

WARNING

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Hi5a / Hi5 Controller Function Manual

HRRpcProxy v2.0.0



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About
HRRpcProxy



1.1. Concept

Hi5/Hi5a controller can be remotely monitored or controlled via HR-RPC (Hyundai Robot – Remote Procedure Call) protocol. Hi5/Hi5a controller provide with HR-RPC on Ethernet UDP/IP layer on almost every feature of it.

But implementing HR-RPC protocol is difficult and bug-prone, Hyundai Robot provide with a library HRRpcProxy doing the HR-RPC communication for a host application. Using this library you can make your application remotely monitor or control Hi5/Hi5a robot controller, easily and rapidly.

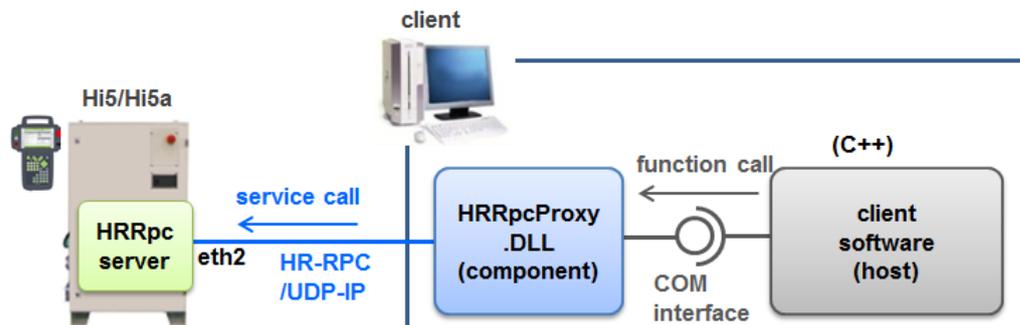


Figure 1.1 Concept of HRRpcProxy

1.2. Environment for development & execution

- Library type: Microsoft COM DLL/Win32
- Environment for execution: Windows XP/Vista/7/10
- Sample program 1: Visual Studio 2008 project, C++/MFC dialog-based application
- Sample program 2: Visual Studio 2008 project, C++/Win32 console application
- Required robot controller version: Hi5 V32.16-00 ~, Hi5a all versions

1.3. Files

| folder | Contents |
|-------------|---|
| inc | <p>[interface header files]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IBase.h ; interface for HR-RPC service-call • IState.h ; State Control and Monitoring interface • IMngFile.h ; File Manager interface (remote copy of controller files) • IProgress.h ; Progress interface. (for transferring of progress of file copy) • IPose.h ; interface for POSE data transfer • ErrCodeRef.h ; error code macro definitions |
| bin | <p>[library file]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HRRpcDll.dll ; dynamic linking library (COM component) |
| doc | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hi5RPCPX~.pdf ; basic manual • HRRpcProxy.chm ; reference manual (compiled HTML help file) |
| HRRpcDllCli | <p>[sample 1 – MFC dialog-based application]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HRRpcCliDlg.h, HRRpcCliDlg.cpp ; main dialog class. Setting IP address, initialize, and end the connection. • DlgJoyJog.h, DlgJoyJog.cpp ; remote jog related example code. • DlgMngFile.h, DlgMngFile.cpp ; file-transfer related example code. • DlgState.h, DlgState.cpp ; getting/setting state example code. • HResMsg.h, HResMsg.cpp ; error code – message string map • HRRpcCli.h, HRRpcCli.cpp ; application class • JoyJog.h ; structure to easily access to jog-bits • PushButton.h, PushButton.cpp ; button class for jog • ProgressShow.h, ProgressShow.cpp ; example of implementation of IProgressShow for displaying remote file copy • HRRpcCli_Gb.cpp ; global functions • COM/Loose_COM.h, Loose_COM.cpp ; helper function to use COM component without registering. |
| HRRpcMonAx | <p>[sample 2 – Win32 console application]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MonAx.h, MonAx.cpp ; joint, TCP monitoring example • main.cpp ; main entry • COM/Loose_COM.h, Loose_COM.cpp ; helper function to use COM component without registering. |

