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Sub. Code: ZMAM 11

M.Sc (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023.

First Semester

Mathematics - Core

ALGEBRA - I

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A - (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- If G has no nontrivial subgroups, show that G
 must be ______ of prime order.
 - (a) Uncountable
- (b) Finite
- (c) Infinite
- (d) None of these
- 2. Every subgroup of an abelian group is _____
 - (a) right coset
- (b) last coset
- (c) normal
- (d) not normal

- 3. Let G be a group and ϕ an automorphism of G. If $a \in G$ is of order o(a) > 0, then $o(\phi(a)) =$ _____
 - (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) o(a)
- (d) on
- 4. The number of automorphisms of a cyclic group of order n is
 - (a) $\varphi(n)$
- (b) n
- (c) n^2
- (d) 1
- Every permutation is a product of ______
 cycles.
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- 6. If $o(G) = p^2$ where p is a prime numbers then G is
 - (a) normal
- (b) left coset
- (c) right coset
- (d) abelian
- 7. The number of p-sylow subgroups in G, for a given prime is of the form ______.
 - (a) 1 + kp
- (b) 1 kp
- (c) kp
- (d) $\frac{1+k}{p}$

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- 8. If $p^m/o(G)$, p^{m+1} l o(G)then G has a subgroup of order ______.
 - (a) p^2
- (b) p^{m-}
- (c) p^m
- (d) p^{m+1}
- 9. If $\phi \neq 1 \in G$ where G is an abelian group then $\sum_{g \in G} \phi(g) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) oo
- (d) 0
- 10. If $g_1 \neq g_2$ are in G, G a finite abelian group, then there is a $\phi \in G$ with $\phi(g_1)$ _____ $\phi(g_2)$.
 - (a) =
- (b) ≠
- (c) >
- (d) <

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Show that N is a normal subgroup of G iff $gNg^{-1} = N$ for every $g \in G$.

Or

(b) Suppose G is a group. N a normal subgroup of G; define the mapping ϕ from G to G/N by $\phi(x) = Nx$ for all $x \in G$. Then prove that ϕ is a homomorphism of G onto G/N.

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12. (a) Show that $J(G) \approx G/Z$, where J(G) is the group of inner automorphisms of G, and Z is the center of G.

Or

- (b) If G is a finite group, and $H \neq G$ is a subgroup of G such that $o(G \mid i \mid H)!$ then Prove that H must contain a nontrivial normal subgroup of G, in particular, G cannot be simple.
- 13. (a) If $o(G) = p^2$ where p is a prime number, then prove that G is abelian.

Or

- (b) Show that Every permutation is the product of its cycles.
- 14. (a) If $p^m/o(G)$, $p^{m+1}Xo(G)$ then show that G has a subgroup of order p^m .

Or

(b) Prove that $n(k) = 1 + p + ... + p^{k-1}$.

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15. (a) If G and G' are isomorphic abelian groups, then prove that for every integers, G(s), and G'(s) are isomorphic.

Or

(b) Suppose that G is the integral direct product of N_1, \ldots, N_n . Then Prove that for $i \neq j, N_i \cap N_j = (e)$, and if $a \in N_i, b \in N_j$ then ab = ba.

PART C - (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Show that if φ is a homomorphism of G into G with kernel K, then K is a normal subgroup of G.

Or

- (b) State and prove Cauchy's theorem for Abelian Groups.
- 17. (a) State and prove Cayley's theorem.

Or

(b) Show that if G is a group, then Prove that $\mathcal{A}(G)$ the set of automorphisms of G. is also a group.

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 (a) Prove that conjugancy is an equivalence relation on G.

Or

- (b) Show that the number of conjugate classes in S_n is p(n), the number of partitions of n.
- 19. (a) State and prove Third part of Sylow's Theorem.

Or

- (b) Let G be a finite group and suppose that G is a subgroup of the finite group M. Suppose further that M has a p-sylow subgroup Q. Then Prove that G has a p-sylow subgroup P. In fact. $P = G \cap xQx^{-1}$ for some $x \in M$.
- (a) Prove that every finite abelian group is the direct product of cyclic groups.

Or

(b) Show that the two abelian groups of order p^n are isomorphic iff they have the same invariants.

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