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≡ Topic 01 (Extreme Sports)

- ▶ Do you support dangerous activities like extreme skiing? What are the reasons for that?
- ▶ Dangerous activities like extreme skiing, bungee jumping, etc. and whether you support them or not.

Recently, the **phenomenon of extreme sports** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question “**are there reasons to support these activities?**”. Whereas it is a widely held view that **sports like bungee jumping seem more deleterious rather than constructive**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the sports medicine** standpoint, **adventurous sports** are bound up inextricably with **the youth interest**, which indicates they might lead to both **mental** and **physical health**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **risky sports** and **excitement** as well as an exponential increase in **the adrenalin rush**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to vigorous exercise, unusual experience, and body reaction alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **being life-threatening** is positively correlated with not only **serious injuries** but also **reducing depression in risk-taking sports**.

Within the realm of **society**, without the slightest doubt, **exciting sports** attribute to **social inequalities**, in that it would come down to **lucrative sports, the expensive equipment, and fame and fortune for athletes**. A salient example of such attribution is **spectator sports**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **these stressful situations** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **recreational sports’** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the competition, rivalry, and even challenges. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **socioeconomic dimensions of extreme sports**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **there are some reasons to support dangerous activities**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**



≡ Topic 02 (Parents' Responsibility for Their Children)

- ▶ Parents are responsible for the behavior of the children. To what extent do you agree or disagree.
- ▶ Parents should be held legally responsible for their children's acts. What is your opinion? Support it with personal examples.

Recently, **parents responsibility towards their children's acts** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**are parents liable for their youth's behavior?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **both parents and the society should be held legally accountable for adolescents' activities**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **legal and social** standpoint, **children's social conduct** is bound up inextricably with **communal training**, which indicates it might lead to both **unlawful behaviors** and **antisocial acts**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **poverty** and **proper schooling deprivation** as well as an exponential increase in **juvenile delinquencies**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to mass media, violent games, unemployment, and racial discrimination alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **behavior development** is correlated positively with not only **social training** but also **legal responsibilities**.

Within the realm of **family background**, without the slightest doubt, **a loving family** attribute to **carefree childhood**, in that it would come down to **moral principles, shaping the child's character, and providing ethical guidance**. A salient example of such attribution is **the maltreatment**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **child's personality** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **misbehaviors'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to proper schooling, allocating sufficient time, and even intimate relationships.** **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **parents in child's behavior**.

Within the realm of **family background**, without the slightest doubt, **aggressive behaviors** attribute to **poor upbringing**, in that it would come down to **dysfunctional families and troubled childhood**. A salient example of such attribution is **alcoholic parents and bitter divorce**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **teenagers' wrongdoing** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **ethical** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to close-knit families, inculcating responsibility, and even moral principles.** **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **parents in shaping the child's character**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **both parents and the governments are responsible for children's activities**. **Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**



≡ Topic 03 (Law Change Human Behavior)

- ▶ Law can change human behavior. Do you agree or not?
- ▶ Some people believe law changes human behavior. Do you agree/disagree?

Recently, **the phenomenon of law enforcement** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"can law change human behavior?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **introducing the law can alter individual's attitudes**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **ethical and social** standpoint, **patterns of behavior** are bound up inextricably with **social norms**, which indicate it might lead to both **law-abiding** and **unlawful activities**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **moral corruption** and **committing a crime** as well as an exponential increase in **violent acts**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to rehabilitation, community services, and severe punishments alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **observing the law** is correlated positively with not only **shaping social conducts** but also **developing better habits**.

Within the realm of **legislation**, without the slightest doubt, **crime prevention** attribute to **enforcing the law**, in that it would come down to **the death penalty, harsh sentences, and passing a fine**. A salient example of such attribution is **juvenile delinquencies**, which is a cause for concern since they were mistaken to take **legal advice** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to **existing rule's** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to legal responsibilities, state legislatures, and even tough regulations.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **enacting strict laws in altering individual's traits**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree that law can change human behavior.** Meanwhile, **the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**



≡ Topic 04 (Written Examination/ Assessment)

- ▶ In most of the education systems, students are assessed by written examinations. Do you think it is a good idea or not? (Give your reasons.)
- ▶ Formal examinations are the only effective way to assess a student's performance. Continual assessment such as coursework and projects is not a satisfactory way to do this.

Recently, **the written examination** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it a good idea for student assessments?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **continual assessment such as coursework and projects are not effective ways for student's evaluation**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **educational** standpoint, **a written test** is bound up inextricably with **traditional schooling system**, which indicates it might lead to both **intellectual training** and **evaluating pupil's aptitudes**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **tuition fees** and **educational technologies** as well as an exponential increase in **online coaching**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to the presence of mind, best output and schoolchild's abilities alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **being fair and precise examination** is correlated positively with not only **pre-prepared papers** but also **detailed pupil appraisal**.

Within the realm of **sociopsychology**, without the slightest doubt, **formal assessments** attribute to **anxiety**, in that it would come down to **nervous disorders, sever stress, and self-discipline**. A salient example of such attribution is **test-taking strategies**, which are a cause for concern since they were mistaken to take **time-constrained exams** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **examination pressure's** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to failure, disappointment, and even being vulnerable for cheating. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **systematic assessment in student's personality traits**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe that both formal examinations and continual assessment are essential to assess a student's performance**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**



≡ Topic 05 (The Ability to Learn More Than One Language)

- ▶ The ability to learn more than one language will be less important in the future. Do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ "The Ability to communicate in more than one language will be less important in the future than it is now." Do you Agree or disagree with this statement? Provide Support for your opinion.

Recently, **the phenomenon of learning more than one language** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"would it be important in the future?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **the ability to communicate in more than one language is vital**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **communicative** standpoint, **the effective communication** is bound up inextricably with **the people's command of language**, which indicates they lead to both **power of expression** and **sharing opinions**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **social networking** and **broadening horizon** as well as an exponential increase in **multinational interactions**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to more job opportunities, business links, and future prosperity alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **better global understanding** is correlated positively with not only the **international co-operation** but also **command of a dominant language**.

Within the realm of **society and education**, without the slightest doubt, **mastering a common language** attribute to **language barrier elimination**, in that it would come down to **the less cultural shock, social customs, and cultural diversity**. A salient example of such attribution is the **bilingual education**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take the **language acquisition** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint the **studying abroad** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the social conversation, global training, and even being up-to-date. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **sociocultural aspects of being multilingual**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe that in the future being bilingual or multilingual will be more important than it is now.** However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**

≡ Topic 06 (Children Learning a New Language)

- ▶ Learning a new language at an early age is helpful for children. Is it more positive for their future aspect or have some adverse effects? Agree or disagree?
- ▶ Some people think that it is better for children to learn a foreign language at primary schools. To what extent you agree or disagree?
- ▶ It is widely believed that studying a foreign language in the first year of school is more effective than in secondary school for children. Drawbacks and benefits of this topic will be covered in this essay.
- ▶ Some experts believe that it is better for children to begin learning a foreign language at primary school rather than secondary school. Do the advantages of this outweigh the disadvantages?
- ▶ Foreign languages should be compulsory in the primary school. How far do you agree with the above statement?

Recently, **learning a new language at early ages** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“is it positive for children’s future aspect?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **studying a foreign language seems helpful for children**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **communicative** standpoint, **the effective communication** is bound up inextricably with **speaking a foreign dialect**, which indicates they lead to both **power of expression** and **sharing opinions**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **social networking** and **broadening horizon** as well as an exponential increase in **multinational interactions**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to more job opportunities, business links and competitive advantages alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **having prosperous future** is correlated positively with not only the **international co-operation** but also **command of a dominant language**.

Within the realm of **education**, without the slightest doubt, **improving linguistic skills** attribute to **the acquisition of modern languages**, in that it would come down to the **latest information, scientific discoveries, and final research reports**. A salient example of such attribution is **children’ sharp brain**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **native languages** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **studying abroad** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to global training, being up-to-date, and even international academic achievements**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **educational dimension of being multilingual**.

Within the realm of **society and culture**, without the slightest doubt, **mastering a common language** attribute to **language barrier elimination**, in that it would come down to **the less cultural shock, social customs, and cultural diversity**. A salient example of such attribution is the **dominant culture**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take the **mother tongue** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint the **young talents’** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the social conversation, intercultural relations, and even vernacular tongue**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **sociocultural aspects of prevalent and native languages**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **it is better for children to learn a foreign language at primary schools**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic 07 (English Remain Global Language)

- ▶ Do you think English will remain to be a global language despite globalization?
- ▶ Do you think English will remain as the dominant international language through globalization?

