

Class 8 English (Term 1, 2021-22)

Poem-1

The Earth Needs You

1. Who is 'you' in the poem ?

- a) Poet
- b) human beings
- c) both a and b
- d) none of these

2. What according to the poet is not very clever?

- a) People
- b) earth
- c) single use plastic
- d) none of these

3. What happens to the single use plastic after it is thrown?

- a) It travels around
- b) it disposes off
- c) both a and b
- d) none of these

4. What does the poet want you to cut down?

- a) Trees
- b) usage of single use plastic
- c) both a and b
- d) none

5. Find the suitable synonym for the word 'intertwine' from the poem.

- a) Tangle
- b) travel
- c) lasts
- d) none

6. Find the suitable antonym for the word 'occasionally' from the poem.

- a) Forever
- b) lasts
- c) travel
- d) none

7. Which of these are the single use plastic things?

- a) Bottles
- b) straws
- c) grocery bags
- d) all of these

8. Pick the false statement :

- a) We should cut down the usage of plastic
- b) Plastic pollutes the oceans.
- c) Grocery bags are example of single usage plastic

d) Plastic does not harm environment

9. People use single use plastic because it is

- a) cheap
- b) lasts long
- c) both a and b
- d) none of these

10. The poem shows the poet's concern for_____.

- a) Environment
- b) earth
- c) human beings
- d) All the above

Lesson-Value of Money

1. What was the age of the narrator when he learnt the value of money?

- (a.) 10 years
- (b) 14 years
- (c) 12 years
- (d) 15 years

2 What advertisement would pop up on screen all the time?

- (a) it was about T.V
- (b) it was about latest Bell computer
- (c) it was about monitor
- (d) it was about A.C.

3. At the age of 14, what did the narrator learn?

- (a) value of discipline
- (b) value of money
- (c) value of hardwork
- (d) value of honesty

4. What were the features of Bell computer that were being advertised on T.V?

- (a) it had fastest processor and high storage
- (b) it had lowest processor
- (c) it had low storage
- (d) it had low battery power

5. From where would the narrator read about its features?

- (a) in Indian Spokesman
- (b) in Tech magazines
- (c) in Educational magazines
- (d) in Filmy magazines

6. What made the narrator unhappy?

- (a) limitations of his own computer
- (b) limitations of Bell computer
- (c) speed of computer
- (d) storage of computer

7. Who refused to buy the new computer?

(a) his friends

(b) his neighbours

(c) his teachers

(d) his parents

8. The narrator wanted to buy the computer of _____ company.

(a) Bell

(b) Acer

(c) Dell

(d) Sony

9. What did his parents notice about him after sometime?

(a) he was very obsessed

(b) he was not obsessed

(c) he was curious

(d) he was obedient

10. Which two things did the narrator do to complete the chores?

(a) he wake up early and worked tirelessly

(b) he wake up very late

(c) he did not work hard

(d) he was not obedient

11. How many times did the narrator do the dishes?

(a) 2 times

(b) 3 times

(c) 4 times

(d) 5 times

12. Where did he take the garbage?

(a) inside home

(b) outside home

(c) in the school

(d) nowhere

13. What did the parents give to the narrator?

(a) books

(b) money

(c) computer

(d) bag

14. Did the narrator buy the Bell computer?

(a) yes

(b) no

(c) may be

(d) can't say

15. Why did the Bell employees advise the narrator to wait for a few more days?

(a) because a new computer arrived in the market

(b) because it was not good

(c) because it had low storage

(d) because it was out of stock

16 Where did he go to place his order?

(a) at company

(b) at market

(c) at school

(d) at Bell center

17 What is changing very fast?

(a) students

(b) technology

(c) parents

(d) company

18 Who told the narrator about upcoming computer?

(a) employee

(b) teacher

(c) student

(d) friend

19 What should we do with the hard earned money of parents?

(a) save

(b) spent

(c) value

(d) respect

20 At last what did the writer do with the money?

(a) he invested it in a saving account

(b) he bought a computer

(c) he spent it in the market

(d) he bought the games

Lesson-The Aged Mother

1 . Who ordered to put all aged people to death?

