

G12 ECZ CIVIC EDUCATION 2017 GCE PAPER 1 SOLUTIONS

Grade 12 ECZ Civic Education 2017 GCE Paper 1 (2030/1)

50 multiple-choice questions

The full question paper appears first — worked answers follow.

EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA

Examination for General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

Civic Education

2030/1

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

Monday

14 AUGUST 2017

Additional Materials:

Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

Time: 1 hour

Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates

- 1 Do not open this question paper until you are told to do so.
- 2 Ensure that your **name**, **centre number** and **candidate number** are correctly written on the **Answer Sheet** provided.
- 3 There are **fifty (50)** questions in this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- 4 For each question there are four possible answers, **A, B, C** and **D**. Choose the correct **one** and **shade** your choice in clear pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.
- 5 Read very carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet.

Information for Candidates

- 1 Each correct answer will score one mark.
- 2 **Cell-phones are not allowed in the examination room.**

- 1 Which wing of the government initiates the constitutional making process?
 - A Executive
 - B Judiciary
 - C Legislature
 - D Police
- 2 In good governance there should be no discriminatory application of the law and no one is above the law.
Which characteristic of good governance describes the above statement?
 - A Accountability and Transparency
 - B Fairness and quality
 - C Respect for human rights
 - D Respect for the rule of law
- 3 Which of the following is the importance of the Constitution?
 - A Be stable and stand the test of time.
 - B Ensures democratic governance
 - C It is the supreme law of the land.
 - D Language used is clear.
- 4 One of the major disadvantages of mixed member proportionality system is ...
 - A causes government instability.
 - B complicated for a common person to understand.
 - C increases voter apathy in the country and outside the country.
 - D members of parliament are only answerable to their parties but not voters.
- 5 A Zambian expectant mother gave birth while en route to India aboard an Aircraft that was manufactured in Japan, but registered in Britain. According to the rule of Jus Soli, the child would be a natural citizen of ...
 - A Britain.
 - B India.
 - C Japan.
 - D Zambia.
- 6 ... is one of the personal responsibilities of a Zambian citizen.
 - A Adhering to moral principles and value of one's society
 - B Engaging in all corrupt activities in the community
 - C Observing and maintaining the security of the nation
 - D Respecting the rights of others
- 7 The concept citizenship originated from ...
 - A Ancient France.
 - B Ancient Greece.
 - C Kingdom of Mali.
 - D United States of America.

- 8 The United Nations Organizations (UNO) was prompted to come up with Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948 with the main objective of ...
- A Bringing to an end the killing of Jews.
 - B Promoting economic and social development.
 - C Pursuing peace after the Second World War.
 - D Setting up international standards for universal protection of human rights.
- 9 Which **two** evils were addressed by the Charter of Mande?
- A hunger and slavery
 - B poverty and slavery
 - C rituals and slavery
 - D witchcraft and poverty
- 10 The form of gratification which involves rendering a service in return for a favour is called ...
- A advances.
 - B kick back.
 - C loans.
 - D payment in kind.
- 11 The Anti-Corruption Commission (ACC) Act of Parliament was ratified and came into being in ...
- A 1972.
 - B 1982.
 - C 1989.
 - D 1991.
- 12 The Sakala brother's Musical Band uses the bog African drum (Ngoma) in their performances. This is an example of ...
- A counter culture.
 - B folk culture.
 - C ideal culture.
 - D mass culture.
- 13 The Ikoma Ceremony is one of the best examples of the ceremony that ...
- A celebrate the initiation of boys or girls.
 - B honour specific spirits or gods.
 - C move with rhythms of nature such as new moon.
 - D relate to harvest festivals.
- 14 Which of the following is **not true** about culture?
- A Culture includes values of the society such as democracy and justice.
 - B Every individual is born with their own culture.
 - C It is the behavior of people who have been learning over a period of time.
 - D It may refer to the way individuals respond to issues of survival.

