Q1. The radius of the nth orbit in Bohr model of hydrogen atom is proportional to: **1 Mark**
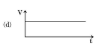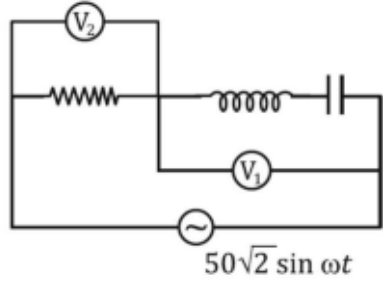
A $\frac{1}{n^2}$

B $\frac{1}{n}$

C n^2

D n

Q2. The electric potential on the axis of an electric dipole at a distance 'r from it's centre is V. Then the potential at a point at the same distance on its equatorial line will be: **1 Mark**

A 2V

B -V

C $\frac{V}{2}$

D Zero

Q3. If the magnetizing field on a ferromagnetic material is increased, its permeability. **1 Mark**

A Decreases.

B Increases.

C Remains unchanged.

D First decreases and then increases.

Q4. Assertion (A) and Reason (R) type questions. Two statements are given - one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**

Assertion (A): The phase difference between any two points on a wavefront is zero.

Reason (R): All points on a wavefront are at the same distance from the source and thus oscillate in the same phase.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q5. An ac source of voltage is connected in series with a p-n junction diode and a load resistor. The correct option for output voltage across load resistance will be: **1 Mark**

A

B

C

D

Q6. A diamagnetic substance is brought near the north or south pole of a bar magnet. It will be: **1 Mark**

A repelled by both the poles.

B attracted by both the poles.

C repelled by the north pole and attracted by the south pole.

D attracted by the north pole and repelled by the south pole.

Q7. If the reading of the voltmeter V_1 is 40V, then the reading of voltmeter V_2 is **1 Mark**

A 30V

B 58V

C 29V

D 15V

Q8. In the process of charging of a capacitor, the current produced between the plates of the capacitor is: **1 Mark**

A $\mu_0 \frac{d\phi E}{dt}$

B $\frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{d\phi E}{dt}$

C $\in_0 \frac{d\phi E}{dt}$

D $\frac{1}{\in_0} \frac{d\phi E}{dt}$

Q9. A galvanometer of resistance $G \, \Omega$ is converted into an ammeter of range 0 to I A. If the current through the galvanometer is 0.1% of I A, the resistance of the ammeter is: **1 Mark**

A $\frac{G}{999} \Omega$

B $\frac{G}{1000} \Omega$

C $\frac{G}{1001} \Omega$

D $\frac{G}{100.1} \Omega$

Q10. Hydrogen atom initially in the ground state, absorbs a photon which excites it to n = 5 level. The wavelength of the photon is: **1 Mark**

| **A** 975 nm | **B** 740 nm | **C** 523 nm | **D** 95 nm |

Q11. In the four regions, I, II, III and IV, the electric fields are described as: **1 Mark**
$\text{Region I} : E_x = E_0 \sin(kz - \omega t)$
$\text{Region II} : E_x = E_0$
$\text{Region III} : E_x = E_0 \sin kz$
$\text{Region IV} : E_x = E_0 \cos kz$
The displacement current will exist in the region:

| **A** I | **B** IV | **C** II | **D** III |

Q12. The work function for a metal surface is 4.14 eV. The threshold wavelength for this metal surface is: **1 Mark**

| **A** 4125Å | **B** 2062.5Å | **C** 3000Å | **D** 6000Å |

Q13. A long straight wire of circular cross section of radius a carries a steady current I. The current is uniformly distributed across its cross section. The ratio of the magnitudes of magnetic field at a point distant $\frac{a}{2}$ above the surface of wire to that at a point distant $\frac{a}{2}$ below its surface is: **1 Mark**

| **A** 4 : 1 | **B** 1 : 1 | **C** 4 : 3 | **D** 3 : 4 |

Q14. For Questions two statements are given — one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**
Assertion (A): The mutual inductance between two coils is maximum when the coils are wound on each other.
Reason (R): The flux linkage between two coils is maximum when they are wound on each other.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q15. A thin plastic rod is bent into a circular ring of radius R. It is uniformly charged with charge density λ. The magnitude of the electric field at its centre is: **1 Mark**

A $\frac{\lambda}{2\epsilon_0 R}$
B Zero
C $\frac{\lambda}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R}$
D $\frac{\lambda}{4\epsilon_0 R}$