Recently, **the dominance of English** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"will English remain a global language despite globalization?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **English will remain as the dominant international language**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **linguistics** standpoint, **people's command of English** is bound up inextricably with **the English ubiquity**, which indicates it might lead to both **multinational connections** and **power of expression**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **being bilingual** and **global training** as well as an exponential increase in **international co-operations**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to lingua franca, keeping up-to-date and dead languages alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **expanding people's horizons** is correlated positively with not only **mastering the common language** but also **linguistic skills**.

Within the realm of **global communication**, without the slightest doubt, **globalization** attribute to **international interactions**, in that it would come down to **the elimination of language barriers** and **geographical borders**. A salient example of such attribution is **universal culture**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **different civilizations** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **multilateral negotiations'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to means of communication, global language, and even worldwide relations. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **dominant language in effective communication**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **English will remain as the dominant international language despite globalization**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**

≡ Topic 08 (Employee's Involvement in Decision Making)

- ▶ Many companies involve employees in decision making policy. Some people think that it is important for the progression of company. Do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Company Top Level Authorities should or should not take employees suggestions or ideas to take any decisions. Discuss

Recently, **the employees' involvement in decision making policy** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it important for the progression of companies?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **taking employees' suggestions by company top-level authorities is highly beneficial**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **managerial skills** standpoint, **companies' progression** is bound up inextricably with **strategic management**, which indicates it might lead to both **substantial profit** and **motivated staff**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **organization chart** and **company policy** as well as an exponential increase in **professional qualifications**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to leadership qualities, meticulous planning, and administrative staff alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **the firm's prosperity** is correlated positively with not only **management expertise** but also **employees' involvement**.

Within the realm of **organizational behavior** without the slightest doubt, **subordinate's association** attributes to **job satisfaction**, in that it would come down to **maximum productivity, collective responsibility, and positive attitudes**. A salient example of such attribution is **the corporate hierarchy**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **internal communication** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **teamwork** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to valuable information, precise evaluation, and even practical suggestions**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **the contribution of human resources**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **employees' participation in decision making contributes to company progression**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic 09 (The More Important Invention)

- ▶ There are a lot of inventions nowadays, which invention do you think is more important in our day-to-day life. What are the benefits and detrimental effects of it?
- ▶ In the past 100 years, there have been many inventions such as antibiotics, airplanes, and computers. What do you think is the most important invention of them? Why? Greatest invention in the last 100 years, medicine, science or technology?
- ▶ What is the best invention of last 100 years; the computer, antibiotics, airplane, and explain why? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Recently, **the phenomenon of modern inventions** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"which invention is more important in our daily life?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **among latest inventions such as antibiotics and airplane, the computers are the most influential**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the communicative** standpoint, **effective communication** is bound up inextricably with **the Internet infrastructures**, which indicate they lead to both **social interaction** and **keeping updated**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **information technology** and **social networking** as well as an exponential increase in **online broadcasting**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to isolation, state-of-the-art technologies, privacy invasion, and cybercrime alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **strengthening the human relationship** is correlated positively with not only **the ubiquity of the Internet** but also **modern telecommunication services**.

From the **technological** standpoint, **revolutionary developments** are bound up inextricably with **the computer industry**, which indicates it might lead to both **new scientific discoveries** and **digital technology**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **the industrial world** and **complex machines** as well as an exponential increase in **scientific investigations**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to electronic equipment, smart gadgets, and connected devices alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **being influential in everyday life** is correlated positively with not only **computerized systems** but also **ingenious technology**.

Within the realm of **science and technology**, without the slightest doubt, **technological advancements** attribute to **information sharing**, in that it would come down to **computer networking, data transmission, and digital electronic equipment**. A salient example of such attribution is **the medical aid**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **technical education** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **artificial intelligence** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to online educational materials, e-library, and even online coaching. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **digital technology in science progression**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **computers and the Internet are the most important inventions of our day-to-day life**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

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≡ Topic 10 (Marriage Before Finishing Study and Setting Down)

- ▶ It is a foolish idea to get married before finishing the study and settling down. Agree or not?
- ▶ It is usually foolish to get married before completing your studies and getting established in a good job. Do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ It is argued that getting married before finishing school or getting a job is not a good choice. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Recently, **marriage before finishing study** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is marriage before settling down a foolish idea?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **getting married before graduation or getting a job is not a good choice**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the marital life** standpoint, **emotional issues** are bound up inextricably with **early marriage**, which indicates they lead to both **stressful lifestyle** and **marital breakdown**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **personal attitude** and **emotional maturity** as well as an exponential increase in **responsibility**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to personal traits, married life, and marital deprivation alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of having **successful marriage** is correlated positively with not only **emotional supports** but also **adapting to family life**.

Within the realm of **life charges**, without the slightest doubt, **financial problems** attribute to **low-paid job**, in that it would come down to **living costs, household expenditure, and primary needs**. A salient example of such attribution is **tuition fees**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **economic burden** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **joblessness** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to secured job, affording, and even divorce rates.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **financial difficulties in divorce rate**.

Within the realm of **education and work**, without the slightest doubt, **educational achievements** attribute to **full-time study**, in that it would come down to **focusing on academics, allocating time, and achieving good grades**. A salient example of such attribution is **finding job**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **arduous work** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **professional life** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to educational failure, low-income families, and even separation.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **prosperous job to avoid marriage breakdown**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **marriage before graduation and settling down is not a good idea**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.

≡ Topic 11 (Effects of Regions on an Accomplished Person)

- ▶ Give an example of an accomplished person whose success did not have any effect of his bad neighborhood.
- ▶ Many people think that regions affect a successful person. What is your opinion about native region and accomplished person's influence on the region he belongs to?
- ▶ Do you think that place where person grew has an influence on his accomplishments? Explain with example. Region affects successful people?

Recently, **the regional impacts on a person's accomplishments** have sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"Is the environment where people grow up affects their success?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **the residential neighborhood plays a vital role in people's mindset**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **individual** standpoint, **personal growth** is bound up inextricably with **determination**, which indicates they lead to both **crowning achievement** and **dramatic improvement**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **peer pressure** and **hard working** as well as an exponential increase in **self-motivation**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to diligence, stamina, and the innate talent alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **fulfilling personal potentials** is correlated positively with not only **inculcating virtues in youth** but also **people's aptitude**.

Within the realm of **society**, without the slightest doubt, **the miserable life** attribute to **the underprivileged region**, in that it would come down to **fewer educational opportunities, social inequalities, and lack of role model**. A salient example of such attribution is **the migration**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **a phenomenal success** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **regional** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the suitable community, government investments, and even family structure. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **human interactions and social intelligence in individual triumphant**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **there are some reasons to support the idea of the effectiveness of regions. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 12 (Study a Particular Area of Climate Change)

- ▶ If you want to study a particular area of climate change, which area/subject will you choose?
- ▶ Climate change is a major concern for governments all around the world. If you want to study a particular area of climate change, which subjects will you choose?
- ▶ You are given climate as the field of study. Which area will you prefer? Explain why you picked up the particular area for your study?

Recently, **the phenomenon of climate change** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**which particular area of climate change should we pick up for study?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **fighting climate change is the preferable subject**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **environmental** standpoint, **fighting climate change** is bound up inextricably with **global warming**, which indicates they lead to both **greenhouse gases** and **carbon dioxide emissions**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **fossil fuels** and **the earth's temperature** as well as an exponential increase in **ozone layer depletion**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to glacier melting, the sea level, and polar ice cap alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **sustainability** is correlated positively with not only **studying carbon footprint** but also **changing ecosystems**.

Within the realm of **science and technologies**, without the slightest doubt, **combating climate change** attribute to **clean energies**, in that it would come down to **solar energy** and **electricity**. A salient example of such attribution is **recycling energies**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **natural resources** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **power stations'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to alternative energies, windmill farms, and even nuclear energies. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **renewable energies**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I firmly believe that **fighting climate change is a major concern for governments. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 13 (Role Model for Youngsters)

► Successful sports stars and glamorous film stars are a role model for youngsters. Do you support or not?

Recently, **the role model for youngsters** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“are successful sports stars and glamorous film stars ideal exemplars?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **following celebrities blindly is not reasonable**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the sociopsychology** standpoint, **being an ideal role model** is bound up inextricably with **inspiring youngsters** which indicates they lead to both **adolescent behavior** and **social conduct**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **superstars** and **ethical values** as well as an exponential increase in **social and humanitarian activities**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to prominent figure, immense popularity, and well-known lifestyle alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **emerging as a good example** is correlated positively with not only **a virtuous character** but also **social responsibility**.

