(see שיחה in the שיחה)

Use these words to fill in the blanks:

* פורים * מרדכי * מגילה * אסתר

In the Gemara:
After the story of happened, אסתר and אסתר asked the סנהדרץ of that time to make it
into a יום טוב that we would celebrate every year.
In addition to the celebration, אסתר herself asked specifically that the story of also be read aloud
every year, and that it should be written as a, and included as part of תנ״ך.
Question:
Why did מגילה ask that the מרדכי should be read and written, while מרדכי only asked that the days
of פורים be celebrated?
Answer:
Both and helped bring about the miracle of פורים.
Yet, their roles were different.
was mainly involved in the spiritual efforts, with the Jewish people, awakening them to
do תשובה, bringing them together for fasting, etc.
אסתר was mainly involved with the practical, physical , "natural" efforts, going to אחשורוש
without permission, preparing the special feasts for אחשורוש, etc.
Since מרדכי was mainly involved in the spiritual side of the story, he wanted פורים to be a day of
celebration, through which we would remember the miracle, in our minds .
(The hands-on פורים of פורים remind us of the story, they don't convey the miracle itself).
Since אסתר was involved in the physical part of the story, she wanted that we should not only
celebrate as a reminder of the miracle, but that the story of the miracle itself should said with
our mouth and that the miracle be <u>written</u> as a <u>tangible</u> מגילה.
Further discussion:
Why is אסתר s request in תלמוד בבלי, and מרדכי s request in תלמוד ירושלמי?