Q16. Assertion (A) and Reason (R) type questions. Two statements are given - one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**
Assertion (A): When a bar of copper is placed in an external magnetic field, the field lines get concentrated inside the bar.
**Reason (R):** Copper is a paramagnetic substance.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q17. A steady current flows through a metallic wire whose area of cross-section (A) increases continuously from one end of the wire to the other. The magnitude of drift velocity (v_d) of the free electrons as a function of 'A' can be shown by: **1 Mark**
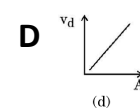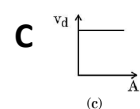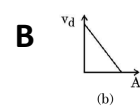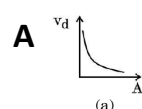
Q18. Which of the following statements about nuclear forces is not true? **1 Mark**

A The nuclear force between two nucleons falls rapidly to zero as their distance is more than a few femtometres.
B The nuclear force is much weaker than the Coulomb force.
C The force is attractive for distances larger than 0.8 fm and repulsive if they are separated by distances less than 0.8fm.
D The nuclear force between neutron-neutron, proton-neutron and proton-proton is approximately the same.

Q19. For Questions two statements are given — one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**
Assertion (A): In photoelectric effect, the kinetic energy of the emitted photoelectrons increases with increase in the intensity of the incident light.
Reason (R): Photoelectric current depends on the wavelength of the incident light.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q20. A circular coil of radius 8:0cm and 40 turns is rotated about its vertical diameter with an angular speed of $\frac{25}{\pi}$ rad s^{-1} in a uniform horizontal T magnetic field of magnitude 3.0×10^{-2} T. The maximum emf induced in the coil is: **1 Mark**
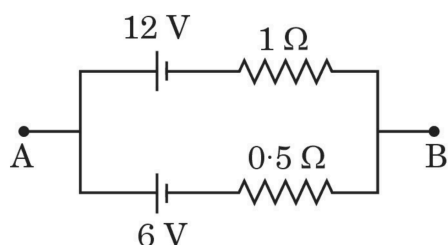
A 0.12V   **B** 0.15V   **C** 0.19V   **D** 0.22V

Q21. The temperature (T) dependence of resistivity of materials A and material B is represented by fig.(i) and fig (ii) respectively. Identify material A and material B.   **1 Mark**
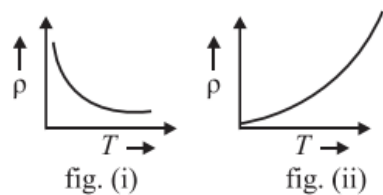
A Material A is copper and material B is germanium.

B Material A is germanium and material B is copper.

C Material A is nichrome and material B is germanium.

D Material A is copper and material B is nichrome.

Q22. Consider the circuit shown in the figure. The potential difference between points A and B is: **1 Mark**

A 6 V   **B** 8 V   **C** 9 V   **D** 12 V

Q23. **Diraction:** Two statements are given-one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below.   **1 Mark**

Assertion (A): In an interference pattern observed in Young's double slit experiment, if the separation (d) between coherent sources as well as the distance (D) of the screen from the coherent sources both are reduced to $\frac{1}{3}$3rd, then new fringe width remains the same.

Reason: Fringe width is proportional to $\left(\frac{d}{D}\right)$

A Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

B Both A and R are true and R is NOT the correct explanation of A1.

C A is true but R is false.

D A is false and R is also false.

Q24. The transition of electron that gives rise to the formation of the second spectral line of the Balmer series in the spectrum of hydrogen atom corresponds to: **1 Mark**

A $n_f = 2$ and $n_i = 3$ **B** $n_f = 3$ and $n_i = 4$ **C** $n_f = 2$ and $n_i = 4$ **D** $n_f = 2$ and $n_i = \infty$

Q25. An iron cored coil is connected in series with an electric bulb with an AC source as shown in figure. When iron piece is taken out of the coil, the brightness of the bulb will.   **1 Mark**
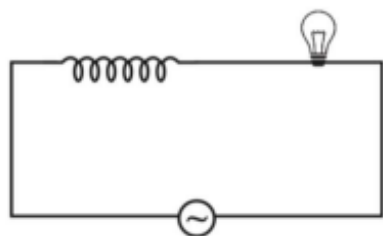
A Decrease.   **B** Increase.   **C** Remain unaffected.   **D** Fluctuate.

