropis
- 217. In class Phycomycetes the mycelium is:
 - a) Coenocytic and aseptate b) Coenocytic and septate
 - c) Uninucleate and aseptate d) Multinucleate and septate
- 218. choose the incorrect statement about Phycomycetes:
 - a) Members are found in aquatic habits
 - b) Spores are endogenously produced in sporangium
 - c) A zygospores is formed by reduction division
 - d) The show all type of syngamy
- 219. Match items in Column I with those in Column- II:

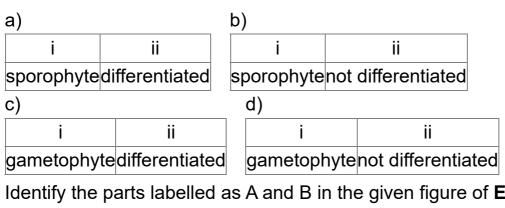
Column-I	Column-II	
(A) Doritriohous	(J) Ginkgo	
(A) Peritrichous	flagellation	
(B) Livingfossil	(K) Macrocystis	
(C) Phizophoro	(L) Escherichia	
(C) Rhizophore	coli	
(D)		
Smallest flowering	(M) Selaginella	
plant		
(E) Largest perennial	(N) Wolffia alga	

Select the correct answer from the following:

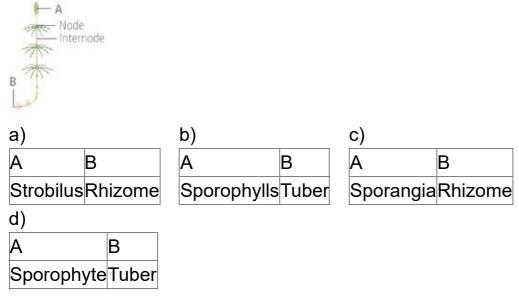
- a) A-L; B-J; C-M; D-N; E-K; b) A-K; B-J; C-L; D-M; E-N
- c) A-N; B-L; C-K; D-N; E-J; d) A-J; B-K; C-N; D-L; E-K
- 220. Which one of the following is not common between Funaria and Selaginella?
 - a) Archegonium b) Embryo c) Flagellate sperms d) Roots
- 221. The imperfect fungi which are decomposers of and help in mineral cycling belong to:
 - a) Ascomycetes b) Deuteromycetes c) Basidiomycetes d) Phycomycetes
- 222. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the codes given below.

Column I	Column II
A. Pteris	(i) Bryophyte
B. Cedrus	(ii) Pteridophyte
C. Sonchus	(iii) Gymnosperm
D. Marchantia	(iv) Angiosperm

	a) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i) b) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iv), D- (iii)
	c) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(iv). D-(ii) d) A-(iii), B-(iv), C-(ii), D-(i)
223.	Which of the following statements about Phaeophyceae is incorrect?
	a) Vegetative reproduction occurs by fragmentation.
	b) Asexual reproduction is by biflagellate pear-shaped zoospores.
	c)
	In sexual reproduction, gametes are pyriform and bear 2 laterally attached
	flagella.
	d) None of these
224.	Dinoflagellates are called fire algae due to which character:-
	a) They appear like fire due to pigments b) The produce fire due to friction
	c) The occur on burnt places d) They show bioluminescence
?25.	Which of the following are not membrane -bouns :
	a) Mesosomes b) Vacuoles c) Ribosomes d) Lysosomes
226.	In Pinus, endosperm cells have 30 chromosomes then how many chromosomes
	are present in sieve cells:-
	a) 30 b) 60 c) 10 d) 15
<u>?</u> 27.	In a moss the sporophyte:
	a) arises from a spore produced from the gametophyte
	b) manufactures food for itself, as well as for the gametophyte
	c) is partially parasitic on the gametophyte
100	d) produces gametes that give rise to the gametophyte
<u>'</u> 28.	Green algae usually have a rigid cell wall made of an inner layer
	ofand an outer layer of a) cellulose, cellulose b) pectose, pectose c) pectose, cellulose
	d) cellulose, pectose
)2Q	Seaweeds are a source of
.ZJ.	a) chlorine b) fluorine c) bromine d) iodine.
)3N	Nitrogen fixation in root nodules of Anus is brought about by:-
130.	a) Frankia b) Azorhizobium c) Bradyrhizobium d) Clostridium
)21	
101.	In pteridophytes, main plant body is a _(i)_ which is _(ii)_ into true roots, stem and leaves.
	Fill the blanks in above statement and select the correct option.
	This the blanks in above statement and select the correct option.



232. Identify the parts labelled as A and B in the given figure of **Equisetum** and select the correct option.



- 233. Which one of the following is a living fossil?
 - a) Pinus b) Opuntia c) Ginkgo d) Thuja
- 234. The sporophyte is the dominant phase in
 - a) pteridophytes b) gymnosperms c) angiosperms d) all of these.
- 235. Select the wrong statement:

a)

Chlamydomonas exhibits both isogamy and anisogamy and Fucus shows oogamy

- b) Isogametes are similar in structure, function and behaviour
- c) Anisogametes differ either in structure, function or behaviour

d)

In Oomycetes female gamete is smaller and motile, while male gamete is larger and non-motile

- 236. Two microbes found to be very useful in genetic engineering are:
 - a) Diplococcus sp. and Pseudomonas sp.
 - b) Crown gall bacterium and Caenorhabditis elegans
 - c) Escherichia coli and Agrobacterium tumefaciens
 - d) Vibrio cholerae and a tailed bacteriophage

