# Michigan State University

University Facilities and Land Use Plan



## **Agenda**

- Process + schedule update
- Past and upcoming meetings
- Listening Sessions: recurrent themes
- Preliminary CoMap survey findings
- Physical Analysis
- Draft Planning Principles

### Schedule



Project Management Team Facilities, and Spaces Campus Infrastructure Planning Work Group Town Hall/Community Engagement Board of Trustees

Executive Committee for Buildings,

## **Listening Sessions**

listening sessions and tours to date

**627** stakeholders to date

**ASMSU Housing Tour** James Madison COM Music Baker Wood Lot Tour **Business** Honors UACOR Athletics Tour AgBio Tour AUTTC RHA Engineering (OGS Placemaking **IM Sports Tour** President Stanley RHS Leadership Human Medicine International Studies Natural Sciences Health Sciences Lyman Briggs Social Science Vet Med CODD Alumni Leaders **Libraries** Education Comm Arts EVPA CNA3C Student Leaders CATA Outreach + Engagement Arts & Letters RCAH RESH CIPWG CANR Campus Services UCUE MSU Foundation Law PACDI Research & Innovation PDC Building Commissioning CORD MSU Health Care Land Use

Enrollment + ASP Undergraduate Education

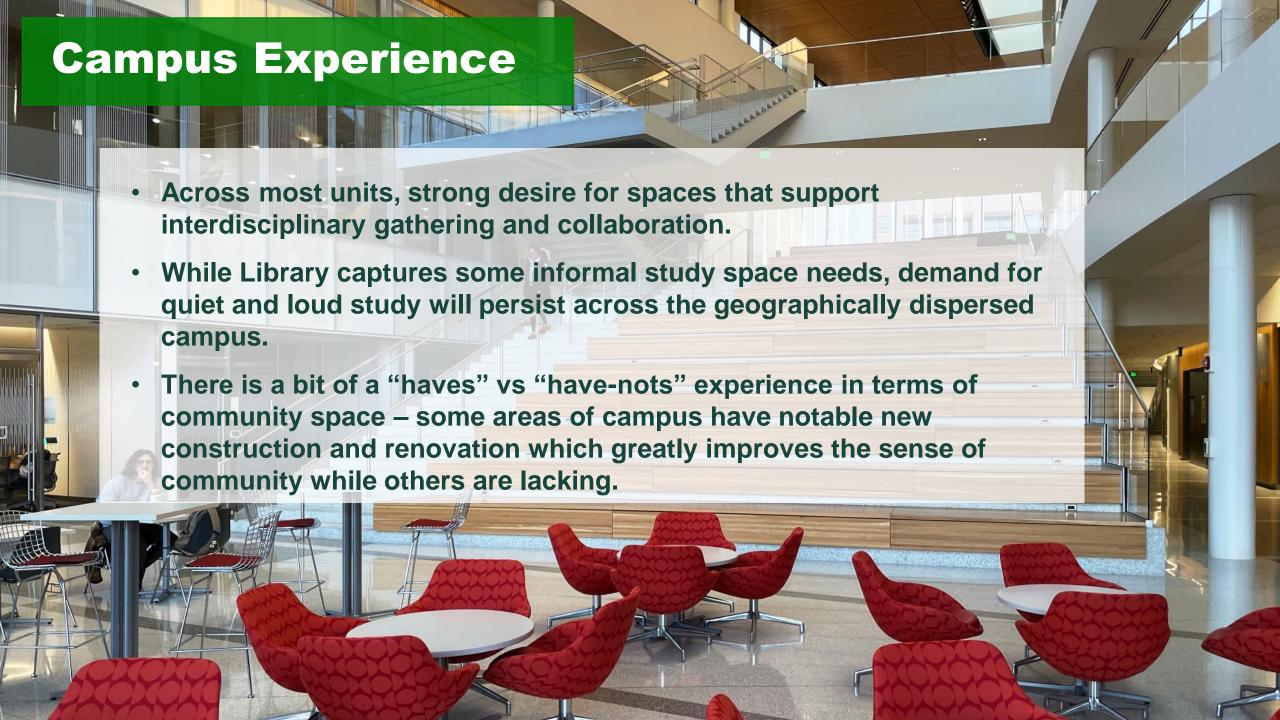
## LISTENING SESSIONS

**Recurrent Themes** 

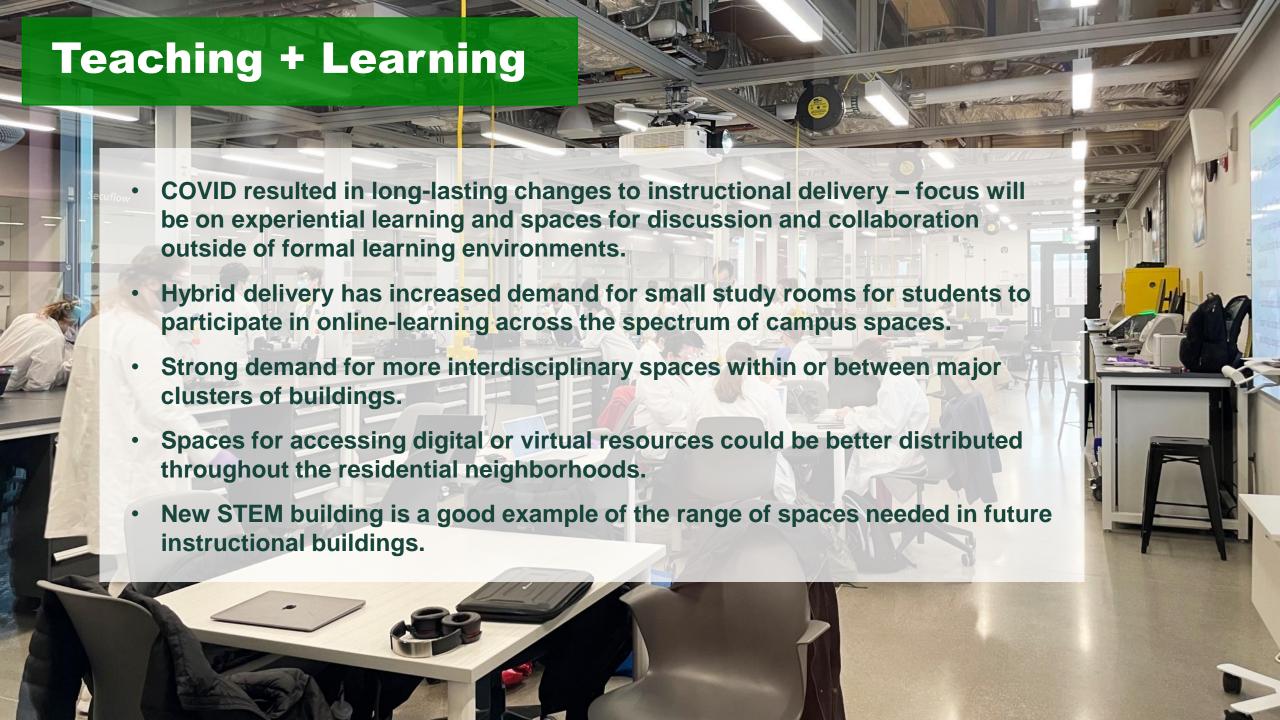
### **State Context**

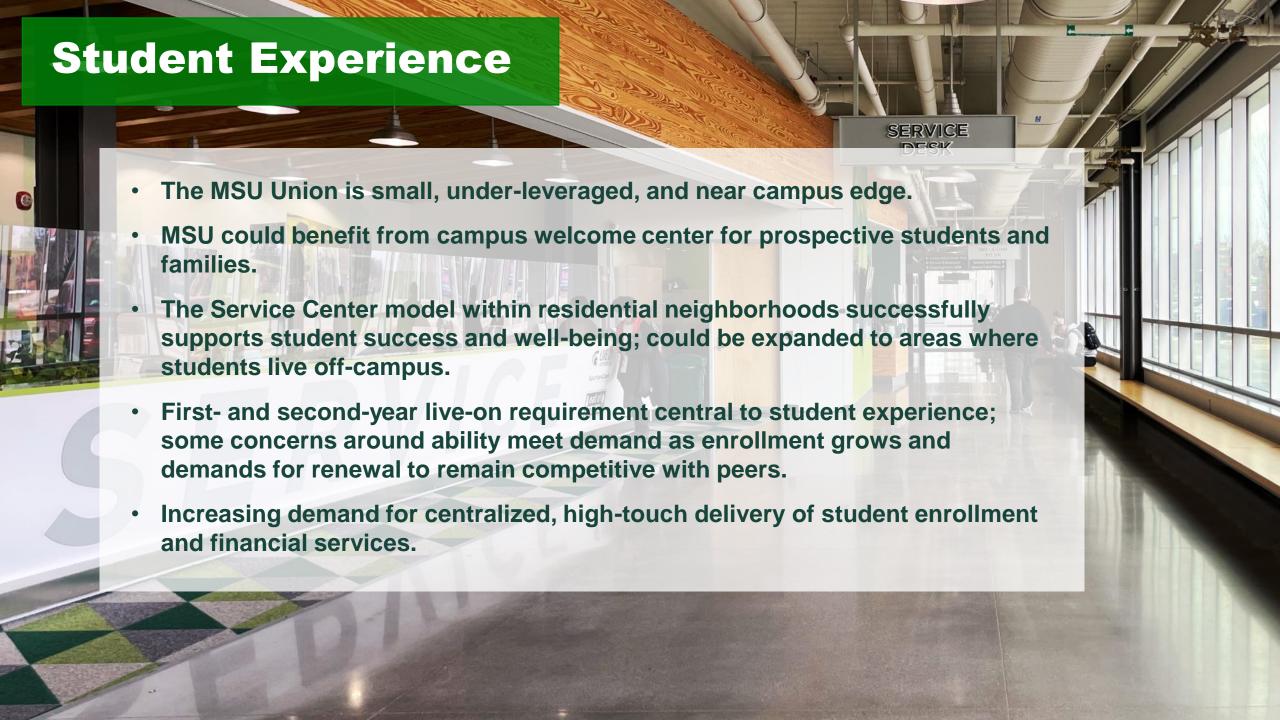
- MSU's presence in regional hubs like Detroit, Flint, and Grand Rapids are important components to expanding the missions of research, education, and outreach.
- Several units would like a clearer roadmap on how to better leverage extension offices or locations for convening research and delivering unique curricular offerings, especially around community health, agriculture, and manufacturing.
- As a public institution, MSU's strength is the ability to cultivate future leaders suited to meet the needs Michigan's unique conditions; how do we deliver curricular and co-curricular offerings that embed students across the state?
- The East Lansing campus has a strong sense of place how does MSU improve sense of connectivity to other locations?