Q26. For Questions two statements are given — one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below.   **1 Mark**

Assertion (A): Two long parallel wires, freely suspended and connected in series to a battery, move apart.

Reason (R): Two wires carrying current in opposite directions repel each other.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q27.   **1 Mark**

Two beams, A and B whose photon energies are 3·3eV and 11·3eV respectively, illuminate a metallic surface (work function 2·3eV) successively. The ratio of maximum speed of electrons emitted due to beam A to that due to beam B is:

A 3

B 9

C $\frac{1}{3}$

D $\frac{1}{9}$

Q28. The reactance of a capacitor of capacitance C connected to an ac source of frequency nce of the capacitor is doubled and the frequency of the source is tripled, the reactance will become: **1 Mark**

A $\frac{X}{6}$

B $6X$

C $\frac{2}{3}X$

D $\frac{3}{2}X$

Q29. A 10 cm long wire lies along y-axis. It carries a current of 1.0 A in positive y-direction. A magnetic field $\vec{B} = (5\,\mathrm{mT})\hat{j} - (8\,\mathrm{mT})\hat{k}$ exists in the region. The force on the wire is: **1 Mark**

A $(0.8\,\mathrm{mN})\hat{i}$

B $-(0.8\,\mathrm{mN})\hat{i}$

C $(8\,\mathrm{mN})\hat{i}$

D $-(80\,\mathrm{mN})\hat{i}$

Q30. In the energy-band diagram of n-type Si, the gap between the bottom of the conduction band E¢ and the donor energy level Ep is of the order of: **1 Mark**

A 10 eV   B 1 eV   C 0.1 eV   D 0.01 eV

Q31. The electric potential V as a function of distance X is shown in the figure.   **1 Mark**
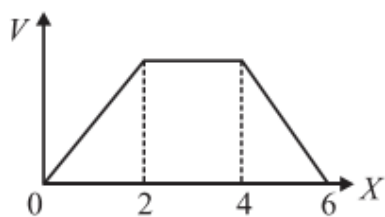
The graph of the magnitude of electric field intensity E as a function of X is.

A   B   C   D

Q32. A rectangular, a square, a circular and an elliptical loop, all in the (x - y) plane, are moving out of a uniform magnetic field with a constant velocity $\vec{V} = v\hat{i}$ The magnetic field is directed along the negative z-axis direction. The induced emf, during the passage of these loops, out of the field region, will not remain constant for   **1 Mark**

A Any of the four loops.

B The circular and elliptical loops.

C The rectangular, circular and elliptical loops.

D Only the elliptical loops.

Q33. Assertion (A) and Reason (R) type questions. Two statements are given - one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below.   **1 Mark**
Assertion (A): Photoelectric effect demonstrates the particle nature of light.
Reason (R): Photoelectric current is proportional to intensity of incident radiation for frequencies more than the threshold frequency.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q34. A loop carrying a current I clockwise is placed in x y plane, in a uniform magnetic field directed along z-axis. The tendency of the loop will be to: **1 Mark**

A move along x-axis   B move along y-axis   C shrink   D expand

Q35. For a metallic conductor, the correct representation of variation of resistance R with temperature T is: **1 Mark**

A   B   C   D

Q36. In a Young's double slit experiment, the path difference at a certain point on the screen between two interfering waves is $\frac{1}{8}$ th of the wavelength. The ratio of intensity at this point to that at the centre of a bright fringe is close to: **1 Mark**

A 0.80   B 0.74   C 0.94   D 0.85

Q37. **Diraction:** Two statements are given-one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**

Assertion (A): The electrical conductivity of a semiconductor increases on doping.

Reason: Doping always increases the number of electrons in the semiconductor.

A Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

B Both A and R are true and R is NOT the correct explanation of A1.

C A is true but R is false.

D A is false and R is also false.

Q38. The waves associated with a moving electron and a moving proton have the same wavelength. It implies that they have the same: **1 Mark**

A momentum   **B** angular momentum   **C** speed   **D** energy

Q39. For Questions two statements are given — one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**

Assertion (A): Plane and convex mirrors cannot produce real images under any circumstance.

Reason (R): A virtual image cannot serve as an object to produce a real image.

A Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

B Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

C Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

D Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is also false.

Q40. **Diraction:** Two statements are given-one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below. **1 Mark**

Assertion: The photoelectrons produced by a monochromatic light beam incident on a metal surface have a spread in their kinetic energies.