Within the realm of **the youth interests**, without the slightest doubt, **teenagers' personalities** attribute to **negative roles and attitudes**, in that it would come down to **youngsters emulation** and **exceed admiration**. A salient example of such attribution is **the juvenile crime**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **immoral acts** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **excessive interest** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the personal trait, slavish imitation, and even advertisement endorsement.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **idolization of celebrities for fame and fortune.**

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes **“all's well that ends well,”** after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **famous performers are not excellent role models for shaping up youth life.** However, **with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**



≡ Topic 14 (Tourism in Undeveloped Countries)

- ▶ Is tourism in less developed countries advantageous? Discuss your views and give opinion.
- ▶ In underdeveloped countries, tourism has disadvantages and can be said the opposite as well. Discuss your opinions and give examples.
- ▶ Tourism in underdeveloped countries. Tourism has disadvantages and can be said the opposite as well. Discuss
- ▶ In under developed countries tourism has disadvantages and can be said the opposite as well. Discuss your opinion with relevant example.

Recently, **tourism** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it advantageous in undeveloped countries?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **strengthening the tourism industry is highly beneficial**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **socioeconomic** standpoint, **the influx of tourists** is bound up inextricably with **foreign exchange**, which indicates they lead to both **economic development** and **cultural interactions**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **travel** and **social interchange** as well as an exponential increase in **the income**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to GDP, poverty reduction, and a better cultural understanding alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **the growth of tourism** is correlated positively with not only **annual revenue** but also **cultural communications**.

From the **socioeconomic** standpoint, **the influx of tourism** is bound up inextricably with **potential revenue**, which indicates they lead to both **job opportunities** and **economic prosperity**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **social welfare** and **higher life standards** as well as an exponential increase in **foreign exchange**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to international cooperation, social interactions, and globalization alike. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **thriving tourism industry** is correlated positively with not only **national sovereignty** but also **cultural diversity**.

Within the realm of **the environment**, without the slightest doubt, **negative consequences of tourism growth** attribute to **environmental catastrophe**, in that it would come down to **threatening wildlife, habitats, and historic sites**. A salient example of such attribution is **mass tourism**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **surveillance** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **national heritage** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to littering, environmental contamination, and even adverse effects of western culture. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **ecotourism policies**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely believe** that **the advantages of tourism are of more significance**. **Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

Donate your love, and support to be supported... this way, we have succeeded in sharing, and you have succeeded in caring.



≡ Topic 15 (Albert Einstein – Learning vs Education)

- ▶ The only thing that interferes my learning is my education. (Albert Einstein). Discuss this statement.
- ▶ "The only thing that interferes my learning is my education" — Albert Einstein. Discuss this statement and give your opinion.
- ▶ The only thing that interferes with my learning is toy education- Einstein. What does he mean by that? And do you think he is correct?

Recently, **the relationship between learning and education** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"will education interfere learning?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **according to Albert Einstein, schooling intrudes on the learning process**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the educational** standpoint, **traditional education system** is bound up inextricably with **being exposed to new ideas**, which indicates they lead to both **acquisition** and **rigid rules**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **learning environment** and **fundamental knowledge** as well as an exponential increase in **expert tuition and educational equity**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to educational materials, allocating full time, and rivalry alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **thinking like Einstein** is correlated directly with not only **restricting thought process** but also **a hindrance for progression**.

Within the realm of the **personal skills**, without the slightest doubt, **powerful instinct aptitude** attribute to **intellectual ability**, in that it would come down to the **instilling discipline, talent discovery**, and **thinking out of the box**. A salient example of such attribution is **extracurricular programs**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **autonomous learning** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **attitude** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to creativity, practical training, and even social development. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **pupil's self-motivation in learning**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **it is current idea** that **according to Einstein, formal education interferes directly effective learning**. However, **Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**



≡ Topic 16 (Mass Media Influence on People)

- ▶ Mass media like TV and newspapers influence people, particularly young generation. Do you think it works a pivot to shape the society?
- ▶ The mass media, including television, radio and newspapers, have great influence in shaping people's ideas. To what extent do you agree or disagree? (Give reasons and relevant examples to support your answer.)

Recently, **mass media** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"to what extent it has influence in forming people's ideas?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **digital revolution era such as TV and newspapers have great impacts in shaping the society**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the social and political** standpoint, **public perception** is bound up inextricably with **governmental policies**, which indicates they lead to both **social conduct** and **societal cohesion**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **media bias** and **press freedom** as well as an exponential increase in **broadcasting pre-selected contents and strict censorship**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to political propaganda, seduction by advertisements, and privacy invasion alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **altering people's notion** is correlated positively with not only **economic prosperity** but also **changing lifestyle**.

Within the realm of the **journalism and telecommunication**, without the slightest doubt, **editorial policies** attribute to **dominant media**, in that it would come down to **information sharing, news bulletin, and keeping updated**. A salient example of such attribution is **broadband internet access**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **being convenient** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **social networking** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to online news, target audiences, and even globalization**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **the mainstream in social-oriented behavior**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **mass media have a significant influence on social conduct**. **Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect**.



≡ Topic 17 (Newspapers Become a Thing of the Past)

► With the rise in popularity of the internet, newspapers will soon become a thing of the past. To what extent do you agree or disagree? (Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.)

Recently, **the future of print media in the digital era** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"will the newspaper soon become a thing of the past?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **periodicals will not sustain their prolonged existence**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the telecommunication** standpoint, **online newspapers** are bound up inextricably with **the Internet infrastructures**, which indicate they lead to both **pervasive news access** and **keeping updated**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **information technology** and **broadband connection** as well as an exponential increase in **the instant and breaking news**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to social networking, surfing websites, technological media sources, and connected electronic devices alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **disappearing print news portals** is correlated positively with not only **ubiquity of the Internet** but also **online broadcasting**.

Within the realm of **the journalism**, without the slightest doubt, **headline news** attribute to **dominant media**, in that it would come down to **leading electronic journals, public awareness, and target audiences**. A salient example of such attribution is **editorial policies**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **accurate data** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **environmental** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to reduction in cutting down trees, being eco-friendly, and even recycling**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **the mainstream journalism in extinction of printed types of media**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **newspapers will be replaced by cyber journalism**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic 18 (Repetitive Routine)

- ▶ Some effective people like repetitive routine, such as eating the same food, do you like this way?
- ▶ Some people prefer to spend their lives doing the same things and avoiding change. Others, however, think that change is always a good thing. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.
- ▶ Some people could stay effective in their lives by doing the repetitive routine, such as eating the same diet. Do you think it can apply to everyone?

Recently, **the phenomenon of repetitive routine** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"why doing the same thing is preferable for some people?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **avoiding fixed patterns such as changing diet could be constructive**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the socio-psychology** standpoint, **a sustainable lifestyle** is bound up inextricably with **healthy habits**, which indicates they lead to both **motivation** and **fulfilling life**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **diversifying the experiences** and **productivity** as well as an exponential increase in **individuals' aptitude**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to patterns of behavior, working life, and being extrovert alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **staying effective** is correlated positively with not only **the wealth of experience** but also **an active lifestyle**.

Within the realm of **modern lifestyle**, without the slightest doubt, **monotonous procedure** attribute to **tedious and sedentary lifestyle**, in that it would come down to **solid daily routine** and **mundane tasks**. A salient example of such attribution is **challenge refusal**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **ordinary life** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **bread-and-butter work** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to constant repetition, personal life, and even resisting changes**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **having a break from the hustle and bustle of day-to-day life**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **avoiding repetitive routine leads to effective life**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic 19 (Small Shops Replaced with Large Malls)

► Large shopping malls are replacing small shops. What is your opinion about this? (Discuss with appropriate examples.)

Recently, **the popularity of shopping malls** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“are small shops replacing by large multi-complex buildings?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **superseding local stores by giant shopping complexes is highly beneficial**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **customer service** standpoint, **the popularity of shopping malls** is bound up inextricably with the **touting for business**, which indicates they might lead to both **providing facilities for buyers** and **the shopping convenience**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **the contentment of consumers** and **parking facilities** as well as an exponential increase in **the costumer's expectation**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to wheelchairs for disabled clients, providing parenting rooms, and entertainment for the kids alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **building customer loyalty** is correlated positively with not only **improving the shopper's experience** but also **the customer satisfaction**.

From **the commercial and marketing** standpoint, **multi-story shopping malls** are bound up inextricably with **the modern lifestyle**, which indicates they lead to both **varieties of options** and **being at one place**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **reasonable prices** and **seasonal festivals** as well as an exponential increase in **purchasing power**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to timesaving, facilitating, and prospective buyers alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **expanding mega malls** is correlated positively with not only **the competitive market** but also **economic prosperity**.

Within the realm of **shopping**, without the slightest doubt, **depletion of small shops** attribute to **economy's imbalances**, in that it would come down to **closing traditional businesses, retail markets, and traffic jams**. A salient example of such attribution is **impulsive shopping**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **surveillance** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **customer service problems**. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to commodity prices, a popular brand, and even consumer goods**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **street shops in the daily purchase**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **mega malls are taking the place of small shops**. **Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect**.