1.4. Example execution screens

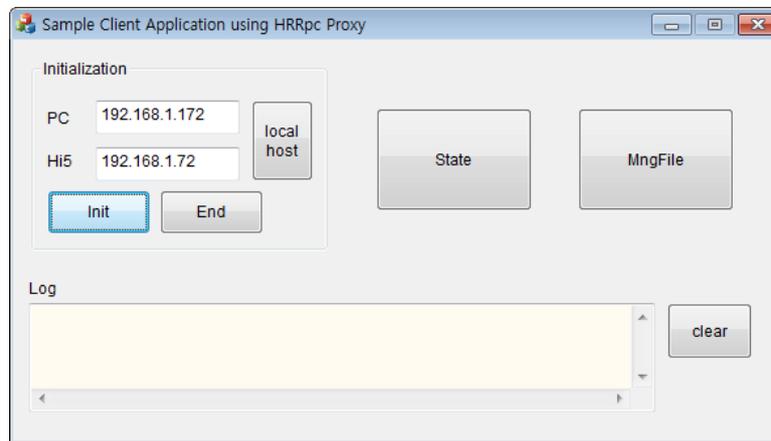


Figure 1.2 Main dialog of sample program

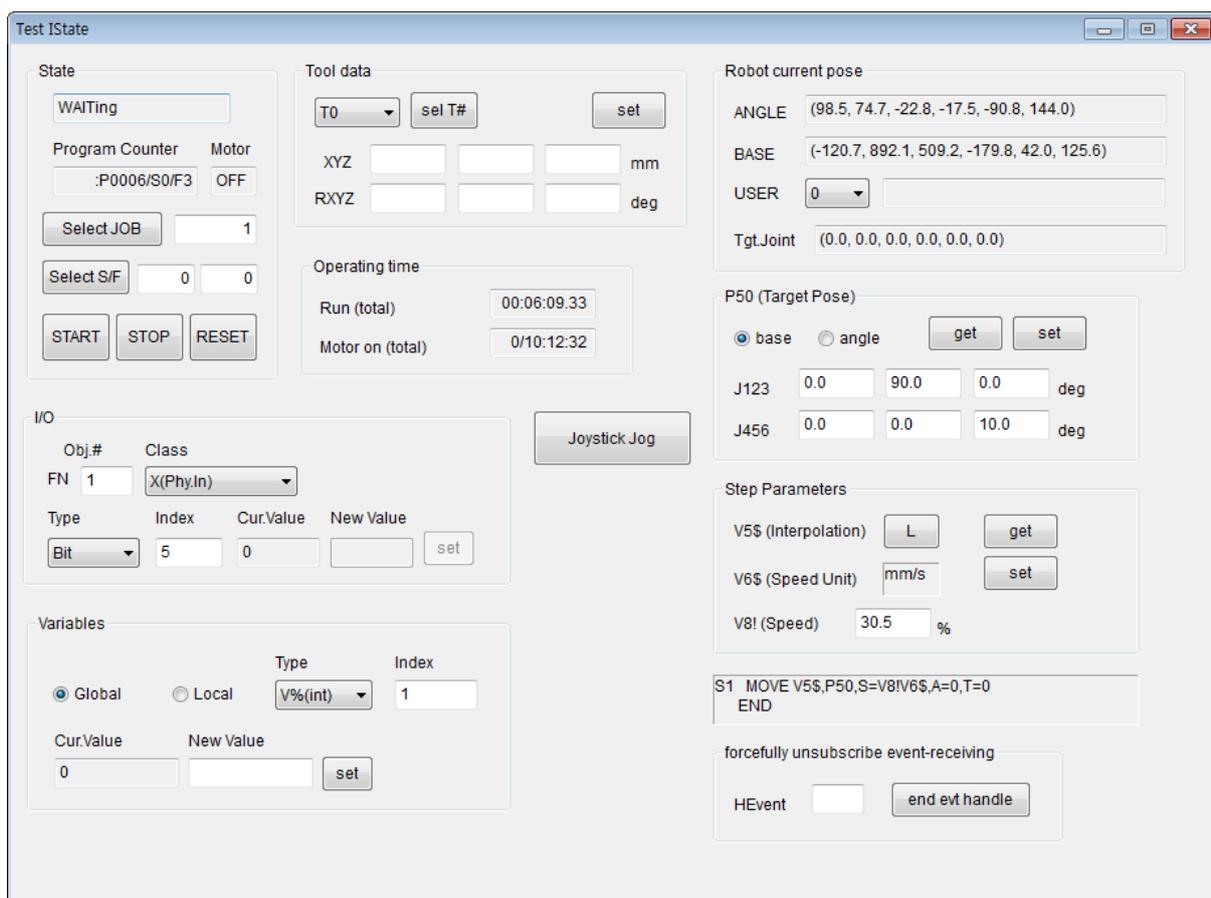


Figure 1.3 Dialog-box testing IState

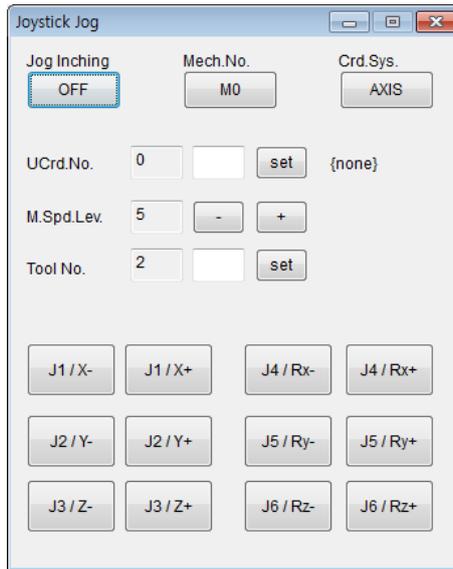


Figure 1.4 Dialog-box testing IState::JoystickJog()

