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Code No.: 20469 E

Sub. Code: CSCH 31

B.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023.

Third Semester

Chemistry

Skill Based Subject - GREEN CHEMISTRY

(For those who joined in July 2021 - 2022 onwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- Which of the following is not a principle of green chemistry?
 - green solvents as auxiliaries (a)
 - use of renewable feed stock
 - use of hazardous solvents
 - all the above

- is a non-renewable energy sources.
 - (a) Solar energy

Select the wrong statement

catalytic reagents

Choose a non-green solvent?

Ionic liquids

Water

(c)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(b)

(c)

(d)

10.

economy

economy

Rearrangement reactions have 100% atom

Stoichiometric reagents are superior to

Arrangement reactions have 100% atom

Addition reactions have 100% atom economy

Carbon dioxide exists as a supercritical fluid at

(a) . Room temperature and 1atm pressure

500°C and 1 atm pressure

31°C and 73 atm pressure

310°C and 3 atm pressure

polystyrene-AlCl₃

carbonic anhydrase

benzene

OsO₄

Indicate the biocatalyst from the following

Chloroform

Super critical CO2

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- Wind energy (b)
- Wave energy (c)
- Nuclear energy

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions by choosing (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

Prove the atom economy of addition reaction is 100%.

Or

- Criticize the importance of E-factor green chemistry.
- green solvents? (a) What are Give 12. characteristics.

Or

- Discuss the application of ionic liquids (b)
- Explain different types of green catalysts. 13. (a)

Outline the role of enzymes in chemical reaction.

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- Select the wrong statement
 - Biochemical conversion usually involves one
 - Bio-catalyst reactions are fast (b)
 - Heavy metal catalysts are green catalyst (c)
 - Bio-catalyst reactions are streospecific
- In a chemical reaction the requirement of energy is kept to a minimum by using
 - microwave radiation (a)
 - (b) sonication
 - (c) photochemical activation
 - (d) x-ray
- Which of the following reaction can be carried out using microwave?
 - (a) esterification
 - (b) decarboxylation
 - (c) claisen rearrangement
 - all the above
- What is the source of solar energy?
 - (a) wind
- (c) sun light
- hydrogen energy

Page 3 Code No.: 20469 E (a) Microwave radiation is suitable for polar medium-Illustrate with an example.

Or

- (b) Comment on the role of ultrasound in esterification reaction.
- 15. (a) Write the utility of Biomass energy.

Or

(b) Elaborate the applications of solar energy.

PART C — $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions by choosing (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

- 16. (a) Define the following with example:
 - (i) Sustainable development

(4)

(ii) Reaction selectivity.

(4)

· Or

- (b) Describe the twelve principles of green chemistry.
- 17. (a) Explain the applications of supercritical CO₂ in organic synthesis.

Or

(b) Summarize the extraction of super critical fluids.

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18. (a) Criticize the role of acid base catalyst in chemical reaction.

Or

- (b) Illustrate the importance of green catalyst with any two examples.
- 19. (a) Apply microwave radiation to carry out the following reaction:

(i) Diels Alder reaction

(4)

ii) Decarboxylation.

(4)

Or

(b) Enumerate the following on the basis of green concept.

(i) Hoffmann elimination

(4)

(ii) Alkylation.

(4)

20. (a) Justify the following statement:

Hydrogen and wind energies are renewable energy sources.

Or

(b) Summarize the importance of green energy.

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