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7TH CBSE LINES AND ANGLES MCQS ANS

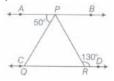
- 1) Angles which are both supplementary and vertically opposite are

- (a) $95^{\circ},85^{\circ}$ **(b) 90^{\circ},90^{\circ}** (c) $100^{\circ},80^{\circ}$ (d) $45^{\circ},45^{\circ}$
- 2) The angle, which makes a linear pair with an angle of 58° is of

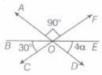
- (a) 122° (b) 123° (c) 119° (d) 69°
- 3) The angles $x 10^{\circ}$ and $190^{\circ} x$ are
- (a) interior angles on the same side of the transversal (b) making a linear pair (c) complementary
- (d) supplementary
- 4) In the following figure, the value of x is



- (a) 110°
- (b) 46°
- (c) 64°
- (d) 150°
- 5) In the following figure, if AB II CD, \angle APQ = 50° and \angle PRD = 130°, then \angle QPR is



- (a) 130°
- (b) 50°
- (c) 80°
- (d) 30°
- 6) If two supplementary angles are in the ratio of 1:2, then the bigger angle is
- (a) 120°
- (b) 125°
- (c) 110°
- (d) 90°
- 7) The measure of an angle, which is four times its supplement is
- (a) 36°
- (b) 144°
- (c) 16°
- (d) 64°
- 8) In the following figure, the value of α is



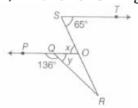
- (a) 20°
- (b) 15°
- (c) 25°
- (d) 30°
- 9) In the following figure, $\alpha = 35^{\circ}$, then the value of b is



- (a) 27.5
- (b) 26.5
- (c) 29
- (d) 28.5

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10) In the following figure, PQ II ST, then the value of x + y is



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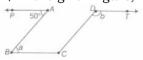
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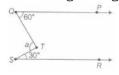
(a) 110° (b) 106° (c) 102° **(d) 109**°

11) In the given figure, if PA II BC IIDT and AB II DC, then the values of a and $\,$ b are respectively



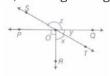
(a) 60° and 120° **(b) 50° and 130**° (c) 70° and 110° (d) 80° and 100°

12) In the given figure, if OP II SR, the value of a is



(a) 40° (b) 30° (c) 90° (d) 80°

13) In the given figure, lines PQ and ST intersect at O. If $\angle POR = 90^{\circ}$ and x : y = 3 : 2, then z is equal to



(a) 126° **(b) 144**° (c) 136° (d) 154°

14) In the given figure, PQ II RS. If $\angle 1 = (2a + b)^\circ$ and $\angle 6 = (3a - b)^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle 2$ in terms of b is



(a) (2+b)° (b) (3-b)° (c) (108-b)° (d) (180-b)°

15) A ray has how many end points?

(a) one (b) two (c) three (d) zero

16) What is the sum of the measures of two supplementary angles?

(a) 90° **(b) 180**° (c) 360° (d) 270°

17) Assume figure, AB II CD and EFis the transversal. If angles AGH = 60° , what is the measure of angle DHF?

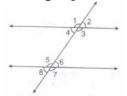
(a) 90° **(b) 120**° (c) 180° (d) 105°

- 18) A line has how many end points?
- (a) one

- (b) two (c) three (d) zero
- 19) What is the sum of the measures of two complementary angles?
- (a) 90°
- (b) 120° (c) 180°
- (d) 105°
- 20) The angles between North and East and North and West are:



- (a) complementary angles (b) supplementary angles (c) both acute angles
- (d) both obtuse angles
- 21) Which of the following pair of angles are supplementary?
- (a) 48°,42°
- (b) 60°,60° (c) 75°, 105
- (d) 179°.2°
- 22) In fig. a pair of corresponding angles is:

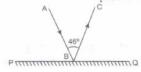


- (b) $\angle 3$, $\angle 6$ (c) $\angle 3$, $\angle 5$ (d) $\angle 3$, $\angle 7$

- 23) If two lines are intersected by a transversal, then the number of pairs of interior angles on the same side of the transversal is:
- (a) 1 **(b) 2** (c) 3 (d) 4
- 24) The angles between North and West and South and East are:
- (a) complementary (b) supplementary (c) both are acute (d) both are obtuse

- 25) Angles between South and West and South and East are:
- (a) vertically opposite angles (b) complementary angles (c) making a linear pair

- (d) adjacent but not supplementary
- $^{26)}$ PQ is a mirror, AB is the incident ray and BC is the reflected ray. If $ngle ABC=46^0$ then ngle ABP is equal to:



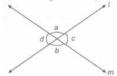
(a) 44°

(b) 67°

(c) 13°

(d) 62°

- 27) If the complement of an angle is 79°, then the angle will be of:
- (a) 1° **(b) 11**° (c) 79° (d) 101°
- 28) The angle which makes a linear pair with an angle of 610 is of:
- (b) 61° (c) 122° (d) 199°
- 29) The angles x and 90°- x are:
- (a) supplementary (b) complementary (c) vertically opposite (d) making a linear pair
- 30) In Fig., lines I and m intersect each other at a point. Which of the following is false?



- (a) $\angle a = \angle b$ (b) $\angle d = \angle c$ (c) $\angle a = \angle d = 180^0$ (d) $\angle a = \angle d$

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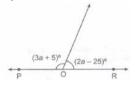
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- 31) If angle P and angel Q are supplementary and the measure of angles p is 60°, then the measure of angle Q is:
- (a) 120° (b) 60° (c) 30° (d) 20°
- 32) POR is a line. The value of a is:



- (a) 40° (b) 45° (c) 55° (d) 60°
- 33) In Fig., the value of y is



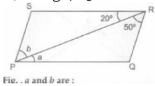
- (b) 15° (c) 20° (d) 22.5° (a) 30°
- 34) PA II BC II DT II and AB II DC. Then, the values of a and b are respectively.



- **(b) 50°**, **130°** (c) 70° , 110^{0} (d) 80° , 100° (a) 60° .30°
- 35) The difference of two complementary angles is 30°. Then, the angles are:
- (a) 60°,30° (b) 70°,40° (c) 20°,150° (d) 105°, 75°

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36) In Fig. ,PQ II SR and SP II RQ. Then, angles a and b are respectively:



- (a) 20°,50°
- (b) 50°, 120°
- (c) 30°, 50° (d) 45°, 35°

37) In Fig., a and b are:



- (a) alternate exterior angles (b) corresponding angles (c) alternate interior angles
- (d) vertically opposite angles

38) In fig., ROS is a right angle and POR and QOS are in the ratio 1: 5. Then QOS measures:



- (a) 150°
- (b) 75°
- (c) 45°
- (d) 60°
- 39) Statements a and b are as given below:
- a: If two lines intersect, then the vertically opposite angles are equal.
- b: If a transversal intersects, two other lines, then the sum of two interior angles on the same side of the transversal is 180°.

Then

- (a) Both a and b are true (b) a is true and b is false (c) a is false and b is true
- (d) both a and b are false
- 40) For Fig., statements p and q are given below:
- p: a and b are forming a linear pair.
- q: a and b are forming a pair of a adjacent angles.

Then:



- (a) both p and q are true (b) p is true and q is false (c) p is false and q is true
- (d) both p and q are false