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Hi5 Controller Function Manual

Servo Tool Change









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1.1. What is multi (servo) tool change?

It refers to an activity in which a robot changes tools, which are equipped with more than two servo motors (Such as jigs, positioners, and servo guns), automatically by using the tool changer (ATC) when it comes to the tools

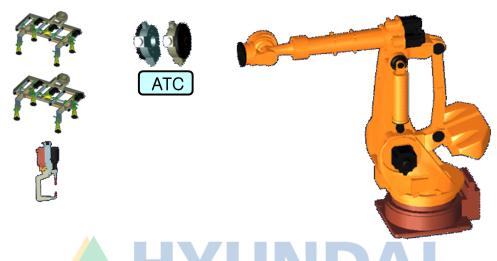


Figure 1.1 Servo Tools and Robot

In this manual, the explanation will be given based on the following system. Considering that the systems to be provided on individual sites could be different form this system, the operator on each site is required to refer to this manual in a way that is suitable for the system on the given site.

Specification of the system to handled in this manual

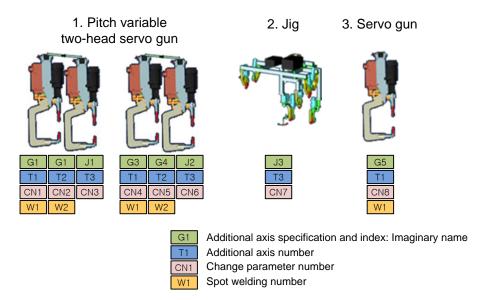


Figure 1.2 Kinds of Servo Tool Handled in the Manual

Essential manuals

- (1) Hi5 Controller Operation Manual
- (2) Hi5 Controller Additional Axis Function Manual TRIES CO., LTD
- (3) Hi5 Controller Positioner Synchronization Function Manual
- (4) Hi5 Controller Spot Welding Function Manual

1.2. Key specifications

Table 1.1 Servo Tool Change Specifications

Item	Specification
Max. number of motors that can be changed	16
Specification of the change axis	Servo gun, Positioner, Jig
Max. number of simultaneous change	4

1.3. Operation sequence

System initialization

Initialize the system

([F2]: System / 5: Initialize /1: System format)

* Refer to the Hi5 Controller Operation Manual



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Robot type selection

Robot type selection and registration of the number of additional axes ([F2]: System / 5: Initialize/ 2: Robot type selection)

* Refer to the Hi5 Controller Operation Manual



Number of additional axes = 3

Additional axis integer setting

Additional axis information registration

[F2]: System / 5: Initialize/ 5: Additional axis constant)

* Refer to the Hi5 Additonal Axis Registeration Function Manual



Set T1=G1, T2=G2 and T3=J1 for initialization

Usage setting

Setting of the usage for work, and initialization for input and output signals as well as for user key allocation ([F2]: System / 5: Initialize/ 3: Usage setting)

* Refer to the Hi5 Controller Operation Manual



Number of gun changes = 0

(Impossible to use the previous gun change function simultaneously)

Power-up again





Encoder offset

Encoder zero-point registration ([F2]: System / 3: Robot parameter /4: Encoder offset)
* Refer to Hi5 controller operation manual



Axis integer setting

Axis integer compensation, Automatic integer setting ([F2]: System / 3: Robot parameter/ 2: Axis constant)
* Refer to Hi5 controller operation manual



Setting of the tool number and gun type corresponding to the gun number



Setting for the servo tool change

Setting of tool numbers and gun types corresponding to gun numbers in case of the spot welding ([F2]: System / 4: Application parameter / 1: Spot welding / 1: Tool No. corresponding to Gun No., and gun-type set)

Refer to the following

function)

Diverse settings for the function of servo tool change ([F2]: System / 4: Application parameter / 11: Servo tool change)

2. Refer to the user interface



Tool data setting



Use of the load data estimation function ([F2]: System / 6: Automatic constant setting/ 4: Load estimation

* Refer to the Hi5 controller operation manual

* Refer to Hi5 Spot Welding function manual

Performing the load estimation in line with the disconnection and connection of a tool.