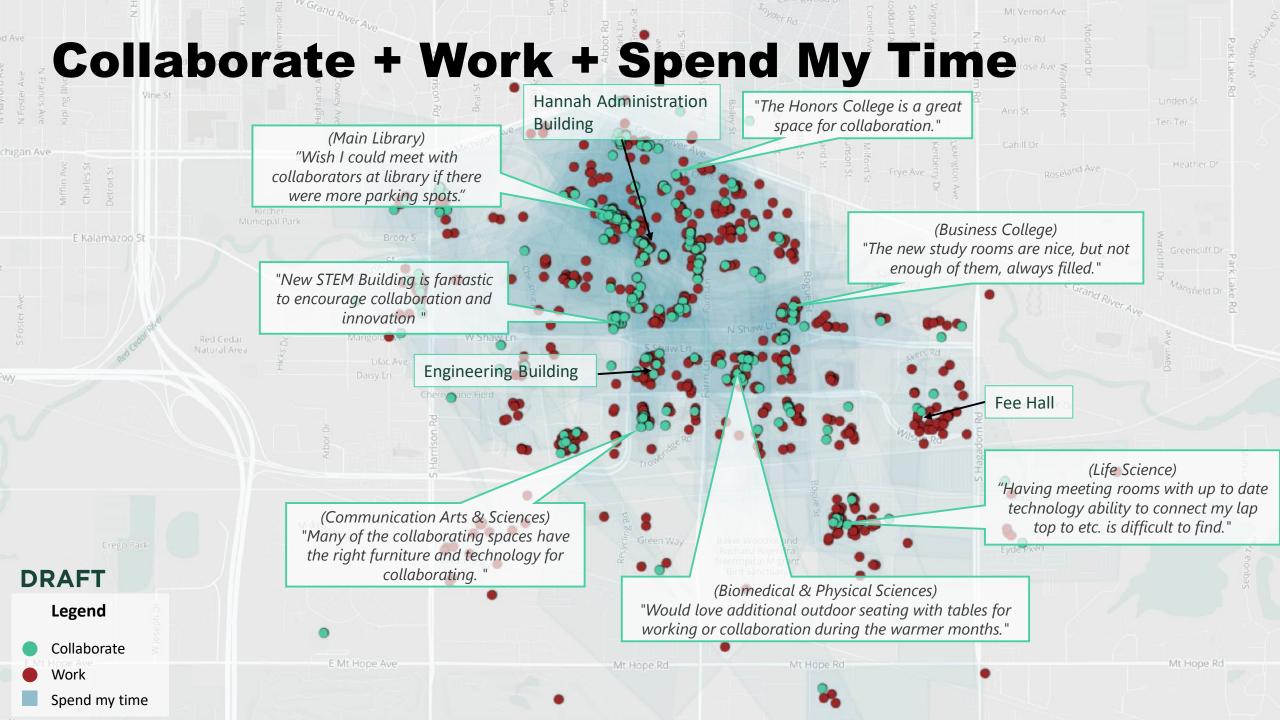




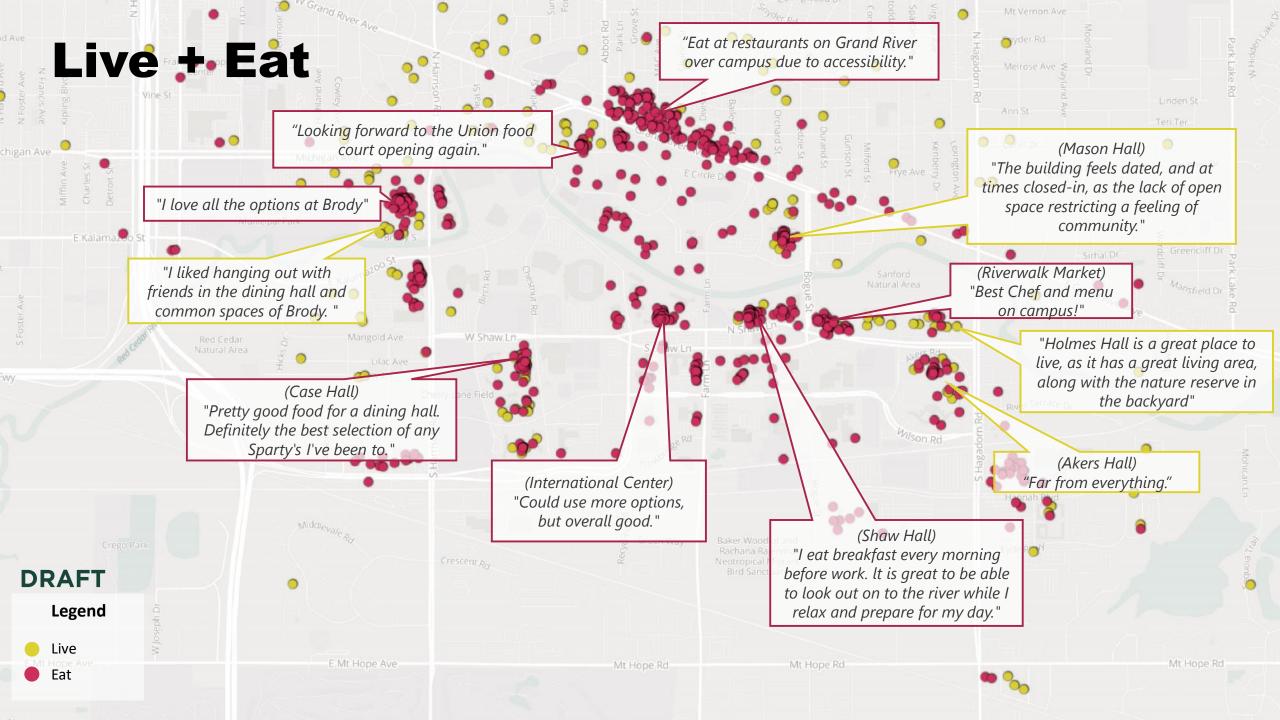


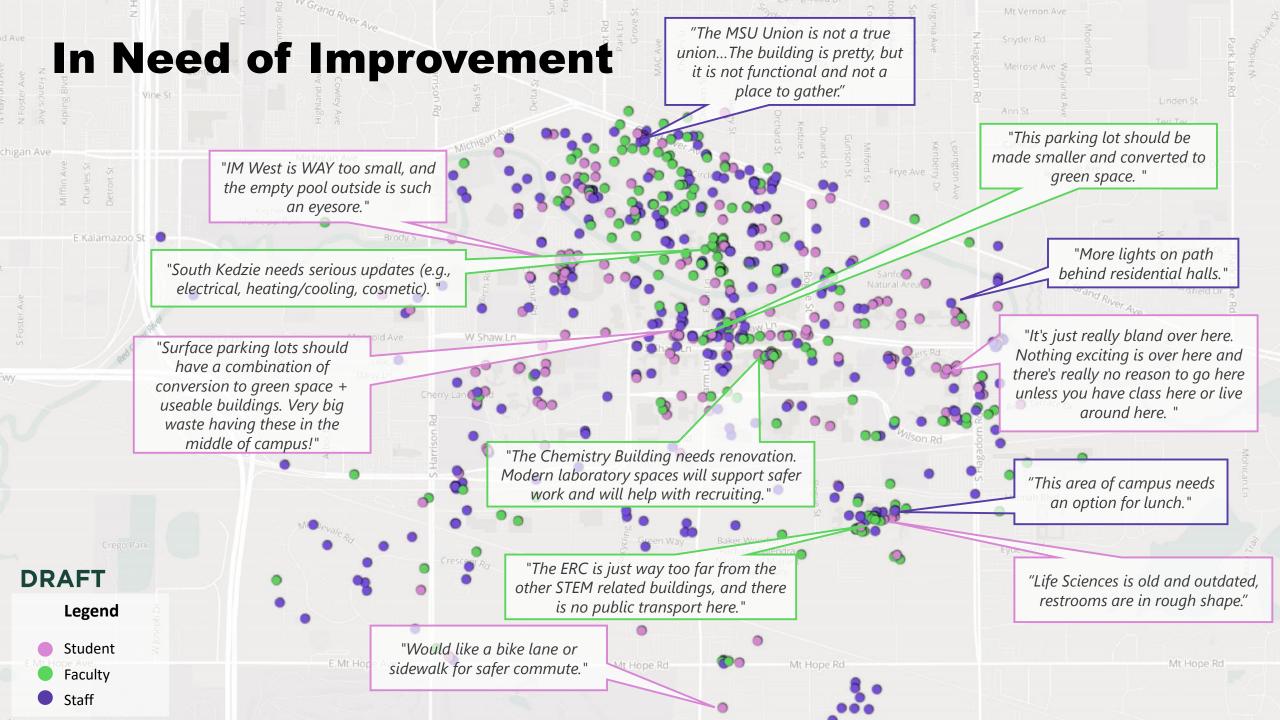
## **COMAP SURVEY**

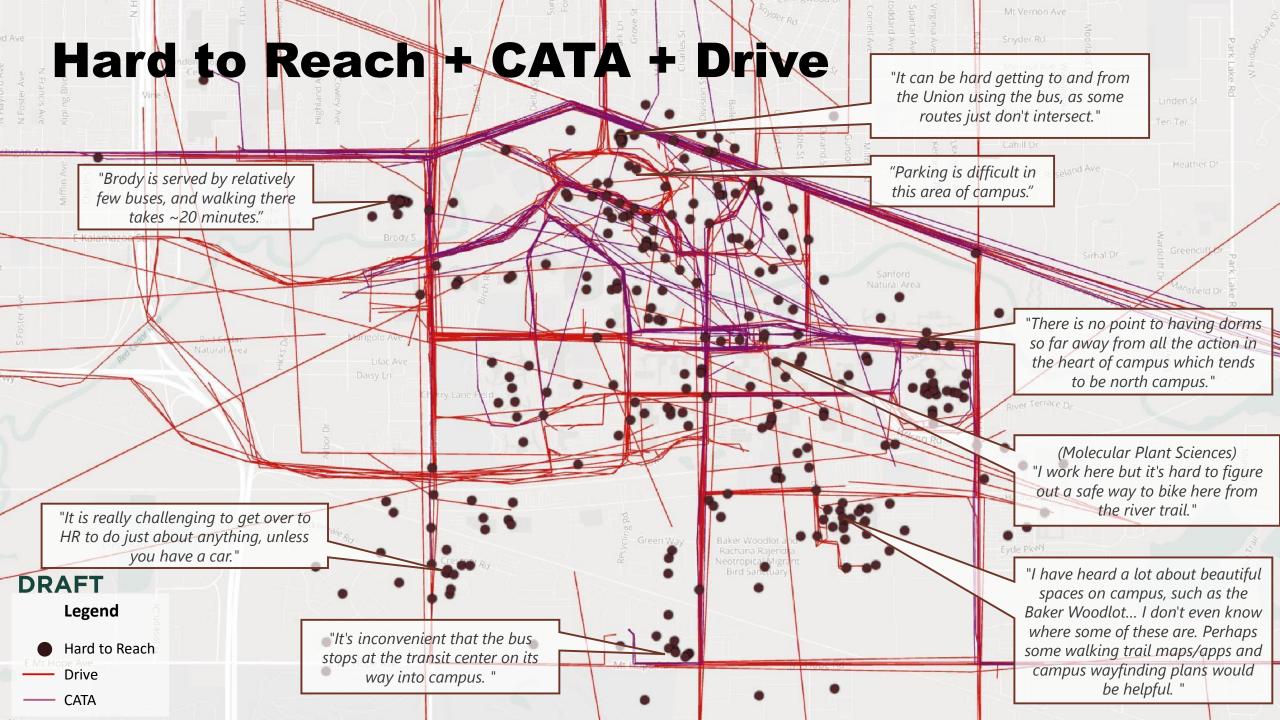
**Preliminary Findings** 



#### Explore + Recreate + Spend My Time chigan Ave "I explore the Museum." "I walk the river trail between "The Sanford nature area is a great place to Sparty and Farm often." enjoy nature during all season without "Attend summer theatre travelling off campus. This is a great place on the lawn." to enjoy solitude on campus." (IM Sports West) E Kalamazoo St "The gym is always way too busy and I can barely ever do the work out I "Attend Wharton actually want to do." Center events." (IM Sports East) "Pretty much the only (Cherry Lane Field) appealing thing here is that "Frisbee love" there's a weight room." "I