237. Blac(stem) rust of wheat is caused by: a) Ustilago nuda b) Puccinia graminis c) Xanthomonas oryzae d) Alternaria solani 238. Which group of plantae represents gametophytic plant body with dependent sporopyte? a) Algae and bryophytes b) Bryophytes and pterdophytes c) Livereorts and mosses d) Ferns and Cycads 239. Which of the following are likely to be present in deep sea water? a) Saprophytic fungi b) Archaebacteria c) Eubacteria d) Blue-green algaye 240. Among the following plant group which have independent gametophyte and sporophyte? b) Pteridophyta c) Gymnosperms d) Angiosperms a) Bryophyta 241. Megasporophyll of gymnosperms is homologous to_____of angiosperms. a) stamen b) carpel c) sepal d) petal 242. Floridean starch is characteristic feature of :a) Polysiphonia, Gracilaria, Porphyra b) Laminaria, sargassum, Porphyra c) Polysiphonia, Laminaria, Porphyra d) Chara, Dictyota, Polysiphonia 243. Which one of the following is wrong about Chara? a) Upper oogonium and lower round antheridium b) Globule and nucule present on the same plant c) Upper antheridium and lower oogonium d) Globule is male reproductive structure 244. Nitrifying bacteria:a) Oxidize ammonia to nitrates b) Convert free nitrogen to nitrogen compounds c) Convert proteins into ammonia d) Reduce nitrates to free nitrogen 245. Embryophyta includes:a) Angiosperms only b) Only Pteridophytes c) Bryophyta & Pteridophyta d) All plants except thallophyta 246. Match the column I with column II Column -I Column-II (i) Chlorophyceae (a) Ectocarpus (ii) Hemichordata (b)Chara (iii)Phaseophyceae(c)Selaginella

(d)Marchantia

(iv)Liverwort

	a) i-b, ii-c, iii-a, iv-d b) i-b, ii-d, iii-a, iv-c c) i-a, ii-d, iii-c, iv-b d) i-c, ii-a, iii-b, iv-d
<u>2</u> 47.	What is the characteristic branching pattern of Dictyota thallus? a) Monopodial b) Excurrent c) Dichotomous d) Deliquescent
<u>2</u> 48.	Which one is wrongly matched? a) Gemma cups - Marchantia b) Biflagellate Zoopores - Brown algae c) Uniflagellate gametes - Polysiphonia d) Unicellular organism - Chlorella
<u>2</u> 49.	Bryophytes differ from thallophytes in having:- a) Embryo b) Rhizoids c) Sterile jacket around sex organs d) All the above
<u>2</u> 50.	select incorrect statement about viroid:- a) Free infectious RNA b) It was discovered T.O Diener c) It caues potato spindle tuber disease d) It contains high molecular weight RNA
<u>2</u> 51.	Which of the following is responsible for peat formation? a) Marchantia b) Riccia c) Funaria d) Sphagnum
<u>?</u> 52.	Pyrenoids are the centres for formation of a) porphyra b) enzymes c) fat d) starch
<u>2</u> 53.	Which one of the following is not a correct statements? a) Ket is taxonomic aid for identification of specimens b) Herbarium houses dried, pressed and preserved plant specimens c) Botanical gardens have collection of living plants for reference d) A museum has collection of photographs of plants and animals
<u>2</u> 54.	Conifers differ from grasses in the: a) Production of seeds from ovule b) Lack of xylem tracheids c) Absence of pollen tubes d) Formation of endosperm before fertilization
255.	In gymnosperms, the pollen chamber represents: a) The microsporangium in which pollen grains develop b) A cell in in the pollen grain in which the sperms are formed c) A cavity in the ovule in which pollen grains are stored after pollination d) An opening in the megagametophyte through which the pollen tube approaches the egg
<u>2</u> 56.	Methanogens are belong to:- a) Archaebacteria b) Eubacterica c) Filamentous bacteria d) Cyanobacteria
257.	The chief water conducting elements of xylem in gymnosperms are:

- a) Tracheids b) Vessels c) Fibres d) Transfusion tissue
- 258. The function of leghaemoglobin in the root nodules of legumes is:
 - a) Inhibition of nitrogenase activity b) Oxygen removal
 - c) Nodule differentiation d) Expression of nif gene
- 259. Fusion of two gametes which are dissimilar in size is termed as
 - a) oogamy b) isogamy c) anisogamy d) both (a) and (c).
- 260. Why the deuteromycetes are called as 'fungi imperfecti'?
 - a) Only a sexual or vegetative phases of these fungi are known
 - b) Their mycelium is separate and branched c) The help in mineral cycling
 - d) The deuteromycetes members may be saprophytes or parasites.
- 261. In Bryophytes diploid number of chromosomes occur in:
 - a) Gametes b) Spores c) Spore mother cells d) Nuclei of gametes
- 262. Assertion: Stomata are found on the surface of leaves in gymnosperms. Reason: In gymnosperms, cuticle of leaves is thin.

a)

If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.

b)

If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

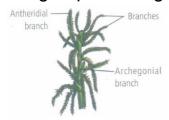
- c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- d) If both assertion and reason are false.
- 263. In taxonomic hierarchy families are characterised by
 - a) Vegetative features b) Generative features
 - c) Both vegetative and floral feature d) Neither vegetative nor floral features
- 264. Which fungus is used extensively in biochemical and genetic work?
 - a) Agaricus b) Aspergillus c) Claviceps d) Neurospora
- 265. Match the following column correctly:-

	Column I		Column II
Α	Statins	i	Monascus purpureus
В	Cyclosporins	ii	Trichoderma
C	Acetic acid	iii	Acetobacter aceti
D	Butyruc acid	iν	Clostridium butyricum

- a) A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-iv b) A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii c) A-ii, B-i, C-iii, D-iv
- d) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii