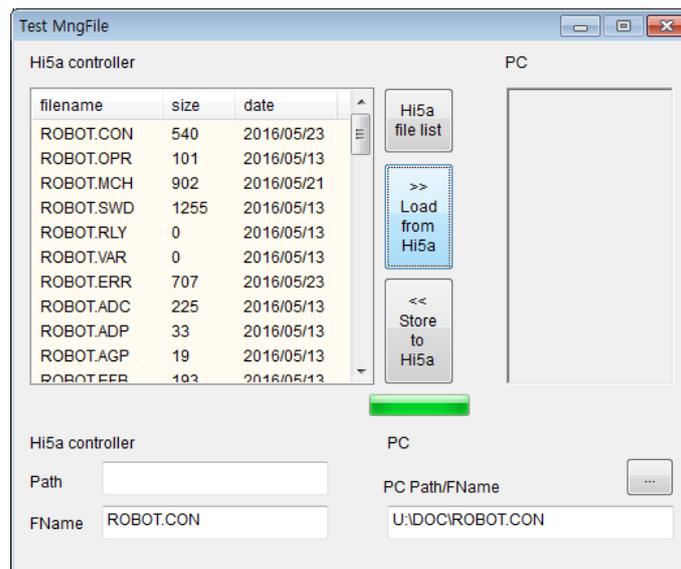
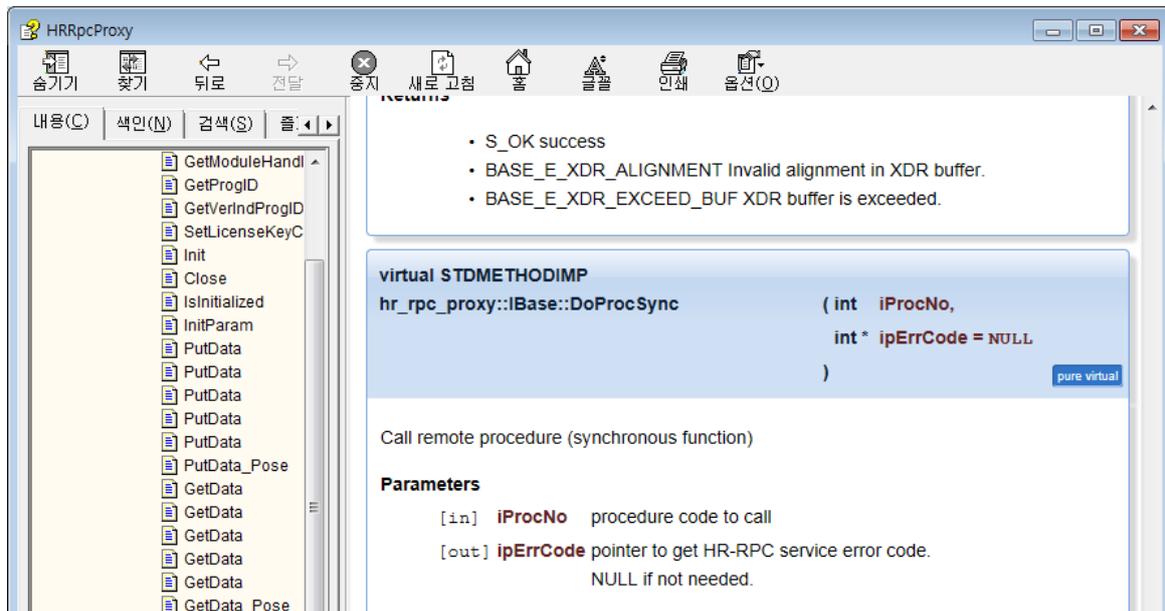


