## CHAPTER 6

## APPLICATIONS OF DERIVATIVES

SAY 2018

1. A rectangular plot $s$ to be fenced using a rope of length 20 metres with one of its sides is a wall as shown in the figure. Find the maximum area of such a rectangle.

2. Consider the curve $y=x^{3}+8 x+3$.
a) Find the point on the curve at which the slope of tangent is 20 .
b) Does there exist a tangent to the above curve with negative slope? Justify your answer. (1)

## MARCH 2018

3. a) $f(x)$ is strictly increasing if $f^{\prime}(x)$ is $\qquad$
a) positive
b) negative
c) 0
d) None of these
b) Show that the function $f$ given by
$f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+4 x, x \in R$ is strictly
incrasing.
4. a) Find the slope of the tangent to the curve

$$
\begin{equation*}
y=(x-2)^{2} \text { at } x=1 . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find a point at which the tangent to the curve $y=(x-2)^{2}$ is parallel to the chord joining the points $\mathrm{A}(2,0)$ and $B(4,4)$.
(2)
c) Find the equation of the tangent to the above curve and parallel to the line AB .

SAY 2017
5. a) Slope of the tangent to the curve $y=5-10 x^{2}$ at the point $(-1,-5)$ is
a) 10
b) -10
c) 20
d) -20
b) Show that of all rectangles inscribed in a fixed circle, the square has the maximum area

## OR

a) Maximum value of $f(x)=\log x$ in $[1, e]$ is
a) 1
b) e
c) $1 / \mathrm{e}$
d) 0
b) Using differentials, find the approximate value of $(255)^{1 / 4}$

## MARCH 2017

6. a) Slope of the normal to the curve at $(1,2)$ is
a) 1
b) $\frac{1}{2}$
c) 2
d) -1
b) Find the interval in which $2 x^{3}+2 x^{2}+12 x-1$ is strictly increasing.

OR
a) The rate of change of volume of a sphere with respect to its radius when radius is 1 unit
a) $4 \pi$
b) $2 \pi$
c) $\pi$
d) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
b) Find positive number whose sum is 16 and the sum of whose cubes is minimum.

SAY 2016
7. a) The slope of the normal to the curve

$$
y=x^{3}-x^{2} \text { at }(1,-1) \text { is }
$$

i) 0
ii) -1
iii) 1
iv) Not defined
b) Find the intervals in which the function $f(x)=2 x^{3}-24 x+25$ is increasing or decreasing.

## OR

a) The rate of change of area of a circle with respect to radius r , when $\mathrm{r}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$
i) $25 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
ii) $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
iii) $10 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
iv) $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
b) Show that of all rectangles with a given area, the square has the last perimeter.

## MARCH 2016

8. a) Slope of the tangent to the curve given by $x=1-\cos \theta, y=\theta-\sin \theta$ at $\theta=\frac{\pi}{2}$ is
i) 1
ii) -1
iii) 2
iv) 0
b) Find the intervals in which the function $f(x)=2 x^{3}-24 x+25$ is increasing or decreasing.

## OR

a) The rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to the radius ' $r$ ' when $\mathrm{r}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$
i) $25 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
ii) $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
iii) $10 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
iv) $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}$
b) Show that of all rectangles with a given area, the square has the least perimeter.

SAY 2015
9. a) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{\frac{2}{3}}+y^{\frac{2}{3}}=2 \text { at }(1,1) \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find two positive numbers whose sum is 15 and sum of whose squares is minimum.

## MARCH 2015

10. a) Which of the following functions is always increasing?
i) $x+\sin 2 x$
ii) $x-\sin 2 x$
iii) $2 x+\sin 3 x$
iv) $2 x-\sin x$
(b) The radius of a cylinder increases at a rate of $1 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ and its height decreases at a rate of $1 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the rate of change of its volume when the radius is 5 cm and the height is 15 cm .

