

G12 ECZ CIVIC EDUCATION 2018 PAPER 1 SOLUTIONS

Grade 12 ECZ Civic Education 2018 Internal Paper 1 (2030/1)

50 multiple-choice questions

The full question paper appears first — worked answers follow.

EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA

Examination for School Certificate Ordinary Level

Civic Education

2030/1

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

Friday

9 NOVEMBER 2018

Additional Materials:

Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

Time: 1 hour

Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates

1. Ensure that your name, centre number and candidate number are correctly written on the Answer Sheet provided.
2. There are fifty (50) questions in this paper. Answer all questions.
3. For each question there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the correct one and shade your choice in clear pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.
4. Read very carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet.

Information for Candidates

1. Each correct answer will score one mark.
2. Cell-phones are not allowed in the examination room.

DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

- 1** The structure and content of the Zambian Constitution of 1996 had 14 parts. How many parts does the 2016 amended constitution have?
 - A** 14
 - B** 18
 - C** 20
 - D** 22
- 2** Which of the following is the executive power of the President in Part IV of the Zambian constitution?
 - A** Executing laws
 - B** Implementing laws
 - C** Making laws
 - D** Prerogative of mercy
- 3** ... is the electoral system that was used in 2016 to elect the President?
 - A** Mixed representation system
 - B** Proportion representation system
 - C** Single member majoritarian system
 - D** Single member plurality system
- 4** Which of the following is a characteristic of elections in good governance?
 - A** Accountability
 - B** Citizen Participation
 - C** Decisive
 - D** Free and fair
- 5** A country can remain poor even if it has abundant resources if citizens have ...
 - A** good budgets.
 - B** negative work culture.
 - C** work for long hours.
 - D** positive work culture.
- 6** Economic development is closely related to a country's ... capacity.
 - A** human
 - B** import
 - C** productive
 - D** social

- 7 In which year was the African Charter on Human and People's Rights (ACHPR) established?
 - A 1979
 - B 1981
 - C 1986
 - D 1989
- 8 Which article of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) states that all human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights?
 - A Article 1
 - B Article 3
 - C Article 5
 - D Article 7
- 9 Which of the following concepts of corruption describes the acceptance of money or gifts for favours, privileges and special treatment?
 - A Bribery
 - B Embezzlement
 - C Extortion
 - D Patronage
- 10 The situation in which one wants things to him or herself without considering the feelings of others is referred to as ...
 - A personal corruption and bribery.
 - B personal greed and dishonesty.
 - C personal pettiness and values.
 - D personal weakness and strength.
- 11 What concept is given to any kind of discount, commission or rebate?
 - A Bribery
 - B Corruption
 - C Favour
 - D Gratification
- 12 Which of the following is the largest and oldest museum in Zambia?
 - A Copperbelt Museum
 - B Livingstone Museum
 - C Lusaka national Museum
 - D Moto Moto Museum

- 13** The South African slogan ... emphasises the special contributions of various immigrant cultures to the diversity of its society.
- A** 'Bafana Bafana'
 - B** 'National Unity'
 - C** 'Rainbow Nation'
 - D** 'South Africa first'
- 14** During teacher presentation, Mauka explained that "Every human generation can discover new things and invent better technology". Which of the following characteristics of culture was Mauka referring to?
- A** Dynamic
 - B** Cumulative
 - C** Integrated
 - D** Comprehensive
- 15** Substances that are also referred to as the anti-anxiety drugs and are usually consumed with the aim of calming or relaxing emotions are called ...
- A** hallucinogens.
 - B** inhalants.
 - C** opiates.
 - D** sedatives.
- 16** A situation where some people are tempted to try out substances is referred to as ...
- A** alienation.
 - B** curiosity.
 - C** forcing.
 - D** peer pressure.
- 17** Name a substance which was used in religious ceremonies for meditation and as aid to communicate with nature.
- A** Cocaine
 - B** Cannabis
 - C** Heroin
 - D** Tobacco
- 18** The Convention on the Rights of a Child acknowledges that a child has a right to be...
- A** counted.
 - B** employed.
 - C** inalienable.
 - D** registered.



