## Code No.: 7379

Sub. Code: ZMAM 33

M.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023.

Third Semester

Mathematics - Core

## MEASURE AND INTEGRATION

(For those who joined in July 2021 - 2022)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A - (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

The outer measure of A,  $m^{\alpha}(A)$  is defined by

(a) 
$$\inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} l(I_k) \middle/ \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \subseteq A \right\}$$

(b) 
$$\sup \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} l(I_k) \middle/ A \subseteq \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \right\}$$

(c) 
$$\inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} l(I_k) \middle/ A \subseteq \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \right\}$$

(d) 
$$\inf \left\{ l(I_k) / A \subseteq \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} I_k \right\}$$

- Which one of the following is not true?
  - Outer measure is defined for all sets of real
  - the outer measure of an interval is its length (b)
  - outer measure is translation invariant
  - outer measure is countably additive
- $\{x \in E \mid f(x) > c\}$  is the same as

(a) 
$$\bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\{ x \in E / f(x) > c - \frac{1}{k} \right\}$$

(b) 
$$\bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\{ x \in E \middle/ f(x) \ge c + \frac{1}{k} \right\}$$

(c) 
$$\bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\{ x \in E / f(x) > k \right\}$$

(d) 
$$\bigcap_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\{ x \in E \middle/ f(x) \ge c + \frac{1}{k} \right\}$$

For any C, we have  $\{x \in E / \max\{f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n\}(x) > c\}$ 

(a) 
$$\bigcup_{k=1}^{n} \{x \in E/f_k(x) > c\}$$

(b) 
$$\bigcap_{k=1}^{n} \left\{ x \in E / f_k(x) > c \right\}$$

(c) 
$$\bigcup_{k=1}^{n} \{x \in E/(f_1 + f_2 + ... + f_k)(x) > c\}$$

(d)  $\{x \in E/f_k(x) > c\}$  for some k

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- The Dirichlet's function f is
  - Both Riemann integrable and integrable over [0,1]
  - Riemann integrable but not integrable over [0,1]
  - Integrable but not Riemann integrable over (c)
  - Neither Riemann integrable nor integrable over [0,1]
- Let E = [0, 1]. Define  $f_n = n \cdot \chi(0, \frac{1}{n})$ . Then  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \int f_n$ :

is

- (a)
- 1 (b)

- -5 / is
- $-5f^{+}$

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- Define f on  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x \cos(\pi/2x) & \text{if } 0 < x \le 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$  $P_n = \left\{0, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2n-1}, \dots, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1\right\}$ . Then  $V(f, P_n)$  is
- (b)  $1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}+.+\frac{1}{2}$
- $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$
- 9. A decomposition of X into the union of two disjoint sets A and B for which A is positive for  $\gamma$  and B negative is called a \_\_\_\_\_ for  $\gamma$ .
  - Jordan decomposition (a)
  - Hahn decomposition (b)
  - Lebesgue decomposition (c)
  - Royden decomposition
- The measure  $|\gamma|$  is defined on  $\gamma$  by  $|\gamma|(E) =$ 
  - $\gamma^+(E) \gamma^-/E$
- (b)  $\gamma^-(E) + \gamma^+(E)$
- $\gamma(E \cap X)$ (c)

- (d)  $|\gamma^+(E)-\gamma^-(E)|$

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## PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Define the outer measure  $m^*$  and prove that a countable set has outer measure zero.

Or

- (b) Show that the union of two measurable sets is measurable.
- 12. (a) Let the function f be defined on a measurable set E. Prove that f is measurable if and only if  $f_n$  each open set 0,  $f^{-1}(0)$  is measurable.

Or

- (b) Let f be a measurable real-valued function on E. Assume f is founded on E. Prove that for each  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there are simple functions  $\phi_{\varepsilon}$  and  $\Psi_{\varepsilon}$  defined on E which have the following approximation properties  $\phi_{\varepsilon} \leq f \leq \Psi_{\varepsilon}$  and  $0 \leq \Psi_{\varepsilon} \phi_{\varepsilon} < \varepsilon$  on E.
- 13. (a) Let f be a founded measurable function on a set of finite measure E. Prove that f is integrable over E.

Or

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## PART C — $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Show that every interval is measurable.

Or

- (b) Prove that Lebesgue measure possesses the following continuity properties
  - (i) If  $\{A_k\}$  is an ascending collection of measurable sets then  $m\bigg(\bigcup_{k=0}^{\infty}A_k\bigg)=\lim_{k\to\infty}m(A_k).$
  - (ii) If  $\{B_k\}$  is a descending collection of measurable sets and  $m(B_1) < \infty$ , then  $m \bigcap_{1}^{\infty} B_k = \lim_{k \to \infty} m(B_k).$
- 17. (a) Let f and g be measurable functions on E that are finite a.e on E. Prove that
  - (i)  $\alpha f + \beta g$  is measurable on E for any  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .
  - (ii) fg is measurable on E.

Or

(b) State and prove Egoroff's theorem.

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- (b) Let f be a nonnegative measurable function on E. Prove that  $\int_{E} f = 0$  if and only if f = 0.
- 14. (a) Let f be integrable over E. Assume A and B are disjoint measurable subsets of E. Prove that  $\int_{A \cup B} f = \int_A f + \int_B f$ .

Or

- (b) Let f be an increasing function on the closed, bounded interval [a,b]. Prove that f' is integrable over [a,b] and  $\int_{a}^{b} f^{1} \leq f(b) \leq f(a)$ .
- 15. (a) Prove that a function on [a,b] is absolutely continuous on [a,b] if and only if it is an indefinite integral over [a,b].

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(b) Define a positive set. Let γ be a singed measure on the measurable space (X, %). Prove that every measurable subset of a positive set is itself positive and the union of a countable collection of positive sets is positive.

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 (a) State and prove the bounded covergence theorem.

Or

- (b) State and prove Fatou's lemma.
- (a) State and prove the Lebesgue dominated convergence theorem.

Or

(b) Let f be an increasing function on [a,b] for each  $\alpha > 0$ , prove that

$$m * \{x \in (a,b) / \overline{D} f(x) \ge \alpha \} \le \frac{1}{\alpha} [f(b) - f(a)].$$

20. (a) Let the function f be continuous on [a,b]. If the family of divided difference functions  $\{Diff_h f\}_{0 < h \le 1}$  is uniformly integrable over [a,b], Prove that f is absolutely continuous on [a,b].

Or

(b) State and prove the Hahn decomposition theorem.