≡ Topic 20 (Information Revolution & Communication Changes)

- ▶ Information revolution has changed the way of mass communications and had some negative and positive effects on individual lives as well as on society. To what extent do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Communication has changed significantly in the last 10 years. Discuss pros and cons impacts.

Recently, **the influence of information revolution on mass communication** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“what are its positive and negative consequences”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **the mass communication has various effects on individual lives and the society in recent years**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the communicative** standpoint, **effective communication** is bound up inextricably with **the Internet infrastructures**, which indicate they lead to both **social interaction** and **keeping updated**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **information technology** and **social networking** as well as an exponential increase in **online broadcasting**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to isolation, being introvert, privacy invasion, and cybercrimes alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **strengthening human relationship** is correlated positively with not only **ubiquity of the Internet** but also **modern telecommunication services**.

Within the realm of **science and technology**, without the slightest doubt, **technological advancements** attribute to **information sharing**, in that it would come down to **computer networking, data transmission, and digital electronic equipment**. A salient example of such attribution is **medical aid**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **technical education** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **artificial intelligence** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to online educational materials, e-library, and even online coaching. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **digital technology in interpersonal communication**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **revolutionized information and mass communication are influential on the society in many ways**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic 21 (Suffer from a Group's Ideology)

► "In a war of ideas, it is people who get killed". Does a common man suffer from a group's ideology? Express your opinion, and support the same with reasons and examples.

Recently, **the phenomenon of group's ideology** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**does a common man suffer from a group's ideas?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **in a war of ideas, it is people who get killed**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the political** standpoint, **the clash of opinions** is bound up inextricably with **governmental policies**, which indicates they lead to both **group's ideology** and **political agenda**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **conflict of interests** and **liberty deprivation** as well as an exponential increase in **violence**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to nuclear weapons, fundamentalism, and victims alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **displaying humanity** is correlated positively with not only **rolling out policies** but also **collective interest**.

Within the realm of **religion**, without the slightest doubt, **middle east wars** attribute to **religious faith**, in that it would come down to **dogmatism** and **radicalism**. A salient example of such attribution is **racial attacks**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **extreme ideology** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **terrorism** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to traditional ideas, massacre, and even racist violence. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **respecting religious beliefs**.

Within the realm of **ideology**, without the slightest doubt, **idealization** attribute to **following blindly**, in that it would come down to **the clash of civilization** and **vague notion**. A salient example of such attribution is **violent conflict**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **different approaches** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **general public** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the interest group, fanaticism, and even rage. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **idealized views**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **a common person suffers from the war of ideas. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 22 (Studying and Work Related to Old Theater Play)

- ▶ Problems and benefits for high school students study plays and works of theatres written centuries ago. Discuss and use your own experience.
- ▶ Do you think the school should have curriculum asking students to play old drama and work for theater centuries ago?
- ▶ Benefits and problems of studying and work related to old theater play in high schools .give your opinion with examples.
- ▶ Benefits and problems of studying and performing play in high school.

Recently, **studying old theatre play** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is the act of performing in high schools' curriculum beneficial?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **studying and work related to old theatrical performances is highly constructive**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the artistic and cultural** standpoint, **the performing art** is bound up inextricably with **the ancient culture**, which indicates they lead to both **modernism** and **traditionalism**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **comic, tragic, and romantic plays** as well as an exponential increase in **live performances**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to conservation of customs, rituals, and passing heritage alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **retaining bygone history** is correlated positively with not only **traditional culture** but also **learning modern plays**.

Within the realm of **education**, without the slightest doubt, **oral communication skills** attribute to **drama training**, in that it would come down to **playwriting original works** and **dramatic presentations**. A salient example of such attribution is **extra curriculum programs**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **oral tradition** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **theatrical jobs'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to cooperative working, artistic inspiration, and even motivation and commitment. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **negative aspects of acting classes**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **there are some positive and negative dimensions of studying old theater play for students. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.**



≡ Topic 23 (Travel Importance for Education)

- ▶ The importance of travel seems to be over rated. Brilliant scholars locked themselves at home. Travel is important for education. To what extent do you agree or disagree.
- ▶ Value added by travel in Education. Is travel a necessary component of education or not? Will student sitting at home have more knowledge?
- ▶ Student travel to study is overrated, we have brilliant scholars who studied locally. Is travel really required for higher studies?

Recently, **the phenomenon of traveling for education** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is travel a necessary component of educational progress?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **studying abroad is required for higher studies**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the educational** standpoint, **traveling to a foreign nation** is bound up inextricably with **advanced tuition**, which indicates they lead to both **brilliant scholars** and **prestigious universities**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **academic progress** and **learning environment** as well as an exponential increase in **overseas traveling**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to multicultural education, international interactions, and wider opinion spectrum alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **expanding our horizons** is correlated positively with not only **diverse academic communities** but also **broader perspectives**.

Within the realm of **personal life**, without the slightest doubt, **visiting new cultures** attribute to **information sharing**, in that it would come down to **incredible new outlooks, enhanced interpersonal skills, and building personality**. A salient example of such attribution is **a scholarship program**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **self-awareness** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **confidence-boosting** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to international students, cooperative projects, and even teamwork.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **studying abroad**.

Within the realm of **characteristic traits**, without the slightest doubt, **studying in an alien environment** attribute to **alternative perspectives**, in that it would come down to **outstanding characteristics, socially skilled personalities, and extremely competent professionals**. A salient example of such attribution is **student-exchanging programs**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **well-motivated students** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **creative talents'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to character development, real-world experiences, and even practical training.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **studying abroad**.

Within the realm of **personal life**, without the slightest doubt, **international education** attributes to **strange surroundings**, in that it would come down to **immigration restrictions, language barriers, and a culture shock**. A salient example of such attribution is **foreign elites**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **homesickness** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **migration** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to exorbitant tuition fees, economic affordability, and even additional charges.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **negative aspects of studying overseas**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **travel is the necessary component of education**. However, **with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.** Meanwhile, **as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

Donate your love, and support to be supported... this way, we have succeeded in sharing, and you have succeeded in caring.



≡ Topic **24** (Environmental Pollution)

► Environment pollution is too alarming to be managed by individuals. Real change can be made at the government level. What extent do you agree or disagree?

Recently, **the phenomenon of environment pollution** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is this alarming issue should be managed by individuals?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **the real change can be made at the government level**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the individual** standpoint, **environment pollution** is bound up inextricably with **individual's waste**, which indicates they lead to both **greenhouse gases** and **carbon footprint**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **Enthusiasm** and **communal cooperation** as well as an exponential increase in **social conduct**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to raising public awareness, active role, littering, and private cars alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **tackling this challenge** is correlated positively with not only **individual's involvement** but also **renewable resources**.

Within the realm of **governments**, without the slightest doubt, **environmental contamination** attribute to **governmental policies**, in that it would come down to **the social endorsement, informing individuals**, and **political power**. A salient example of such attribution is **instilling discipline**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **encouraging people** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **introducing law** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to recycling energies, public transport, and even subsidies NGOs. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **environmental regulations in preserving the environment**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **both individuals and governments are accountable for environment pollution**. Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.

≡ Topic 25 (Hard Work)

- ▶ Some people work for long hours and hard to achieve success and some give importance to free time for them. Give your opinion and discuss your views.
- ▶ People succeed because of their hard work; luck has nothing to do with success. Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.
- ▶ Nowadays, people spend too much time at work to the extent that they hardly have time for their personal life. Discuss.
- ▶ The time people devote in job leaves very little time for personal life. How widespread is the problem. What problem will this shortage of time causes.
- ▶ People usually mix their private and professional life. What are the pros and cons of this?

Recently, **the phenomenon of hard working** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is working overtime necessary to achieve success?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **free time is highly beneficial**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the employment** standpoint, **successful career** is bound up inextricably with **overtime work**, which indicates they lead to both **professional qualifications** and **experiences**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **project deadlines** and **competitions** as well as an exponential increase in **financial pressure**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to employee's motivation, productivity, and promotions alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **having rewarding job** is correlated positively with not only **full-time employment** but also **satisfactory performance**.

From **the economic** standpoint, **job satisfaction** is bound up inextricably with **annual earning**, which indicates they lead to both **source of wealth** and **living in prosperity**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **profitable business** and **financial rewards** as well as an exponential increase in **bones**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to salaried employment, higher income, and additional profit alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **living in clover** is correlated positively with not only **having spare time** but also **lucrative career**.