- 19** The Second Optional Protocol to the International Convention on Civil and Political Rights aims at...
- A** abolishing death penalty.
 - B** educating civil servants.
 - C** promoting civil penalty.
 - D** sensitizing criminals.
- 20** The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted by the United Nations on 10th December, 1948 in Geneva. The declaration contains ... articles.
- A** 20
 - B** 28
 - C** 30
 - D** 35
- 21** Which one of the following is an obstacle to female participation in governance?
- A** Affirmative action
 - B** Gender inequality
 - C** Political Affiliation
 - D** Political Discrimination
- 22** What concept is used to refer to the lack of interest and participation in the election by citizens of the country?
- A** Voter apathy
 - B** Voter education
 - C** Voter empathy
 - D** Voter equity
- 23** Which of the following statement explains media sensationalism?
- A** Exaggerating stories and report things that are not true.
 - B** Favourable laws are enacted to protect the media.
 - C** Gather and publish or broadcast information.
 - D** Public enjoy the right to receive fair and objective information.
- 24** ... are regular contributions by the people to an insurance company.
- A** Benefits
 - B** Premiums
 - C** Savings
 - D** Shares



- 25 Which of the following is **not** a risk that can be insured?
- A Droughts caused by bad rainfall patterns.
 - B Floods caused by too much rainfall.
 - C Goods in transit out the country.
 - D Loss of business due to bad management.
- 26 ... policy covers all damages, including the third party's property.
- A Comprehensive insurance
 - B Full third party insurance
 - C Motor vehicle insurance
 - D Third party insurance
- 27 Under statutory marriage, if any party is below 21 years but more than 16 years, he or she needs a letter of consent which is a written permission and blessings of the parents. Which legal institution in Zambia files the letter of consent from the parent?
- A High Court
 - B Local Court
 - C Magistrate Court
 - D Supreme Court
- 28 Which of the following principle of sentencing states that punishment is meant for protection of society from someone's anti-social behaviour?
- A Deterrent
 - B Protection
 - C Retribution
 - D Vindication
- 29 Identify a felony whose mandatory sentence is "Punishment beyond Punishment".
- A Aggravated robbery
 - B Corruption
 - C Sexualism
 - D Trading in drugs
- 30 The policy that has been used to promote fairness and foster equal opportunities is known as ...
- A affirmative action.
 - B discrimination policy.
 - C gender inequality.
 - D gender policy.

- 31 The issues that affect women's socio-economic needs include ...
- A adoption of national gender policy.
 - B fending for the family.
 - C sex roles stereotyping.
 - D stereotyping of women by society.
- 32 ... occurs when the idea, needs, interests or goals of individuals, groups of people or nations differ.
- A Conflict
 - B Peace
 - C Stability
 - D Violence
- 33 One challenge to peace is that some people argue that war and violence are organic. What does the statement above mean? War and violence ...
- A can be fought.
 - B can make other nations rich.
 - C leads to destruction.
 - D are inevitable and unavoidable.
- 34 Conflicts force people to run away from their homes to take refuge in areas where there is no war. The situation whereby people take refuge within the country is called ...
- A bordering.
 - B expatriate.
 - C internal displacement.
 - D tourists and adventures.
- 35 The following are the effects of teenage pregnancies **except** ...
- A child dumping for fear of friends.
 - B disturbances in the education of the mother.
 - C girls' chances of getting married are reduced.
 - D girls' chances of becoming brighter are enhanced.
- 36 Enacting stiffer punishment for child defilers including those who bother or neglect their children is one way of addressing child ...
- A abuse.
 - B excuse.
 - C reuse.
 - D labour.

- 37** Which of the Southern African country has not ratified the Second Optional Protocol?
- A** Angola
 - B** Botswana
 - C** Namibia
 - D** Zimbabwe
- 38** The specialised Human Rights instrument obliged to afford equal treatment to women and men is ...
- A** Convention Against Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment (CAT).
 - B** Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW).
 - C** International Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Racial Discrimination (ICERD).
 - D** International Convention on the protection of the rights of all migrant workers and members of their families (IMW).
- 39** Which convention recognises that the level of children's participation in decisions must be appropriate to their level and maturity?
- A** Detention of a child
 - B** Freedom of a child
 - C** Movements of a child
 - D** Rights of a child
- 40** Which one of the following is **not** a right under the cluster of family environmental and alternative care?
- A** Family reunification
 - B** Non-separation from parents
 - C** Parental responsibility
 - D** Preservation of identity
- 41** Which of the following is **not** an element of family law?
- A** Inheritance of property
 - B** Legitimacy of children
 - C** Notice of divorce
 - D** Property settlement