Positioner calibration executing



J

Execution of connection/disconnection using the TOOLCHNG command

In case of changing servo tools using positioners, calibration

programs need to be prepared for individual positioners
*Refer to the Hi5 Positioner Synchronization Function Manual

When a positioner is connected, the PosiCal command needs to be carried out to execute calibration for each connected positioner.





Auto operation



Setting of the tool number and gun type corresponding to the gun number (To be set only in case of spot welding)

Designate all the tool numbers, additional axis numbers and welding machine numbers corresponding to individual gun numbers.

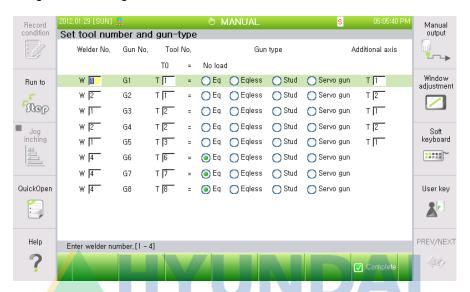


Figure 1.3 Setting of Tool Numbers and Gun Types Corresponding To Gun Numbers

Table 1.2 Examples of Setting of Tool Numbers and Gun Types Corresponding To Gun Numbers

Welding machine	Gun number	Tool number	Gun type	Additional axis	
W1	G1	T1 Servo gun T1 Servo gun		T1	
W2	G2			T2	
W1	G3	T2	Servo gun	T1	
W2	G4	T2	Servo gun	T2	
W1	G5	Т3	Servo gun	T1	







2.1. Setting of usage conditions

Set the change conditions for the additional axes.

 $\llbracket [F2]: System \rrbracket \to \llbracket 4: Application parameter \rrbracket \to \llbracket 11: Servo tool change \rrbracket \to \llbracket 1: Use environment setting \rrbracket$

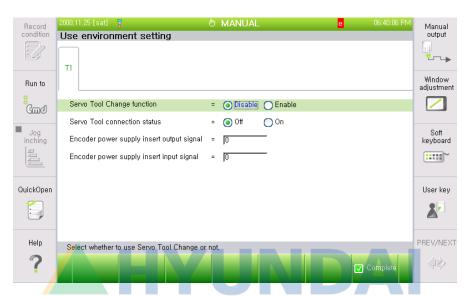


Figure 2.1 Setting of Servo Tool Change Usage Conditions

- (1) Servo tool change function
 Set whether to use the change function for the additional axes.
- (2) Servo tool connection status

Monitors whether the servo tool is connected or disconnected currently.

When the servo tool is connected currently, it is possible to separate it forcibly. In order to separate it, it is required to shift to <Off>, while the motor is off, and supply the power for the controller again. However, when the servo tool is disconnected, it is impossible to connect it forcibly.

- (3) Encoder power supply insert output signal Allocate the output signal for the encoder power control during the connection or disconnection. When the signal is ON, the relay that controls the encoder's 5V power cable will be activated.
- (4) Encoder power supply insert input signal Allocate the input signal for checking the encoder power control status during the connection or disconnection. Check the status of the relay that controls the encoder's 5V power cable.

Information)

- The logic of the input and output signals can be set by going through $\llbracket [F2]$: System $\to \mathbb{F}_2$: Control Parameter $\to \mathbb{F}_2$: Input/Output signal setting $\to \mathbb{F}_1$: Input signal attribute $\to \mathbb{F}_2$: Output signal attribute $\to \mathbb{F}_2$:
- The BD530 TBIO signals can be set in the number ranging 4097~4100.
- The TBIO signals of the robot program corresponds to SI[101~104]/SO[101~104] individually.



2.2. Servo tool constant setting

Manages the axial specification, the number for it, and the number of the additional axis number for the change, for individual servo motors.