- 15** After abusing a certain drug/substance, Juliet was diagnosed with Hepatitis, and had irregular menstrual cycle. Which of the substance below could Juliet have been abusing?
- A** Cocaine and Heroin
 - B** Hashish oil and Heroin.
 - C** Heroin and Marijuana
 - D** Marijuana and Cocaine
- 16** Mainga Twabula was raised in a Christian home and could not involve himself in drug abuse. However, while at boarding school, he got into the habit of substance abuse with friends. What could have been the reason why he got into this habit?
- A** Forgetting painful memories
 - B** Lack of Parental guidance
 - C** Lack of recreation facilities
 - D** Peer pressure involvement
- 17** Drugs found in household products such as glue, deodorants like perfumes and fuel gases are called ...
- A** Depressants.
 - B** Inhalants.
 - C** Narcotics.
 - D** Stimulants.
- 18** The Bill of Rights can **best** be described as ...
- A** A list of rights and freedoms enshrined in the Constitution.
 - B** The declaration of human rights for citizens.
 - C** The machinery for changing the Constitution.
 - D** The report on Constitutional making.
- 19** Which of the following articles of the Bill of Rights talks about protection of the rights of personal liberty?
- A** Article 12
 - B** Article 13
 - C** Article 14
 - D** Article 15
- 20** Which of the following is **not** the function of the media in good governance?
- A** Act as watchdog
 - B** Inform and educate
 - C** Preach hatred
 - D** Promote public debate

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- A** Act as watchdog
 - B** Inform and educate
 - C** Preach hatred
 - D** Promote public debate

- 21** Lack of citizen participation in good governance can lead to ...
- A** Government leaders involvement in corruption.
 - B** Government leaders may be elected by majority.
 - C** Government leaders may not be held accountable.
 - D** Ignorance and peace among the citizens.
- 22** Which of the following is the limitation to the media coverage?
- A** Cost of advertising
 - B** Freedom of ownership
 - C** To promote debate
 - D** To set the agenda
- 23** The informal sector is a factor in the development of any given nation. Which of the following is an advantage of informal sector?
- A** Bottom up development
 - B** Does not consider development
 - C** Linear type of development
 - D** Takes up larger number of people compared to formal
- 24** What do we call the money paid to the insurance company for protection against all kinds of risks?
- A** Credit
 - B** Insurer
 - C** Loan
 - D** Premiums
- 25** The attitude of people towards work is very important because the survival of a society depends on the work of its members. What is the other name given to good attitude towards work?
- A** In-time reporting
 - B** Loyalty of members
 - C** Negative work culture
 - D** Positive work culture
- 26** A ... is a document that is issued by the Local Court Clerk requesting the accused to appear before the courts of law.
- A** Entry of Appearance
 - B** Statement of claim
 - C** Warrant of distress
 - D** Writ of Summon

- 27 Criminal cases are recorded as Bwalya Phiri **verses** the people. This is because criminal cases ...
- A affects the whole community.
 - B are instituted by the director of Public Administration.
 - C are serious wrongful act.
 - D end in sentencing the offender.
- 28 After being acquitted for murder due to insufficient evidence, Mr Mbula was later arrested over the same case but being tried on manslaughter. Which of Mr Mbula's right as an accused was violated?
- A Fair trial and an impartial judge.
 - B Protection against double jeopardy
 - C Right to attorney
 - D Right to speed and fair trial
- 29 Mr Mabuto worked for a certain company. He died and his benefits amounted to Twenty thousand Kwacha (K20,000). His benefits were distributed according to the intestate succession act as shown in the diagram below:

Beneficiaries	Amount
Children	10,000
Widow/Widower	4,000
Parents	?

How much was given to the parents?