- 42** A void marriage is the one without a legal standing right from the beginning. What legal term is used to refer to the above statement?
- A** Bigamy
 - B** Co-habitation
 - C** Consanguinity
 - D** Consummation
- 43** A situation where a country spends more money on servicing the debt at the expense of investing in social and economic development is known as ...
- A** debt burden.
 - B** debt dependence.
 - C** gross domestic product.
 - D** gross national product.
- 44** The government of Zambia came up with a long term national plan known as Vision 2030. What is the main aim of Vision 2030?
- A** Becoming a prosperous middle income country
 - B** Creation of economic zones
 - C** Ensuring development sustainability
 - D** Reducing poverty debt burden
- 45** Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper (PRSP) is the overall framework for national planning and development focusing on interventions for poverty reduction. Which one of the following is **not** the main area addressed by PRSP?
- A** Basic needs perspectives
 - B** Microeconomics
 - C** Transport and communications
 - D** Water and sanitation
- 46** The overall national goal of Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper (PRSP) is to achieve ...
- A** changes in agricultural policy and implementation.
 - B** gender inequality in economic activities for all.
 - C** morbidity and mortality rate for all.
 - D** sustained economic growth and employment creation.
- 47** A pesticide is described as a substance produced to control any pest. The description includes substances that are used as 'plant regulators'. The other term used to refer to plant regular is ...
- A** defoliant.

- B** effluents.
 - C** emissions.
 - D** pollutants.
- 48** Why was the Forest Policy of 1965 rigid in nature?
- A** All authority was vested in the central government.
 - B** Implementation of policy was done by local community.
 - C** The central government did not interfere in the policy.
 - D** The trees and forest plans was designed by local people.
- 49** The situation in economics which allows two countries to specialise and trade with each other with a definite and clear cut advantage in production of a particular commodity is said to have ...
- A** comparative cost advantage.
 - B** cost effective sharing.
 - C** equal resources distribution.
 - D** mutual trade understanding.
- 50** Which statement below **best** explains Zambia's effort in attaining the social and economic development?
- A** Develop a global partnership for development.
 - B** Economic growth and wealth creation.
 - C** Ensure environmental sustainability.
 - D** Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger.



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Question 1. The 1996 Zambian Constitution had 14 parts. How many parts does the 2016 amended constitution have?

Answer: D — 22. [Factual-recall item — flagged; verify against the official 2016 Constitution.]

Question 2. Which of the following is an executive power of the President in Part IV of the Zambian Constitution?

Answer: D — Prerogative of mercy (the President's power to pardon — a specific executive power; law-making is legislative).

Question 3. Which electoral system was used in 2016 to elect the President?

Answer: C — Single member majoritarian system (the 50%+1 absolute-majority threshold introduced in 2016).

Question 4. Which of the following is a characteristic of elections in good governance?

Answer: C — Decisive (one of the four characteristics: periodic, competitive, inclusive and decisive).

Question 5. A country can remain poor even with abundant resources if citizens have ...

Answer: B — a negative work culture (a poor attitude to work wastes the resources).

Question 6. Economic development is closely related to a country's ... capacity.

Answer: C — productive.

Question 7. In which year was the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights (ACHPR) established?

Answer: B — 1981 (adopted in 1981; it came into force in 1986).

Question 8. Which article of the UDHR states that all human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights?

Answer: A — Article 1.

Question 9. Which concept of corruption describes accepting money or gifts for favours, privileges and special treatment?

Answer: A — Bribery.

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Answer: B — personal greed and dishonesty.

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Answer: D — Gratification.

Question 12. Which is the largest and oldest museum in Zambia?

Answer: B — Livingstone Museum.

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Answer: C — 'Rainbow Nation'.

Question 14. 'Every human generation can discover new things and invent better technology.' Which characteristic of culture is this?

Answer: B — Cumulative (knowledge builds up across generations).

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Answer: D — sedatives.

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Answer: B — curiosity (the desire to experience/taste them).

Question 17. Which substance was used in religious ceremonies for meditation and as an aid to communicate with nature?

