## Rabbi's Article II

## A Celestial Convergence

The Baal Shem Tov (-<u>Link</u>) teaches that every event that takes place, regardless of how mundane it may be, and of whether it is concerning a Jew, human, animal, plant, or inanimate object, all is under the Divine Providence, and hence, perfectly orchestrated. How much more so, concerning an that of Torah and Mitzvot! Hence, the fact that the Torah-reading of *Behar* (-<u>Link</u>; ninth portion in the Book of Leviticus), the study of chapter four of *Ethics of Our Fathers*<sup>1</sup> (-<u>Link</u>) and that this is the week of *Lag B'Omer* (-<u>Link</u>) all converge, is definitely perfectly orchestrated within G-d's perfection. And being that on the week of *Lag B'Omer*, Rabbi Shimon bar Yochai's (-<u>Link</u>) 'Yom Hillula' (yahrtzeit; -<u>Link</u>), --which is the day on which, "all of [the tzaddik's] actions, his Torah, and the Divine service in which he engaged all the days of his life," reach completion-- we study specifically the teaching of (-ibid, Mishna 13), "Rabbi Shimon would say: There are three crowns—the crown of Torah, the crown of priesthood and the crown of sovereignty—but the crown of good name surmounts them all," hence, we most say that this teaching embodies the completion of Rabbi Shimon's life's work.

In the portion of *Behar* we find two contradictory themes:

- (a) We speak of the descent of the Jewish people<sup>2</sup>: (i) The worry of (-Leviticus 25:20), "And if you should say, 'What will we eat in the seventh year?'," (ii) reaching a point of (-ibid, 25:47), "sold to a resident non Jew among you or to an idol of the family of a non Jew," to the point of thinking (-Rashi, ibid 26:1), "Since my master worships idols, I will also be like him."
- (b) We speak of the Jewish people at the absolute ascent of being at (-Ibid 25:1), "(And the L-rd spoke to Moses) on Mount Sinai... Speak to the Children of Israel..."

And the meaning behind this is, that the Jewish people's receiving the Torah at Mt. Sinai was specifically for the purpose of their *leaving* the spirituality and isolation of Mt. Sinai, and that even in the decent of, "*sold to an idol of the family of a non Jew*," they should rise above the challenges of nature, and remain (-Ibid 25:55), "*For the children of Israel are servants to Me*," and to no other!

So too, with the teaching of Rabbi Shimon: It is understood that by the *People of Good Deeds*, that the, "*crown of good name surmounts*," the, "*crown of Torah*." However, concerning Rabbi Shimon (-Talmud, Shabbat 11a), "*whose Torah is their vocation*," to the point of, "*they do not stop for prayer*," why does the *crown of good name* surmount the *crown of Torah*?! Even though, those *whose* "*Torah is their vocation*" need to also do *good deeds*, just as the *People of Good Deeds* need to study Torah, nevertheless, the *crown of Torah* should be highest?! More so, the Jerusalem Talmud (Link; -Berochos, Chapter 1, Halacha 2), --upon discussing Rabbi Shimon's not having to stop Torah-study in order to do mitzvot, questions--, "*Would not Rabbi Shimon ben Yoḥai agree that one interrupts to make a sukkah or a lulav? Does not Rabbi Shimon ben Yoḥai... because he who studies in order not to do would have been better off had he not been born?" The deeper meaning is that the <i>doing* is the *completion* of *Torah-study* itself! Our sages teach (-Brochois 17a), "*The objective of Torah wisdom is to achieve repentance and good deeds.*" Hence, it isn't that good deeds are higher than *Torah-study*, but rather, that good deeds *complete* ("*objective of*") Torah-study, which is the highest of all! Hence the *crown of Torah* should surmount all!? Especially with Rabbi Shimon being the student of Rabbi Akiva (-Link), who ruled (-Kiddushin 40b), "*Greater is study*"!

The explanation is, the purpose of creation is (-Tanchumah, Naso 16; Tanya, Chapter 36) to make for G-d a dwelling place here below. This is not accomplished just by doing mitzvot, but rather, there needs to as well be Torahstudy at the level of total worldly isolation of, "*whose Torah is their vocation*." The reason to this is the rule (-Brochois 5b), "A prisoner cannot free himself from prison," but rather, needs someone outside the prison to free him. So too, the only way to free oneself from the constraints of the physical coarseness is through one who is outside of it. Hence, for the People of Good Deeds to be able to accomplish elevating and transforming the prison of the physical coarseness into a dwelling place for G-d, they must have that those "whose Torah is their vocation," free them from the coarseness of engaging, and imbue them with this power. And for those "whose Torah is their vocation," in order to be able to connect and imbue the People of Good Deeds, they must have that from the very onset of their Torah-study, that it be solely, "For the sake of doing!" However, the question begs to be asked, how can someone whose entire life is Torah-study, which is about isolation, to be solely, "For the sake of doing?!" And the answer is, this can only be done when the entire focus is on abnegation of self to the will of G-d. within the Infinite Will of G-d, all is equal. Hence, the ultimate Torah-study spiritual abnegation, and the ultimate worldly engagement of doing good deeds, coexist. Henceforth, a man with the total humility and self-abnegation of Rabbi Shimon, can have his entire isolation of absolute Torah-study, be with the sole purpose of connecting, engaging and empowering of the people who do good deeds. Hence, we find (-Shabbat 33b) that after 13 years of Rabbi Shimon and his son Rabbi Eliezer isolating in a cave, studying Torah, and when Rabbi Eliezer saw that people were working, instead of studying Torah, "Every place that... directed their eyes was immediately burned... Everywhere that Rabbi Elazar would strike, Rabbi Shimon would heal. Rabbi Shimon said to Rabbi Elazar: My son, you and I suffice for the (entire) world, (as the two of us are engaged in the proper study of Torah)." For through their Torah-study of isolation, all the actions of People of Good Deeds were creating a dwelling place for G-d.

And this is the meaning of the teaching, "crown of good name surmounts them all," for the entire crown of Torah must be saturated with, "For the sake of doing," the crown of good name.

- 1. According to the custom of studying a chapter of Ethics of our Fathers every Shabbat from Passover until Shavout, and some study unti Rosh Hashanah
- 2. The Rebbe is speaking of the spiritual descent. See Tractate Kiddushin (-20a), which defines the entire portion speaking of the physical descent due to a lack of repentance