love the gardens." "Baker lot is great, but again hard to find" **DRAFT** Legend **Explore** Recreate Spend my time







## **CAMPUS ANALYSIS**

Preliminary Findings

### **Historic Context**

#### Pre-1855



Michigan State
University occupies the
ancestral, traditional,
and contemporary lands
of Anishinaabeg —
Three Fires
Confederacy of Ojibe,
Odawa, and
Potawatomi peoples.
The university resides
on land ceded in the
1819 Treaty of
Saginaw.

#### 1855 - 1899



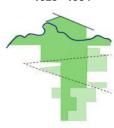
#### 1900 - 1924



In 1906, MSU hires landscape architect O.C. Simonds who reaffirms the naturalistic landscape as core to the historic North campus. By 1911 the College had 30 departments, and student enrollment reached 1,700; demand for campus buildings

grew accordingly

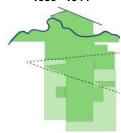
#### 1925 - 1934



MSU hires T. Glenn Philips to develop a new campus plan in 1926; the new plan prioritizes expanding south of the river for athletics and agricultural uses Beaumont Tower is completed in 1929 to

Beaumont Tower is completed in 1929 to memorialize the College's first building, College Hall

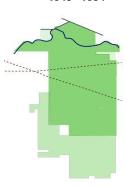
#### 1935 - 1944



 No new academic buildings were constructed on campus from 1929-1945

Non-academic construction included the enlargement of the Union and Football Stadium, construction of Jenison Field House and Gymnasium, Olin Health Center, and the Music Building, among others

#### 1945 - 1954



Post-war student enrollment spiked, reaching nearly 15.000 in 1947

677 acre tract

selected in 1855

The College was

formally dedicated

May 1957; land to

and opened in

the south of the