Answer: B — Cannabis.

Question 18. The Convention on the Rights of a Child acknowledges that a child has a right to be ...

Answer: D — registered (after birth — the right to a name and nationality).

Question 19. The Second Optional Protocol to the ICCPR aims at ...

Answer: A — abolishing the death penalty.

Question 20. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights contains ... articles.

Answer: C — 30.

Question 21. Which one of the following is an obstacle to female participation in governance?

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Answer: A — Voter apathy.

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Answer: B — Premiums.

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Answer: D — Loss of business due to bad management (a controllable management failure, not an insurable risk).

Question 26. ... policy covers all damages, including the third party's property.

Answer: A — Comprehensive insurance.

Question 27. Which legal institution in Zambia files the parents' letter of consent for a statutory marriage of a party aged 16–21?

Answer: A — High Court.

Question 28. Which principle of sentencing states that punishment is meant to protect society from someone's anti-social behaviour?

Answer: B — Protection (removing/restraining the offender to protect society).

Question 29. Identify a felony whose mandatory sentence is described as 'punishment beyond punishment'.

Answer: A — Aggravated robbery (a heavy mandatory sentence, up to death where a firearm is used). [Flagged.]

Question 30. The policy used to promote fairness and foster equal opportunities is ...

Answer: A — affirmative action.

Question 31. The issues that affect women's socio-economic needs include ...

Answer: D — the stereotyping of women by society.

Question 32. ... occurs when the ideas, needs, interests or goals of individuals, groups or nations differ.

Answer: A — Conflict.

Question 33. Some people argue that war and violence are 'organic'. What does this mean? War and violence ...

Answer: D — are inevitable and unavoidable (a natural part of human existence).

Question 34. When people take refuge within their own country, the situation is called ...

Answer: C — internal displacement.

Question 35. The following are effects of teenage pregnancies EXCEPT ...

Answer: D — girls' chances of being employed are enhanced (not an effect of teenage pregnancy).

Question 36. Enacting stiffer punishment for child defilers and those who neglect children is one way of addressing child ...

Answer: A — abuse.

Question 37. Which Southern African country has NOT ratified the Second Optional Protocol (abolition of the death penalty)?

Answer: B — Botswana (a retentionist state that still carries out the death penalty). [Flagged — Zimbabwe is also a retentionist state.]

Question 38. The specialised Human Rights instrument obliged to afford equal treatment to women and men is the ...

Answer: B — Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW).

Question 39. Which right recognises that the level of children's participation in decisions must match their level and maturity?

Answer: B — Freedom of a child (to express views/participate according to maturity). [Garbled option set — flagged.]

Question 40. Which of the following is NOT a right under the cluster of family environment and alternative care?

Answer: C — Parental responsibility (a duty of parents, not a right of the child).

Question 41. Which of the following is NOT an element of family law?

Answer: C — Notice of divorce (a procedural step, not a substantive element like legitimacy, property settlement or inheritance). [Flagged.]

Question 42. A void marriage has no legal standing from the beginning. Which legal term refers to such a (void) marriage?

Answer: A — Bigamy (marrying while already married renders the marriage void). [Consanguinity is also a cause of a void marriage — flagged.]

Question 43. A situation where a country spends more on servicing debt at the expense of social and economic development is known as ...

Answer: A — debt burden.

Question 44. What is the main aim of Vision 2030?

Answer: A — Becoming a prosperous middle-income country.

Question 45. Which of the following is NOT an area addressed by the PRSP?

Answer: B — Microeconomics (the PRSP works through a macroeconomic framework, not microeconomics). [Flagged.]

Question 46. The overall national goal of the PRSP is to achieve ...

Answer: D — sustained economic growth and employment creation.

Question 47. Pesticides include substances used as 'plant regulators'. Another term for a plant regulator is ...

Answer: A — defoliant.

Question 48. Why was the Forest Policy of 1965 rigid in nature?

Answer: A — All authority was vested in the central government.

Question 49. The economic situation that allows two countries to specialise and trade with a clear advantage in producing a particular commodity is having ...

Answer: A — comparative cost advantage.

Question 50. Which statement best explains Zambia's effort in attaining social and economic development?

Answer: B — Economic growth and wealth creation.

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