266. Which of the following are noncellular organisms that are characterized having an inert crystalline structure outside the living cell:-	by				
a) Bacteria b) Mycoplasma c) virus d) Lichen					
267. A well developed archegonium with neck consisting of 4-6 rows of neck	canal				
cells, characterises:					
a) gymnosperms only b) bryophytes and pteridophytes					
c) pteridophytes and gymnosperms d) gymnosperms and flowering pla	ants				
268. An organism used as a biofertilizer for raising soyabean crop is:-					
a) Azotobacter b) Azospirillum c) Rhizobium d) Nostoc					
269. Ergot of rye is caused by a species of:-					
a) Claviceps b) Phytophthora c) Uncinula d) Ustilago					
270. Select one of the following pairs of important features distinguishing Gn	etum				
from Cycas and Pinus and showing affinities with angiosperms:-					
a) Perianth and two integuments					
b) Embryo development and apical meristem					
c) Absence of resin duct and leaf venation					
d) Presence of vessel elements and absence of archegonia					
?71. Gymnosperm called as a living fossil is					
a) Cycas b) Ginkgo c) Juniperus d) both (a) and (b).					
?72. Embryo is not formed in thallophyta due to:-					
a) Zygotic meiosis b) Zygotic mitosis c) Sporangial meiosis					
d) Gametic meiosis					
273. In pteridophytes, a spore germinates to produce					
a) Sporophyte b) sporogonium c) prothallus d) microsporophyll.					
?74. Peat moss is					
a) Sphagnum b) Dryopteris c) Funaria d) Polytrichum					
?75. Choose the incorrect statement regardily mycoplasma:-					
a) They lack cell well b) They are smallest living cells					
c) They can survive without oxygen d) They have mesosome for respi	ration				
?76. Which of the following is odd one from the following about liver worts?					
a) Foot, Seta, Capsule b) Spore, Archegonium, Antheridum					
c) Protonema, Primary protonema & Secondary protonema					
d) Parenchyma, Gemmae, Scales					
?77. In Chlorophyceae, sexual reproduction occurs by					
a) isogamy and anisogamy b) isogamy, anisogamy and oogamy					
c) oogamy only d) anisogamy and oogamy					

- ?78. In fungi when the hyphae are continuous and branched tubes field with multinucleated cytoplasm these are called:
 - a) Unicellular hyphae b) Coenocytic hyphae c) Nin-Acellular hyphae
 - d) Multicellular hyphae
- ?79. Which of the following options correctly identifies the plant shown in figure and the group it belongs to?



- a) Marchantia Liverwort b) Sphagnum Moss c) Sphagnum Liverwort
- d) Funaria Moss
- 280. True nucleus is absent in:
 - a) Mucor b) Vaucheria c) Volvox d) Anabaena
- 281. Gymnosperms
 - a) Are Homosporous

b)

Possess a male gametophyte which is highly reduced and is confined to single cell only

- c) possess strobill on same or different trees
- d)

Show the presences of female gametophyte which is reined within microsporangium

- 282. Which one pair of examples, will correctly represent the grouping Spermatophyta according to one of the schemes of classifying plants?
 - a) Ginkgo, Pisum b) Acacia, Sugarcane c) Pinus, Cycas
 - d) Rhizopus, Triticum
- 283. Assertion: Gymnosperms do not produce fruit.

Reason: Ovules of gymosperms are enclosed within the ovaries.

a)

If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.

b)

If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

- c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- d) If both assertion and reason are false.

<u>2</u> 84.	Which one is a wrong statement? a) Brown algae have chlorophyll a and c, and fucoxanthin
	b) Archegonia are found in Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms c) Mucor has biflagellate zoospores
	d) Haploid endosperm is typical feature of gymnosperms
<u>2</u> 85.	Gametophytic plant body is nonvascular in
	a) Algae and liverwortsb) Mosses and fernsc) gymnosperms and angiospermsd) All of these
286.	Organisms which obtain energy by the oxidation of reduced inorganic compounds are called a) Photo autotrophs b) Photo autotrophs c) Saprozoic d) Heterotrophs
287.	classification systems were based on evolutionary relationships
	between various organisms.
	a) Natural b) Artificial c) Phylogenetic d) Both (a) and (b)
<u>2</u> 88.	Consider the following four statements whether they are correct or wrong: (a) The sporophyte in liverworts is more elaborate than that is mosses (b) Salvinia is heterosporous (c) The life-cycle in all seed-bearing plants is diplontic. (d) In Pinus male and female cones are borne on different trees. The two wrong statements together are: a) statements (a) and (b) b) statements (a) and (c) c) statements (a) and (d)
200	d) statements (b) and (c) A nitrogen fixing microbe associated with Azole in rice-fields is:-
109.	a) Frankia b) Tolypothrix c) Spirulina d) Anabaena
<u>2</u> 90.	Pteridophytes are divided inti how many classes? a) Two b) Three c) Four d) Six
291.	Assertion : In Chlorophyceae, plant body is usually grass green. Reason : Members of Chlorophyceae, possess chlorophyll a, c, carotenoids and xanthophyll. a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation
	of assertion.
	c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
	d) If both assertion and reason are false.

<u>2</u> 92.	. Which group shows the most extensive metabolic diversity? a) Plantae b) Animalia c) Monera d) Fungi				
<u>2</u> 93.	. The cyanobacteria are also referred to as:- a) Slime moulds b) Blue green algae c) Protists d) Golden algae				
<u>2</u> 94.	. Agar-agar is commercially obtained from a) green algae b) blue-green algae c) brown algae d) red algae.				
<u>2</u> 95.	5. Sexual reproduction in Spirogyra is an advanced feature because it shows				
	 a) physiologically differentiated sex organs. b) different sizes of motile sex organs. c) same size of motile sex organs. d) morphologically different sex organs. 				
<u>2</u> 96.	6. Identify the plants shown in figure and select the correct option.				
	a) b)	c)	d)		
	A B A B	АВ	АВ		
	Equisetum Fern Equisetum Fern	Selaginella Salvinia	Equisetum Fern		
<u>2</u> 97.	97. In angiosperms, functional megaspore develops into a) embryo sac b) ovule c) endosperm d) pollen sac.				
<u> 2</u> 98.	Ringworm in humans is caused by	:			
	a) Viruses b) Bacteria c) Fungi	d) Namatodes			
<u>2</u> 99.	Which of the following are not incluclassification? (a) Viruses (b) Viroid (c) Lichen a) a and b b) b and c c) a and c		m system of		
300	,	·			
JUU.	Which type of sexual reproduction a) Isogamous b) Anisogamous		of these		
301.	I. Each character is given equal importance and at the same time hundreds of characters can be considered in:				

a) cytotaxonomy b) morphotaxonomy c) chemotaxonomy

d) numerical taxonomy.