Red Cedar River

was an "Indian

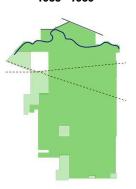
encampment"

as the campus

15,000 in 1947
In 1945, President Hannah
calls for new academic
facilities, including numerous
engineering buildings,
Veterinary Medicine, as well
as a new library and an
expansion of the power plant

Shaw Hall, the largest college dormitory in the US, was completed in 1950

#### 1955 - 1959



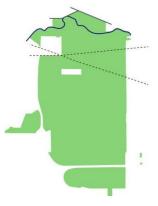
The College's name changes to Michigan State University of Agriculture and Applied Science in 1955

The Main Library is completed in 1955

 Enrollment surpasses 15,500 in 1955, and reaches 20,000 in 1957

The Kresge Arts Center is dedicated in 1959

#### **TODAY**



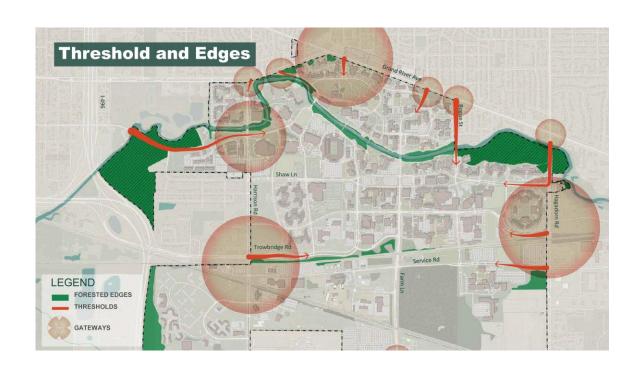
 Total student enrollment is nearly 50,000 with 24,9 million GSF, 571 buildings,