Within the realm of **personal lifestyle**, without the slightest doubt, **social life problems** attribute to **long working hours**, in that it would come down to **weaken emotional bonds** and **family degradation**. A salient example of such attribution is **children's depravation**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **insufficient time** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **mental health problems**. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to psychological disorders, memory problems, and even physical activities.** Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **taking off from work on personal relations and leisure activities**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **work-life balance is essential to attain success**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic 26 (Selling Products)

► For a successful company, selling products depends more on company's reputation or it depends more on if they provide discount and free offers. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Recently, **the phenomenon of selling products** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is selling goods depend more on company's reputation or free offers?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **providing discount is highly beneficial for a successful company**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the marketing and commercial** standpoint, **branding reputation** is bound up inextricably with **marketing strategies**, which indicates they lead to both **economic prosperity** and **company brand value**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **customer service** and **product promotion** as well as an exponential increase in **popularity**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to customer turnover, profit, and market share alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **unrivaled reputation** is correlated positively with not only **brand recognition** but also **proportional scheme**.

Within the realm of **sales policies**, without the slightest doubt, **a discount scheme** attribute to **tempting offers**, in that it would come down to **advertisement** and **comparative advantage**. A salient example of such attribution is **free offers**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **untrustworthy** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **customer churn** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to lower prices, massive discount, and even seasonal sales. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **discounting model on convincing potential buyers**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **providing discounts is as important as company's reputation for a thriving business**. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to **enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect**.

≡ Topic **27** (Packaging of Products)

► Do you think consumer should avoid over packed products or it is responsibility of producer to avoid extra packaging of products?" Give your views or any relevant example with your own experience.

Recently, **packaging of products** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**who is responsible for over packed products?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **producers should avoid extra packaging of products**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the marketing** standpoint, **consumer preferences** are bound up inextricably with **attractive packaging**, which indicates they lead to both **massive sale** and **packaging boom**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **eye-catching pockets** and **extra cost** as well as an exponential increase in **selling price**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to multi-layer packaging, manufactured products, and durability alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **effective marketing** is correlated positively with not only **lucrative looking** but also **attracting customers**.

Within the realm of **the environment**, without the slightest doubt, **environmental pollution** attribute to **non-disposal wrappers**, in that it would come down to **biodegradable materials** and **health problems**. A salient example of such attribution is **extra litter**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **over packaging** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **waste management** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to recyclability, plastic packs, and even eco-friendly packaging. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **sustainable packaging in preserving the environment**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, I **firmly believe** that **consumers and packaging manufacturers have a collective role to avoid over-packaged products. Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic **28** (Motivation)

► **Right amount of motivation and practice can teach one better than the training given to him in classrooms by teachers.**

Recently, **the relationship between motivation and education** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**is the classroom training the best teaching method?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **right amount of motivation and practice along with training by teachers is necessary for learning**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the educational** standpoint, **the traditional education system** is bound up inextricably with **academic intelligence**, which indicates they lead to both **acquisition** and **theoretical knowledge**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **powerful incentive** and **teacher-led lessons** as well as an exponential increase in **educational materials**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to limited scope, rigid rules, and striking inspiration alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **effective teaching** is correlated directly with not only **pioneering experiments** but also **guided learning**.

Within the realm of the **social skills**, without the slightest doubt, **modern learning strategies** attribute to **motivation and self-esteem**, in that it would come down to **vocational training, practical skills, and abundant experience**. A salient example of such attribution is **the Montessori approach**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **hands-on learning** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **educational processes'** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to self-directed activities, creative ideas, and even necessary impetus. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **individuals' enthusiasm and stimulus in present-day tuition.**

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **motivation and practice along with the teacher's guidance are needed for effective learning.** However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic 29 (Technology vs Teachers)

- ▶ With the advancement in technology, the number of computers being used in the field of education has increased. Some people believe that there will be no role of teachers in the classroom. To what extent do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Can Computers Replace Teachers?
- ▶ Technology vs Teachers: Can technology replace teachers?
- ▶ As computers are being used more and more in education, there will be soon no role for teachers in the classroom.
- ▶ Can the Internet replace the classroom teacher? Discuss your views.

Recently, **increasing the number of computers being used in education** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"might computers replace teachers?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **in the future, there will be no role of teachers in the classroom**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the computerized tutoring** standpoint, **modern learning strategies** are bound up inextricably with **online coaching**, which indicates they lead to both **teaching enhancement** and **just-in-time learning**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **connected electronic devices** and **interactive applications** as well as an exponential increase in **online educational materials**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to computer related disease, eyesight deterioration, and expensive equipment alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **replacing teachers by computers** is correlated positively with not only **digital technology** but also **advanced tuition**.

Within the realm of the **education**, without the slightest doubt, **instinct aptitude** attribute to **formal education**, in that it would come down to the **instilling moral discipline, homeschooling, talents discovery, and communication skills**. A salient example of such attribution is **pupils' confidence**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **autonomous learning** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **cognitive** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to social interaction, human contacts, and even face-to-face relation. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **teachers in modernized education and distance learning**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **the role of teachers in the modern learning process is still very important**. However, **with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic 30 (Money Spent on Space Exploration)

- ▶ With all the troubles in the world today, money spent on space exploration is a complete waste. The money could be better spent on other things. To what extent do you agree or disagree? (Give reasons for your answer and give any relevant example or experience you have to support your answer.)
- ▶ Spending money on space exploration is a complete waste. The money could be better spent on other causes.
- ▶ The space travel is fantastic these days and they are very fantastic towards it. But there are many environmental problems in our planet. We should resolve the problems or travel space and spend a lot of money?
- ▶ Some people think governments should spend as much money as possible exploring outer space (for example, traveling to the Moon and to other planets). Other people disagree and think governments should spend this money on our basic needs on Earth. Which of these two opinions do you agree with? Use specific reasons and details to support your answer.
- ▶ Discuss both sides of Space travel vs. Current crucial problems faced by human?

Recently, the phenomenon of **space explorations** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**are they worth spending money?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **governments should spend the money on basic human needs** I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From **the technological and scientific** standpoint, **the outer space exploration** is bound up inextricably with **cosmos investigation**, which indicates it might lead to both **launching space rockets** and **interstellar travel**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **space missions** and **the manned space flights** as well as an exponential increase in **information gathering**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to alien planets, extraterrestrial life, and deep space voyage alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **discovering the universe** is correlated positively with not only **the space shuttle programs** but also **the satellite technology**.

Within the realm of **socioeconomic status**, without the slightest doubt, **space research** attribute to **huge costs**, in that it would come down to **money waste** and **an imperfect world**. A salient example of such attribution is **space tourism**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **revolutionized modern life** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **global warming** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to poverty, food shortage, and even the endangered environment. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **financial aids to poor nations**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **governments should spend as much money as possible on human's current crucial problems**. However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic **31** (Illiteracy in 21st Century)

- ▶ The illiterate of the 21st century will not be those who cannot read and write, but those who cannot learn, unlearn and relearn. Agree or Disagree? Argumentative / persuasive/ opinionated type essay.
- ▶ Illiterate of the future would not be one who does not know to read, but people who do not know how to learn.

Recently, **the phenomenon of illiteracy in the 21st century** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“what will be the definition of literates?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **they are who cannot learn, unlearn, and relearn**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **educational** standpoint, **the level of illiteracy** is bound up inextricably with **being formally educated**, which indicates it might lead to both **the ability of reading and writing**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **the classical education** and **critical thinking** as well as an exponential increase in **the compulsory schooling**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to the school leaving, k-12 curriculum, and training education alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **widespread illiteracy** is correlated positively with not only **lifelong learning** but also **being open-minded**.

Within the realm of **modern society**, without the slightest doubt, **the illiteracy definition** attribute to **alternative perspectives**, in that it would come down to **intellectual abilities** and **educational contexts**. A salient example of such attribution is **constantly updating**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **the illiteracy elimination** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **unenlightened individuals’** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the educational environment, independent learning, and even ubiquity of the internet and computers**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **the learning methods**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **knowing how to learn will define illiteracy in 21st century**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic 32 (The Major Purpose of Television)

- ▶ The major purpose of television is to educate, not to entertain. Do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Some people think that TV is a source of information and education. Others believe that TV is useful for entertainment only. Discuss both views and give your opinion.
- ▶ Some people say that television is a very useful tool when it comes to education. Others argue that television is a much overused, ineffective teacher. Discuss both of these views and give your opinion as to the usefulness of television as an educational tool. Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Recently, **the main purpose of television** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it educational tool or useful for entertainment?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **TV is a source of information**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **educational** standpoint, **watching television** is bound up inextricably with **acquiring the latest news**, which indicates it might lead to both **telecast** and **T-commerce**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **documentaries** and **television exposure** as well as an exponential increase in **talk-show programs**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to propagandist policies, misinforming people, and reality TV alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **providing information and knowledge** is correlated positively with not only **TV channels** but also **educational contexts**.

Within the realm of **entertainment**, without the slightest doubt, **the function of television** attribute to **the gathering family together**, in that it would come down to **sitcoms** and **serials**. A salient example of such attribution is **the favorable spare time**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **TV addiction** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **excessive TV watching** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to telefilms, live performances, and even advertisements**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **digital and video entertainments**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **the major purpose of television is both to educate and entertain**. **However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover**.