 $\llbracket [F2]: System \rrbracket \to \llbracket 4: Application parameter \rrbracket \to \llbracket 11: Servo tool change \rrbracket \to \llbracket 2: Servo tool constant setting \rrbracket$

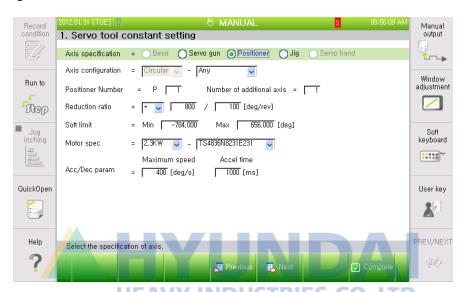


Figure 2.2 Servo Tool Constant Setting

- (1) Axial specification
 - Selects the specification of the change axis. Currently, support is provided for servo guns, positioners and jigs.
- (2) Axial configuration
 Selects whether the configuration of the axis for the change is "Linear" or "Circular"
- (3) Servo gun/Positioner/Jig Numbers

Sets the numbers for the axis specification. There should be a 1:1 correspondence between the servo tool integers and the servo gun/positioner/jig numbers. Accordingly, the same numbers for the servo guns/positioner/jig numbers can not be set for mutually different servo tool integers.

(4) Additional axis number

Sets the additional axis number for the connection/disconnection process. If the axial configuration is for the servo gun, the additional axis number set at the 'Tool No. corresponding to Gun No., and gun-type set' will be set automatically. Users need to carry out the setting in case of positioner/jig axes.



When it comes to the servo gun/jig numbers in the following settings, it is required to set the individual additional axis numbers for the change. In other words, G1 is the tool to be changed for the additional axis #1 and J1 is the tool to be changed for the additional axis #3.

Table 2.1 Examples of Servo Tool Integer Setting Results

To be changed	Axis Axis specification configuration		Servo gun/Jig numbers	Additional axis number
1. Servo tool integer setting	ervo tool integer setting Servo gun Linear		G1	1
2. Servo tool integer setting	Servo gun	Linear	G2	2
3. Servo tool integer setting	Jig	Linear	J1	3
4. Servo tool integer setting	Servo gun	Linear	G3	1
5. Servo tool integer setting	Servo gun	Linear	G4	2
6. Servo tool integer setting	Jig	Linear	J2	3
7. Servo tool integer setting	Jig	Linear	J3	3
8. Servo tool integer setting	Servo gun	DUSLinearES	CO., G5 D.	1



2.3. Axis Constant

Managers the axis constants of individual servo motors.

[F2]: System → 4: Application parameter → 11: Servo tool change → 3: Axis constant



Figure 2.3 Setting of Servo Tool Axis Constant

When the servo tool is connected, the axis constant of the relevant additional axis will be updated as the axis constant of the servo tool for the change. In other words, the set values of <code>"[F2]</code>: System \rightarrow <code>"4</code>: Application Parameter \rightarrow <code>"11</code>: Servo Tool Change \rightarrow <code>"3</code>: Axis Constant \rightarrow will be updated as the values of <code>"[F2]</code>: System \rightarrow <code>"3</code>: Robot Parameter \rightarrow <code>"2</code>: Axis Constant \rightarrow .

In addition, the same management process that is applied for the above mentioned axis constants will take place for the management of the soft limit, encoder offset, servo parameter and acceleration/deceleration parameters

2.4. Monitoring

Helps the user monitor the state related to the servo tool change.