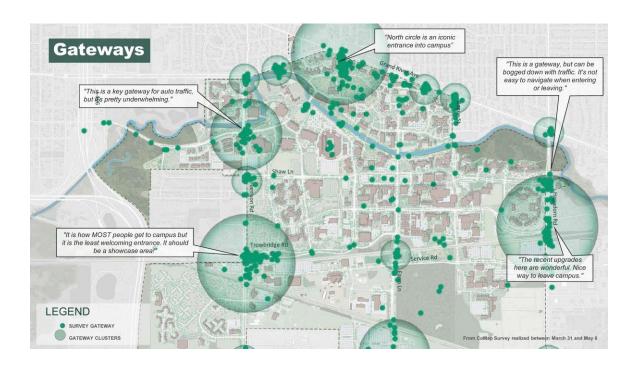


~ 5,200 Acres

The University's land holdings have greatly expanded with time. This vast land area is an asset, but also a poses a challenge as facility needs have often been met through outward growth rather than infill development.

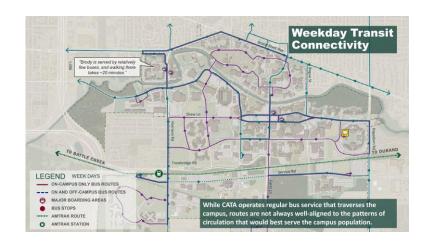
### **Urban Context**

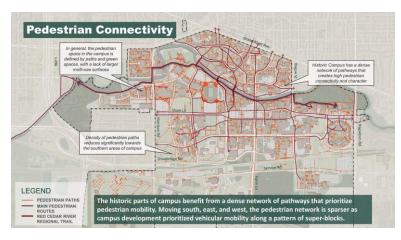


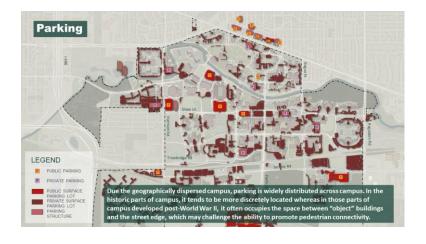


While the northern edge of campus engages East Lansing's urban fabric, the western and eastern edges provide unique entry and arrival experiences and opportunities to differentiate the University from its surrounding context.

## Connectivity

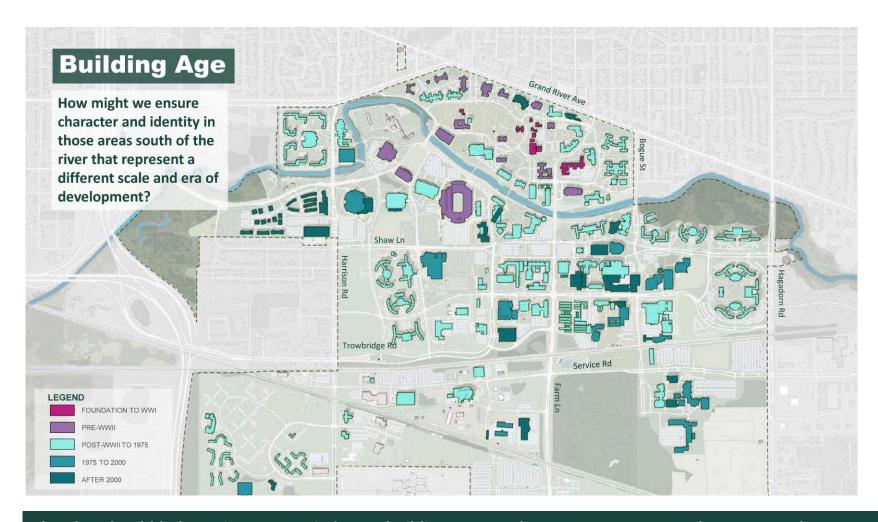






Although transit and pedestrian-oriented networks provide connectivity across the dispersed campus together, the campus scale, post-WWII development patterns, and challenges with existing transit operations mean many still rely on single-occupant vehicle trips and a campus dominated by large parking reservoirs.

## **Building Age + Condition**



The plan should balance investment in legacy buildings on North Campus to preserve that campus character while also considering the highest and best use of facilities in need of investment.

