(7 pa	Reg. No. :	2.	LD	OL and HDL are commonly known as
Coc	de No. : 30797 E Sub. Code : EEMI 11		(a)	
	n a		(b)	Bad cholesterol and good cholesterol
	B.Sc.(CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023		(c)	Assimilatory cholesterol and oxidative
	First Semester		(d)	Oxidative cholesterol and assimilatory
	Microbiology - Elective			cholesterol
	BASIC AND CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	3.	Wh	ich of the following is true regarding the
	(For those who joined in July 2023 onwards)			ability of amino acids?
Time	: Three hours Maximum : 75 marks		(a)	Mostly soluble in water and insoluble in organic solvents
	PART A — $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$		(b)	They are only water soluble
	Answer ALL questions.		(c)	They are soluble only in organic solvents
	Choose the correct answer:		(d)	Mostly soluble in organic solvents and insoluble in water
1.	Which of the following are the major functions of	4.	1171. :	
	(a) Storage	4.	4. Which level of protein structure is directl determined by the sequence of amino acids?	
(	b) Structural frame work	•	(a)	Tertiary structure
(	c) Transport of materials		(b)	Quaternary structure
(	d) Both storage and structural frame work		(c)	Secondary structure
			(d)	Primary structure
Para				
	What are the causes of Diabetes mellitus?  (a) Lack of insulin receptor in tissue cells	9.	Crea which	tine Kinase is used as a diagnostic clue in h of the following?
	(b) Lack of glucagon receptor in tissue cells		(a)	Pancreatitis
	c) Both (a) and(b)		(b)	Hepatitis
	d) None of the above		(c)	Myocardial infraction
			(d)	Pneumonitis
	Sphingolipidoses leads to the improper functioning f which organ?	10.	Whiel Aldol	h of the following is/are clinical significance of ase
(	a) Liver (b) Brain		(a)	Progressive muscular dystrophy
(6	e) Stomach (d) Heart			Viral hepatitis
7. V	What happens during Phenylketonuria?		(c)	Prostate cancer
(8			(d)	All of the above
(l				PART B $\leftarrow$ (5 × 5 = 25 marks)
(0		Ar	101110=	ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
(d				
		1	Each	answer should not exceed 250 words.
	Alkaptonuria?	11. (		Briefly explain the classification of
(а	diffic contains homogenetisic acid		n	nonosaccharides.
(b	DIACK			Or
(c)	phonylataling	(1		Describe the structure of oligosaccharides and polysaccharides.
(d	Both (a) and (b)		a	na porysacchariaes.

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[P.T.O.]

8.

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 (a) Briefly explain the classification of amino acids.

Or

- (b) List out the biological significance of proteins.
- (a) Give a short note on (i) Ketoacidosis
   (ii) Hypoglycemia

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the following(i) Hyperlipidemia (ii) sphingolipidoses
- 14. (a) Give an account on Phenylketonuria.

Or

- (b) What is aminoaciduria? Explain.
- 15. (a) Give short note on renal function tests.

Or

(b) Write the clinical significance of ALT and AST.

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19. (a) Elaborate the biochemistry of disorders of amino acid metabolism with two examples.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the following disorders
  (i) Alkaptonuria (ii) Homocystineuria
  (iii) Tyrosinemia
- 20. (a) Discuss in detail different liver function tests.

Or

(b) Write the principles of diagnostic enzymology and give the biological significance of (i) Creatine Kinase (ii) Lactate dehydrogenase

PART C —  $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the types, characteristics and functions of polysaccharides

Or

- (b) Elaborate the general properties, functions, classification and biological significance of lipids.
- 17. (a) Describe general structure and functions of amino acids.

Or

- (b) Elaborate the general structure and functions of proteins.
- 18. (a) Explain the following in brief (i) Diabetes mellitus (ii) Galctosemia

Or

(b) Elaborate the biochemistry of disorders of lipid metabolisms with two examples.

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