## Biology - Science Pacing Guide

Schedule	Standards
Week 1	
Week 2	<b>B-LS2-1</b> : Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of biotic and abiotic factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.
	<b>B-LS2-2</b> : Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.
Week 3	<b>B-LS2-6</b> : Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.
	<b>B-LS2-7</b> : Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities on biodiversity and ecosystem health.
Week 4	<b>B-LS4-6</b> : Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.
Week 5	<b>B-LS4-6</b> : Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.
Week 6	<b>B-LS1-5</b> : Use a model to illustrate how photosynthesis transforms light energy into stored chemical energy.
	<b>B-LS1-6</b> : Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for how carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen from sugar molecules may combine with other elements to form amino acids and other large carbon-based molecules necessary for essential life processes.
Week 7	<b>B-LS1-7</b> : Use a model to illustrate that cellular respiration is a chemical process whereby the bonds of food molecules are broken and the bonds in new compounds are formed, resulting in a net transfer of energy.
	<b>B-LS2-3</b> : Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for the cycling of matter and flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.
Week 8	<b>B-LS2-4</b> : Use mathematical representations to support claims for the cycling of matter and flow of energy among organisms in an ecosystem.
	<b>B-LS2-5</b> : Develop a model to illustrate the role of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in the cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and geosphere.
Week 9	
Week 10	<b>B-LS1-1</b> : Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.
	<b>B-LS1-2</b> : Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.
Week 11	<b>B-LS1-3</b> : Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.
	<b>B-LS1-4</b> : Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular division (mitosis) and differentiation in producing and maintaining complex organisms.

Week 12  B-LS3-1. Ask questions to clarify relationships about the role of DNA and chromosomes in coding the instructions for characteristic traits passed from parents to offspring.  B-LS3-2: Make and defend a claim based on evidence that inheritable genetic variations may result from (1) new genetic combinations through meiosis, (2) viable errors occurring during replication, and/or (3) mutations caused by environmental factors.  B-LS3-3. Apply concepts of statistics and probability to explain the variation and distribution of expressed traits in a population.  B-LS4-1: Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.  B-LS4-1: Construct an explanation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily results from four factors: (1) the potential for a species to increase in number, (2) the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment.  B-LS4-3: Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.  B-LS4-5: Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species.  B-LS2-8: Evaluate evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.  Week 19  Week 20  Week 21  Week 22  Week 23  Week 24  Week 25  Week 27  Week 28  Week 29  Week 30		
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