Figure 1.5 Dialog-box testing IMngFile



2

How to use

2. How to use

2.1. Class diagram

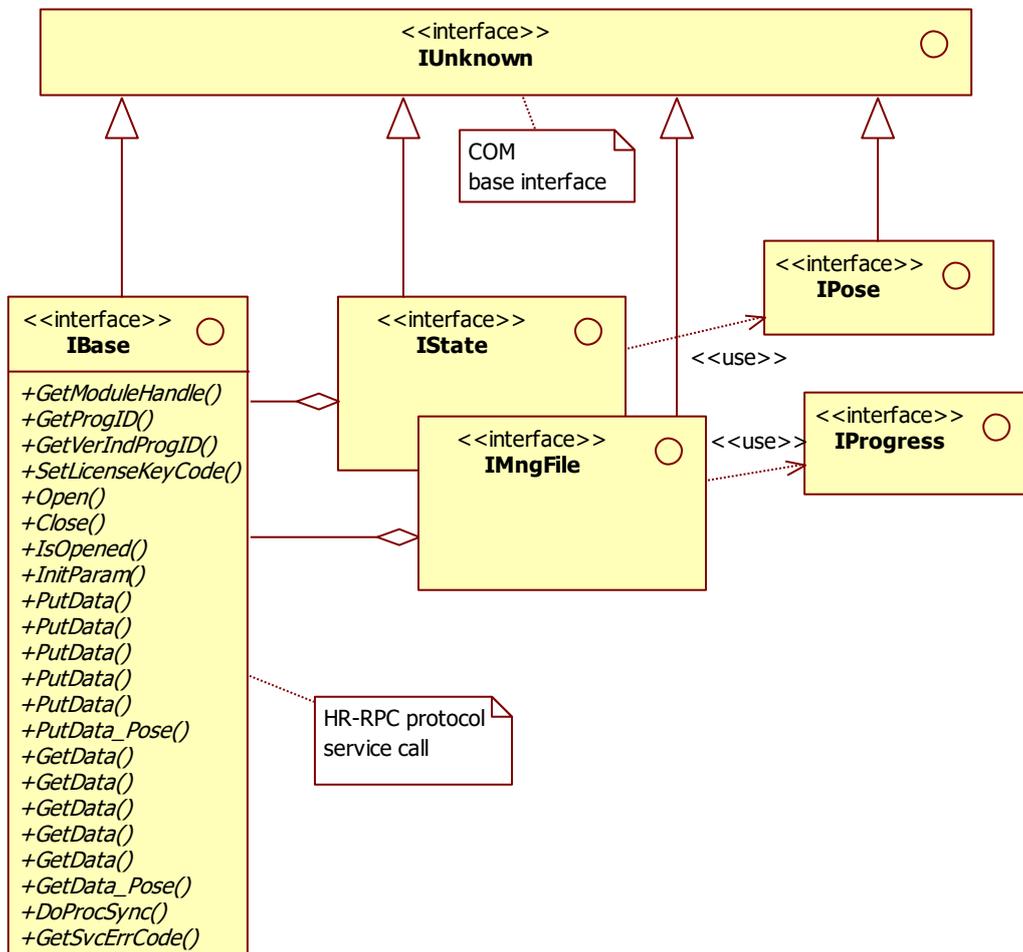


Figure 2.1 Class diagram of HRRpcProxy interfaces

2.2. Rough procedure

- a) Startup WinSock.
- b) Create Base COM component, and query IBase interface.
- c) Input license key code with IBase::SetLicenseKeyCode()
- d) IBase::Open() with local and remote IP address.
- e) Call HR-RPC services.
- f) (optional) Create helper components and query their interfaces (IState or IMngFile).
- g) (optional) Set IBase pointer into helper components; (SetProxyBase())
- h) (optional) Call helper component's member functions.
- i) (optional) Release helper components.
- j) IBase::Close();
- k) Release Base COM component.
- l) Cleanup WinSock.

2.3. Startup / Cleanup WinSock

While initialize you host application startup WinSock. And before exit the application cleanup the WinSock. (If you use MFC library, you may call AfxSocketInit() instead of these.

```
// WINSOCK initialization
WORD wVersionRequested = MAKEWORD(2, 2); // request up to WinSock version v2.2
WSADATA wsaData;
int iret = WSASStartup(wVersionRequested, &wsaData);
if(iret != 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(IDP_SOCKETS_INIT_FAILED);
    return FALSE;
}
```

```
// Deregister itself from a Windows Sockets implementation
WSACleanup();
```

2.4. Creating / Releasing COM component

Generally, when you use COM component, beforehand you have to register the component to the system. You can do this with below command in command-line window.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| registering | regsvr32 HRRpcProxy.dll |
| unregistering | regsvr32 -u HRRpcProxy.dll |

But, the sample program provide a function named `CreateInstanceFromInst()`. With this function, you can create unregistered COM component and query the interface you want. If you use this way, you need to do `LoadLibrary(HRRpcProxy.dll)` on you own. Refer to the source code related to this function.

(This sample shows loading unregistered COM component. And of course, you can register the component, and use COM API function `::CoCreateInstance()` to get the interface you want.)

```
// -----
// DLL dynamic linking
strPathFName = "HRRpcProxy.dll";
if((h_module_ = LoadLibrary(strPathFName)) == NULL) {
    // error handling..
    return;
}

// -----
// create COM component instance & get interface

// IBase
HRESULT hr = CreateInstanceFromInst(h_module_, hr_rpc_proxy::CLSID_Base
                                   , hr_rpc_proxy::IID_IBase, (void**)&p_base_);
if(FAILED(hr)) {
    // error handling..
    return;
}
```

```
p_base_->Release();

FreeLibrary(h_module_);
```

