Aruppukottai Bypoll: First Confidence Motion in Indian Legislature

A 1952 Lok Sabha by-election in Tamil Nadu's Aruppukottai constituency led to the first confidence motion by an incumbent government.

A confidence motion is a parliamentary procedure where the government seeks to prove it has the support of the legislature.

KEY EXAM POINTS

- The **Aruppukottai Lok Sabha constituency** by-election in Tamil Nadu in **1952** was the catalyst for India's first confidence motion.
- This by-election forced the then Chief Minister **C. Rajagopalachari (Rajaji)** to propose the motion.
- The motion was proposed by the **incumbent government** to demonstrate its legislative support.
- The **Aruppukottai** constituency was considered the largest in the country in the **early 1950s**.
- This event established a significant **parliamentary precedent** in India.

DID YOU KNOW..!?

The **Constitution of India** provides for the President to seek a **vote of confidence** in certain circumstances.

Article 164(2) of the Constitution states that the **Council of Ministers** shall be collectively responsible to the Legislative Assembly.

C. Rajagopalachari served as the first Chief Minister of **Madras State** after India's independence.

The **Aruppukottai Lok Sabha constituency** is located in the **Virudhunagar district** of Tamil Nadu.

The **first general elections** in India were held in **1951-52**.

The concept of '**confidence motion**' is crucial for maintaining **democratic accountability** in parliamentary systems.

REVISION FLASHCARD

1952 Aruppukottai bypoll triggered India's first confidence motion by an incumbent government.

Syllabus Relevance: High

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