If the volume should not change even when the radius and height are changed. What is the relation between the radius and height?
(c) Write the equation of tangent at $(1,1)$ on the curve $2 x^{2}+3 y^{2}=5$.

## SAY 2014

11. a) Find the slope of the tangent to the parabola

$$
\begin{equation*}
y^{2}=4 a x a t\left(a t^{2}, 2 a t\right) \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find the intervals in which the function $x^{2}-2 x+5$ is strictly increasing.
c) A spherical bubble is decreasing in volume at the rate of $2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{sec}$. Find the rate of which the surface area is diminishing when the radius is 3 cm .

## MARCH 2014

12. a) Which of the following function is increasing for all values of x in its domain?
A) $\operatorname{Sin} x$
B) $\log x$
C) $x^{2}$
D) $|x|$
b) Find a point on the curve $y(x-2)^{2}$ at which the tangent is parallel to the chord joining the points $(2,0)$ and $(4,4)$.
c) Find the maximum profit that a company can make, if the profit function is given by

$$
\begin{equation*}
p(x)=41-24 x-6 x^{2} . \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

## SAY 2013

13. A right circular cylinder is inscribed in a given cone of radius R cm and height H cm as shown in figure.

i. Find the curved surface area $S$ of the circular cylinder as a function of x .
ii. Find a relation connecting $x$ and $R$ when $S$ is a maximum.

## MARCH 2013

14. a) Find the slope of the normal to the curve

$$
\begin{equation*}
y=\sin \theta \text { at } \theta=\frac{\pi}{4} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Show that the function $x^{3}-6 x^{2}+15 x+4$ is strictly increasing in R.
c) Show that all rectangles with a given perimeter, the square has the maximum area.

## SAY 2012

15. a) Show that the function
$f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+6 x-5$ is strictly increasing on R .
b) Find the intervals in which the function $f(x)=\sin x+\cos x ; 0 \leq x \leq 2 \pi$ is strictly increasing or strictly decreasing.

## MARCH 2012

16. a) The slope of the tangent to the curve $y=x^{3}-1$ at $x=2$ is
b) Use differential to approximate $\sqrt{36.6}$
c) Find two numbers whose sum is 24 and whose product is as large as possible.

SAY 2011
17. a) Find the approximate value of $(82)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ up to 3 places of decimals using differentiation.
a) Find two positive numbers such that their sum is 8 and the sum of their squares i minimum.

MARCH 2011
18. (a) The radius of a circle is increasing at the rate of $2 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the rate at which area of the circle is increasing when radius is 6 cm .
(b) Prove that the function $f(x)=\log \sin x$ is strictly increasing in $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ and strictly decreasing in $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi\right)$.
(c) Find the maximum value of the function $f(x)=x^{3}-6 x^{2}+9 x+15$.

SAY 2010
19. Consider the parametric forms: $x=t+\frac{1}{t}$ and $y=t-\frac{1}{t} \quad$ of a curve.
a) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$
(2)
b) Find the equation of the tangent at $t=2$.
(3)
c) Find the equation of the normal at $t=2$.

## MARCH 2010

20. a) A particle is moving along the curve $y=\frac{2}{3} x^{3}+1$. Find the point on the curve at which the y-coordinate is changing twice as fast as the x -coordinate.
b) Consider the function $f(x)=\frac{\log x}{x}, x>0$
i) Find $f^{\prime}(x)$ and $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$
ii) For what value of $x$, the function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ has a maximum?

