	(6 pages) Reg. No. :			2,	The process whereby a language is passed on from one generation to the next is described as transmission.				
					(a)	natural	(b)	cultural	
	B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023. Fourth Semester English – Allied				(c)	ethical	(d)	physical	
				3.	The is the most important organ of speech.				
					(a)	tongue	(b)	jaw	
	LANGUAGE	AND LINGUISTICS			(c)	pharynx	(d)	glottis	
	(For those who jo	oined in July 2021-2022)							
T	Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks			4.				e vowel to the other.	
	PART A —	(10 × 1 = 10 marks)			(a)	Monothong		Diphthong	
Answer ALL questions.					(c)	Cluster	(d)	Polythong	
Choose the correct answer:				5.	5. The unstressed syllables before the stress are said very				
1.	Proposal involving	natural sounds has been called			(a)	quickly	(b)	slowly	
	thethe	ory.			(c)	gently	(d)	moderately	
	(a) yo-he-ho			6.	The way of using tones is called as				
	(b) bow bow				(a)	Stress	(b)	Intonation	
	(c) pooh pooh				(c)	Rhythm	(d)	Tone	
	(d) bow woh						age 2	Code No. : 1058	
			19						
7.	Languages are made up of			PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$					
	(a) words	(b) sentences		Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).  Each answer should not exceed 250 words.					
	(c) phrases	(d) idioms							
8.	In linguistics, the term refers to a category used to group together nouns and adjectives based on shared properties.			11.		(a) Why are interjections such as Ouch! considered to be unlikely sources of human speech sounds? Explain.			
					Or				
	<ul><li>(a) adverbials</li><li>(c) adjectives</li></ul>	(b) nominal (d) verbal			(b)	(b) What was considered to be the key element in Kanzi's language learning?			
	(c) adjectives	(u) verbar		12,	(a)	How are the so	ands of si	peech produced?	
9.	The sound change is known as			12,	(4)	now are the so	Or		
	(a) metathesis	(b) linguistics				(b) Define Diphthongs. List out diphthongs w			
	(c) phonology	(d) phonetics			(1)	examples.			
10.	The speech style th	at attempts to reduce social		13.	(a)	What are weak	verbs? G	ive examples.	
20.	distance is described as						·Or		
	(a) divergence				(b)	Explain Rising	intonatio	on.	
	(b) convergence			14.	(a)	Give an accour			
	(c) variation						Or		
	(d) deviation				(b)	What are Mind	or sentend	ces?	

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[P.T.O.]

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(d) deviation

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15. (a) Define Speech Community.

Or

(b) What is Cognate?

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$$

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Examine Yo-heave-ho theory.

Or

- (b) Where is the pharynx and how did it become an important part of human sound production? Illustrate.
- 17. (a) Explain Organs of speech.

Or

- (b) Analyze the manner of articulation.
- 18. (a) Transcribe the following passage:

Another area which has changed significantly is what happens before marriage. In the past, people lived with their parents until they got married, and each

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marriage was supposed to be a "white wedding". Today, living together before marriage and premarital sex are considered normal, and many people "tryout" their relationship by living together before getting married.

Or

- (b) Summarize Falling intonation (for statements) and Rising intonation (for Yes/No questions) with examples.
- 19. (a) Illustrate Immediate constituent analysis with example.

Or

- (b) Examine verbal group.
- (a) A vernacular or vernacular language is in contrast with a "Standard Language". – Justify.

Or

(b) Explain Classifiers.

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