RAVI MATHS TUITION CENTER ,GKM COLONY, CH- 82. PH: 8056206308

MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS - TEST 2

Date : 10-Jun-19

12th Standard 2019 EM

Maths

Reg.No. : | | | | | | |

Time : 01:30:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 50

5 x 1 = 5

1) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ then $|\text{adj } (AB)| =$

(a) -40 (b) -80 (c) -60 (d) -20

2) If $P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ is the adjoint of 3 × 3 matrix A and $|A| = 4$, then x is

(a) 15 (b) 12 (c) 14 (d) 11

3) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$ then the value of a_{23} is

(a) 0 (b) -2 (c) -3 (d) -1

4) If A, B and C are invertible matrices of some order, then which one of the following is not true?

(a) adj A = $|A|A^{-1}$ (b) adj(AB) = (adj A)(adj B) (c) det A^{-1} = (det A)$^{-1}$ (d) $(ABC)^{-1} = C^{-1}B^{-1}A^{-1}$

5) If $(AB)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -17 \\ -19 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, then $B^{-1} =$

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ -3 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (d) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -5 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

10 x 2 = 20

6) Find the matrix A for which $A\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 7 \\ 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$.

7) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, find a matrix X such that AXB = C.

8) Decrypt the received encoded message $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ with the encryption matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and the decryption matrix as its inverse, where the system of codes are described by the numbers 1 - 26 to the letters A - Z respectively, and the number 0 to a blank space.

9) Find the rank of the following matrices by row reduction method:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & -1 & 7 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

10)

4 men and 4 women can finish a piece of work jointly in 3 days while 2 men and 5 women can finish the same work jointly in 4 days. Find the time taken by one man alone and that of one woman alone to finish the same work by using matrix inversion method.

11) In a competitive examination, one mark is awarded for every correct answer while $\frac{1}{4}$ mark is deducted for every wrong answer. A student answered 100 questions and got 80 marks. How many questions did he answer correctly ? (Use Cramer's rule to solve the problem).

12) If $ax^2 + bx + c$ is divided by $x + 3$, $x - 5$, and $x - 1$, the remainders are 21,61 and 9 respectively. Find a,b and c. (Use Gaussian elimination method.)

13) Find the value of k for which the equations $kx - 2y + z = 1$, $x - 2ky + z = -2$, $x - 2y + kz = 1$ have
(i) no solution
(ii) unique solution
(iii) infinitely many solution

14) Find the adjoint of the following:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

15) Solve the following system of linear equations by matrix inversion method:
$2x - y = 8$, $3x + 2y = -2$

5 x 3 = 15

16) The upward speed v(t)of a rocket at time t is approximated by $v(t) = at^2 + bt + c \leq t \leq 100$ where a, b and c are constants. It has been found that the speed at times t = 3, t = 6, and t = 9 seconds are respectively, 64, 133, and 208 miles per second respectively. Find the speed at time t = 15 seconds. (Use Gaussian elimination method.)

17) Solve the system: $x + y - 2z = 0$, $2x - 3y + z = 0$, $3x - 7y + 10z = 0$, $6x - 9y + 10z = 0$.

18) Determine the values of λ for which the following system of equations $(3\lambda - 8)x + 3y + 3z = 0$, $3x + (3\lambda - 8)y + 3z = 0$, $3x + 3y + (3\lambda - 8)z = 0$. has a non-trivial solution.

19) By using Gaussian elimination method, balance the chemical reaction equation: $C_5H_8 + O_2 \longrightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$. (The above is the reaction that is taking place in the burning of organic compound called isoprene.)

20) If the system of equations $px + by + cz = 0$, $ax + qy + cz = 0$, $ax + by + rz = 0$ has a non-trivial solution and p - a,q - b,r - c, prove that $\frac{p}{p-a} + \frac{q}{q-b} + \frac{r}{r-c} = 2$.

2 x 5 = 10

21) Test for consistency of the following system of linear equations and if possible solve:
$x + 2y - z = 3$, $3x - y + 2z = 1$, $x - 2y + 3z = 3$, $x - y + z + 1 = 0$

22) Investigate for what values of λ and μ the system of linear equations
$x + 2y + z = 7$, $x + y + \lambda z = \mu$, $x + 3y - 5z = 5$ has
(i) no solution
(ii) a unique solution
(iii) an infinite number of solutions

****