- A 1,000
 - B 2,000
 - C 4,000
 - D 6,000
- 30 Which of the following is the **best** example of stereotyping?
- A Men beating drums and women dancing
 - B Men being employed as typist
 - C Men cooking in hotels
 - D Women heading government institutions
- 31 In which way do schools as agents of socialisation contribute to gender discrimination against women?
- A Boys are recognised as leaders in schools while girls are assigned subordinate roles
 - B Girls are confined to subjects like Home Economics to prepare for future homes
 - C Girls perform more work like preventive maintenance than boys
 - D Songs sang in schools are based on patriarchal nature of society

- 32** The method of conflict-handling skills undertaken by a person who is appointed by the disputing parties or group to resolve their differences is called ...
- A** Arbitration.
 - B** Counselling.
 - C** Litigation.
 - D** Mediation.
- 33** Peace is very central and important to human affairs and development. Generally, without peace, development suffers, hence peace must be promoted. Which of the following is **not** a method of promoting peace globally?
- A** Forgiveness
 - B** Friendship
 - C** Injustice
 - D** Tolerance
- 34** Conflicts are difficult to resolve if they are centered on ...
- A** Economic mismanagement.
 - B** Interest and needs.
 - C** Poverty and illiteracy.
 - D** values and beliefs.
- 35** Child ... is a situation where children are **not** taken care of by their parents or guardians
- A** battering
 - B** labour
 - C** neglect
 - D** trafficking
- 36** Which of the four general principles of the convention on the rights of the child is known as the principle of respect for the views of the child?
- A** Child participation
 - B** Non discrimination
 - C** Survival and development
 - D** The best interest of a child
- 37** Issues of child abuse can be addressed at family, community and national levels. Which **one** of the following institutions in Zambia deals with issues of child abuse?
- A** Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
 - B** Ministry of Environmental and Culture
 - C** Ministry of Tourism and Hospitality
 - D** Zambia Civic Education Association

- 38** Which of the following instruments is a common standard of measuring the achievements of human rights to all people and nations?
- A** The Bill of Rights
 - B** The Magna Carta
 - C** Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - D** United Nations Universal rights
- 39** Laws that are difficult to enact into legally binding documents are called ...
- A** hard laws.
 - B** soft laws.
 - C** tough laws.
 - D** un easy laws.
- 40** In which year was the Hague Convention on Civil aspects of International Child Adopted?
- A** 1972
 - B** 1979
 - C** 1980
 - D** 1986
- 41** When a government becomes a state party to an International Human Rights treaty such as the Convention on the rights of a child, it undertakes three major obligations, **except** obligation to ...
- A** fulfil.
 - B** protect.
 - C** respect.
 - D** support.
- 42** The type of family which consists of husband, wife and children is called ...
- A** child-headed family.
 - B** extended family.
 - C** nuclear family.
 - D** single headed family.
- 43** In Zambia, the government embarked on the construction of roads and railway lines so as to implement what is in the Fifth National Development Plan. This type of planning is called ... planning.
- A** Centralised
 - B** Long term
 - C** Medium term
 - D** Short term

- 44** Which of the following is **not** a major cause of poverty in Zambia?
- A** Climate change
 - B** Conflict
 - C** Debt burden
 - D** Low salaries
- 45** The overall frame work for national planning and development, focusing on interventions for poverty reduction is called ...
- A** Agriculture planning paper.
 - B** Macro-economic plan.
 - C** Poverty main stream document.
 - D** Poverty reduction strategy paper.
- 46** Sasha Gumba lives in a home where there is poverty, but he decides to start growing vegetables behind his house using water from the nearby stream. The intention of Sasha Gumba is to ...
- A** alleviate poverty at home.
 - B** contribute to home make up.
 - C** reduce the suffering at home.
 - D** sustain poverty at home.
- 47** What human activities would you consider as the benefit of re-forestation and afforestation?
- A** Clearing large areas for commercial and agriculture
 - B** Collection of mushrooms, caterpillars and honey
 - C** Cutting trees for timber and poles
 - D** Giving big chunks of land to mining companies
- 48** What reasons would you give for the loss of aquatic life along Kafue River?
- A** Due to effluents from mines
 - B** Due to over-fishing in Kafue River
 - C** Lack of support for aquatic life
 - D** Undesignated game management area
- 49** ... is the difference between the value of visible imports and exports over a particular period of time.
- A** Balance of payment
 - B** Balance of trade
 - C** Debt crisis
 - D** Unfair International trade
- 50** The word ... means making worldwide or extending to all parts of the world.
- A** globalization
 - B** international
 - C** nationalisation
 - D** privatisation

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Question 1. Which arm of government initiates the constitutional making process?