[F1]: Service → 1: Monitoring → 19: Servo tool change

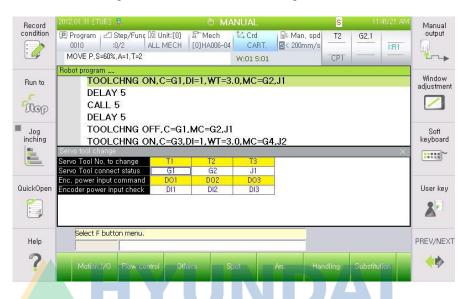


Figure 2.4 Servo Tool Change Monitoring

- (1) Servo tool change function Indicates whether the servo tool change function for the additional axis will be used
- (2) Servo tool connection state Indicates the connection/disconnection states of the servo tool for the additional axis. If it is connected, the item for the change will be displayed and if it is disconnected, "--"will be displayed.
- (3) Encoder power supply output Indicates the state of the output, together with the output signal for the encoder power supply
- (4) Encoder power supply input Indicates the state of the input, together with the input signal for the encoder power supply

Information)

- The logic of the input and output signals can be set by going through 『[F2]: System』 → 『2: Control Parameter』 → 『2: Input/Output signal setting』 → 『1: Input signal attribute』 / 『2: Output signal attribute』 .
- The BD530 TBIO signals can be set in the number ranging 4097~4100.
- The TBIO signals of the robot program corresponds to DI [4097~4100]/ DO [4097~4100].



2.5. Connection/disconnection commands (TOOLCHNG)

This is a servo tool change function in line with the execution of the work program.

Table 2.2 TOOLCHNG Command Parameters

TOOLCHNG ON/OFF,C= <item change="" for="" the="">,DI=<connection completion="" signal="">, WT=<connection completion="" time="" waiting="">,MC=<item change="" for="" the=""></item></connection></connection></item>						
ON/OFF	ON Servo					
ON/OFF	OFF	Servo tool disconnection				
	G1~G8	The numbers of the welding guns to be connected/disconnected				
Item for the change	P1~P16	The numbers of the positioners to be connected/disconnected	Connection/disconnection of the relevant additional axis			
	J1~J16	The numbers of the jigs to be connected/disconnected	additional date			
Mechanical connection completion 1~4096 confirmation signal		The numbers of the mechanical connection completion confirmation signals				
Connection completion waiting time	<0~5.0> (sec)	Connection completion waiting time (Infinite waiting if there is no parameter or it is 0)	Parameters to be			
Item for the change	G1~G8	The numbers of the welding guns to be connected	ignored during the off state			
(Simultaneous connection/disconnecti	P1~P16	The numbers of the positioners to be connected				
on)	J1~J16	The numbers of the welding jigs to be connected				



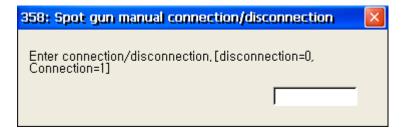
2.6. Manual connection/disconnection functions

This is a function to connect/disconnect servo tools. The connection/disconnection of the spot gun can be carried out by entering '[R..]+358'. The connection/disconnection of other servo tools including jigs/positioners can be implemented by entering '[R..]+365'

(1) Manual connection/disconnection of a spot gun

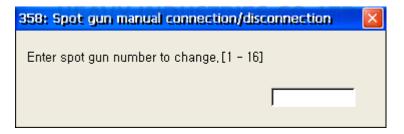
This can be used only when the mode is manual and the spot welding is 'Enable'.

Enter [R..]+358.



Enter '0' for disconnecting and '1' for connecting the spot gun.

When connecting a spot gun needs to take place, the spot gun number for the change needs to be entered.



The connection/disconnection of a spot gun will take place.



If the motor is not in the 'ON' mode, the following message will be produced, while the connection/disconnection will not be carried out.

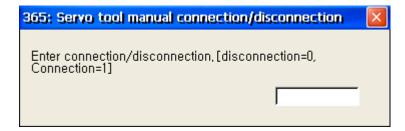




(2) Manual Connection/Disconnection of Servo Tools

This can be used only when the mode is manual and the servo tool change function is 'Enable'.

Enter [R..]+365.

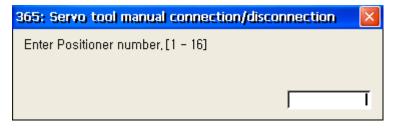


Enter '0' for disconnecting and '1' for connecting the spot gun.