(a) Farmer

(b) woodcutter

(c) mother

(d) despotic leader

2. The poor farmer dealt with her mother.....

(a) Humbly

(b) peacefully

(c) tenderly

(d) happily

3. The order by the despotic leader filled the heart of farmer with.....

(a) Happiness

(b) joy

(c) sorrow

(d) pity

4. What was long and steep?

(a) Mountain

(b) village

(c) path

(d) road

5. The narrow road was crossed and recrossed by many paths made by

(a) Woodcutters

(b) hunters

(c) both of these

(d) none of these

6. “ Obatsuyama” was the name of.....

(a) Hunter

(b) mountain

(c) farmer

(d) governor

7. What was dropped by the mother on the way to mountain?

- (a) Stones (b) bushes (c) twigs (d) unwhitened rice

8. What was given by the mother to his son?

- (a) Cool water (b) the last instructions (c) a pot (d) food

9. The soft cushion was made with

- (a) Pine needles (b) bushes (c) cloth (d) stones

10. The voice of the mother was full of

- (a) Sweetness (b) happiness (c) love (d) selfishness

11. The mountain road was full of

- (a) Food (b) needles (c) rice (d) danger

12. Who says "your kindness breaks my heart"?

- (a) Hunter (b) farmer (c) mother (d) leader

13. What did the farmer carry with him along with his mother?

- (a) Stones (b) cloth (c) rice (d) a pot with cold water

14. From where did the farmer get the closet for food?

- (a) Beneath the road (b) beneath the kitchen floor
(c) beneath the path (d) beneath the piles of twigs

15. The order to kill the aged people was full of.....

- (a) Strictness (b) happiness (c) cruelty (d) kindness

16. Who whispered the news to mother?

- (a) Both son and hunter (b) only son
(c) only hunter (d) none of them

17. What was demanded by the despotic leader?

- (a) Rope of ash (b) rope of stones
(c) rope of twigs (d) rope of twisted straw

18. Who was pleased at the wit of youth?

- (a) the widow mother (b) the son (c) the Governor (d) people

19. What was realized by the Governor in the end?

- (a) Old age meant experience of life
(b) Old age meant frailty
(c) Both of these

(d) None of these

20. What was called barbarous in this lesson?

(a) Days (b) people (c) custom (d) rope of ash

Lesson-Saint Ravidas

1. When was Saint Ravidas born?

a) 1387 b) 1377 c) 1357 d) 1367

2. What was his father's profession?

a) cobbler b) farmer c) blacksmith d) Potter

3. Which type of knowledge did Ravidas want to gain?

a) materialistic b) earthly c) spiritual d) none of these

4. What did he understand at the school?

a) ills of society b) respect towards low class
c) well treatment of society d) none of these

5. Why could Saint Ravidas not put his heart in studies?

a) because of unfriendly atmosphere b) Because of ills of society
c) Both of these d) none of these

6. What was Ravidas in search of?

a) Good friends b) spiritual teacher
c) school d) all of these

7. What is the name of the teacher of Saint Ravidas?

a) Swami Vivekananda b) Swami Ramanand
c) Ramanuj d) none of these

8. What did Saint Ravidas look in the forest?

a) A she deer caught in the net b) A deer caught in the net
c) A fawn caught in the net d) All of this

9. Who came jumping towards the she dear?

a) The hunter b) three fawns
c) the lion d) the tiger

10. What did Ravidas feel when he saw the captured she deer?

- a) to save the life of animal
- b) to go back for meditation
- c) Both of these
- d) none of these

11. According to Saint Ravidas what is man's sacred duty?

- a) To bring peace to troubled heart
- b) To save animal life
- c) To love every creature on Earth
- d) All of these

12. From whom did Ravidas save the lives of she deer and fawns?

- a) the tiger
- b) the lion
- c) the hunter
- d) none of these

13. In what kind of things did Saint Ravidas have no interest?

- a) Spiritual
- b) Material
- c) Non material
- d) Useful

14. How did all the evil thoughts get washed from the hunter's mind?

- a) Painful picture of she deer
- b) Miserable plight of fawns
- c) Saint Ravidas's words of wisdom
- d) All of these

15. According to Saint Ravidas which things are meaningless?

- a) caste
- b) colour
- c) creed
- d) All of these

16. Who said : "Untouchability is a sin against humanity"?

- a) Swami Ramanand
- b) Swami Vivekananda
- c) Saint Ravidas
- d) None of these

17. For whom did Saint Ravidas bring hope?

- a) For poor people
- b) For weak people
- c) For backward people
- d) All of these