≡ Topic **33** (TV as a Part of Life)

- ▶ Nowadays TV has become an essential part of life. Medium to spread news & awareness and for some it acts like a companion. What is your opinion about this?
- ▶ Does television removes our loneliness or not? Discuss mass media life

Recently, **television as an essential part of life** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it a news medium or useful for entertainment?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **TV acts like a companion**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **social** standpoint, **watching television** is bound up inextricably with **acquiring the latest news**, which indicates it might lead to both **telecast** and **breaking news**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **mainstreams** and **television exposure** as well as an exponential increase in **talk-show programs**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to propagandist policies, misinforming people, and reality TV alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **providing information and knowledge** is correlated positively with not only **TV channels** but also **mass media**.

Within the realm of **modern lifestyle**, without the slightest doubt, **the function of television** attribute to **the gathering family together**, in that it would come down to **sitcoms** and **serials**. A salient example of such attribution is **the favorable spare time**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **TV addiction** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **excessive TV watching** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to telefilms, live performances, and even advertisements.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **TV in digital and video entertainments**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **the major purpose of television is both to broadcast and entertain.** However, with the benefit of hindsight, we conceive the more we research, the further we discover.

≡ Topic **34** (Children's Work)

► In many countries, children are engaged in some kind of paid work. Some people regard this as completely wrong, while others consider it as valuable work experience, important for learning and taking responsibility. What are your opinions on this issue?

Recently, **the phenomenon of child labor** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it a valuable work experience or a completely wrong idea?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **it is important for learning and taking responsibility**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **socioeconomic** standpoint, **forcing children to work** is bound up inextricably with **child abuse**, which indicates it might lead to both **lack of education** and **being deprived of childhood**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **a heavy workload** and **low-paid jobs** as well as an exponential increase in **exploitation**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to using drugs, fatherless families, and part-time tasks alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **occurring a troubled childhood** is correlated positively with not only **distracting children from proper schooling** but also **doing extra work**.

Within the realm of **children's right**, without the slightest doubt, **employment in early ages** attribute to **maltreatment**, in that it would come down to **sexual harassment** and **discrimination**. A salient example of such attribution is **poverty**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **standards of living** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **mental and physical health** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to international organizations, child unions, and even labor law. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **invaluable work experience**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **the issue of child labor is completely wrong idea. Meanwhile, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 35 (Polygamy)

- ▶ Polygamy has led to massive divorce rate around the globe. Give possible solutions for various situations to reduce the issues.
- ▶ Has polygamy increased widely in this modern and brutal life? How far do you agree with this statement?

Recently, **the phenomenon of polygamy** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is there any solutions to reduce it?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **the polygamy has led to high divorce rate**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **social** standpoint, **having multiple wives** is bound up inextricably with **breakdown families**, which indicates it might lead to both **traditional notions** and **religious viewpoints**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **polygamous society** and **dysfunctional families** as well as an exponential increase in **divorce rates**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to women empowerment, consent of partners, and strict law alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **consummating a happy marriage** is correlated positively with not only **sociocultural policies** but also **family commitments**.

Within the realm of **marital life**, without the slightest doubt, **a polygamous marriage** attribute to **separation**, in that it would come down to **jealousy** and **family crises**. A salient example of such attribution is **household expenses**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **equal rights** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **earlier wives** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to the alimony, inheritance conflicts, and even domestic violence. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **monogamous relationship in a successful marriage**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **both people and governments are liable for reducing polygamy and divorce rates**. **Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 36 (Environment in Danger)

- ▶ The environment we live in is in danger due to various problems. What are the underlying causes? Who is responsible to combat this? What measures? (Discussion style)
- ▶ The environment we are living in is in danger due to various problems...so who do u think Should be responsible to solve it? Is it the governments, organization or each individual?
- ▶ Environmental pollution is too alarming to be managed by individuals. Real change can be made at the government level. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

Recently, **the phenomenon of environmental damages and threats** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"who is responsible for that?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **governments must remain accountable for combating climate changes**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **scientific** standpoint, **fighting climate change** is bound up inextricably with **global warming**, which indicates they lead to both **greenhouse gases** and **carbon dioxide emissions**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **fossil fuels** and **the earth's temperature** as well as an exponential increase in **ozone layer depletion**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to glacier melting, the sea level, and polar ice cap alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **environmental sustainability** is correlated positively with not only **governmental policies** but also **individuals' participation**.

Within the realm of **environmental policies**, without the slightest doubt, **combating climate change** attribute to **clean energies**, in that it would come down to **solar energy, electricity, and using state-of-the-art technologies**. A salient example of such attribution is **recycling energies**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **natural resources** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **power stations' problems**. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to alternative energies, windmill farms, and even nuclear energies**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **international organizations**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **all individuals, governments, and organizations are liable for combating environmental challenges**. **Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect**.

≡ Topic 37 (Xenophobia)

- ▶ Xenophobia has accelerated rapidly in the Western countries. According to you what solutions can be proposed by the government and individuals?
- ▶ International travel and tourism makes people prejudiced rather than broad-minded. What are its causes and what measures can be taken to solve this problem?

Recently, **the rapid acceleration of xenophobia in the western countries** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“what solutions can be proposed by governments and individuals?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **social interactions is a practical solution**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **social and political** standpoint, **a fear toward foreigners** is bound up inextricably with **nationalism**, which indicates it might lead to both **indigenous inhabitants** and **ethnic groups**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **strangers** and **public hostility** as well as an exponential increase in **discriminatory attitudes**. **Their academic criticism was impressive**. **Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to terrorism, fundamentalism, and social inequalities alike**. Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **racism in developed countries** is correlated positively with not only **the governmental policies** but also **individual judgmental behaviors**.

Within the realm of **immigration**, without the slightest doubt, **xenophobia** attribute to **patriotism**, in that it would come down to **ethnic prejudices, refugees crisis, and racial hatred**. A salient example of such attribution is **identity crisis**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **cultural diversities** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **culture-shock** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to different languages, colors, and even religions**. **Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle**. Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **international campaigns against chauvinism and bigotry**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **both governments and individuals must remain accountable for xenophobia**. Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.

≡ Topic **38** (Migration Due to Industrialization)

- ▶ The 18th century due to industrialization a lot of people migrate to develop countries. This affected lifestyle and increased major problems in develop countries. To what extent do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ There are many arguments about the advantages and disadvantages of migration and how it has affected us locally.
- ▶ Working and living abroad helps us to know other cultures well. How far you think working abroad has good or bad impacts on our cultural lives?

Recently, **the phenomenon of migration due to industrialization** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **“did it affect people’s lifestyle?”**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **immigration increased major problems in developed countries**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **economic** standpoint, **immigration** is bound up inextricably with **overcrowding**, which indicates it might lead to both **a significant rise in population** and **income inequalities**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **newcomers** and **damaging job markets** as well as an exponential increase in **refugees**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to asylums, skilled workers, and illegal migrants alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **occurring out-migration** is correlated positively with not only **industrialized countries** but also **foreign job seekers**.

Within the realm of **society**, without the slightest doubt, **mass migration** attribute to **a new lifestyle**, in that it would come down to **social division, cultural diversities, and culture shock**. A salient example of such attribution is **cultural disputes**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **social welfare** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **xenophobia** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to host countries, sponsored immigrants, and even community cohesion.** Besides, **this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **social interactions in global migration**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes “all’s well that ends well,” after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly entirely agree** that **the large-scale migration has led to major problems and a new lifestyle in western countries.** Meanwhile, **the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 39 (Car Ban in Large Cities)

- ▶ Some people think that cars should be banned from large cities. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.
- ▶ Are the cars damaging the environment? Should the number of cars be restricted to one for one family? Give your views and support your views with appropriate examples.

Recently, **the idea of banning cars from large cities** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question **"is it advantageous or not?"**. Whereas it is a widely held view that **cars' ban avoids environmental damages**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **environmental** standpoint, **private vehicles** is bound up inextricably with **air pollution**, which indicates it might lead to both **carbon emissions** and **noxious gases**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **global warming** and **greenhouse effects** as well as an exponential increase in **single-occupant cars**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to noise pollution, carpools, and mass transportation alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **mitigating climate change** is correlated positively with not only **car ownership restriction** but also **pedestrian-friendly cities**.

Within the realm of **society and economy**, without the slightest doubt, **imposing bans on cars** attribute to **transportation infrastructures**, in that it would come down to **public transit, automotive industry, and green taxes**. A salient example of such attribution is **traffic congestion**, which is a cause for concern since it was mistaken to take **faster and comfortable transports** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **commuters' problems**. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to electric cars, free rides, and even free transport services. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **social policies in the car usage reduction**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I entirely agree** that **cars must be banned partially from large cities**. **Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**

≡ Topic 40 (Euthanasia)

► "Euthanasia is no longer acceptable in the modern society." Discuss the solutions to accept this fact.