Select the kind of the servo tool for the connection/disconnection [Servo Gun=1, Positioner=2, Jig=3]



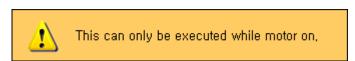
When connecting a servo tool needs to take place, the servo tool number for the change needs to be entered.



The connection/disconnection of a servo tool will take place.



If the motor is not in the 'ON' mode, the following message will be produced, while the connection/disconnection will not be carried out.





Connection timing Disconnection timing Disconnection Connection processing processing ON Connection completion signal input OFF (Mechanical connection) ON Servo tool encoder power supply OFF Connected Servo tool servo output OFF state ATC connection ATC Disconnection started ATC connection ATC Disconnection completed completed

2.7. Connection/disconnection timing

Figure 2.5 Servo Too Change Connection/Disconnection Timing

(1) Connection

While the connection command (TOOLCHNG ON) is being executed, if there is a mechanical connection between the robot and the servo tool, the connection completion signal will be received and the processing for the connection will be carried out internally by the controller. In addition, the encoder power supply and motor-on activities will be added to run the servo tool axis.

(2) Disconnection

The disconnection command (TOOCHNG OFF) will be carried out according to the reverse sequence of the connection process.

2.8. Positioner calibration command (PosiCal)

This command is for executing the positioner calibration necessary for the positioner to move in a synchronized manner with the robot. Generally, the positioner calibration is carried out through a setting dialogue box. However, when the positioner needs to be changed to a servo tool, the calibration needs to be changed during the robot operation. For the purpose of executing such activity on the program, the positioner calibration command (PosiCal) is used.

(1) PosiCal command

Table 2.3 PosiCal Command Parameter

PosiCal Prog= <calibration no.="" program="">,Station=<station no.=""></station></calibration>					
Calibration Program No	1~9999	Positioner calibration program number			
Station No.	S1~S3	No. of the station to be calibrated			

- (2) Example of the use of the positioner calibration command
 - Connect between the positioner that needs to be calibrated and the robot.
 - Prepare the positioner calibration program.

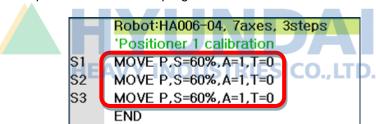


Figure 2.6 Axis Positioner Calibration Program

Execution can be carried out by selecting 『Command input』 → 『Arc』 → 『PosiCal』 and inserting the PosiCal command. Another way is to enter 『[F2]: System』 → 『6: Auto Constant Setting』 → 『2: Positioner Calibration』 dialogue box and carry out the positioner calibration using the prepared program.

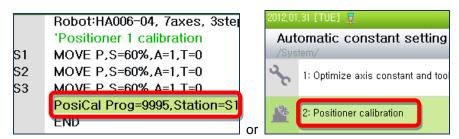


Figure 2.7 Execution of Positioner Calibration

 Check whether the positioner synchronization occurs normally, by operating the jog for the synchronized operation of the additional axis.



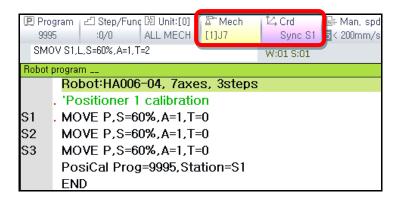


Figure 2.8 TP Screen When Positioner Synchronization Occurs

 Check whether the robot operates in an accurately synchronized way when the positioner rotates.

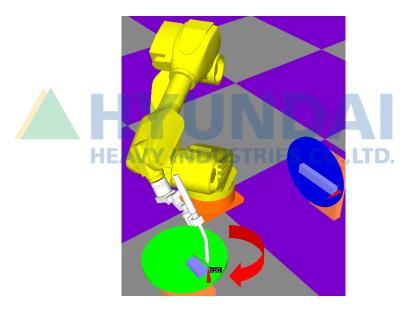


Figure 2.9 Checking Positioner Synchronized Operation

 In an actual work program, Change of a positioner occurs through the TOOLCHNG command, and then PosiCal is executed.

