Use these words to fill in the blanks: * בחוקותי * law * engraving * work

In the Parsha:
In the beginning of שרשת we learn of rewards we will receive "if you follow My
laws, and keep My commandments" - אָם-בְּחֻקּתַי תֵּלֶכוּ, וְאֶת מִצְוֹתֵי תִּשְׁמְרוּ.
רשייי explains that "keeping My commandments", וָאֶת מִצְוֹתֵי תִּשְׁמְרוּ, includes all of the
and the words אִם-בְּחֻקּתַי תֵּלֵכוּ teach us that in addition to simply learning מצוות
doing מצוות, we must be עמלים בתורה, we must "toil", labor, invest real effort in learning
חרה.
Question:
Why does the תורה specifically use the word בחוקותי to teach us that we must labor in our
study of תורה?
Answer:
The word חוקה () is similar to the word חקיקה ().
Engraving involves harder work than simply writing words.
This is why the תורה refers to "toiling" in תורה with the word בחוקותי, because – just like
הקיקה – studying תורה in this manner requires us to harder, and inverst more
effort.
Further discussion:
What is the connection between עמלים בתורה which is taught with the word
and מצוות that have no logical explanation?
(See שיחה in the שיחה).