	The gametophyte of pteridophytes require to grow:-
	a) Warm, damp, and shady place b) Cool, damp and shady place
	c) Warm, dry, and shady place d) cool, dry, and place of well sunshine
	The 'walking fern' is so named because a) it is dispersed through the agency of walking animals
	b) it propagates vegetatively by rts leaf tips c) it knows how to walk by itself
	d) its spores are able to walk
	Maximum nutritional diversity is found in the group:-
	a) Monera b) Plantae c) Fungi d) Animalia
	Besides paddy field, cyanobacteria are also found inside vegetative part of: a) Psilotum b) Pinus c) Cycas d) Equisetum
	The "seaweeds" that form the under water forest are:
	a) kelps b) Laminaria c) Macrocystis d) all of these.
	Which of the following unicellular algae reproduce by auxospores, have silicified
	cell wall and store food in the form of fats, leucosine and chrysolaminarin?
	a) Diatoms b) Res algae c) Dinoflagaellates d) Euglenoids
308. ⁻	The sequencing of DNA and chemical nature of proteins have been used as the
	basis of classification by a
á	a) Cytotaxonomist b) karyotaxonomist c) chemotaxonomist
(d) $lpha$ - taxonomist
309.	The antherozoids of Funaria are
6	a) Aciliated b) Biflagellated c) Multiciliated d) Monociliated
310. I	Male gametes are flagellated in
ć	a) Anabaena b) Ectocarpus c) Spirogyra d) Polysiphonia
311.	Algin can be obtained from:-
	a) Rhodophyceae & Chlorophyceae b) Phaeophyceae & rhodophyceae
	c) rhodophyceae only d) Phaeophyceae only
	Natural systems of classification take into consideration
	a) morphological and anatomical characters
	b) morphological and anatomical characters
	c) physiological and reproductive characters d) all of these.
	Which one of the following is a slime mould?
	a) Anabaena b) Rhizopus c) Physarum d) Thiobacillus
	Heterosporous pteridophytes show certain characteristics, which are precursor to the 'seed habit' in gymnosperms. One of such characteristics is
,	the seed habit in gynniospenns. One of such characteristics is

	a) presence of vascular tissuesb) external water required for fertilisationc) presence of embryo stage
	d) development of embryo inside the female gametophyte.
315.	Which of the following is a symbiotic nitrogen fixer? a) Azolla b) Glomus c) Azotobacter d) Frankia
316.	Ethanol is commercially produced through a particular species of:- a) Saccharomyces b) Clostridium c) Trichoderma d) Aspergillus
317.	cone bearing Pteridophyta are:- a) Lycopsida and Psilopsida b) Filicinae and Lycopsida c) Filicinae and Sphenopsida d) Lycopsida and Sphenopsida
318.	Armoured cell wall and biflagellated cells are characteristic of:- a) Chrysophyta b) Pyrrophyta c) Euglenophyta d) Cyanophyta
319.	Gemmae are multicellular green structures for vegetative propagation. These are found inside gemma cups in a) Riccia capsule b) Marchantia thallus c) Funaria protonema
	d) Polytrichum thallus.
320.	Pinus differs from mango in having a) tree habit b) green leaves c) ovules not enclosed in ovary d) wood
321.	Read the following five statements (A to E) and select the option with all correct statements:-
	(A) Mosses and Lichens are the first organisms to colonise a bare rock(B) Selaginella is a homosporous pteridophyte(C) Coralloid roots in cycas have VAM
	(D) Main plant body in bryophytes is gametophytic, whereas in pteridophytes it is sporophytic
	(E) In gymnosperms, male and female gametophytes are present are within sporangia located on sporophyte
	a) (B), (C) and (D) b) (A), (D) and (E) c) (B), (C) and (E) d) (A), (C) and (D)
322.	Which out of the following are included under Tracheophyta, i.e., vascular plants?
	a) Pteridophytes b) Gymnosperms c) Angiosperms d) All of these
323.	Two plants can be conclusively said to belong to the same species if they: a) Have same number of chromosomes
	b) Can reproduce freely with each other and form seeds
	c) Have more than 90 percent similar genes
	d) Look similar and possess identical secondary metabolites

324.	Pinus seed cannot germinate and establish without fungal association. This is because
	a) It has obligate association with mycorrhizae.b) It has very hard seed coat.c) Its seeds contain inhibitors that prevent germination.d) Its embryo is immature.
325.	Assertion: In angiosperms, each cell of the embryo sac is haploid. Reason: In angiosperms, embryo sac formation is preceded by meiosis. a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion. d) If both assertion and reason are false.
326.	Evolution of seed habit first started in:- a) Selaginella like ancestral pteridophytes b) Psilotum like ancestral pteridophytes c) Gymnosperms d) Mosses
327.	Casparian strips occur in a) Cortex b) Pericycle c) Epidermis d) Endodermis
328.	Adiantum is called "walking ferin" due to:- a) Power of locomotion b) Vegetative reproduction c) Motile antherozoites d) All the above
329.	Plants of this group are diploid and well adapted to extreme conditions. They grow bearing sporophylls in compact structures called cones. The group in reference is a) monocots b) dicots c) pteridophytes d) gymnosperms.
330.	Seed plants are all a) heterosporous b) dioecious c) monoecious d) homosporous.
331.	Largest sperms in the plant world are found in a) Pinus b) Banyan c) Cycas d) Thuja
332.	Which of the following statements is correct? a) Horsetails are gymnosperms b) Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous

	c) Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms d) Stems are usually unbranced in both Cycas and Cedrus
333.	Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae? a) Anabaena and volvox b) Chlorella and spirulina c) Laminaria and Sargossum d) Gelidium and Gracilaria
334.	Which of the following statements is incorrect about Cycas? a) It has unbranched stem. b) It possesses pinnately compound leaves. c) It is a dioecious plant. d) It is a non-archegoniate plant.
335.	Read the following statements (A-E) and answer the question which follows them.
	(a) In liverworts, mosses and ferns gametophytes are free living
	(b) Gymnosperms and some ferns are heterosporous
	(c) Sexual reproduction in Fucus, Volvox and Allbugo is oogamous
	(d) The sporophyte in liverworts is more elaborate than that in mosses
	(e) Both, Pinus and Marchantia are dioecious
	How many of the above statements are correct?
١٥٥	a) Four b) one c) Two d) Three
336.	The 'wing' of Pinus seed is derived from a) testa b) testa and tegmen c) surface of ovuliferous scale d) All of the above
337.	Which of the statements regarding haplontic life cycle is incorrect?
	a) Sporophytic generation is represented only by the one-celled zygote.b) There is no free-living sporophyte.
	c) Mitosis in the zygote results in the formation of haploid spores.
	d) The haploid spores divide mitotically and form the gametophyte.
338.	In which group of organisms the cells walls for two thin overlapping shells which fit together
	a) Slime moulds b) Chrysophytes c) Euglenoids d) Dinoflagellates
339.	System of classification that employs numerical data to evaluate similarities and differences is known as
	a) cytotaxonomy b) biosystematics c) phenetics d) phenetics
340.	Bryophytes are amphibians because
	a) they require a layer of water for carrying out sexual reproduction
	b) they occur in damp places c) they are mostly, aquatic d) All of the above
341.	Which of the following has proved helpful in preserving pollen as fossils? a) Oil content b) Cellulosic intine c) Pollenkitt d) Sporopollenin

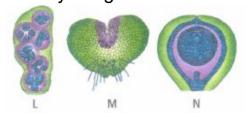
342.	One gene-one enzyme relationship was established for the first time in:-
	a) Diplococcus pneumoniae b) Neurospora crassa
	c) Salmonella typhimurium d) Escherichia Coli
343.	systems of classification were based on natural affinities
	among the organisms.
	a) Artificial b) Natural c) Phylogenetic d) Sexual
344.	Assertion: In diplontic life cycle, gametophyte is dominant.
	Reason: In diplontic life cycle, there is no free living sporophyte.
	a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of
	assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation
	of assertion.
	c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
	d) If both assertion and reason are false.
345.	Most reduced gametophyte generation is found in:-
	a) Bryophyta b) Pteridophyta c) Gymnosperms d) Anglosperms
346.	Which one of the following pairs is wrongly matched?
	a) Coliforms-Vinegar b) Methanogens-Gobar gas c) Yeast-Ethanol
	d) Streptomycetes-Antibiotic
347.	Protonema is
	a) haploid and is found in mosses b) diploid and is found in liverworts
	c) diploid and is found in pteridophytes
	d) haploid and is found in pteridophytes
348.	Which of the following character is similar in cyanobacteria and green plants?
	a) Cell wall(composition) b) Chlorophyll 'a' c) Nif gene d) 80s ribosome
349.	Curing of tea leaves is brought about by the activity of :
١٣٥	a) virus b) fungi c) bacteria d) mycorrhiza
350.	Which group of organisms is responsible for the production of biogas from the
	dung of cows and buffaloes? a) Methanomonas b) Methanogens c) Cyanobacteria d) Mycoplasma
} 51	Protista is similar to Plantae and different from monera in:-
)	a) Mode of nutrition b) Cellular grade of organization c) Nuclear membrane
	d) Cell wall
352	Resemblances between algae and bryophytes include
, ,	

 a) presence of root-like, stem-like and leaf-like structures b) thallus-like plant body, lack of vascular tissue, autotrophic nutrition c) thallus-like plant body, presence of vascular tissue, autotrophic nutrition d) presence of roots, heterotrophic nutrition.
353. Which are chief producers of oceans? a) Diatoms b) Dinoflagellates c) Euglenoid d) Green algae
354. Division "Tracheophyta" includes:- a) Bryophyta b) All vascular plants c) All non-vascular plants d) All non-vascular and vascular plants
355. Unique features of bryophytes is that they a) produce spores b) have sporophyte attached to gametophyte c) lack roots d) lack vascular tissues
356. Pteridophyta differs from bryophyta in having:- a) Vascular tissuec b) Archegonia c) Alternation of generations d) Motile sperm
357. Study the given statements about gymnosperms and select the correct option. (i) Mode of fertilisation is siphonogamy. (ii) Male and female cones are borne on same tree in Pinus. (iii) Endosperm represents female gametophyte. a) Statements (i) and (ii) are correct. b) Statements (ii) and (iii) are correct. c) Statements (i) and (iii) are correct d) Statements (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct.
358. A moss sperm moves by means of a) pseudopodia b) cilia c) flagella d) any of these
359. The "endosperm" of a gymnosperm represent:- a) Gametophytic tissue b) Sporophytic tissue c) Tissue formed by double fertilization d) Polyploid tissue
360. Identify the gymnosperms shown in figure and select the correct option.
a) b) c) A B C A B C A B C Cyeas Cedrus Ginkgo Pinus Cyeas d) A B C
CyeasGinkgoPinus