Answer: A — Executive (the government/President initiates the process, e.g. by appointing a review commission).

Question 2. 'In good governance there should be no discriminatory application of the law and no one is above the law.' Which characteristic of good governance is this?

Answer: D — Respect for the rule of law.

Question 3. Which of the following is the importance of the Constitution?

Answer: B — It ensures democratic governance (its function); supremacy and clarity are characteristics.

Question 4. One of the major disadvantages of the mixed member proportionality system is ...

Answer: D — members of parliament are answerable only to their parties, not to the voters.

Question 5. A Zambian mother gave birth aboard an aircraft (made in Japan, registered in Britain) en route to India. By the rule of Jus Soli, the child is a citizen of ...

Answer: A — Britain (an aircraft/ship is regarded as territory of its country of registration).

Question 6. ... is one of the personal responsibilities of a Zambian citizen.

Answer: A — Adhering to the moral principles and values of one's society (a personal responsibility).

Question 7. The concept of citizenship originated from ...

Answer: B — Ancient Greece (the Greek city-states).

Question 8. The UNO came up with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948 with the main objective of ...

Answer: D — setting up international standards for the universal protection of human rights.

Question 9. Which two evils were addressed by the Charter of Mande?

Answer: A — hunger and slavery (the Manden Charter condemned slavery and famine).

Question 10. The form of gratification which involves rendering a service in return for a favour is called ...

Answer: D — payment in kind.

Question 11. The Anti-Corruption Commission (ACC) Act of Parliament came into being in ...

Answer: B — 1982 (the Corrupt Practices Act of 1980 came into force and the ACC became operational in 1982). [Date item — flagged.]

Question 12. The Sakala brothers' musical band uses the big African drum (Ngoma) in their performances. This is an example of ...

Answer: B — folk culture (traditional, indigenous cultural expression).

Question 13. The Ikoma Ceremony is one of the best examples of a ceremony that ...

Answer: A — celebrates the initiation of boys or girls (an initiation/rite-of-passage ceremony). [Uncertain identification — flagged.]

Question 14. Which of the following is NOT true about culture?

Answer: B — Every individual is born with their own culture (culture is LEARNT, not inborn).

Question 15. Juliet was diagnosed with Hepatitis and had an irregular menstrual cycle after abusing a drug. Which substances could she have been abusing?

Answer: A — Cocaine and Heroin (injected drugs — shared needles spread Hepatitis and the drugs disrupt the menstrual cycle).

Question 16. Mainga, raised in a Christian home, got into substance abuse with friends at boarding school. What was the likely reason?

Answer: D — Peer pressure involvement.

Question 17. Drugs found in household products such as glue, perfumes and fuel gases are called ...

Answer: B — Inhalants.

Question 18. The Bill of Rights can best be described as ...

Answer: A — A list of rights and freedoms enshrined in the Constitution.

Question 19. Which article of the Bill of Rights deals with the protection of the right to personal liberty?

Answer: B — Article 13 (Article 12 = life, 13 = personal liberty, 14 = slavery, 15 = torture).

Question 20. Which of the following is NOT a function of the media in good governance?

Answer: C — Preach hatred.

Question 21. Lack of citizen participation in good governance can lead to ...

Answer: C — Government leaders not being held accountable.

Question 22. Which of the following is a limitation to media coverage?

Answer: A — Cost of advertising (high cost limits what the media can cover).

Question 23. Which of the following is an advantage of the informal sector?

Answer: D — It takes up a larger number of people compared to the formal sector (provides much employment).