18. What were the teachings of Saint Ravidas?

- a) simplicity
- b) equality
- c) justice
- d) all of these

19. Where did Saint Ravidas go for meditation?

- a) City
- b) Village
- c) Forest
- d) Temple

20. How did Ramanand inspire the people?

- a) Asking not to bow to the unjust demand of high caste people
- b) Asking to recognize the strength of their inner spirit
- c) Asking to stay away from all weak thoughts
- d) All of these

Poem-Don't Quit

1. Who is the poet of the poem 'Don't Quit'?

- a) Anonymous
- b) Rabindranath Tagore
- c) Edgar A. Guest
- d) T.S.Eliot

2. Rhyming word of 'will' is

- a) High
- b) hill
- c) quit
- d) doubt

3. Synonym of 'high' is

- a) Giant
- b) elevated
- c) towering
- d) all of these

4. The life is full of

- a) Twists
- b) Turns
- c) Both
- d) None of the above

5. Antonym of word 'care' is

- a) Attention
- b) Concern
- c) Responsibility
- d) Carelessness

6. The moral of the poem is that

- a) We should face the difficulties of life
- b) We should enjoy our success only
- c) We should quit
- d) None of these

7. What should we do when things seem worst?

- a) We should run away from obstacles
- b) We should find the solution
- c) We should sit without any action
- d) All of the above

8. Arrange the jumbled letters into a meaningful word – tedb

- a) debt
- b) detb
- c) tedb
- d)edtb

9. When the goal is near

- a) We should faint
- b) We should struggle
- c) We should falter
- d) We should give up

10. Meaning of the word 'quit' is ...

- a) Leave
- b)stick
- c)hardest
- d)stuck out

Lesson-The Old Sage and the Brothers

1. How many sons did the farmer have?

- a) One
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) Four

2. All the 3 sons were ____ .

- a) Active b) lazy c) hardworking d) none of these

3. For how many months did farmer tell his sons to go and find some work ?

- a) 5 months b) 1 month c) 6 months d) 1 year

4. Where did the 3 brothers sit to eat ?

- a) Under a shed b) under a bridge c) under a Banyan tree d) under a Neem tree

5. Who approached the 3 brothers ?

- a) An old sage b) a saint c) a prophet d) a king

6. What did the old sage ask for ?

- a) For something to drink b) for something to be wear
c) for something to kill d) for something to eat

7. Who offered the old sage a chapatti?

- a) Harry b) Raman c) Sandeep d) none

8. What was Harry's first wish ?

- a) 3 big houses b) 1 big house c) 20 cows d) 5 cows

9. What was the promise made by Harry to old sage?

- a) He will not refuse a cup of milk to anyone
b) He will not refuse a cup of juice to anyone
c) He will not refuse a cup of water to anyone
d) No promise was made

10. How did Raman help the sage?

- a) He gave him food b) he gave him clothes
c) he helped him cross the river d) he helped him fly

11. What were the two wishes of Raman?

- a) A big house and a poultry farm b) A big house and ten cows
c) A big house and a field d) No wish

12. What was the promise made by Raman?

- a) He will not refuse milk to anyone b) he will not refuse egg to anyone
c) He will not refuse clothes to anyone d) he will not refuse water to anyone

13. How did Sandeep help the sage?

- a) He got some water for sage b) He got some chapattis for Sage

c) he got some milk for sage

d) He did not help him at all

14. What did the old sage give to Sandeep ?

a) A piece of cloth

b) a rope

c) a stick

d) nothing

15. Was Sandeep happy when his wishes were granted ?

a) yes

b) no

c) can't say

d) none of the above

16. What was a promise made by Sandeep?

a) He will not refuse anything to eat to anyone

b) He will not refuse anything to drink to anyone

c) He will not refuse anything to wear to anyone

d) No promise was made

17. Which brother decided to visit other two brothers?

a) Harry

b) Raman

c) Sandeep

d) No one visited anyone

18. Which of the things got vanished ?

a) The cars and bungalows

b) The trains

c) the roads

d) the houses , cows and the poultry

19. What was the reason behind getting the things vanished ?

a) Sandeep's brothers did not keep their promises

b) there was an earthquake

c) there was a flood

d) nothing was vanished

20. What is the moral of the story ?

a) Always keep your promise

b) forget your promise

c) never be lazy

d) always remember your past

- **NOTE: Apart from these questions, other questions from the lessons can also be asked.**