SAY 2009
21. a) An open box is made by removing squares of equal size from the corners of a tin sheet of size $16 \mathrm{~cm} \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$ and folding up the sides. Let V be the volume of the box so obtained.
i) With the help of figure, obtain the relation

$$
\begin{equation*}
V=x(16-2 x)(10-2 x) . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

ii) What is the value of x for which V is maximum?
(b) What is the slope of the tangent and normal at $(1,1)$ on the curve $y=x^{3}$

OR
(a) A water tank is in the shape of a right circular cone with its axis vertical and vertex down. Its height and diameter are same. Water is poured into it at a constant rate of $2 \mathrm{~m}^{3} /$ minute.
i) With the help of figure obtain the relation

$$
\begin{equation*}
V=\frac{1}{12} \pi h^{3} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

ii) Find the rate at which water level is increasing when depth of water in the tank is 6 m .
(b) Find the interval in which the function

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{3}-6 x^{2}+9 x+15 \text { is increasing. } \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

MARCH 2009
22. A window is in the form of a rectangle surmounted by a semicircle as shown in the figure. The perimeter of the window is 5 metres.

a) If $r$ is the radius of the semicircle and $x$ is the length of the larger side of the rectangle, find a relation between $r$ and $x$.
b) Find the area of the window in terms of r .
c) Find the dimensions of the window so that the greatest possible light may be admitted.

## OR

a) Find the slope of the curve $x^{2}+3 y=3$ at the point (1,2).
b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $x^{2}+3 y=3$ which is parallel to the line $y-4 x+5=0$. Find also the equation of the normal to the curve at the point of contact.

## MARCH 2008

23. The total profit $y$ (in rupees) of a drug company from the manufacture and sale of x bottles of drug is given by $y=-\frac{x^{2}}{300}+2 x-50$.
a) How many bottles of drug must the company sell to obtain the maximum profit?
b) What is the maximum profit?

## MARCH 2007

24. Consider the function

$$
f(x)=x(x-2), x \in[1,3]
$$

a) Verify the Mean Value Theorem for the function in [1,3]
b) Find the minimum value of the function by using differentiation.
c) Find the equation of the tangent to the above function at $(1,3)$

## MARCH 2006

25. a) Verify truth of the mean value theorem for the function given by $f(x)=x^{2}-1, x \in[2,3]$
b) Show that the height of the cylinder of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a sphere of radius R is $\frac{2 R}{\sqrt{3}}$
c) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}=a$ at a point $\left(\frac{a^{2}}{4}, \frac{a^{2}}{4}\right)$

MARCH 2005
26. i) Rolle's theorem is not applicable for $f(x)=|x|$ in $[-1,1]$ because:
a) $f^{\prime}(-1)$ does not exist
b) $f(-1) \neq f(1)$
c) $f(x)$ is not continuous at $\mathrm{x}=0$
d) $f^{\prime}(0)$ does not exist.
ii) Using differentials find the approximate value of $\sqrt{25.2}$
iii) A spherical bubble is decreasing in volume at the of $2 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the rate at which the surface area is diminishing when the radius is 3 cm .
iv) An open tank with square base and vertical sides is to be constructed so as to hold a given quantity of water. Show that the cost of material is least when the depth of the tank is half the width.

JUNE 2004
27. i) The value of ' $a$ ' for which the function $f(x)=a \sin x+\frac{1}{3} \sin 3 x$ has an extreme at

$$
\begin{equation*}
x=\frac{\pi}{3} \text { is } \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

a) 1
b) -1
c) 2
d) -2
28. Verify Rolle's theorem for $f(x)=x^{2}-6 x+8$ in $[2,4]$
29. Prove that the function $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+3 x-100$ is increasing on R .
30. The slope of the tangent of the curve $y=e^{-x^{2}}$ at $x=1$ is
a) 0
b) $-\frac{2}{e}$
c) $-2 e$
d) $\frac{2}{e}$
31. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve

$$
\begin{equation*}
y=\sin ^{2} x \text { at } x=\frac{\pi}{6} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

32. The radius of a circle is increasing at the rate of 3 $\mathrm{cm} . / \mathrm{sec}$. What rate the area is increasing when the radius is 10 cm .
33. Show that function $e^{x} \cos x$ satisfies the conditions of Rolle's theorem in $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ and find the point ' $c$ ' in $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ such that $f^{\prime}(c)=0$
34. Determine two positive integers whose sum is 15 and the product of the square of one with the other number is maximum.

