## RAVI MATHS TUITION CENTER, CHENNAI-82. WHATSAPP - 8056206308

## **Application Of Integrals**

12th Standard Maths

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- 1) Find the area of the region by the curve  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ , x-axis and between x = 1, x = 4.
- 2) On sketching the graph of y=|x-2| and evaluating  $\int_{-1}^3|x-2|dx$ , what does  $\int_{-1}^3|x-2|dx$  represent on the graph ?
- 3) Sketch the region lying in the first quadrant and bounded by  $y = 9x^2$ , x = 0, y = 1 and y = 4. Find the area of region using integration.
- 4) Draw a rough sketch of the curve  $y = \sqrt{x-1}$  the interval [1,5]. Find the area under the curve and the lines x = 1 and x = 5.
- 5) Find the area of the minor segment of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  cut-off by the line  $x = \frac{a}{2}$

 $10 \times 3 = 30$ 

- 6) Using integration find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the x-axis, the line y = x and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 32$ .
- 7) Find the area bounded by the curve  $y = \cos x$  between x = 0 and  $x = 2\pi$
- 8) Find the area of the region bounded by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and the lines x = 1, x = 4 and the x axis.
- 9) Find the area of the region bounded by the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$
- 10) Find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by x axis and  $x = \sqrt{3}y$  by the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .



11) Find the area of the smaller part of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  cut off by the line  $x = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$ 



12) Using integration find the area of the following region:

$$\left\{ (x, y): \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} \le \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{2} \right\}$$

- 13) Sketch the graph of y = |x + 3| and evaluate the area under the curve y = |x + 3| above x-axis and between x = -6 to x = 0.
- 14) Find the area of the region bounded by teh line y=3x+2, the x-axis and ordinates at x=-1 and x=1.
- 15) Using integration, find the area of the quadrant of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

- 16) Find the area of the region bounded by the line y = 3x + 2, the x-axis and the ordinates x = -1 and x = 1.
- 17) Find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the y-axis, the line y = x and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 32$ , using integration.
- 18) Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the curves: y = |x+1| + 1, x = -3, x = 3, y = 0.
- 19) Using integration find the area of the region given by  $\{(x,y): (x^2 \le y \le |x|)\}$ .

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