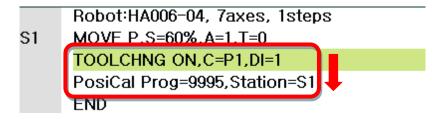


Figure 2.10 Example of Positioner Calibration Executed After A Tool Is Changed







3.1. Sample programs

Table 3.1 Examples of Usage of Servo Tool Change

	sconnection / Connection programs	Definition of the commands	Remarks		Signal direction	
Step B		(Servo tool disconnection position)		ROBOT		ATC
	TOOLCHNG OFF,C=G1	Servo tool disconnection execution				
	DO11=1	ATC cam opening output			\rightarrow	
	WAIT DI11	ATC cam opening completion confirmation	Signal check		←	
	MOVE L,	I				
	MOVE L,	Robot moving				
Step K	MOVE L,	(Servo tool connection position)	ID/	AI		
	WAIT DI12	Check whether the connection is possible	Signal check	.,LTD.	←	
	DO11=0	ATC cam closing output			\rightarrow	
	TOOLCHNG ON,C=G1,DI1	Mechanical connection completion input			←	
		Servo tool connection handling				
		i				
	MOVE L,	Robot moving				

3.2. Example of Connection/Disconnection of Positioners

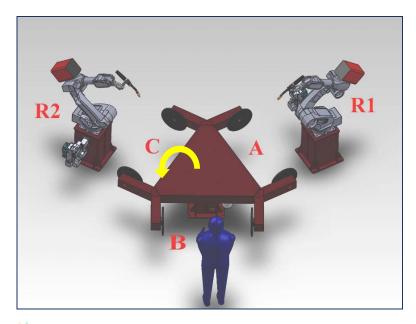


Figure 3.1 2 Robots and 3 Positioners

- (1) Components of the positioner change system
 - System components: 2 robots + 3 positioners
 - Necessary equipment: ATC (Auto Tool Changer) for connecting individual positioners and robots. A Servo gun changer for the company's robot.

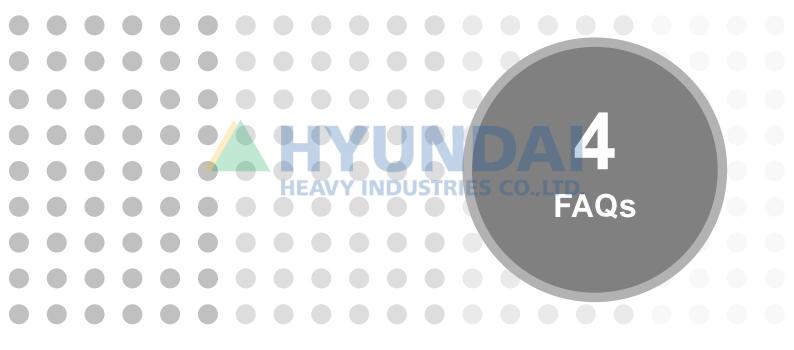
(2) Work content

- The robot #1 is connected with the positioner A and then carries out work. The robot #2 carries out work with the positioner C. The operator needs to mount the work object to the positioner B.
- When the work at each positioner is completed, the connection between the robot and the positioners need to ended.
- When work at #3 is completed, the overall positioner system will rotate 120 degrees counterclockwise.
- The robot #1 is connected with the positioner B and carries out work. The robot #2 carries out work with the positioner A. The operator mounts the work object to the positioner C.
- The work needs to be repeated afterwards.

(3) Caution

It is recommended to separate/connect each positioner at the same position if possible.







Is it possible to change a pneumatic gun?

If a gun needs to be changed and the gun is pneumatic, the connection/disconnection process will be carried out for the pneumatic gun.





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