2.5. License

To call IBase::Connect() without license error, you need to input license key code. For a legal license code, please contact to Hyundai Robot with the target system's MAC address (Physical Address). You can check the MAC address with below command in command-line window.

```
C:\>ipconfig /all
Windows IP Configuration

Host Name . . . . . : CHOIWH
Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
Node Type . . . . . : Unknown
IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : No
WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : No

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection 2:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Description . . . . . : NVIDIA nForce Network
Physical Address. . . . . : D4-85-64-01-73-7D
Dhcp Enabled. . . . . : Yes
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes
```

Figure 2.2 Getting MAC address

Then call IBase::SetLicenseKeyCode() with the provided key code and expiry date.

```
p_base_>SetLicenseKeyCode(12606732, 20180531);
```

2.6. Opening / Closing Base component

```
// Open
int iErrCode;
hr = p_base->Open(_bstr_t((LPCTSTR)strIpPc), _bstr_t((LPCTSTR)strIpRc), &iErrCode);
if(FAILED(hr)) { // failure
    // error handling..
    return;
}
```

```
// Close
if(p_base_) {
    HRESULT hr = p_base->Close();
}
```

2.7. Calling HR-RPC service with IBase

IBase has basic functions which call HR-RPC services. The procedure to call HR-RPC service is as below. You have to know exact list of input and output parameter and service number.

```

p_base->InitParam( ); // get ready to insert input parameters
p_base->PutData( input param. 1 );
p_base->PutData( input param. 2 );
...
HRESULT hr = p_base->DoProcSysc( service number ); // call the service (blocked)
if(FAILED(hr)) { // failure
    // error handling..
    return;
}
p_base->GetData( output param. 1 ); // extract output parameters
p_base->GetData( output param. 2 );

```

For error handling, you have to check the returned HRESULT value. HResMsg.cpp of sample source code contains some helper functions to do this. If `hr==BASE_E_SERVICE`, it means the Hi5/Hi5a robot controller has returned some service error code. You can check the code using `IBase:: GetSvcErrCode()` function. For some service error, you can make use of `IBase::errcode2msg()`, and the complete list of service errors are in `ErrCodeRef.h`

2.8. Helper components IState and IMngFile

For convenient and precise service-calls, IState and IMngFile provide member functions of frequently used service-call. Before use them, you have to bind IBase component into these component.

```

// -----
// Create COM component instances & get interface - IState
HRESULT hr = CreateInstanceFromInst(h_module_, hr_rpc_proxy::CLSID_State
    , hr_rpc_proxy::IID_IState, (void**)&p_state_);
if(FAILED(hr)) {
    MessageBox("Error in getting IState.", 0, MB_OK | MB_ICONSTOP);
    return -1;
}

// bind the proxy base interface
p_state_->SetProxyBase(p_base_);

```

2.9. IState::JoystickJog

Prerequisite for using `IState::JoystickJog()`;

- In case of Hi5 robot controller, the main software should be V32.16-00 or later.
In case of Hi5a robot controller, the main software should be V40.07-00 or later.
- [F2: System] – 4: Application parameter – 16: Joystick mode – Joystick mode : HR-RPC
- [F2: System] – 2: Control parameter – 2: Input/Output signal setting – 3: Input signal assign – Joystick mode : input signal #
- While jogging, the assigned input signal must be ON. When you don't jog the robot, turn off this signal for safety.
(If it is hard to connect input signal for jog on/off, you can enable jog by inverting the signal value. ; [F2: System] – 2: Control parameter – 2: Input/Output signal setting – 1: Input signal attribute – register the signal # and check the 'Negative')
- The mode switch of teach pendant has to be [Automatic], not [MANUAL].

In remote jog example, Mech.No. is used only when additional axes mechanism is set-up, UCrd.No. is used only when more than 1 user coordinate system is defined. When you use additional axes or user coordinate system, please refer to Hi5/Hi5a operation manual.



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