## MARCH 2004

35. Verify Rolle's theorem for
$f(x)=x^{2}-6 x+8$ in $[2,4]$
36. Show that the semi-vertical angles of the cone of maximum volume and of given slant height is $\tan ^{-1}(\sqrt{2})$

## SAY 2003

37. The point on the curve $y=x^{2}$ at which the tangent makes an angle $45^{\circ}$ with the X -axis is
a) $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$
b) $\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
c) $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$
d) $\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
38. A particle moves along the curve $y=\frac{4}{3} x^{3}+5$. Find the points on the curve at which y-coordinate changes as fast as the x -coordinate.
39. Find the points on the curve $3 x^{2}-y^{2}=8$ at which the normals are parallel to the line $x+3 y=4$
40. Find a point on the curve $y=(x-3)^{2}$ where the tangent is parallel to the chord joining $(3,0)$ and $(4,1)$.
41. A wire of length 28 m . is to be cut into two pieces. One of the pieces is to be made into a square and the other into a circle. What should be the lengths of the two pieces so that the combined area of the square and the circle is minimum?

## MARCH 2003

42. Examine whether Mean Value Theorem is applicable for $f(x)=|x|$ in $[-1,1]$.
43. Show that of all rectangles of given perimeter, the square has the largest area.

SAY 2002
44. The triangle to the curve $y=e^{2 x}$ at the point $(0,1)$ is:
a) $2 x+y+1=0$
b) $2 x+y-1=0$
c) $2 x-y+1=0$
d) $x+2 y-1=0$
45. Find the least value of "a" such that $f(x)=x^{2}+a x+1$ is increasing in $[1,2]$
46. State Lagrange's mean value theorem and verify the same for the function:
$f(x)=2 x^{2}-10 x+29$ in the interval $[2,7]$
47. The combined resistance R of two resistors $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ is given by $\frac{1}{R}=\frac{1}{R_{1}}+\frac{1}{R_{2}}, R_{1}, R_{2}>0$. If $R_{1}+R_{2}=C$, where C is a constant, show that the maximum resistance $R$ is obtained by setting $R_{1}=R_{2}$.

## MARCH 2002

48. If the normal to the curve at a point is parallel to the x axis, then which of the following is true at that point?
a) $\frac{d y}{d x}=0$
b) $\frac{d x}{d y}=0$
c) $\frac{d y}{d x}=1$
d) $\frac{d y}{d x}=-1$
49. Show that $y=x^{3}+x^{2}+x+1$ does not attain the maximum or minimum value for any real number.
50. The radius of a circular plate is increasing at the rate of $0.2 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$. At what rate the area is increasing when the radius of the plate is 2 cm ?
51. Use differential to approximate $\sqrt{25.2}$
52. Find the point on the curve $y=x^{3}-11 x+5$ at which the tangent has the equation $y=x-11$.
53. Show that of all rectangles with given perimeter, the square has the maximum area.

## MARCH 2001

54. The slope of the curve $x=1-\cos \theta$, $y=\theta-\sin \theta$ at $\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}$ is:
a) $\sqrt{2}+1$
(b) $-\sqrt{2}+1$
(c) $\sqrt{2}-1$
(d) $-(\sqrt{2}+1)$
55. If the radius of a circle is increased from 6 to 6.1 cm ., find the approximate increase in its area.
56. Find the least value of ' $a$ ' such that the function $x^{2}+a x+1$ is increasing on (1,2).
57. Show that of all rectangles with a given area, the square has the least perimeter.

## MARCH 2000

58. Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the curve $y=x^{3}+2 x+6$ at the point $(2,18)$
59. Verify Lagrange's Mean Value theorem for the function $f(x)=x^{2}-1$ on $[2,3]$