361. Asexual reproduction in liverworts takes place by a) fragmentation of thalli and gemmae formation b) gemmae formation and diploid spore formation c) spores formation and isogamy d) fragmentation and zoospore formation.
362. Which one of the following is heterosporous? a) Adiantum b) Equisetum c) Dryopteris d) Salvinia
363. What is the chromosomes number in rhizoid, egg cells, capsule and protonema, if leaf cell of bryophyte contains 10 chromosomes? a) 10, 10, 20 and 10 respectively b) 10, 20, 20 and 10 respectively c) 20, 10, 20 and 10 respectively d) 10, 10, 20 and 20 respectively
364. The pathogen Microsporum responsible for ringworm disease in humans belongs to the same kingdom of organisms as that of:a) Ascaris, a round worm b) Taenia, a tapewoemc) Wuchereria, a filarial worm d) Rhizopus, a mould
365. Ulothrix filaments produce a) isogametes b) anisogametes c) heterogametes d) basidiospores
366. Cyanobacteria are classified under a) Protista b) Planta c) Monera d) Algae.
367. Phycoerythrin is present in a) Euglena b) Polysiphonia c) Chlamydomonas d) Fucus.
368. Seed habit first originated in a) certain ferns b) certain pines c) certain monocots d) primitive dicots
369. An alga very rich in protein is a) Spirogyra b) Ulothrix c) Oscillatoria d) Chlorella
370. Monoecious plant of Chara shows occurrence of: a) Upper oogonium and lower antheridium on the same plant b) antheridiophore and archegoniophore on the same plant c) stamen and carpel on the same plant d) upper antheridium and lower oogonium on the same plant
371. Which of the following structures is not found in prokaryotic cells? a) Plasma membrane b) Nuclear envelope c) Ribosome d) Mesosomere
372. In pteridophytes, prothallus produces a) sporangia b) antheridia and archegonia c) vascular tissues d) root, stem and leaf.
373. Anoxygenic photosynthesis is characteristic of: a) Rhodospirillum b) Spirogyra c) Chlamydomonas d) Ulva

374. In Pinus, the pollen grain has 6 chromosomes then its endosperm will have the chromosome	;
a) 2 b) 18 c) 6 d) 24	
375. Moss peristome takes part in	
a) spore dispersal b) photosynthesis c) protection d) absorption	
376. Neurospora, which is popularly known as Drosophila of plant kingdom, belongs to:-	3
a) Phycomycets b) Ascomycetes c) Basidiomycetes d) Seuteromycetes	
377. Which one has the largest gametophyte? a) Cycas b) Angiosperm c) Selaginella d) Moss	
378. Canada balsam, a mounting agent used to make permanent slides, is obtained from the species of a) Abies b) Cedrus c) Pinus d) Juniperus	ť
379. Identify the given figures of algae and select the correct option.	
A B	
a) b) c) A B A B A B FucusPolysiphonia DictyotaPolysiphonia DictyotaPorphyra	
d)	
A B	
Porphyra Polysiphonia Polysiphonia	
380. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the codes give	en
below.	
Column I Column II	
A. Psilopsida (i) Psilotum	
B. Lycopsida (ii) Equisetum	
C. Sphenopsida(iii) Selaginella	
D. Pteropsida (iv) Dryopteris	
a) A-(i), B-(ii), C-(iii), D-(iv) b) A-(i), B-(iv), C-(iii), D-(ii)	
c) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(ii), D-(iv) d) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(ii)	
381. In, a dominant and independent diploid sporophyte alternates	3
with a short-lived, independent haploid gametophyte.	
a) algae b) bryophytes c) pteridophytes d) gymnosperms	
382. The members of Phaeophyceae or brown algae are found primarily in/on	

- a) freshwater b) marine habitat c) terrestrial habitat d) rock.
- 383. Male and female gametophytes are independent and free-living in:
 - a) Sphagnum b) Mustard c) Castor d) Pinus
- 384. Filamentous unbranched thallus is found in
 - a) Chlamydomonas b) cladophora c) volvox d) spirogyra
- 385. In the five-kingdom classification, Chlamydomonas and Chlorella have been included in:
 - a) Plantae b) Monera c) Protista d) Algae
- 386. Which kind of life-cycle pattern is exhibited by seed-bearing plants?
 - a) Haplontic b) Diplontic c) Haplo-diplontic d) All of these
- 387. The heterosporous pteridophytes are
 - a) Lycopodium and Pteris b) Selaginella and Psilotum
 - c) Selaginella and Salvinia d) Dryopteris and Adiantum
- 388. Which out of the following does not belong to brown algae?
 - a) Gelidium, Batrachospermum b) Ectocarpus, Dictyota c) Laminaria, Fucus
 - d) Sargassum, Ectocarpus
- 389. Plants having haplontic life cycle shows
 - a) Sporic meiosis b) Zygotic Meiosis c) Gametic meiosis d) Both (1) & (2)
- 390. Identify the given structures and select the correct option



a)		
L	M	N
Aplanospore	Prothallus (2n) of pteridophyte	Ovule of angiosperm

b)

L M N

Palmella Prothallus Ovule stage (n) of Ulothrix bryophyte

c)

• ,		
I	М	N
Akinetes of Chlamydomonas	Sporophyte (2n) of bryophyte	Endosperm of gymnosperm