## **Next Steps**

- Refine physical analysis
- Identify opportunity sites for potential future development
- Develop concept scenarios (alternatives)

## DRAFT PLANNING PRINCIPLES

## **Strategic Plan Themes**

#### **Student Success**

provide an inclusive, equitable curriculum and environment with the academic, social, wellness and financial support to enable all students to learn, thrive, persist, graduate and succeed after graduation

## **Innovation for Global Impact**

generate new knowledge and apply it in practical ways to address complex societal problems relevant not only within Michigan but around the globe

## Stewardship and Sustainability

provide good stewardship of resources, meeting climate neutrality by mid-century while making strategic use of increasingly limited fiscal resources

## Staff and Faculty Success

create an environment in which excellence and opportunity thrive to attract and keep talent and create conditions where staff and faculty can do their best work, individually and collaboratively

#### **Sustainable Health**

advance research to address acute and longterm health issues through advances in clinical care, discoveries in basic and translational research and broad public health measures.

## Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

provide opportunity through education and build the future of Michigan and the nation with the talent and contributions of individuals from all backgrounds and communities

## Strategic Plan Themes Inform Principles

Student Success

Staff and Faculty Success

Innovation for Global Impact

Sustainable Health

Stewardship and Sustainability

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion



## EMPOWER A "SPARTANS UNITED" MINDSET

Ensure that the university mission drives the physical environment, integrating strategic, physical, and resource planning.

- Provide a flexible framework that addresses ever-changing strategic needs.
- Leverage statewide facilities and lands to maximize teaching, learning, research, and outreach capabilities.
- Prioritize student success.
- Enhance connectivity through the built environment.

## ADVANCE EXCELLENCE IN TEACHING, LEARNING, AND RESEARCH

Spark innovative specialized and multidisciplinary teaching and learning, research, and scholarship through the development of state-of-the-art facilities, leading to new knowledge, economic and technological development, and a workforce ready to meet the needs within Michigan and across the globe.

- Expand capacity of interdisciplinary research.
- Make learning and research more visible.
- Organize research in support of internal and external partnerships.
- Provide facilities capable of meeting modern pedagogies.

## FOSTER A MORE INCLUSIVE AND WELCOMING CAMPUS CLIMATE

Ensure equity in the physical environment, leveraging opportunities to create a more accessible and open-minded campus environment and one that is representative of the diversity of students, faculty, and staff.

- Organize the campus into logical districts with compatible uses.
- Across the East Lansing campus, provide a network of distributed "hearts", each with a unique sense of place to support students, faculty, and staff.
- Make physical spaces more welcoming and reflective of MSU's pluralistic communities to foster inclusion and a sense of belonging.
- Improve non-motorized mobility across campus.
- Advance universal design.

## ENHANCE CONNECTIVITY, ENGAGEMENT, AND INSTITUTIONAL IDENTITY

Strengthen connections and identity across MSU's constellation of locations to advance physical, programmatic, and virtual collaboration regardless of where students, faculty, and staff reside.

- Create an identity visible across all MSU campuses and locations.
- Provide environments supporting hybrid teaching and learning
- Establish a strong entry and arrival experience for all campuses and facilities.
- Support engagement with the communities within which MSU embeds itself.

## CULTIVATE A LIVING-LEARNING ECOSYSTEM

Support the academic, social, and developmental needs of the entire MSU community by recognizing the whole campus and our statewide facilities as part of the transformative learning environment that enable community, wellness, interaction, synergy, and collaboration.

- Recognize the whole campus as part of the learning environment.
- Engender a healthy campus.
- Ensure all campuses and statewide facilities respect regional ecologic and social contexts.
- Leverage statewide facilities to strengthen cross-college collaborations.
- Enhance intra- and inter-campus/facility collaboration
- Lower barriers to access by providing service locations to meet the needs of students, faculty, staff.

## PROMOTE STEWARDSHIP OF OUR RESOURCES

Prioritize fiscal and land use responsibility to maximize use of MSU's resources and promote projects that support the institutional mission.

- Create a built environment that minimizes operational complexity and cost.
- Provide prudent stewardship of MSU's financial resources.
- Maximize use of assets that can support the next generation.
- Steward the highest and best uses of our land and facilities resources.
- Leverage resources to promote strategic partnerships advancing learning and research.

## COMMIT TO A SUSTAINABLE AND RESILIENT FUTURE

Take action to reduce our global carbon footprint and contribute to building more resilient and sustainable communities. We will leverage our expansive infrastructure to create experiential learning opportunities as a living laboratory.

- Pursue renewable energy strategies that reduce campus carbon consumption.
- Provide a built environment that optimizes energy efficiency.
- Advance strategies to preserve and protect habitat and landscape ecology.
- Minimize single-occupancy vehicular travel and promote transportation alternatives.