Recently, **the phenomenon of euthanasia** has sparked an ongoing controversy, which inevitably leads to a moot question "**what are the solutions to accept this fact in the modern society?**". Whereas it is a widely held view that **there are various reasons to support euthanasia**, I will discuss controversial aspects of that throughout this essay.

From the **medical** standpoint, **a voluntary death** is bound up inextricably with **dying quickly**, which indicates it might lead to both **painless death** and **hopelessness**. As a well-known example, a longitudinal study conducted by eminent scientists in 2014 demonstrates the relationship between **incurable diseases** and **inevitable death** as well as an exponential increase in **terminally ill patients**. **Their academic criticism was impressive. Researchers, nevertheless, paid heed to fatal accidents, brain death, and organ donation alike.** Consequently, my empirical evidence presented thus far supports the contention that the likelihood of **a premature ending of life** is correlated positively with not only **right to refuse medical treatments** but also **withdrawing the medical aid**.

Within the realm of **ethical principles**, without the slightest doubt, **euthanasia** attribute to **traditional views**, in that it would come down to **religious beliefs, traditional views** and **senseless murders**. A salient example of such attribution is **irreversible coma**, which is a cause for concern since they were mistaken to take **a merciful death** for granted. Had there been a paradigm shift earlier, scholars might have had the opportunity to pinpoint **devastating diseases** problems. **Likewise, hardly had they confined their attention to free will, bioethics, and even cardinal sins. Besides, this criterion is an indispensable part of modern lifestyle.** Hence, it is reasonable to infer the pivotal role of **legal definition for doctor-assisted suicide**.

To conclude, as for myself, as the saying goes "all's well that ends well," after analyzing what elaborated above, **I firmly believe** that **there are various measures to deal with euthanasia acceptance**. **Meanwhile, as a feasible solution, the local authorities are recommended to enforce some strict legislation, and individuals are hoped to heighten their intellect.**



≡ Topic 41 (Music & Learning)

- ▶ Does a certain type of music affect young children's learning? Agree/disagree
- ▶ The effects of music on children's learning abilities.
- ▶ Some say that music is as important as other subjects in schools to promote learning in children life. Do you agree or disagree? Give your opinion.

❖ Criteria:

Educational | sociopsychology |

❖ Related topics:

22 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

children's education | learning atmosphere | teaching basic knowledge | physical and intellectual growth | social skills | interpersonal interaction | being a part of a peer group | extracurricular programs | team working | Preschool | Experimental learning | Cognitive development | Creativity | Early literacy | Adaptive | talented pupils | Aptitude test | Music | world music | folk music | cultural understanding | activating brain | clearing mind | orchestra | instrumental music | releasing physical tension | positive energy | sense of peace | altering mood | music therapy | productivity increase | relaxing | inspiring | Rhythmic carol | chant | cheerleading | acquaintance with the world of art | multimedia in education |

≡ Topic 42 (Experimental learning)

- ▶ Experience is a more effective way to teach, compared to books. Experimental learning or traditional learning in high school and university, which one do you agree is more effective?
- ▶ Whether experimental learning can work well in formal education, agree or disagree?
- ▶ Life experience is a better teacher than school or foreign education. Give an example and support opinion.

❖ Criteria:

Educational | experimental learning |

❖ Related topics:

11 | 15 | 28 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

school instruction | enriching curriculum | broadening educational experience | field trips | providing opportunities to interact with peers | improves comprehension | outdoor learning | strengthening observation skills | sensory activities | extracurricular activities | encouraging teamwork, creativity, responsibility, life skills, interpersonal skills, and self-improvement | highlighting career opportunities | After-school programs | strengthening interest areas | connecting with the working world | indirect instruction | non-school learning | observational research | practical and hands-on experience |

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≡ Topic 43 (Penalizing students)

- ▶ Some universities deduct marks from students' works if given in late, what are your views and what action will you recommend to take?
- ▶ What is your opinion on deducting marks on student's work if it is late?
- ▶ The university will deduct the student's score for late assignments, opinions and solutions. Or Should University penalize students for late submission of their work?
- ▶ Should university penalize students for late submission of their work?

❖ Criteria:

Educational | Self-discipline |

❖ Related topics:

04 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

school discipline | acceptable behavior | academic achievement | educational success | create a safe environment to learn | effective learning conditions | reinforce appropriate social conduct | instill self-discipline | developing self-control | cooperating with peers | promote | mutual respect | care and consideration | Negative effects of punishment | lying | stealing | cheating and bullying | humiliation | lower self-esteem | failure | frustration | tight control | strictness | suspension | discipline methods | non-punitive discipline | non-physical discipline |

≡ Topic 44 (Studying films at school)

- ▶ Whether studying films at school is as important as studying literature? Do you think school should have curriculum asking students to play old drama and work for theatre centuries ago?
- ▶ It is important for children to study a film at school to learn literature. To what extent you agree? Give example.

❖ Criteria:

Educational | sociopsychology |

❖ Related topics:

22 | 41 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

Multimedia tool | | good scenario | special effects | graphics | sound effects | actors | role models lifestyle | history of cinema | well-defined characters | clever dialogues | well-written and well-directed film | comedy | children's' film | sci-fi genera | enlightening, illuminating, educational, constructive, entertaining, interesting, and visually stunning | provoking discussion | audiences | being inspired by film messages | involves viewers in the story | empathy and sympathy | change viewer's mood. | animation | high-concept movies |





≡ Topic 45 (Medical technology & life expectancy)

- ▶ Medical technology can increase the humans life expectancy. Is it blessing or curse? Medical technology is responsible for the human's life expectancy. To what extent do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Medical technology is responsible for the human's life expectancy. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Or Medical technology helps to live long life. Is that curse or blessing for society and mankind?

❖ Criteria:

Biotechnological | Social policies |

❖ Related topics:

58 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

expanding lifespans | genetic research | characteristics | personality type | psychotherapists | regular exercise | sport medicine | physical activities | weight control | nutritional medicine | food quality | GM foods | healthy diet | medical care | nutritional supplements | adequate sleep | climatic conditions | avoiding tobacco | raising public awareness | state-of-the-art-technologies | clinical care | academic hospitals | life-saving operations | medical treatment | successful major surgeries | organ transplantation | longevity | age bracket | long life | Gerontoloav | age-friendly services | anti-aging programs | sexagenarians | family support | income levels | pension | retirement | incurable and painful disease | graft surgery | accurate medical diagnosis | preventing and controlling epidemics | vaccination, medical policies | statistical measures | mortality rates | curing chronic diseases | public hygiene |

≡ Topic 46 (Design of buildings)

- ▶ Whether design of buildings will have a positive or negative impact on people's life and work.
- ▶ It is important to preserve the beautiful buildings of the past, even if it will be expensive to do so. To what extent do you agree or disagree with it.

❖ Criteria:

Technical | Socioeconomic status |

❖ Related topics:

-

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

scarce and valuable lands | construction industry | tall buildings | floor space | high- rise buildings | contributing to the area's vibrancy | external view | frontage | computer simulations | earthquake withstanding | higher standards | convenience | national or regional symbol of cities | modern, classical, contemporary, and traditional architecture | tourist attraction | mayoral duties and policies | damaged buildings | modern buildings | city feature | ruining natural landscapes | spoiling the overall appearance | skyscrapers | heterogeneous society | noticeable class distinction | building plans | design-build apartments | premises | residential complex | edifice | multi-story structure | reflecting the culture of society |



≡ Topic **47** (Building roads vs developing public transport)

- ▶ Should government build more road to allow more vehicle owner or improve the network of public transport?
- ▶ People emphasizing government to build an advanced transport system rather new road for vehicles that are overcrowding the cities. Do you agree or disagree?
- ▶ Cities are now expanding; the government should make better network for public transport or should build more roads to facilitate car ownership? Agree or Disagree?

❖ **Criteria:**

Environmental | socioeconomic status |

❖ **Related topics:**

39 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

traffic congestion | car accidents | inadequate roadway capacity | insufficient number of roads | substandard road conditions | increased number of cars | roads and transport services | urban sprawl | employing traffic-calming measures | traffic flow | improving public transport systems | limiting the number of cars | raising investment funds for transport system | providing a safe network of bus lanes |

≡ Topic **48** (Working while studying)

- ▶ Effective learning requires time, comfort and peace so it is impossible to combine study and employment. Study and employment distract one from another. To what extent do you think the statements are realistic? Support your opinion with examples.
- ▶ Students doing part-time jobs; advantages and disadvantages.
- ▶ Some students work while studying. This often results in lacking time for education and constantly feeling under pressure. What do you think are the causes of this? What solutions can you suggest?
- ▶ How to Successfully Handle Job and Studies at the same time?