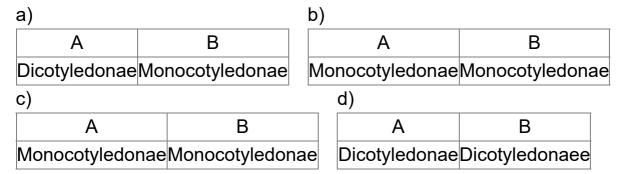
	d)			
	I	М	N	
	Palmella stage of Chlamydomonas	(n) of	Ovule of gymnosperm	
391.	Male and female ga a) Pteris b) Cedru			e independent existence in: ria
392.		_		arity between fungl and animals? I c) Presence of chitin
393.	. Which of the following is not correctly matched for the organism and its cell wall degrading enzyme? a) Fungi-Chitinase b) Bacteria-Lysozyme c) Plant cells-Cellulase d) Algae-Methylase			
394.	Bryophytes are dep a) water is essentia b) water is essentia c) the sperms can e d) archegonium has	l for fertilisati l for their veg easily reach υ	on for their hom getative propaga up to egg in the	nosporous nature ation archegonium
395.	Brown algae is chara) phycocyanin b)	•	•	of nin d) haematochrome
396.	Which one of the fo a) Morchella escule d) Ustilago sp.			•
397.	Which of the following a) Walking fern b)		•	·
398.	distant places beca	use b) it reduce	·	nding flowers and live plants to c) it serves as a disinfectant.
399.	Euglenoids have a a (a) Cellulose b) Cl	•	•	cell wall This layer is called as:-
100.	Isogamous conditio a) Fucus b) Chlan			
ł01.	The basic smallest a) Genus b) Spec			se

102.	Which one of the following is not an inclusion body found in prokaryotes? a) Cyanophycean granule b) Glycogen granule c) Polysome d) Phosphate granule			
103.	Compared with the gametophytes of the bryophytes the gametophytes of vascular plant are a) Smaller but have larger sex organs b) Larger but have smaller sex organs c) Larger and have larger sex organs d) Smaller and have smaller sex organs			
104.	Monographs are concerned with: a) Information of any species only b) Information of any genus only c) Information of any family only d) Information of any family only			
105.	Which of the following cannot fix nitrogen? a) Nostoc b) Azotobacter c) Spirogyra d) Anabaena			
106.	Which one of the following is a correct statement? a) Antheridiophores and archegoniophores are present in pteridophytes b) Origin of seed habit can be traced in pteridophytes c) pteridophyte gametophyte has a protonemal and leafy stage d) In gymnosperms female gametophyte is free living			
107.	The dominant Phase in the life Cycle of pteridophyta is nutritionally equivalent to the a) gametophytic phase of bryophyta b) Sporophytic Phase of Bryophyta c) Gametophytic Phase of angiosperm d) Gametophytic Phase of Gymnosperm			
108.	A leafy gametophyte plant with multicellular rhizoids and sporophyte differentiated in foot, seta and capsule should belong to:- a) Psilopsida b) Hepaticopsida c) Bryopsida d) Lycopsida			
109.	Which of the following is an aquatic fern? a) Adiantum b) Dryopteris c) Salvinia d) Equisetum			
∤10 .	Which of the following statements regarding nomenclature is correct? a) Generic name always begains with capital letter whereas specific epithet with small letter b) Scientific name always should be printed in italics c) Scientific name when typed or handwritten should be separately underlined d) All the above			
111 .	Which of the following suffix is always correct for taxonomic categories without any exception?			

	a) "-ia" for class like in class Mammaliab) "-ca" for genus like in genus Muscac) "-ceae" for family like is family poaceaed) "-oda" for phylum like in phylum Arthopoda
l 12.	Assertion: Spores in mosses are contained within the capsule.
	Reason: Spores are formed by mitotic division in mosses. a)
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
	c) If assertion is true but reason is false.
	d) If both assertion and reason are false.
l13.	The thalloid body of a slime mould (Myxomycetes) is known as: a) Fruit body b) Mycelium c) Protonema d) Plasmodium
114.	Which statement is correct about mosses? a) They have dominant and independent sporophyte b) Their antherozoids require water for fertilisation c) Their archegonia produce many eggs d) Their antherozoids are multiflagellated
l15.	Assertion: In gymnosperms, the male and female gametophytes do not have independent existence.
	Reason: They remain within the sporangia retained on the sporophyte.
	If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b)
	If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
	c) If assertion is true but reason is false.d) If both assertion and reason are false.
I16.	In double fertilisation, one male gamete fuses with the(i)form zygote and the other male gamete fuses with(ii)form primary endosperm nucleus.
	a) synergids (n), antipodals (n)b) egg (n), antipodalsc) egg (n), secondary nucleus (2n)d) egg (n), synergids (n)
l 17.	Gemmae are asexual reproductive bodies of

	a) brown algae b) mosses c) liverworts d) red algae
118.	Infoldings of plasma membrane in bacteria are called as:- a) Episomes b) Plasmid c) Pili d) Mesosomes
ŀ 19.	Which one of the following is not the ecological importance of moss plants?
	a)
	Some mosses provide food for herbaceous mammals birds and other animals
	b)
	Very high water holding capacity of mosses is useful for trans-shipment of living materials
	c) Mosses algong with lichens are the pioneering organisms to colonise rocks
	d) Mosses from dense mats on the soil and reduce the impact of falling rain.
∤2 0.	Batrachospermum is a
	a) red algae of sea b) brown algae c) blue algae d) red algae of freshwater
ŀ 21.	Archaebacterial cell lacks:-
	a) Peptidoglycan b) DNA c) Ribosomes d) Branched Chain Lipids
122.	Which one of the following is considered important in the development of seed habit?
	a) Heterospory b) Halplontic life cycle c) Free-living gametophyte
	d) Dependent sporophyte
l23.	Which one of the following has haplontic life cycle
	a) Wheat b) Funaria c) Polytrichum d) Ustilago
124.	In Whittaker's five kingdom classification, eucaryotes where assigned to:-
	a) All the five kingdom b) Only four of the five kingdoms
	c) Only three kingdom d) Only one kingdom
∤2 5.	Strobili or cones are found in
	a) Marchantia b) Equisetum c) Salvinia d) Pteris
∤2 6.	Chief merit of Bentham and Hooker's classification is that:-
	a) It is a system mostly based on evolutionary
	b) It is a natural systems of classification of all groups of plants
	c) The description of the taxa are based on actual observation of the specimen
	d) It also considers the phylogenetic aspects
! 27.	In which one of the following, male and female gametophytes do not have free
	living independent existence?
	a) Polytrichum b) Cedrus c) Pteris d) Funaria

- 128. Read the given statements and select the correct option.
 - Statement 1: Each sperm of moss has two flagella.
 - **Statement 2:** Water is essential for fertilisation in mosses.
 - a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct.
 - b) Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
 - c) Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
 - d) Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect
- I29. Angiosperms A and B shown in the figure belong to the Class _ and _ respectively.



