ONE POINT

from

לקוטי שיחות חלק יט, **שיחה ד** ל**פרשת ראה**

~ Dedicated in honor of Rabbi Levi Brook and Family, Shluchim in Waukesha-Brookfield, Wisconsin ~

Use these words to fill in the blanks:
* עֶבֶד עִבְרִי * הַעַנָקָה * extra * higher * your *
In the Parsha:
In this week's מצוה we learn about the הַעַנָקָה.
When an (a Jewish slave) goes free, his master must give him various gifts.
This is in addition to providing him with all his needs during the time that he worked for him.
QUESTION:
Does this מצוה apply nowadays?
Answer:
אמאס. Nowadays we don't have the laws of עבד עברי, so we also don't have הענקה in its literal sense.
Still, the of הענקה applies.
The idea of הענקה is that in addition to paying them what you owe them for their work, you give
the עבד who worked for you something, more than they earned by working.
So, on a practical level, any time a Yid's employment comes to an end, the same rule applies, and
his boss should give him something extra (unless the worker quit on his own).
On a spiritual level, when teaching people about Yiddishkeit, you should not only look at where
the person is holding at this point, and only teach him what he seems to be ready for. Rather,
you should give him much more .
Your aim should be that he ultimately reach a level, by giving him the tools that will
enable him to eventually be able to reach beyond what he can do right now.
Further discussion:



▶ Does the quality of the employee's work impact the employer's obligation of הענקה?

(See שיחה in the שיחה)