Reason: The energy of electrons emitted from inside the metal surface, is lost in collision with the other atoms in the metal.

A Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

B Both A and R are true and R is NOT the correct explanation of A.

C A is true but R is false.

D A is false and R is also false.

Q41. Ge is doped with As. Due to doping, **1 Mark**

A the structure of Ge lattice is distorted.

B the number of conduction electrons increases.

C the number of holes increases.

D the number of conduction electrons decreases.

Q42. According to Coulomb's law, which is the correct relation for the following figure? **1 Mark**

$q_1 \quad \vec{F}_{12} \qquad\qquad \vec{F}_{21} \quad q_2$
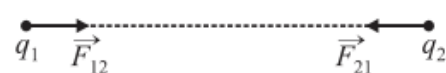
A $q^1 q^2 > 0$

B $q^1 q^2 < 0$

C $q^1 q^2 = 0$

D $\frac{>q^1}{q^2>0}$

Q43. Which of the following statement is NOT true about the properties of electromagnetic waves? **1 Mark**

A These waves do not require any material medium for their propagation.

B Both electric and magnetic field vectors attain the maxima and minima at the same time.

C The energy in electromagnetic wave is divided equally between electric and magnetic fields.

D Both electric and magnetic field vectors are parallel to each other.

Q44. Ten capacitors, each of capacitance 1 μF, are connected in parallel to a source of 100 V. The total energy stored in the system is equal to: **1 Mark**

A 10^{-2} J   **B** 10^{-3} J   **C** 0.5×10^{-3} J   **D** 0.5×10^{-2} J

Q45. The mass density of a nucleus of mass number A is: **1 Mark**

A proportional to $A^{\frac{1}{3}}$

B proportional to $A^{\frac{2}{3}}$

C proportional to A^3

D independent of A

Q46. When an intrinsic semiconductor is doped with a small amount of trivalent impurity, then: **1 Mark**

A its resistance increases.

B it becomes a p-type semiconductor.

C there will be more free electrons than holes in the semiconductor.

D dopant atoms become donor atoms.

Q47. The potential difference across a cell in an open circuit is 8 V. It falls to 4V when a current of 4 A is drawn from it. The internal resistance of the cellis: **1 Mark**

A 4Ω B 3Ω C 2Ω D 1Ω

Q48. For a concave mirror of focal length 'f', the minimum distance between the object and its real image is: **1 Mark**

A zero B f C 2f D 4f

Q49. The radius of the innermost electron orbit of a hydrogen atom is 5.3×10^{-11}m. The radius of the n = 3 orbit is: **1 Mark**
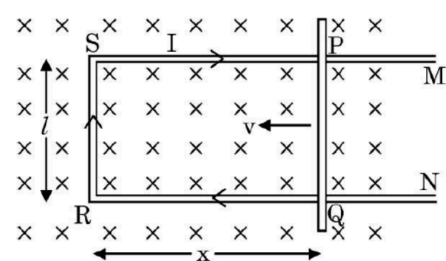
A 1.01×10^{-10}m B 1.59×10^{-10}m C 2.12×10^{-10}m D 4.77×10^{-10}m

Q50. Figure shows a rectangular conductor PSRQ in which movable arm PQ has a resistance 'r' and resistance of PSRQ is negligible. The magnitude of emf induced when PQ is moved with a velocity $\overrightarrow{v}$ does not depend on: **1 Mark**

A magnetic field $\left(\overrightarrow{B}\right)$ B velocity $\left(\overrightarrow{v}\right)$
C resistance (r) D length of PQ

Q51. A point charge situated at a distance 'r' from a short electric dipole on its axis, experiences a force $\overrightarrow{F}$. If the distance of the charge is '2r', the force on the charge will be: **1 Mark**

A $\dfrac{\overrightarrow{F}}{16}$ B $\dfrac{\overrightarrow{F}}{8}$
C $\dfrac{\overrightarrow{F}}{4}$ D $\dfrac{\overrightarrow{F}}{2}$

Q52. Two concentric and coplanar circular loops P and Q have their radii in the ratio 2 : 3. Loop Q carries a current 9A in the anticlockwise direction. For the magnetic field to be zero at the common centre, loop P must carry. **1 Mark**

A 3A in clockwise direction. B 9A in clockwise direction.
C 6A in anti-clockwise direction. D 6A in the clockwise direction.

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