- 130. Choose the incorrect statement from following
 - a) Dinoflagellates have stiff cellulose plates on the outer surface b)

Euglenoids have two flagella, one lies longline dinally and the other transversely

- c) Slime mould's spores are dispersed by currents
- d) In diatoms the cell walls form two overlapping shells
- 131. The Plant used as an alternative of cotton:
 - a) Sphagnum b) Funaria c) Riccia d) Andria
- l32. Read the given statements and select the correct option.

Statement 1: Volvox forms spherical colony.

Statement 2: Volvox colony is made up of non-motile cells.

- a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct.
- b) Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- c) Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct.
- d) Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect.
- 133. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - a) Mosses along with lichens are the first organisms to colonise rocks.
 - b) Sphagnum is used as packing material for transportation of living material.
 - c) In liverworts, spores are produced after meiosis within the capsule.
 - d) Funaria possessesunicellular unbranched rhizoids.

- 134. Them most abundant prokaryotes helpful to humans in making curd from milk and in production of antibiotics are ones categorised as:
 - a) Chemosynthetic autotrophs b) Heterotrophic bacteria c) Cyanobacteria
 - d) Archaebacteira
- 135. Incorrect Statement in relation to the artificial system of classification is
 - a) Used only grass morphlogical characters
 - b) Based mainly on vegetative characters or androrcium Structure
 - c) Gave more preference to Sexual characterstics
 - d) Separated closely related species as they were based on a few charccters
- 136. The given figure shows alan



- a) Selaginella leaf b) Psilotum leaf c) Adiantum plant d) Dryopteris plant
- I37. If you are asked to classify the various algae into distinct groups, which of the following characters you should choose?
 - a) Chemical composition of the cell wall
 - b) Types of pigments present in the cell
 - c) Nature of stored food materials in the cell
 - d) Nature of stored food materials in the cell
- 138. Male gametophyte in anglosperms produces:
 - a) Three sperms b) two sperms and a vegetative cell
 - c) Single sperm and a vegetative cell d) Single sperm and two vegetative cell
- 139. Which one of the following statements about Cycas is incorrect?
 - a) It does not have a well organised female flower b) It has circinate vemarion
 - c) Its xylem is mainly composed of xylem vessels
 - d) Its roots contain some blue-green algae
- 140. Flagellated cells are ansent in:-
- a) Red algae b) Blue green algae c) Higher seed plants d) All the above l41. Deepest algae in sea are:-
- a) Red Algae b) Brown Algae c) Green Algae d) Golden Algae
- I42. Select the incorrect pair.
 - a) Numerical taxonomy All observable characteristics
 - b) Cytotaxonomy Cytological information

	c) Chemotaxonomy - Chromosome number and structure. d) Cladistic taxonomy - Origin from a common ancestor					
143.	Read the given statements and select the incorrect ones. (i) Sporophyte in mosses is more elaborate than that in liverworts. (ii) Salvinia is homosporous. (iii) Life-cycle in all spermatophytes is diplontic. (iv) In Cycas, male cones and megasporophylls are borne on the same trees. a) (i) and (ii) b) (i) and (iii) c) (ii) and (iv) d) (iii) and (iv)					
144.	Prothallus (ga fertilisation. It	imetophyte) g	ives rise to fern plant (sp	porophyte) wi		
ł45.	a) apospory b) apogamy c) parthenocarpy d) parthenogenesis 5. Which one of the wrong pairing for the disease and its causal organism? a) Root-knot of vegetables-Meloidogyne sp b) Late blight of potato-Alternaria solani c) Black rust to wheat - Puccinia gramins d) Loose smut of wheat - Ustilago nuda					
146.	Sperms of both Funaria and Pteris were released together near the archegonia of Pteris. Only Pteris sperms enter the archegonia as a) Pteris archegonia repel Funaria sperms b) Funaria sperms get killed by Pteris sperms c) Funaria sperms are less mobile d) Pteris archegonia release chemical to attract its sperms					
147.	 Plant classification as proposed by Carolus Linnaeus was artificial because it was based on a) only a few morphological characters b) all the possible characters c) anatomical characters which are adaptive in nature d) physiological and morphological characters 					
148.	8. The moss which forms dense extensive mats on the soil prevents a) uprooting of trees b) soil erosion c) falling of leaves d) evaporation of water from the soil.					
149.	9. Key, a taxonomical aid, used for identification of plants and animals based on similarities and dissimilarities it's each statement is called: a) Couplet b) Lead c) Choice d) Indented					
I50.	Fill in the blanks a, b, c and d by observing the characters given in the table and choose the correct answer from the options:-					
			· ·	Vascular	Female sex	

tissue

organ

Bryophyte	Gametophyte	Zoodiogamy	Absent	(c)
Pteridophyta	(a)	Zoodiogamy	(b)	Archegonium
Gymnosperm	Sporophyte	Siphnogamy and	Present	(d)
Gymnosperme		zoodiogamy	i ieseiit	(u)

a)

а	b	С	d
Sporophyte	Present	Archegonium	Archegonium

b)

а	b	С	d
Sporophyte	Absent	Oogonium	Archegonium
`			

c)

а	b	С	d	
Gametophyte	Present	Archegonium	Carpel	

d)

, 	_		
а	b	С	d
Gametophyte	Present	Archegonium	Carpel

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