Question 24. What do we call the money paid to an insurance company for protection against all kinds of risks?

Answer: D — Premiums.

Question 25. What is the other name given to a good attitude towards work?

Answer: D — Positive work culture.

Question 26. A ... is a document issued by the Local Court Clerk requesting the accused to appear before the court.

Answer: D — Writ of Summons.

Question 27. Criminal cases are recorded as 'Bwalya Phiri versus the people' because criminal cases ...

Answer: A — affect the whole community (a crime is regarded as an offence against the state/society).

Question 28. Mr Mbula, acquitted of murder for lack of evidence, was re-arrested and tried for manslaughter on the same case. Which right was violated?

Answer: B — Protection against double jeopardy (being tried twice for the same offence).

Question 29. Mr Mabuto's benefits of K20,000 were shared under the Intestate Succession Act (Children K10,000, Widow K4,000). How much went to the parents?

Parents receive 20%: $20\% \times K20,000 = K4,000$ (Children 50% = K10,000; spouse 20% = K4,000; dependants 10% = K2,000).

Answer: C — K4,000.

Question 30. Which of the following is the best example of stereotyping?

Answer: A — Men beating drums and women playing/dancing (the traditional, fixed assignment of roles by sex; the other options break the stereotype).

Question 31. In which way do schools, as an agent of socialisation, contribute to gender discrimination against women?

Answer: A — Boys are recognised as leaders in schools while girls are assigned subordinate roles.

Question 32. The method of conflict handling by a person appointed by the disputing parties to resolve their differences is called ...

Answer: A — Arbitration.

Question 33. Which of the following is NOT a method of promoting peace globally?

Answer: C — Injustice.

Question 34. Conflicts are difficult to resolve if they are centred on ...

Answer: D — values and beliefs (deeply held and hard to compromise on).

Question 35. Child ... is a situation where children are not taken care of by their parents or guardians.

Answer: C — neglect.

Question 36. Which general principle of the Convention on the Rights of the Child is the principle of respect for the views of the child?

Answer: A — Child participation.

Question 37. Which institution in Zambia deals with issues of child abuse?

Answer: D — Zambia Civic Education Association (sensitises on rights, including children's rights). [Among the listed bodies — flagged.]

Question 38. Which instrument is a common standard for measuring the achievement of human rights for all people and nations?

Answer: C — Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Question 39. Laws that are difficult to enact into legally binding documents are called ...

Answer: B — soft laws (non-binding standards, as opposed to hard/binding law).

Question 40. In which year was the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction adopted?

Answer: C — 1980.

Question 41. On becoming a state party to a human rights treaty, a government undertakes three major obligations, EXCEPT the obligation to ...

Answer: D — support (the three obligations are to respect, to protect and to fulfil).

Question 42. The type of family which consists of husband, wife and children is called ...

Answer: C — nuclear family.

Question 43. Constructing roads and railway lines under the Fifth National Development Plan is which type of planning?

Answer: C — Medium term (a National Development Plan covers about five years).

Question 44. Which of the following is NOT a major cause of poverty in Zambia?

Answer: A — Climate change (an environmental issue; conflict, debt burden and low salaries are direct economic causes). [Flagged.]

Question 45. The overall framework for national planning and development that focuses on interventions for poverty reduction is called ...

Answer: D — Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper (PRSP).

Question 46. Sasha Gumba, living in poverty, starts growing vegetables behind his house using stream water. His intention is to ...

Answer: A — alleviate poverty at home.

Question 47. What would you consider a benefit of re-forestation and afforestation?

Answer: B — Collection of mushrooms, caterpillars and honey (useful forest products).

Question 48. What causes the loss of aquatic life along the Kafue River?

Answer: A — Due to effluents from mines (industrial pollution discharged into the river).

Question 49. ... is the difference between the value of visible imports and exports over a period of time.

Answer: B — Balance of trade.

Question 50. The word ... means worldwide or extending to all parts of the world.

Answer: A — globalization.

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