❖ **Criteria:**

Educational | Personal life |

❖ **Related topics:**

10 | 25 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

Needless!

Merely do an in-depth review for related topics, reorder collocations, and reproduce introduction and conclusion according to the topic.

≡ Topic 49 (Cashless society)

- ▶ In a cashless society, people use more credit cards. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this phenomenon?
- ▶ Do you think cashless society is realistic and why? What are the advantages and disadvantages?
- ▶ People can perform everyday tasks, such as shopping and banking as well as business transactions, without meeting other people face-to-face because of technology. What are the effects of this on individual and society as a whole?

❖ Criteria:

Socioeconomic | Technology |

❖ Related topics:

-

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

integrated banking systems | online transactions | being easy-to-access | paid cards | debit cards | greater shopping experiences | online shopping | security and comfortability | omitting physical money | the risk of identity theft | global money transactions | e-commerce | e-banking | mobile banking | financial facilities | new methods transferring money | state-of-the-art technologies | international trade | banking equipment | monetary systems | reliability and accuracy | preventing money laundry | black money | black markets | world bank | swift system | cyber-crimes | cybersecurity | tracing transaction | online frauds | cyber hackers | ubiquity of the Internet | bank note | bill printing costs | paper money | constant surveillance | computerization | automation |

≡ Topic 50 (Examination at the end of the semester)

- ▶ Put the examination at the end of the semester or separated small tests throughout the entire semester, which one do you agree?
- ▶ All examination in some countries take place at the end of the academic year, but others spread out throughout the academic year's. Pros and Cons.

❖ Criteria:

Educational | Sociopsychology |

❖ Related topics:

04 | 43 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

Needless!

Merely do an in-depth review for related topics, reorder collocations, and reproduce introduction and conclusion according to the topic.



≡ Topic 51 (E-books vs printed books)

- ▶ University only requires applying digital media rather than continuously upgrading textbook. Agree or disagree.
- ▶ As E-books are available online these days, the value of printed books has diminished. Agree or disagree?
- ▶ "More information available online so library books are useless." Agree or disagree with statement?
- ▶ More information is available online so library's books are useless. Agree or disagree.
- ▶ Should library use digital gadgets to provide information on different topics? Pros & Cons

❖ Criteria:

Educational and studious | Technology and environment |

❖ Related topics:

17 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

electronic books | electronic devices | ease of use | being easy-to-access | E-book publications | lower prices | E-books' readership | Amazon Kindle | PDF files | e-pub formats | linked sources | printed books | information technology | public libraries | book reader gadgets | e-book applications | digital format | ubiquity of the internet | computerization | environmentally friendly | reduction in cutting down trees | avoiding deforestation | electronic libraries | being widely available | being updated | copy right protection | digital right management | leafing through books | reading materials | leaving comments | bookmarking pages | professional software | printing and publication industry | online bookshops | sharing feedbacks and annotation | academic textbooks | being heavy and bulky | being out of stock | text-to-speech reader | fast searching | electronic highlighting | integrated dictionary | wireless downloading |

≡ Topic 52 (Practical education)

- ▶ Education is important as it teach ethics and life value as it teaches us practical things for future employment. What is your opinion?
- ▶ Some people think that universities should not provide so much theoretical knowledge but give more practical training throughout their courses. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

❖ Criteria:

Educational | life skills |

❖ Related topics:

11 | 15 | 28 | 42 |

❖ Auxiliary collocations:

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≡ Topic **53** (Creativity and specific talents)

- ▶ Creativity is inborn skill or can be developed through learning? Your opinion.
- ▶ It is believed that some people are born with creativity and specific talents. However, it's sometimes claimed that taught developed creativity, and any child can become good sports person or musician. Discuss the two ideas.

❖ **Criteria:**

Educational | personal aptitude |

❖ **Related topics:**

11 | 15 | 28 | 42 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

genetic factors | personality type | inheritance | physical qualities | psychological features | appearance | natural features of temperament | natural talents | cognitive potentials | intellectual abilities | environmental factors | personal interests and preferences | life goals and values | tendencies | self-perception | social skills |

≡ Topic **54** (Moving from rural areas)

- ▶ Moving from rural areas to big cities will provide more opportunities. Your opinion.
- ▶ People are moving to urban areas from rural areas for better life. What do you think about?
- ▶ An increasing number of people choose to study and work in big cities. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this phenomenon?

❖ **Criteria:**

Socioeconomic | Urbanization |

❖ **Related topics:**

23 | 38 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

urban sprawl | unplanned city development | unlicensed construction | increased rural migrations | overpopulation in cities | environmental impacts | loss of agricultural lands | lower food production | degradation of water resources | inadequate sewage disposal systems | loss of natural vegetation | poor air quality | ugly suburban landscapes | growth of slum areas | destruction of wildlife habitats | social impacts | loss of community identity | marking disparities in wealth | traffic congestion | economic impacts | increased public costs | higher tax burdens | increased energy consumption | increased unemployment rate | urban infrastructure decline |

≡ Topic **55** (Digital age: making lazier of providing information)

► Some people think digital age make them lazier while some people think it gives them more knowledge. What's your idea?

❖ **Criteria:**

Technological | Modern lifestyle |

❖ **Related topics:**

18 | 20 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

computerization | automation | digitalization | sedentary lifestyle | digital memories | overuse of robots and machines | obesity | less physical activities | more dependence on gadgets | artificial intelligence | comfortable life | time-saving machines | convenience | reduced household chores | being enslaved by technology | psychological problems | depression, stress, anxiety, tension, and mental disorders |

≡ Topic **56** (Theodor Roosevelt quote)

► When you are at the end of your rope, tie a knot and hold on. How far do you agree with Theodore Roosevelt quote?

❖ **Criteria:**

Characteristic | Decision-making process |

❖ **Related topics:**

11 | 28 | 53

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

not giving up | rough times | Great Depression | refusal to give up | life-and-death decision | tenacity | taking effort | finite value | hard working | great intensity | being tenacious | becoming frustrated | strong determination | life skill | long-standing practice | not settling for less than triumphant | achieving goals | general overview | finding solutions | decisive manner | major accomplishment | developing plan B | stubborn persistence | fighting spirit | enormous confidence | strength of purpose | untiring perseverance | ruthlessness | sheer willpower | lack of drive |

≡ Topic **57** (Diet vs Exercise)

▶ **Diet is better for health or exercise?**

❖ **Criteria:**

Nutritive | Exercises |

❖ **Related topics:**

-

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

sensible eating plan | enhancing overall health | immune system | reducing the risk of health problems | high blood pressure | diabetes | cardiovascular diseases | obesity | healthy diet | good eating habit | wholesome meals | sluggish body | cutting down on salt and sugar | healthier cooking methods | body weight | enough calories | necessary daily nutrients | healthy food | fast food | pre-cooked food | GM food | starvation diet | slimming | regimen | organic food | vegetarianism | physical effects of exercising | working out | daily walking | promoting physical fitness | stay fit and in shape | restoring energy and vitality | strengthening bones and muscles | boosting blood circulation | preventing obesity | mental effects | building self-confidence | enhancing emotional well-being | lifting our spirit | keeping our mind focused | positive thinking | relieving stress | anxiety control | overcoming long-term strains |

≡ Topic **58** (Aging)

▶ **In many countries, the proportion of older people is steadily increasing. Does this trend have more positive or negative effects on the society?**

❖ **Criteria:**

Demographic | Well-being and social policies |

❖ **Related topics:**

45 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

Population aging | decreasing fertility rate | increasing median ages | developed countries | demographic trend | geriatric population | pensions crisis | job vacancies | elderly care charges | rural-urban distribution | occupational history | less social vibration | second childhood | ageism | senile weakness | decline in physical and mental ability | centenarian people | rest home | pensioner | longevity | emotional and physical vulnerability | senior citizen | dementia | ailment | nursing home | age discrimination | governmental policies | generation gap |



≡ Topic **59** (Science vs art)

- ▶ Government should reduce their investment in arts, music and painting. Agree or disagree.
- ▶ Science or art, which one is better?

❖ **Criteria:**

Technical and scientific | art |

❖ **Related topics:**

09 | 20 | 55 |

❖ **Auxiliary collocations:**

the role of art | express feelings | convey opinions | transmit values | connecting people with a common vision | enhancing the sensitivity of humans | encouraging self-expression, creativity, and innovation | sharpening and enlightening the mind | encouraging analytical thinking | stimulate imagination | presenting new ideas | raising questions | promoting dialogue | bridging the gap among cultures | combination of techniques and creativity | a way of self-expression and self-fulfillment | universal language | inspiring |



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